



190

CICS

September 2001

In this issue

- 3 Minimizing resources search time through CICS CSD
 - 11 Changing CEDDA defaults
 - 12 Health check-up for the CICS subsystem
 - 16 Determining the library using PINQPGM – revisited
 - 24 Monitoring system logger activity online
 - 48 CICS news
-

© Xephon plc 2001

update

CICS Update

Published by

Xephon
27-35 London Road
Newbury
Berkshire RG14 1JL
England
Telephone: 01635 38342
From USA: 01144 1635 38342
E-mail: trevore@xephon.com

North American office

Xephon
PO Box 350100
Westminster, CO 80035-0100
USA
Telephone: 303 410 9344

Subscriptions and back-issues

A year's subscription to *CICS Update*, comprising twelve monthly issues, costs £175.00 in the UK; \$270.00 in the USA and Canada; £181.00 in Europe; £187.00 in Australasia and Japan; and £185.50 elsewhere. In all cases the price includes postage. Individual issues, starting with the January 1994 issue, are available separately to subscribers for £16.00 (\$23.50) each including postage.

***CICS Update* on-line**

Code from *CICS Update*, and complete issues in Acrobat PDF format, can be downloaded from our Web site at <http://www.xephon.com/cicsupdate.html>; you will need to supply a word from the printed issue.

Editor

Trevor Eddolls

Disclaimer

Readers are cautioned that, although the information in this journal is presented in good faith, neither Xephon nor the organizations or individuals that supplied information in this journal give any warranty or make any representations as to the accuracy of the material it contains. Neither Xephon nor the contributing organizations or individuals accept any liability of any kind howsoever arising out of the use of such material. Readers should satisfy themselves as to the correctness and relevance to their circumstances of all advice, information, code, JCL, and other contents of this journal before making any use of it.

Contributions

When Xephon is given copyright, articles published in *CICS Update* are paid for at the rate of £170 (\$260) per 1000 words and £100 (\$160) per 100 lines of code for the first 200 lines of original material. The remaining code is paid for at the rate of £50 (\$80) per 100 lines. In addition, there is a flat fee of £30 (\$50) per article. To find out more about contributing an article, without any obligation, please download a copy of our *Notes for Contributors* from www.xephon.com/contnote.html.

© Xephon plc 2001. All rights reserved. None of the text in this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, without the prior permission of the copyright owner. Subscribers are free to copy any code reproduced in this publication for use in their own installations, but may not sell such code or incorporate it in any commercial product. No part of this publication may be used for any form of advertising, sales promotion, or publicity without the written permission of the publisher. Copying permits are available from Xephon in the form of pressure-sensitive labels, for application to individual copies. A pack of 240 labels costs \$36 (£24), giving a cost per copy of 15 cents (10 pence). To order, contact Xephon at any of the addresses above.

Printed in England.

Minimizing resources search time through CICS CSD

In a development environment, sometimes it is necessary to have duplicate resources in different CSD groups and lists for testing purpose. To maintain such a system, systems programmers have to issue CEDA commands to find where a resource is located in which groups, then more CEDA commands are used to find out whether the group is listed in the CSD list, then one may want to find out whether the list is on the default GRPLIST in the SIT tables.

The following program will minimize the search time for finding the location of a resource within the CSD group and list. It will display the GRPLIST order and then the resource with the group and list where it is located in the CICS CSD (see Figure 1). The search process is not a sequential search through all the entries in the CICS CSD, but only

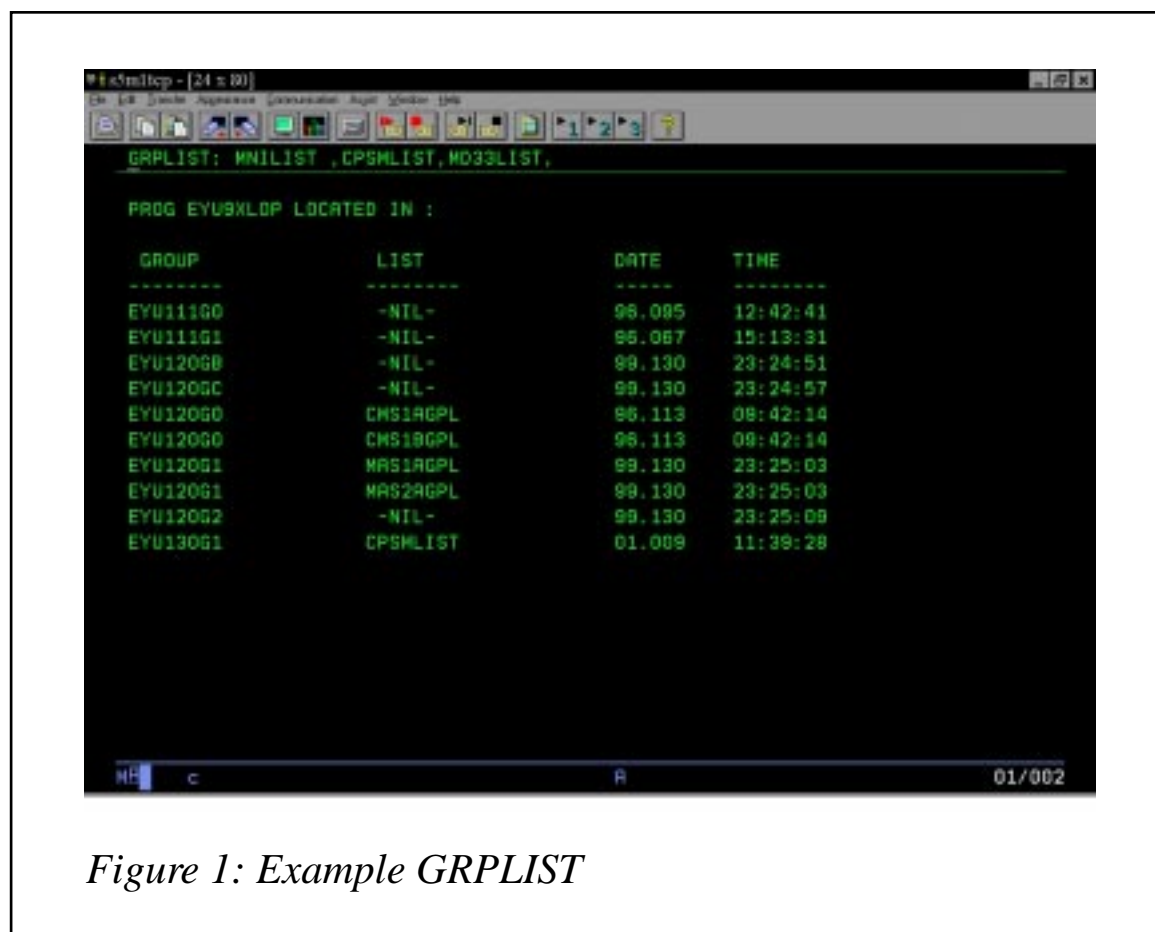


Figure 1: Example GRPLIST

a search of the group entries, and then it will do a direct read into the group by filling in the VSAM record key. The record key of a CSD VSAM file comprises four record fields – group name, sequence number, resource type, and resource name.

The program browses through the group entries using the resource type field for group entry, which is always X'0006', then performs a direct read into the group entry by filling in the resource name and the corresponding resource type hex value. If the direct read is successful, it will search for the CSD list entry, otherwise it will skip through the rest of the resources in the group entry by filling in high values in the sequence number field, which will effectively bring us to the next group entry. When searching for a list entry, the same concepts apply, except that we cannot predict the sequence number field (for group entry the sequence number field is always a zero value), so we have to search all the list entries.

For example, if you want to investigate program XYZ, just issue the transaction ID, followed by PROG(XYZ). Compare this with the conventional way of issuing CEDA EXPAND GROUP(*) PROG(XYZ), and then CEDA EXPAND LIST(*) GROUP(XYZGROUP). If XYZGROUP is the only group returned from the previous command, the next step probably would be looking up the GRPLIST parameter in the SIT table.

This program was written to maximize the productivity of systems programmers. It can also help you to clean up the CSD file by listing obsolete CSD groups and lists. The resource types supported are for CICS Version 4.1.0, but it can easily include other resource types found in CICS TS. This program needs to be compiled with translation option SP, and macro library CICS.SDFHMAC.

CSDPGM

```
TITLE 'CSDPGM - FIND GROUPS/LISTS OF CSD RESOURCE'
* AUTHOR : Kah Soon HO
PRINT NOGEN
EJECT
DFHEISTG DSECT ,
DFHCSAD TYPE=DSECT
DFHAFCD TYPE=DSECT
```

```

DFHSIT TYPE=DSECT
CSDPGM CSECT
CSDPGM AMODE 31
CSDPGM RMODE ANY
DFHREGS , EQUATE REGISTERS
MVC RSCNAME,=CL8'
EXEC CICS RECEIVE INTO(INPUT) MAXLENGTH(80) LENGTH(TEXTLEN)
CLC STYPE,=CL4'PROG' MATCH TYPE OF RESOURCE
BE PROG
CLC STYPE,=CL4'TRAN'
BE TRAN
CLC STYPE,=CL4'TERM'
BE TERM
CLC STYPE,=CL4'TYPE'
BE TYPE
CLC STYPE,=CL4'SESS'
BE SESS
CLC STYPE,=CL4'PROF'
BE PROF
CLC STYPE,=CL4'MAPS'
BE MAPS
CLC STYPE,=CL4'FILE'
BE FILE
CLC STYPE,=CL4'LSRP'
BE LSRP
CLC STYPE,=CL4'CONN'
BE CONN
SYNTAX MVC DISPLAY,ERROR1 ELSE IS UNSUPPORTED TYPE
BAL R1,SENDMSG
MVC DISPLAY,ERROR2
BAL R1,SENDMSG
MVC DISPLAY,ERROR3
BAL R1,SENDMSG
B RETURNY SEND MSG AND RETURN
FINDNAME DS 0H GET RESOURCE NAME
LH R8,TEXTLEN LENGTH RECEIVE
LA R9,SDATA DATA RECEIVE
LA R10,RSCNAME RESOURCE NAME
RNAMELP DS 0H
CLI 0(R9),X'4D' IS IT ( ?
BE SPACELP SKIP SPACE
LA R9,1(,R9) POINT AT NEXT CHAR
BCT R8,RNAMELP CHECK NEXT CHAR
SPACELP LA R9,1(,R9) CHECK FOR SPACE
SPACELP2 CLI 0(R9),X'40' IS IT SPACE ?
BNE RNAMEL GET RESOURCE NAME
LA R9,1(,R9) POINT AT NEXT CHAR
BCT R8,SPACELP2 CHECK NEXT CHAR
LA R10,RSCNAME RESOURCE NAME

```

```

RNAMEL  CLI  Ø(R9),X'5D'          CHECK FOR END LOOP
        BE  START
        CLI  Ø(R9),X'4Ø'
        BE  RCOUNT
        MVC  Ø(1,R1Ø),Ø(R9)      GET RESOURCE NAME
        LA  R1Ø,1(R1Ø)
RCOUNT  LA  R9,1(R9)
        BCT  R8,RNAMEL
        B   SYNTAX
START   DS  ØH
        DFHAFCD TYPE=LOCATE      POINT TO AFCB
        USING DFHAFCB,R15        USE SIT DSECT
        L    R15,AFCSA          POINT TO CSA
        USING DFHCSADS,R15      USE CSA DSECT
        L    R14,CSASITBA      LOAD SIT ADDRESS FROM CSA
        DROP R15
        USING DFHSITDS,R14      USE SIT DSECT
        MVC  DISPLAY,=CL79' '    BUILD MESSAGE
        MVC  DISPLAY(9),=CL9'GRPLIST:'
        MVC  DISPLAY+9(8),SITGRPLI
        MVC  DISPLAY+17(1),=CL1', '
        MVC  DISPLAY+18(8),SITGRPL2
        MVC  DISPLAY+26(1),=CL1', '
        MVC  DISPLAY+27(8),SITGRPL3
        MVC  DISPLAY+35(1),=CL1', '
        MVC  DISPLAY+36(8),SITGRPL4
        MVC  DISPLAY+77(2),=XL2'1515'
        BAL  R1,SENDMSG
        MVC  DISPLAY,=CL79' '
        MVC  DISPLAY(4),STYPE
        MVC  DISPLAY+5(8),RSCNAME
        MVC  DISPLAY+14(12),=CL12'LOCATED IN :'
        MVC  DISPLAY+77(2),=XL2'1515'
        BAL  R1,SENDMSG
        MVC  DISPLAY,=CL79' '
        MVC  DISPLAY(6),=CL6' GROUP'
        MVC  DISPLAY+2Ø(5),=CL5' LIST'
        MVC  DISPLAY+4Ø(5),=CL5' DATE'
        MVC  DISPLAY+5Ø(5),=CL5' TIME'
        BAL  R1,SENDMSG
        MVC  DISPLAY(8),=CL8'-----'
        MVC  DISPLAY+2Ø(8),=CL8'-----'
        MVC  DISPLAY+41(5),=CL5'-----'
        MVC  DISPLAY+51(8),=CL8'-----'
        BAL  R1,SENDMSG
        MVC  RIDF,=XL22'Ø'      START AT FIRST RECORD
        EXEC CICS SET FILE('DFHCS') ENABLED OPEN
STRTBREXEC CICS STARTBR FILE('DFHCS') RIDFLD(RIDF) RESP(RESPONSE) X
        REQID(1) KEYLENGTH(18) GENERIC GTEQ

```

```

FINDGRP DS      0H
EXEC CICS READNEXT FILE('DFHCSD') INTO(CSDREC) RIDFLD(RIDF) X
      RESP(RESPONSE) REQID(1) KEYLENGTH(18)
CLC  RESPONSE,DFHRESP(ENDFILE)  END OF FILE?
BE   ENDFILE
CLC  RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NOTFND)    DOES THE RECORD EXIST?
BE   NOTFOUND
CLC  RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NORMAL)    UNEXPECTED ERROR?
BNE  ERRORS
CLC  RIDTYPE,=XL2'0006'          IS IT GROUP
BNE  FINDGRP                    FIND NEXT GROUP
MVC  RIDTYPE,HTYPE              FILL IN RECORD ID FOR -
MVC  RIDNAME,RSCNAME            DIRECT READ
EXEC CICS READ FILE('DFHCSD') INTO(CSDREC)  RIDFLD(RIDF) X
      KEYLENGTH(22) EQUAL RESP(RESPONSE)
CLC  RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NOTFND)    DOES THE RECORD EXIST?
MVC  RIDSEQNO,=XL4'FFFFFFFF'     SKIP THE REST OF ENTRIES -
BE   FINDGRP                    WITH THE GROUP
CLC  RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NORMAL)    UNEXPECTED ERROR?
BNE  ERRORS
MVC  DATE,DATADAY              GROUP FOUND,GET DATE PORTION
MVC  TIME,DATATIME            TIME PORTION
L    2,TIME
SLL  2,4                      REMOVE HIGH 4 BITS
ST   2,TIME
BAL  R2,FINDLIST              FIND THE LIST FOR THE GROUP
B    FINDGRP                  FIND THE REST OF THE GROUP
DFHEJECT
FINDLIST DS      0H
ST      R2,R2SAVE              STORE RETURN ADDRESS
MVC     LFLAG,=CL1'N'
MVC     LID,=XL22'0'          START AT FIRST RECORD
EXEC CICS READNEXT FILE('DFHCSD') INTO(CSDREC)  RIDFLD(LID) X
      RESP(RESPONSE) REQID(1) KEYLENGTH(14)
FINDL   DS      0H
MVC     LIDTYPE,=XL2'000D'     FILL IN RECORD TYPE
MVC     LIDNAME,=CL8'
EXEC CICS READNEXT FILE('DFHCSD') INTO(CSDREC)  RIDFLD(LID) X
      RESP(RESPONSE) REQID(1) KEYLENGTH(14)
CLC     RESPONSE,DFHRESP(ENDFILE) END OF FILE?
BE      ENDFILEL
CLC     RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NOTFND)  DOES THE RECORD EXIST?
BE      ENDFILEL
CLC     RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NORMAL)  UNEXPECTED ERROR?
BNE     ENDFILEL
CLC     LIDTYPE,=XL2'000D'        IS IT A LIST?
BNE     FINDL2                    READ NEXT
COMPLIST CLC  LIDNAME,RIDGROUP    IS GROUP ENTRY ON THE LIST?
BNE     FINDL                    FIND NEXT

```

```

MVC LFLAG,=CL1'Y'
BUILDMSG MVC OUTDATE,=XL7'4020204B202020'
ED OUTDATE,DATE EDIT DATE
OI OUTDATE+1,X'F0' ENSURE PRINTABILITY
OI OUTDATE+2,X'F0'
OI OUTDATE+3,X'4B'
MVC OUTTIME,=XL9'4020207A20207A2020'
ED OUTTIME,TIME EDIT TIME
OI OUTTIME+1,X'F0' ENSURE PRINTABILITY
OI OUTTIME+2,X'F0'
MVC DISPLAY(8),RIDGROUP BUILD MSG
MVC DISPLAY+20(8),LIDGROUP
MVC DISPLAY+40(7),OUTDATE
MVC DISPLAY+50(9),OUTTIME
BAL R1,SENDMSG
CLC LFLAG,=CL1'E'
BNE SKIPREST SKIP THE REST OF ENTRIES IN GROUP
L R2,R2SAVE GET RETURN ADDRESS
BR R2 RETURN
FINDL2 CLC LIDTYPE,=XL2'0006' IS IT A GROUP?
BNE SKIPREST SKIP THE REST OF ENTRIES IN GROUP
MVC LIDNAME,=CL8' ' CLEAR
EXEC CICS READNEXT FILE('DFHCSD') INTO(CSDREC) RIDFLD(LID) X
RESP(RESPONSE) REQID(1) KEYLENGTH(14)
CLC LIDTYPE,=XL2'000D' IS IT A LIST?
BE COMPLIST CHECK IF GROUP FOUND IN LIST?
SKIPREST DS 0H
MVC LIDSEQNO,=XL4'FFFFFFFF' SKIP THE REST OF RECORDS
B FINDL FIND NEXT LIST
*
TRAN DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'1388'
B FINDNAME
TERM DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'123A'
B FINDNAME
TYPE DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'11CB'
B FINDNAME
SESS DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'10ED'
B FINDNAME
PROG DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'0FA0'
B FINDNAME
PROF DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'0BB8'
B FINDNAME
MAPS DS 0H

```



```

MVC HTYPE,=XL2'03E8'
B FINDNAME
FILE DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'0320'
B FINDNAME
LSRP DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'028A'
B FINDNAME
CONN DS 0H
MVC HTYPE,=XL2'01F4'
B FINDNAME
*
ENDFILEL DS 0H
CLC LFLAG,=CL1'N'
BNE ENDFILER
MVC LFLAG,=CL1'E'
MVC LIDGROUP,=CL8' -NIL- '
B BUILDMSG
ENDFILER L R2,R2SAVE
BR R2
ENDFILE DS 0H
EXEC CICS ENDBR FILE('DFHCSD') REQID(1)
*
MVC MSG02,=CL8'ENDFILE'
B RETURNX
NOTFOUND DS 0H
*
MVC MSG02,=CL8'NOTFOUND'
B RETURNX
ERRORS DS 0H
*
MVC MSG02,=CL8'ERROR'
B RETURNX
SENDMSG ST R1,R1SAVE STORE RETURN ADDRESS
EXEC CICS SEND TEXT FROM(DISPLAY) LENGTH(79) FREEKB ERASE X
ACCUM PAGING
L R1,R1SAVE
BR R1 RETURN
RETURNX DS 0H
EXEC CICS SET FILE('DFHCSD') CLOSED
*
EXEC CICS SEND TEXT FROM(MSG) LENGTH(80) FREEKB ERASE X
*
ACCUM PAGING
RETURNY EXEC CICS SEND PAGE
RETURN EXEC CICS RETURN
*
* DATA DEFINITIONS
*
RIDF DS 0F USE FOR GROUP KEY
RIDGROUP DS CL8 GROUP NAME
RIDSEQNO DS F RECORD SEQUENCE NUMBER
RIDTYPE DS H ENTRY TYPE
RIDNAME DS CL8 RESOURCE NAME

```

```

*
LID          DS      ØF              USE FOR LIST KEY
LIDGROUP    DS      CL8             GROUP NAME
LIDSEQNO    DS      F               RECORD SEQUENCE NUMBER
LIDTYPE     DS      H               ENTRY TYPE
LIDNAME     DS      CL8             RESOURCE NAME
*
CSDREC      DS      ØCL522          RECORD RETURN
CSDGROUP    DS      CL8             GROUP NAME
CSDSEQNO    DS      F               RECORD SEQUENCE NUMBER
CSDTYPE     DS      H               ENTRY TYPE
CSDNAME     DS      CL8             RESOURCE NAME
DATADAY     DS      CL6
DATATIME    EQU    DATADAY+2,4
            DS      CL494           REMAINING PORTION OF RECORD
*
R1SAVE      DS      F               RETURN ADDRESS
R2SAVE      DS      F               RETURN ADDRESS
RSCNAME     DS      CL8' '         RESOURCE NAME
HTYPE       DS      XL2
RESPONSE    DS      F               RESPONSES TO CICS COMMANDS
LFLAG       DS      CL1'N'         LIST FLAG
*
TEXTLEN     DS      H               DATA RECEIVE LENGTH
INPUT       DS      ØCL8Ø          DATA RECEIVE
            DS      CL5
STYPE       DS      CL4' '         RESOURCE TYPE
SDATA       DS      CL71
*
DISPLAY     DS      CL8Ø' '
ERROR1      DC      CL8Ø'SYNTAX OF COMMAND: <TRANID> <TYPE> (NAME)'
ERROR2      DC      CL8Ø' <TYPE>: CONNecTion, LSRPool, FILE, MAPSet, PROFile,'
ERROR3      DC      CL8Ø' PROGram, SESSions, TYPeterm, TERMinal, TRANSACTION'
*
DATE        DC      F'Ø'
TIME        DC      2F'Ø'
OUTDATE     DS      CL7
OUTTIME     DS      CL9
MSG         DS      ØCL79
MSGØ1       DC      CL7'STATUS:'
MSGØ2       DS      CL73' '
            END CSDPGM

```

Kah Soon Ho
Senior Systems Support Analyst
Public Bank (Malaysia)

© Xephon 2001

Changing CEDA defaults

Below is an update to *Changing CEDA defaults*, published in *CICS Update* Issue 104, July 1994. This is the CICS 5.3. usermod to provide the same functions as described in the article.

```
++USERMOD(LT53001).
++VER(C150) FMID(HCI5300)
/*
*****
* LT53001 - Usermod to force CEDA Define to Userdefine *
*****
*/.
++HOLD(LT53001) FMID(HCI5300) SYSTEM REASON(ACTION) DATE(01001)
COMMENT(
```

After LT53001 has been APPLY'd it will be impossible for any resources to be CEDA DEFINE'd. CEDA USERDEF is forced. As a result, a group named USERDEF must be created in each DFHCSD. This group must contain a resource for each type named USER. The definitions in the group USERDEF will be used as the default settings when a user defines a new resource.

=====

Action when IBM PTF does not PRE or SUP LT53001

If an IBM PTF will not APPLY because it does not PRE or SUP LT53001 then;

- o RESTORE and REJECT this USERMOD.
- o APPLY the IBM PTF.
- o Alter the source for this USERMOD so that it has the IBM PTF as a PRE-req. Review changes caused by the IBM PTF and alter this USERMOD in accordance.
- o RECIEVE and APPLY this USERMOD.

```
    ).
++ZAP (DFHESP19).
NAME    ANALYZE
VER     000CCE 58A0,C0A0
VER     000CD2 D50B,A000,80BB
VER     000CE0 47F0,3D0C
```

REP 000CCE 5820,C0A0
REP 000CD2 D50B,2000,80BB
REP 000CE0 47F0,3C38

J P Lemmon
Lemon-tree (UK)

© Xephon 2001

Health check-up for the CICS subsystem

There are numerous CICS applications successfully executing around the globe. A periodic ‘health check’ of these online applications can help identify performance problems and you can perform pro-active maintenance before these start posing serious problems for the application or use more than the required amount of system resources to get the work done.

A few things listed here can help you do a quick check-up of your CICS system. This can also help you identify both problems that already exist and potential problems.

CICS shutdown statistics form the basis for our action. There is a wealth of information available in the shutdown statistics that can be harvested to analyse and ensure optimal performance of the CICS subsystem.

Shutdown statistics can be gathered using the IBM-supplied CICS utility, DFHSTUP, which uses the CICS SMF record (SMF 110) to analyse the information and report it. For a complete description of this utility refer to the *CICS Operations and Utility Guide*.

This article does not discuss database-related issues (databases other than VSAM files) as a part of the CICS system health check because these form a separate topic by themselves.

FILE REQUEST INFORMATION

As we all know, no I/O is the best I/O. In this section of the CICS

shutdown statistics, a key figure to watch out for is the number of EXCP requests on the file. All files with high EXCP counts are likely to be performance bottlenecks. The top 20-30 percent of the files with the highest EXCP count should be carefully examined for the type of access requests (get/browse/update/add/delete). Some files are used just for add requests. In many cases, it so happens that these are defined as VSAM KSDS clusters, which have an additional overhead of maintaining an index. Not only that, if the records being added are not written in ascending key sequence then excessive I/Os result because of CI and CA splits. For better performance these should be allocated as VSAM ESDS clusters using NSR access and 'number of strings=1'.

Files showing a high number of CI and CA splits should be analysed to arrive at an initial loading strategy to minimize the splits and/or alter the CI size and FREESPACE parameters. Although shutdown statistics do not provide the CI/CA split information, LISTCAT can be used to gather this information. Information should also be gathered for unused alternate indexes. If the path shows a high EXCP count but no get/browse requests, it is likely to be redundant. At one of the installations where I worked, I found an alternate index was being built but was not used because of a change in functionality. Such alternate indexes should be reviewed with developers to find out whether they are needed by the application or not. If not, they should be removed.

Small and heavily read files are good candidates for data tables.

Waits on strings/buffers on critical files can also lead to serious performance problems and appropriate buffers/strings should be increased to minimize the waits.

LSRPOOLS AND DATA TABLES

Files with a high read to write ratio with fairly random access are good candidates for LSRPOOLS. Files with a low read to write ratio should not be allocated to LSRPOOLS. LSR buffers for these files would have to be externalized and therefore these would not show any major improvement by using LSRPOOL buffers. Using the information from the file request statistics above, those files to be placed in the

LSRPOOL can be identified and the LSRPOOL can be allocated appropriately for the files. The LSRPOOL look-aside ratio is the key thing to watch out for. It is calculated using following formula:

$$\text{Look-aside ratio} = \text{Look asides} / (\text{Look-asides} + \text{Buffer reads})$$

The closer to 1.00 the better it is. The look-aside ratio forms the basis for tuning the LSRPOOLS. The look-aside ratio goes up if the buffer size is increased. Of course as real storage is a constrained resource, there is an upper limit to the number of buffers that can be assigned to the LSRPOOL. Because the look-aside ratio is no exception to the law of diminishing returns, adding more pools beyond a certain point is not fruitful. Separate buffers for data and indexes are recommended for large files with semi-random access so that the data control intervals do not monopolize the LSR buffers by discarding the index control intervals. Separate buffers would reduce I/O for a frequently used index CI. Alternatively, compound buffers can be used by standardizing the CI sizes of data and index components of the VSAM cluster. Small and heavily read files can be defined as data tables because the path length to read a record from a data table is smaller than that from an LSRPOOL.

TRANSACTION MANAGER

Take a look at the transaction manager statistics. Things are not in good shape if we see that the MAXTASKS limit is being reached frequently. Transactions would queue up when the MAXTASK limit is reached. The gravity of the problem depends on how many times the MAXTASK limit is hit. Ideally this should be 0, but for some applications an occasional occurrence of this may not be a major concern. However, if this occurs in a CICS region during non-peak activity periods then it certainly needs attention. The remedy would be to increase MAXTASK appropriately in the SIT.

STORAGE MANAGER

Storage manager statistics show us the current limit and maximum usage of the DSA and the EDSA. The appropriate DSA limit should be increased if the peak utilization is approaching the maximum limit.

Not doing so could result in CICS releasing storage cushions, which means spending CPU cycles on non-application work, impacting performance. Time cushions released show up in the storage manager statistics and should ideally be 0, however having this at 0 is not sufficient. A healthy system would never run with a nearly 100 percent-utilized DSA or the EDSA. What if you implement new functionality, which adds a few more programs and a couple of additional files (which means more access control blocks) resulting in increased utilization of the EDSA? The CICS region may now go short on storage. It would therefore be nice to ensure that the above situation does not arise by having sufficient buffers for the DSA/EDSA, and monitoring it after every implementation.

TEMPORARY STORAGE AND TRANSIENT DATA QUEUES

Temporary storage is mainly used by applications as a scratch pad area, but at many installations one sees all the TSQs allocated to auxiliary storage. If the statistics indicate a zero or very low utilization of main storage then there is a potential for performance improvement by moving the non-recoverable TSQs to MAIN storage, thereby reducing I/Os to an auxiliary dataset. If the statistics show too many queue extensions, it means that CICS is spending its resources doing 'non-application' work like GETMAIN and FREEMAIN. Should this happen at your installation, SIT parameter TSMGSET should be appropriately increased to reduce queue extensions. Watch out for buffer or string waits on the queues, if any. These waits can be eliminated/minimized by increasing the number of buffers/strings allocated.

JOURNALS

Important statistics to look out for are the buffer full condition and waits on archive. If the buffer full condition occurs, the buffer size should be increased in the journal control table. If waits on archive are experienced, consider increasing the log size or reducing the archival frequency; verify that, if the logs are archived to tape, tape mounts are performed quickly. Also have a look at the service class or dispatching priority (depending on whether the system is running in WLM goal

mode or ICS/IPS configuration) of the journal job. If this is very low, the job may not get the required resources during busy hours. Care should also be taken not to make it too high or CICS response may suffer when the journal job executes.

REDUNDANT PROGRAMS/TRANSACTIONS/TERMINALS

Some programs/transactions become redundant over a period of time. Examining the 'attach count' can identify these (which would be 0 for unused transactions) in the TRANSACTION STATISTICS, and check the 'times used' count in the PROGRAM details. If too many of these are around, then they should be removed from the CICS system tables and CSD because these could result in increased 'non-application' resource usage in terms of real storage to hold these entries and CPU cycles to search table entries.

Pranav Sampat
Cognizant Technology Solutions (USA)

© Xephon 2001

Determining the library using PINQPGM – revisited

I worked with some people who had a problem after migrating to OS/390 Version 2.8+ with the program PINQPGM published in *Determining the library using PINQPGM*, published in *CICS Update*, Issue 152, July 1998. Below is an updated program.

PINQPGM

```
//TRN      EXEC PGM=DFHEAP1$,  
//          REGION=4096K  
//STEPLIB  DD DSN=CICS410.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR  
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*  
//SYSPUNCH DD DSN=&&SYSCIN,  
//          DISP=(,PASS),UNIT=SYSALLDA,  
//          DCB=BLKSIZE=400,  
//          SPACE=(400,(400,100))  
//SYSIN    DD *
```



```

*****
*   WRITTEN BY CHORNG S. (JACK) HWANG   1990 @ SDG&E           *
*   RETROFITTED FOR CICS V4.1           1997 @ HARRIS BANK     *
*   WRITTEN AND DISTRIBUTED AS IS, NO WARRANTIES EITHER      *
*   EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED                                                         *
*   JACK HWANG   CSHWANG@HOTMAIL.COM                                           *
*   UPDATE/RETROFIT FOR OS/390 V2.8+                                           *
*   BY JOE BARNES   2/8/2001   JOE_BARNES@SECURA.NET          *
*   TOM N THOMAS 5/14/2001   THOMAST@ATTGLOBAL.NET             *
*****

```

```

          PRINT NOGEN
          TITLE 'PINQPGM - FIND DFHRPL FOR PROGRAM'
NEWLINE  EQU   X'15'
STFIELD  EQU   X'1D'
          COPY  DFHAID
          COPY  DFHBMSCA
          DCBD  DSORG=PO,DEV D=DA
          IEFTIOT1
          IEZDEB
          IHAPSA
          IKJTCB

```

```

*
DFHEISTG DSECT
HEADERA  DS    CL5
HEADERT  DS    CL8
          DS    CL24
HEADERC  DS    CL6
HEADERS  DS    CL4
          DS    CL24
HEADERD  DS    CL8
HEADERNL DS    CL2
PGMNAMCA DS    CL5
PGMNAMC  DS    CL8'PGMNAME:'
PGMNAMA  DS    CL2
PGMNAM   DS    CL8
PGMNAMEA DS    CL2
HEADERLE EQU   *-HEADERA
CURSOR   DS    H
RECVLEN  DS    H
TEXTLEN  DS    H
TEXTPTR  DS    F

```

```

*
ABSTIME  DS    D
DSNAME   DS    CL44
CONCAT   DS    CL4
DDNAME   DS    CL8
BALSAVE  DS    F
TCBSAVE  DS    F
*
BLDLAREA DS    CL20

```

REGSTORE DS 16F
MVSREGSA DS 18F
RSTORE59 DS 5F

*

TEXTOUT DS CL256

*

* REGISTER USAGE TABLE

* R0 WORK REG
* R1 WORK REG
* R2 WORK REG
* R3 BASE REG FOR CODE
* R4 BASE REG FOR CODE
* R5 WORK REG
* R10 BASE REG FOR RECEIVED DATA
* R11 BASE REG FOR EIB
* R12 BASE REG FOR WORKAREA
* R13 MVS SAVE AREA

*

PRINT GEN

PINQPGM AMODE 31

PINQPGM RMODE ANY

PINQPGM DFHEIENT CODEREG=(3,4),DATAREG=(12)

CLI EIBAID,DFHCLEAR IS THIS CLEAR?
BE RETURN YES, RETURN AND END
CLI EIBAID,DFHPPF3 PF3?
BE RETURN YES, RETURN AND END
CLI EIBAID,DFHPPF15 PF3?
BE RETURN YES, RETURN AND END
OC PGMNAM,=CL8' ' CLEAR PGMNAM
EXEC CICS RECEIVE SET(10) LENGTH(TEXTLEN)

*

*

NEW CODE

TRANS	EQU	*	PREPARE TRANSLATE
	STM	5,9,RSTORE59	BE CAREFULLY, SAFE REGISTERS
	XR	5,5	CLEAR R5
	XR	6,6	CLEAR R6
	LH	5,TEXTLEN	LOAD SLIP
	LA	7,TAB01	
	LA	8,TRANS1	
	LR	9,10	LOAD INPUT
TRANS1	EQU	*	TRANSLATE
	IC	6,0(0,9)	CHARACTER FROM INPUT
	IC	6,0(6,7)	TRANSLATE CHARACTER
	STC	6,0(0,9)	RETURN TO INPUT
	LA	9,1(0,9)	LOAD ADR NEXT
	BCTR	5,8	TRANSLATE NEXT OR END
	LM	5,9,RSTORE59	RELOAD REGISTERS - FINISHED
		END OF NEW CODE	
	CLC	0(4,10),EIBTRNID	IS THIS UNFORMATTED?

*

*

```

        BE    SENDINIT          YES, GO SEND INITIAL
        LH    2,TEXTLEN        GET LENGTH OF TEXT
        SH    2,=H'3'         SUBTRACT 3 TO BYPASS FIRST SA
        BNP   DOPGMNAM         NOT > 0, GO DO PROCESS
        LA    1,PGMNAM        GET STARTING ADDRESS OF PGMNAM
        LA    10,3(10)        BUMP PAST SA
PGMNAML DS    0H
        MVC   0(1,1),0(10)    MOVE IN PGMNAM
        LA    1,1(1)         GO TO NEXT BYTE TO MOVE TO
        LA    10,1(10)       GO TO NEXT BYTE TO MOVE FROM
        BCT   2,PGNAML        GO DO NEXT BYTE
        B     DOPGMNAM        GO PROCESS
*
* PROCESS PGMNAM FOUND
DOPGMNAM DS    0H
        MVC   TEXTOUT(DSNAMES),DSNAMES MOVE IN SEND TEXT
*
        MVC   DDNAME,=CL8'DFHRPL' GET DFHRPL GUY FIRST
        BAL   1,PROCESS0
        LA    10,TEXTOUT      GET ADDRESS OF OUTPUT AREA
        MVC   DFHRPLO-DSNAMES(L'DFHRPLO,10),DSNAME MOVE DSNAME
        MVC   CONCATDO-DSNAMES(L'CONCATDO,10),CONCAT MOVE CONCAT #
*
*
        MVC   DDNAME,=CL8'STEPLIB' NOW GET STEPLIB GUY
        MVC   DDNAME,=XL8'0000000000000000' NOW GET STEPLIB GUY
        BAL   1,PROCESS0
        LA    10,TEXTOUT      GET ADDRESS OF OUTPUT AREA
        MVC   STEPLIBO-DSNAMES(L'STEPLIBO,10),DSNAME MOVE DSNAME
        MVC   CONCATSO-DSNAMES(L'CONCATSO,10),CONCAT MOVE CONCAT #
*
*
        MVC   TEXTLEN,=AL2(DSNAMES) MOVE SEND LENGTH
        B     PROCESS2        GO SEND IT
*
PROCESS0 DS    0H
        ST    1,BALSAVE       STORE RETURN ADDRESS
        MVC   CONCAT,=CL4' '
DDNLOOP  DS    0H
        USING PSA,0
        L     1,PSATOLD        GET TCB'S ADDRESS
        USING TCB,1
TCBLOOP  DS    0H
        ST    1,TCBSAVE
        SR    2,2              CLEAR R2
        ICM   2,15,TCBDEB     GET FIRST DEB ADDRESS
        BZ    NORPL           INDICATE DFHRPL NOT FOUND
        L     5,TCBTIO        GET TIOT ADDRESS
        DROP  1
        USING DEBBASIC,2
DEBLOOP  DS    0H
        SR    1,1              CLEAR 1

```

```

      ICM  1,7,DEBDCBB      GET DCB ADDRESS
      BZ   NEXTDEB         ZERO, GO GET NEXT DEB
      USING IHADCB,1
      LH   10,DCBTIOT      GET OFFSET INTO TIOT FOR THIS ENTRY
      AR   10,5            GET TRUE TIOT ENTRY
      USING TIOENTRY,10
      CLC  TIOEDDNM,DDNAME  DDNAME FOUND?
      BE   PROCESS
*     MVC  CSHWTO+20(8),TIOEDDNM
*     MVC  CSHWTO+30(8),DDNAME
*SHWTO WTO  'PINQPGM
*     EXEC CICS DELAY
NEXTDEB DS   0H
      SR   1,1            CLEAR 1
      ICM  1,7,DEBDEBB     GET NEXT DEB ADDRESS
      BZ   NORPL          INDICATE DFHRPL NOT FOUND
      LR   2,1            GET DEB ADDRESS
      B    DEBLOOP        GO GET'EM TIGER
      DROP 1,2
*
NORPL  DS   0H
      L    2,TCBSAVE      GET TCB'S ADDRESS
      USING TCB,2
      SR   1,1
      ICM  1,15,TCBBACK    GET NEXT TCB
      DROP 2
      BZ   TCBLOOPD       NO, CONTINUE TO PROCESS
      C    1,PSATOLD      SEE IF WE'VE HIT END
      BNE  TCBLOOP
TCBLOOPD DS  0H
      MVC  DSNAME,=CL44'DCB NOT FOUND
      B    PROCESS1
*
PROCESS DS  0H
      STM  0,15,REGSTORE  STORE REGISTERS
      LA   13,MVSREGSA    GET ADDRESS OF MVS SA
*
      CLC  PGMNAM,=CL8'*RSETRPL' RESET RPL?
      BNE  NORSTRPL       NO, BYPASS CLOSE/OPEN DFHRPL
      LR   5,1            SAVE DCB ADDRESS
      CLOSE ((5))
      OPEN  ((5))
      B    SENDRRPL
*
NORSTRPL DS  0H
      MVC  BLDLAREA(2),=H'1'  INDICATE 1 ENTRY
      MVC  BLDLAREA+2(2),=H'14' 14 BYTE ENTRY
      MVC  BLDLAREA+4(8),PGMNAM MOVE IN PROGRAM NAME
      BLDL (1),BLDLAREA      GO DO BLDL
      LM   0,14,REGSTORE    STORE REGISTER

```

```

LTR 15,15 TEST 15
BNZ NOMEMBER NOT FOUND
*
USING IHADCB,1
LH 10,DCBTIOT GET OFFSET INTO TIOT FOR THIS ENTRY
DROP 1
L 1,PSATOLD
USING TCB,1
L 5,TCBTIO GET TIOT ADDRESS
AR 10,5 GET TRUE TIOT ENTRY
DROP 1
*
SR 1,1 CLEAR 1
ICM 1,1,BLDLAREA+15 GET CONCATENATION NUMBER
CVD 1,ABSTIME CONVERT TO DECIMAL
UNPK CONCAT+1(3),ABSTIME+6(2) UNPACK
OI CONCAT+3,C'0' FORCE X'F0'
MVI CONCAT,C'+ '
DSNAMELP DS 0H
CH 1,=H'1' COMPARE WITH H'1'
BL DSNFOUND LOW, FOUND DSNAME
BCTR 1,0 SUBTRACT COUNT BY ONE
SR 0,0 CLEAR R0
IC 0,TIOELNGH GET TIOE LENGTH
AR 10,0 BUMP UP TO NEXT TIOT ENTRY
B DSNNAMELP
DSNFOUND DS 0H
SR 1,1 CLEAR 1
* ICM 1,7,TIOEJFCB GET JFCB TOKEN
LA 5,EPA GET ADDRESS OF THE EPA
ST 5,SWEPAPTR INITIALIZE EPA POINTER
USING ZB505,5 ESTABLISH ADDRESSABILITY TO EPA
* XC SWAEPAX,SWAEPAX INITIALIZE THE EPA
*****
*IF THE LONGER 28-BYTE EPAL IS GENERATED (UNAUTH=YES), THE INSTRUCTION
*TO INITIALIZE THE EPA IS:
XC SWAEPAX,SWAEPAX
*****
* USING TIOT1,1 ESTABLISH ADDRESSABILITY TO TIOT
MVC SWVA,TIOEJFCB MV SVA OF JFCB INTO EPA
SWAREQ FCODE=RL,EPA=SWEPAPTR,MF=(E,SWAPARMS),UNAUTH=YES JFCB
L 1,SWBLKPTR SET THE POINTER TO THE JFCB
USING INFMJFCB,1 ESTABLISH ADDRESSABILITY TO JFCB
MVC DSNNAME,0(1) NO OFFSET IN INFMJFCB
B PROCESS1
*
NOMEMBER DS 0H
MVC DSNNAME,=CL44'PROGRAM NOT FOUND IN CONCATENATION'
*
PROCESS1 DS 0H

```

```

L      1,BALSAVE          GET RETURN ADDRESS
BR     1                  RETURN
*
PROCESS2 DS    ØH
EXEC  CICS SEND TEXT FROM(TEXTOUT) LENGTH(TEXTLEN) ERASE
*
SENDINIT DS    ØH
XC     TEXTLEN,TEXTLEN    CLEAR TEXT LENGTH
LA     Ø,TEXTOUT          GET ADDRESS OF OUTPUT TEXT
ST     Ø,TEXTPTR          STORE ADDRESS OF OUTPUT TEXT
MVI    HEADERA,STFIELD    MOVE IN START FIELD
MVI    HEADERA+1,DFHBMASK MOVE IN ASKIP
MVI    HEADERA+2,DFHSA    MOVE IN SET ATTRIBUTE
MVI    HEADERA+3,DFHCOLOR MOVE IN COLOR
MVI    HEADERA+4,DFHTURQ  MOVE IN COLOR TURQUIS
MVC    HEADERC,=CL6'SYSID=' INDICATE SYSID
EXEC  CICS ASSIGN SYSID(HEADERS)
EXEC  CICS ASKTIME ABSTIME(ABSTIME)
EXEC  CICS FORMATTIME ABSTIME(ABSTIME) X
      TIME(HEADERT) TIMESEP MMDDYY(HEADERD) DATESEP
MVI    HEADERNL,NEWLINE   MOVE NEW LINE AFTER LINE1
MVI    HEADERNL+1,NEWLINE MOVE NEW LINE AFTER LINE1
MVC    PGMNAMCA,HEADERA   MOVE IN DEFAULT DISPLAY ATTRIBUTE
MVC    PGMNAMC,=CL8'PGNNAME:'
MVI    PGMNAMA,STFIELD    MOVE IN START FIELD
MVC    PGMNAMA+1(1),=AL1(DFHBMUNP+DFHBMFSE+DFHBMBRY)
MVI    PGMNAMEA,STFIELD   MOVE IN START FIELD
MVI    PGMNAMEA+1,DFHBMASK MOVE IN ASKIP
LH     1,TEXTLEN          GET TEXT LENGTH
LA     1,HEADERLE(1)      ADD LENGTH OF HEADER
STH    1,TEXTLEN          STORE TEXT LENGTH
L      1,TEXTPTR          GET OUTPUT LOCATION
MVC    Ø(HEADERLE,1),HEADERA MOVE OUTPUT LINE
LA     1,HEADERLE(1)      BUMP UP MVC LENGTH
ST     1,TEXTPTR
SENDTEXT DS    ØH
EXEC  CICS SEND TEXT FROM(TEXTOUT) LENGTH(TEXTLEN) X
      FREEKB CURSOR(=AL2(171))
RETURNX DS    ØH
EXEC  CICS RETURN TRANSID(EIBTRNID)
RETURN  DS    ØH
EXEC  CICS SEND CONTROL ERASE FREEKB
RETURNR DS    ØH
EXEC  CICS RETURN
SENDRRPL DS    ØH
LA     5,RRPLLEN
STH    5,TEXTLEN
EXEC  CICS SEND TEXT FROM(RRPLOUT) LENGTH(TEXTLEN) X
      ERASE FREEKB
B      RETURNR

```

```

*
DSNAMES DC XL6'151515151515'
DC AL1(STFIELD,DFHBMASK,DFHSA,DFHCOLOR,DFHTURQ)
DC C' DFHRPL: '
DFHRPLO DS CL44'THIS IS SUPPOSED TO BE THE DATASET NAME'
DC C' CONCAT: '
CONCATDO DS CL4
DC XL6'1515'
DC AL1(STFIELD,DFHBMASK,DFHSA,DFHCOLOR,DFHTURQ)
DC C'STEPLIB: '
STEPLIBO DS CL44
DC C' CONCAT: '
CONCATSO DS CL4
DSNAMEL EQU *-DSNAMES
*
* MORE NEW STUFF
TABØ1 DS ØF
EQU * TRANSLATE FROM UPPER TO LOWER
DC X'4Ø' TRANSLATE X'ØØ' TO X'4Ø'
DC 127AL1(*-TABØ1)
DC X'8ØC1C2C3C4C5C6C7C8C98A8B8C8D8E8F' A-I
DC X'9ØD1D2D3D4D5D6D7D8D99A9B9C9D9E9F' J-R
DC X'AØA1E2E3E4E5E6E7E8E9AAABACADAEAF' S-Z
DC 8ØAL1(*-TABØ1)
RRPLOUT DC AL1(STFIELD,DFHBMASK,DFHSA,DFHCOLOR,DFHTURQ)
DC C'PINQPGM - CLOSE/OPEN DFHRPL COMPLETED'
RRPLLEN EQU *-RRPLOUT
*
SWEPAPTR DS F
EPA DS CL28
SWAPARMS SWAREQ MF=L
CVT DSECT=YES
IEFJESCT
IEFZB5Ø5 LOCEPAX=YES
PRINT NOGEN
IEFJFCBN
END
//ASM EXEC PGM=IEV9Ø,
// REGION=4Ø96K,
// PARM='NODECK,OBJECT,XREF(SHORT)'
//SYSLIB DD DSN=CICS41Ø.SDFHMAC,DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=SYS1.MACLIB,DISP=SHR
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=SYS1.AMODGEN
//SYSUT1 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(17ØØ,(4ØØ,4ØØ))
//SYSUT2 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(17ØØ,(4ØØ,4ØØ))
//SYSUT3 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(17ØØ,(4ØØ,4ØØ))
//SYSLIN DD DSN=ØØLOADSET,
// UNIT=SYSALLDA,DISP=(,PASS),
// SPACE=(4ØØ,(1ØØ,1ØØ))
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*

```

```

//SYSIN      DD DSN=&&SYSCIN,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//COPYLINK  EXEC PGM=IEBGENER,COND=(7,LT,ASM)
//SYSUT1    DD DSN=CICS410.SDFHMAC(DFHEILIA),DISP=SHR
//SYSUT2    DD DSN=&&COPYLINK,DISP=(NEW,PASS),
//          DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=400,RECFM=FB),
//          UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(400,(20,20))
//SYSPRINT  DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN      DD DUMMY
//LKED      EXEC PGM=IEWL,REGION=4096K,
//          PARM='LIST,XREF',COND=(7,LT,ASM)
//SYSLIB    DD DSN=CICS410.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSLMOD   DD DISP=SHR,DSN=CICS410.SDFHLOAD(PINQPGM)
//SYSUT1    DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,DCB=BLKSIZE=1024,
//          SPACE=(1024,(200,20))
//SYSPRINT  DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSLIN    DD DSN=&&COPYLINK,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//          DD DSN=&&LOADSET,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//          DD DDNAME=SYSIN
//*
```

Chorng S (Jack) Hwang
Principal
HSA Systems (USA)

© Xephon 2001

Monitoring system logger activity online

With the launch of CICS Transaction Server for OS/390, the MVS system logger has become the important feature for using CICS/TS successfully. Many companies have already migrated to CICS/TS, but a lot of migration work is still to be done before CICS/ESA goes out of service.

A very important task when running CICS/TS is to monitor the logger set up for CICS. Therefore IBM provided the batch program IXGRPT1, which is supplied in SYS1.SAMPLIB. A CICS systems programmer should be very familiar with this program in order to understand whether CICS's system logs, DFHLOG and DFHSHUNT, are well defined and tuned. IXGRPT1 is an excellent window into the MVS system logger. The input for IXGRPT1 are the SMF88 records.

However, during my work at IBM's CICS support group I have had a lot of contact with customers running CICS/TS who don't know

about IXGRPT1. This inevitably leads to problems. A lot of people find it difficult to interpret IXGRPT1 output and to understand the figures and the critical situations.

To give an alternative to IXGRPT1 I wrote program IXGRPTC (C stands for CICS) and program IXGSMF8. Both programs run under CICS. The first program displays the local log streams used by CICS (see below):

JOURNALNAME	STREAMNAME	TYPE	STATUS
DFHJ02	CICS.IV4A53A1.DFHJ02	MVS	ENABLED
DFHLGLOG	CICSUSER.IV5A53A1.DFHLGLOG	MVS	ENABLED
DFHLOG	CICS.IV4A53A1.DFHLOG	MVS	ENABLED
DFHSHUNT	CICS.IV4A53A1.DFHSHUNT	MVS	ENABLED

NOTE: PUT THE CURSOR ON A STREAMNAME AND PRESS ENTER KEY

SYSID=53A1 APPLID=IV4A53A1

PF 3 END

You can easily select a log stream by putting the cursor on a log stream name and pressing enter. Now the second program will be invoked to display the SMF88 interval records on screen (see below) for the previously selected log stream:

```

SMF INTERVAL:      10 /   33
----- PRODUCT SECTION -----
MVS OPERATION SYSTEM NAME:  MCEVS4          RELEASE:      SP6.1.0
----- LOG STREAM SECTION -----
LOG STREAM NAME:  CICS.IV4A53A1.DFHLOG    TOD-TIME: 2001/05/07 13:00:00
# WRITES INVOKED      :                13.420
BYT WRITTN BY USERS IXGWITES :          69.247.110
MIN. BLOCKLEN IN SMF INTERVAL :                120 (INITIALIZED TO
X"7FFFFFFF" IF NO SMF ACTIVITY OCCURS WITHIN AN SMF INTERVAL.)
MAX. BLOCKLEN IN SMF INTERVAL :                10.276
----- STRUCTURE (INTERIM STORAGE) SECTION -----
----- (DASD) -----
STRUCTURE NAME: LOG_DFHLOG_001
BYT WRITTN TO INTERIM STORAGE :          71.000.320  BYT WRITTN TO DASD
:                64.578.371
BYT DELETD INTERIM ST W/O DASD :          5.246.898  BYT DELETD INTERIM
ST W/DASD      :                64.081.571
# DELETES W/O DASD WRITE      :                986  # DELETES W/WRITE
:                12.420
# WRITES COMPLETED - TYPE 1   :                12.124 (TYPE1 = LOG STREAM
CONTENTS CAN REMAIN IN STRUCTURE. NO NEED TO MOVE DATA.)
# WRITES COMPLETED - TYPE 2   :                1.206 (TYPE2 = LOG STREAM IS

```

```

FILLING THE STRUCTURE.  LOGGER STARTS OFFL.  ASYNC.)
# WRITES COMPLETED - TYPE 3      :          87 (TYPE3 = SPACE USED IN
THE STRUCTURE IS CRITICAL BUT DOES NOT EXCEED 100%.)
----- EVENTS SECTION -----
DASD SHFT :    136      STRC FULL :      3      OFFLOADS :    104
(NUMBER OF SUCCESSFUL OFFLOADS)
REBLD INI :      0      STG THLD :      0      OFFL.90% :    244
(NO.OF SUSUCCESSFUL OFFLOADS DUE TO STRUC.REACHING 90% FULL
REBLD CMP :      0      STG FULL :      0      IXGOFFLD :      0
(NUMBER OF TIMES AN OFFLOAD WAS REQUESTED VIA IXGOFFLD SERV
-----

PF  3 RETURN      7 UP          8 DOWN          9 FIRST I.  10 MIDLE I.  11
LAST I.          (I. = SMF INTERVAL)
PF 13 DASD SHFT 14 OFFLOAD  15 STG FULL  16 STG THLD  17 STR FULL  18
OFFL.90%          23 AVERAGE  24 TOTALS

```

Because of the huge amount of data in one interval, session property screen size 27x132 is mandatory.

This method has some advantages, including:

- 1 Online access to SMF88 records without needing to run batch jobs.
- 2 All variables for a single SMF interval on a screen.
- 3 Every value prefixed by a description and some suffixed with an explanation.
- 4 Different colours for quantity variables (in green, eg number of bytes written to logger) and event variables (in red, eg structure full).
- 5 Exception monitoring with PF keys (PF13 - PF18); eg PF13 = show me the interval with the highest number of DASD shifts (DASD shift = allocating a new offload dataset), or PF17 = display the interval with structure full condition on maximum.

The input for the CICS programs are the same SMF88 records as used by the batch version, but the organization format is different. I use a VSAM KSDS cluster instead of ESDS datasets. The data is copied by a third program (batch part) IXGRPTB (B stands for batch) when an SMF dataset switch occurs. Only CICS logstreams are selected by program IXGRPTB. A clean-up routine deletes the records from files that are older than a specified time in days. You should use the same jobstream as provided for IXGRPT1 in the Redbook *CICS Transaction*

Server for OS/390: Version 1 Release 2 Implementation Guide (SG24-2234-00) on page 100/101. Replace the last step by program IXGRPTB. The DD statement for input is SMF88IN, for output SMF88OT.

Checklist:

- 1 Define the KSDS cluster with INDEXED, KEYS(36 100) – for example:

```
//DEFINE EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=1M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
DELETE CICS53.CICS.IXGSMF88
SET LASTCC=0
SET MAXCC=0
DEFINE CLUSTER(NAME(CICS53.CICS.IXGSMF88)-
              INDEXED -
              CYL(5 2)-
              SHR(3,3)-
              FREESPACE(10 10)-
              REUSE -
              KEYS(36 100)-
              RECORDSIZE(276 32756) )
/*
//
```

- 2 Copy SMF88 records with IXGRPTB at every SMF dataset switch – for example:

```
/* UNLOAD SMF DATA SET CONTAINING CICS DATA
//SMFDUMP EXEC PGM=IFASMDP
//INDD1 DD DISP=SHR, BUFNO=20, DSN=SYS1.MAN1
//OUTDD1 DD DSN=##TEMP, DISP=(NEW,PASS), SPACE=(CYL,(12,5)), UNIT=SYSDA
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
INDD(INDD1, OPTIONS(DUMP))
OUTDD(OUTDD1, TYPE(88))
/*
/* COPIES SMF RECORDS TYPE 88 ONLY
//COPYSEL EXEC PGM=SORT, REGION=1024K
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSABEND DD SYSOUT=*
//SORTIN DD DSN=##TEMP, DISP=(OLD,PASS)
//SORTOUT DD DSN=##TEMP1, DISP=(,PASS), UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL,(12,5))
//SYSIN DD *
OPTION COPY
INCLUDE COND=(6,1,BI,EQ,X'58')
/*
/* SORT EQCH SMF INPUT BY TIMESTAMP AND LOGSTREAM NAME
```

```

//SORT1 EXEC PGM=SORT
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSABEND DD SYSOUT=*
//SORTIN DD DSN=##TEMP1,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//SORTOUT DD DSN=##TEMP2,DISP=(,PASS),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(5,1))
//SYSIN DD *
    OPTION VLSHRT
    SORT FIELDS=(133,8,BI,A,
                  105,26,CH,A)
    INCLUDE COND=(23,2,BI,EQ,X'0001')
/*
/* EXECUTE PL/I PROGRAM IXGRPTB
//IXGRPTB EXEC PGM=IXGRPTB,PARM='003' /* CLEANUP INTERAL IN DAYS */
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=user.loadlib
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SMF88IN DD DISP=(OLD,PASS),DSN=##TEMP2
//SMF88OT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=CICS53.CICS.IXGSMF88

```

- 3 CICS program definition for IXGRPTC and IXGSMF8 with Language LE370.
- 4 CICS transaction definition for IXGC (IXGRPTC) and IXG8 (IXGSMF8).
- 5 CICS mapset definition for IXGMAPSM.
- 6 CICS file definition for file IXGSMF88 with RECORDFormat V and OPERATIONs Browse and READ.

Because CICS uses this file as read-only you can update the file from batch without problems. To get all the data before using the transaction, you should close and reopen the file in CICS. A better way is to use a file owning region and update the file via EXCI. The best way is to use SMSVSAM.

Readers who wish to discuss the material in this article further may contact me via e-mail, at ewoerner@de.ibm.com.

IXGRPTB

```

*PROCESS LANGLVL(OS,SPROG);
IXGRPTB :PROCEDURE (MVSPARMSTRING) OPTIONS(MAIN);
DCL PLIXOPT CHAR(200) VAR INIT('SYSTEM(MVS),NOEXECOPS') STATIC
                                           EXTERNAL;

%INCLUDE SMF88STR;
%INCLUDE CEEIBMAW;
%INCLUDE CEEIBMCT;
DCL MVSPARMSTRING CHAR(100) VAR;

```

```

DCL 1 FILL04 UNAL BASED(ADDR(MVSPARMSTRING)),
    2 FILL05 CHAR(2),
    2 CLEANUP_INTERVAL PIC'999';
DCL CLEANUP_INTERVAL_BIN FIXED BIN(15);
DCL IXGR1A OPTIONS(ASSEMBLER INTER) ENTRY(CHAR(8), CHAR(24));
DCL SMF88IN FILE RECORD INPUT;
DCL SMF880T FILE RECORD KEYED ENV(VSAM,SIS,V);
DCL WORKAREA CHAR(32756) VAR;
DCL TIMEDATE_CHAR_88 CHAR(24);
DCL 1 FILL02 BASED(ADDR(TIMEDATE_CHAR_88)),
    2 TODTIME CHAR(8),
    2 FILL03 CHAR(8),
    2 TODDATE CHAR(8);
DCL TIMEDATE_JULIAN_88 FIXED BIN(31);
DCL TIMEDATE_JULIAN_CUR FIXED BIN(31);
DCL TIMEDATE_SECONDS_CUR FLOAT DEC(16);
DCL TIMEDATE_GREGORN_CUR CHAR(17);
DCL 1 LGSEGMENT BASED(SMF88LOF),
    2 FILL01 CHAR(8),
    2 KEY, /* KEY FOR VSAM KSDS */ /* */
    3 KEY_PART1 CHAR(26), /* => SMF88LSN */ /* */
    3 KEY_PART2 CHAR(2), /* => SMF88LFL */ /* */
    3 KEY_PART3 CHAR(8); /* => SMF88LTD */ /* */
DCL SYSPRINT FILE;
DCL (CSTG,LENGTH,SUBSTR,ONCODE,POINTERADD,STRING,VERIFY,
    PLIRETC) BUILTIN;
DCL (EOF,STRING_FOUND) BIT(1) INIT('0'B);
DCL (TRUE) BIT(1) STATIC INIT('1'B);
DCL (FALSE) BIT(1) STATIC INIT('0'B);
DCL (C,D,E,I) FIXED BIN(31) INIT(0);
DCL P PTR;
DCL X CHAR(4) BASED(P); /* DSECT FOR DFHJ*, DFHL*, DFHS* */
DCL 1 FC, /* FEEDBACK TOKEN */
    2 MSGSEV FIXED BIN(15),
    2 MSGNO FIXED BIN(15),
    2 FLAGS,
    3 CASE BIT(2),
    3 SEVERITY BIT(3),
    3 CONTROL BIT(3),
    2 FACID CHAR(3), /* FACILITY ID */
    2 ISI FIXED BIN(31); /* INSTANCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION */
ON ENDFILE(SMF88IN) EOF='1'B;
ON ENDFILE(SMF880T) EOF='1'B;
ON KEY(SMF880T)
BEGIN;
/* PUT SKIP LIST('ON KEY CONDITION RAISED, ONCODE=',
    ONCODE()); /* */
IF ONCODE = 52 /* 52 = DUPLICATE KEY */
THEN
    D = D + 1; /* BUMP DUPLICATE RECORD COUNTER */
/* PUT SKIP LIST ('DUPLICATE KEY = '||STRING(KEY)); */

```

```

        END;
/* ***** */
/* IF VSAM CLUSTER IS EMPTY, OPEN IN SEQUENTIAL MODE, CLOSE AND      */
/* REOPEN IN DIRECT MODE.                                           */
/* ***** */
ON UNDEFINEDFILE(SMF880T)
BEGIN;
    PUT SKIP LIST('ON UNDEFINEDFILE CONDITION RAISED, ONCODE=',
                  ONCODE());
    IF ONCODE = 82 /* 82 = DATA SET NEVER LOADED */
    THEN
        BEGIN;
            OPEN FILE(SMF880T) OUTPUT SEQUENTIAL;
            KEY_PART2 = '0000'X;
            CALL FORMAT_TOD;
            SUBSTR(WORKAREA,1,LENGTH(WORKAREA)) = REAL_RECORD;
            WRITE FILE (SMF880T) FROM (WORKAREA)
                KEYFROM(STRING(KEY));
            CLOSE FILE(SMF880T);
            OPEN FILE (SMF880T) OUTPUT DIRECT;
        END;
    END;
/* ***** */
/* GET CLEANUP INTERVAL FROM MVS PARMS (IF AVAILABLE ).              */
/* ***** */
IF VERIFY(SUBSTR(MVSPARMSTRING,1,3),'0123456789') = 0 /* NUMERIC? */
    THEN CLEANUP_INTERVAL_BIN = CLEANUP_INTERVAL; /* YES. */
    ELSE CLEANUP_INTERVAL_BIN = 3; /* NO. DEFAULT IS 3 DAYS */
PUT SKIP DATA( CLEANUP_INTERVAL_BIN );
/* ***** */
/* SELECT LOGSTREAMS WITH QUALIFIER DFHL*, DFHS* AND DFHJ*          */
/* ***** */
OPEN FILE(SMF88IN);
READ FILE(SMF88IN) INTO(WORKAREA);
SUBSTR(REAL_RECORD,1,LENGTH(WORKAREA)) = WORKAREA;
OPEN FILE(SMF880T) OUTPUT DIRECT;
DO WHILE(¬EOF);
    /* IS IT A CICS LOGSTREAM ? */
    P = ADDR(SMF88LSN);
    STRING_FOUND = FALSE;
A: DO I = 1 TO 23; /* LENGTH OF LOG STREAM NAME - 4 + 1 */
    IF X = 'DFHL' | X = 'DFHS' | X = 'DFHJ'
        THEN DO;
            STRING_FOUND = TRUE;
            LEAVE A;
        END;
    P = POINTERADD(P,1);
END A;
/* PROCESS RECORD */
IF STRING_FOUND = TRUE
    THEN DO;

```

```

        C = C + 1;
        KEY_PART2 = '0000'X;
        CALL FORMAT_TOD;
        SUBSTR(WORKAREA,1,LENGTH(WORKAREA)) = REAL_RECORD;
        WRITE FILE(SMF880T) FROM(WORKAREA)
            KEYFROM(STRING(KEY));
    END;
/* NEXT READ */
    READ FILE(SMF88IN) INTO(WORKAREA);
    SUBSTR(REAL_RECORD,1,LENGTH(WORKAREA)) = WORKAREA;
END;
CLOSE FILE(SMF88IN);
CLOSE FILE(SMF880T);
/*****
/* CLEANUP - DELETE ALL RECORDS WITH A CREATION DATE GT 10          */
/*****
EOF = FALSE;
/* GET CURRENT DATE IN JULIAN DATE FORMAT */
CALL CEELCT(TIMEDATE_JULIAN_CUR,TIMEDATE_SECONDS_CUR,
            TIMEDATE_GREGORN_CUR,FC);
OPEN FILE(SMF880T) SEQUENTIAL UPDATE;
READ FILE(SMF880T) INTO(WORKAREA); /* FIRST READ */
DO WHILE(¬EOF);
    SUBSTR(REAL_RECORD,1,LENGTH(WORKAREA)) = WORKAREA;
    CALL IXGR1A(SMF88LTD,TIMEDATE_CHAR_88);
    /* CONVERT SMF DATE FORMAT TO JULIAN DATE FORMAT */
    CALL CEEDAYS(SUBSTR(TIMEDATE_CHAR_88,17,8),'YYYYMMDD',
                TIMEDATE_JULIAN_88,FC);
    IF TIMEDATE_JULIAN_CUR - TIMEDATE_JULIAN_88 > CLEANUP_INTERVAL_BIN
        THEN DO;
            DELETE FILE(SMF880T); /* DELETE THE LAST RECORD -*/
            E = E + 1; /* IT'S OLDER THAN 10 DAYS */
        END;
    READ FILE(SMF880T) INTO(WORKAREA); /* NEXT READ */
END;
CLOSE FILE(SMF880T);
/*****
/* ISSUE MESSAGES, SET RETURN-CODE AND RETURN TO MVS          */
/*****
PUT SKIP LIST('COUNTER RECORDS ALL  :'); PUT DATA(C);
PUT SKIP LIST('COUNTER RECORDS DUPL.:'); PUT DATA(D);
PUT SKIP LIST('COUNTER RECORDS DEL. :'); PUT DATA(E);
IF C = 0 THEN CALL PLIRETC(4); /* NO RECORDS LOADED */
IF D > 0 THEN CALL PLIRETC(8); /* SOME DUPLICATE RECORDS */
IF D>0 & D=C THEN CALL PLIRETC(12); /* ALL RECORDS DUPLICATE */
RETURN;
FORMAT_TOD: PROC;
CALL IXGR1A(SMF88LTD,TIMEDATE_CHAR_88);
SMF88PNM = TODDATE;
SMF88LIT = TODTIME;
END FORMAT_TOD;
END IXGRPTB;

```

IXGRPTC

```
*PROCESS MACRO SYSTEM(CICS) LANGLVL(SPROG) XREF(FULL);
IXGRPTC: PROC(COMPTR) OPTIONS(MAIN);
/*****
/* DISPLAY SMF88 DATA ONLINE
*****/
%INCLUDE IXGMAPS; /* DSECT GENERATED BY BMS */
%INCLUDE (DFHAID);
DCL COMPTR PTR;
DCL XRESP FIXED BIN(31);
DCL XABSTIME DEC FIXED(15);
DCL XSYSID CHAR(4), XAPPLID CHAR(8);
DCL (ADDR,CHAR,CSTG,STG,LOW,HIGH,SUBSTR,LENGTH) BUILTIN;
DCL STR CHAR(32767) BASED;
DCL I,J,K,C FIXED BIN(15); /* I,J,K FOR GENERAL PURPOSES, C=CURSOR */
DCL REQJOUR CHAR(8);
DCL XJOURNALNAME CHAR(8),
    XSTREAMNAME CHAR(26),
    XSTATUS FIXED BIN(31), CSTATUS CHAR(8),
    XTYPE FIXED BIN(31), CTYPE CHAR(8);
DCL XCOMMAREA CHAR(CSTG(XCOMMAREA_DATA)) INIT(
    LOW(CSTG(XCOMMAREA_DATA))) CONTROLLED;
DCL 1 XCOMMAREA_DATA UNAL BASED(COMPTR),
    2 EYECATCHER CHAR(8),
    2 TAB_IDX FIXED BIN(15),
    2 TAB_STRNM (6:17) CHAR(26),
    2 NEXT_FUNCTION CHAR(20);
DCL END_MESSAGE CHAR(40) INIT('IXGRPTC TERMINATED');
DCL 1 TO_IXGSMF8_CA,
    2 FILL01 CHAR(8) INIT('IXGSMF8'),
    2 FILL02 CHAR(20) INIT('FIRST_INVOCATION'),
    2 STRNM CHAR(26),
    2 LSFLAGS CHAR(2),
    2 TIMESTAMP CHAR(8),
    2 MAXITEM FIXED BIN(15),
    2 LASTITEM FIXED BIN(15),
    2 TSQNAME CHAR(8),
    2 ACCUM_TAB (20),
    3 ACCUMULATOR FLOAT BIN(64),
    2 MAX_TAB (22),
    3 MAXIMUM FLOAT BIN(64),
    3 TSQITEM FIXED BIN(15);
DCL SCREEN_LINES FIXED BIN(15);
DCL SCREEN_COLS FIXED BIN(15);
IF EIBCALEN=0
    THEN DO;
        ALLOCATE XCOMMAREA;
        COMPTR=ADDR(XCOMMAREA);
        EYECATCHER='IXGRPTC';
```



```

        NEXT_FUNCTION = '***';
    END;
SELECT(EIBAID);
    WHEN(DFHFP3) IF EIBCALEN > 0
        THEN
            NEXT_FUNCTION = 'RETURN_TO_CICS';
    WHEN(DFHENTER)
    DO; IF EIBCALEN>0 THEN
        DO;
            C=EIBCPOSN/80;
            IF (TAB_IDX>5 & C>TAB_IDX) | C<6 | C>17
                THEN DO;
                    EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('INVCURS')
                        MAPSET('IXGMAPS')
                        RESP(XRESP);
                    GOTO RETURN_TO_CICS;
                END;
            EXEC CICS ASSIGN ALTSCRNHT(SCREEN_LINES)
                ALTSCRNWD(SCREEN_COLS)
                RESP(XRESP);
            IF SCREEN_LINES < 27 | SCREEN_COLS < 132
                THEN DO;
                    EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('INVSCRN')
                        MAPSET('IXGMAPS')
                        RESP(XRESP);
                    GOTO RETURN_TO_CICS;
                END;
            /* START READING SMF88 FILE */
            STRNM=TAB_STRNM(C);
            LSFLAGS=LOW(LENGTH(LSFLAGS));
            TIMESTAMP=LOW(LENGTH(TIMESTAMP));
            MAXITEM=0; LASTITEM=0;
            EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID('IXG8') IMMEDIATE
                COMMAREA(TO_IXGSMF8_CA)
                LENGTH(CSTG(TO_IXGSMF8_CA))
                RESP(XRESP);
        END;
    END;
    OTHERWISE DO;
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('INVKEY')
            MAPSET('IXGMAPS')
            RESP(XRESP);
        GOTO RETURN_TO_CICS;
    END;
END;
SELECT (NEXT_FUNCTION);
    WHEN ('RETURN_TO_CICS') DO;
        EXEC CICS SEND TEXT
            FROM(END_MESSAGE)
            ERASE LAST

```

```

                                RESP(XRESP);
                                EXEC CICS RETURN; /* STOP RUN */
                                END;
                                OTHERWISE;
                                END; /* END SELECT */
                                L010: /* SEND FIRST MAP */
                                /* CLEAR MAP */
                                SUBSTR(ADDR(IXGMAP10)->STR,1,STG(IXGMAP10))=LOW(STG(IXGMAP10));
                                TAB_IDX=5; /* SET TAB_IDX TO THE 5TH. LINE ON SCREEN */
                                /* VARIABLES INTO MAP */
                                EXEC CICS ASSIGN SYSID(XSYSID) APPLID(XAPPLID);
                                SYSID='SYSID='||XSYSID||' APPLID='||XAPPLID;
                                EXEC CICS INQUIRE JOURNALNAME START RESP(XRESP);
                                DO I=1 TO 12 UNTIL(XRESP=DFHRESP(END));
                                    EXEC CICS INQUIRE JOURNALNAME(XJOURNALNAME) NEXT STATUS(XSTATUS)
                                        STREAMNAME(XSTREAMNAME) TYPE(XTYPE) RESP(XRESP);
                                    IF XRESP=DFHRESP(NORMAL) THEN LEAVE;
                                    SELECT(XSTATUS);
                                        WHEN (DFHVALUE(ENABLED)) CSTATUS='ENABLED';
                                        WHEN (DFHVALUE(DISABLED)) CSTATUS='DISABLED';
                                        WHEN (DFHVALUE(FAILED)) CSTATUS='FAILED';
                                        OTHERWISE CSTATUS=' ???';
                                    END;
                                    SELECT(XTYPE);
                                        WHEN (DFHVALUE(MVS)) CTYPE='MVS';
                                        WHEN (DFHVALUE(SMF)) CTYPE='SMF';
                                        WHEN (DFHVALUE(DUMMY)) CTYPE='DUMMY';
                                        OTHERWISE CTYPE=' ???';
                                    END;
                                    LSNO(I)=(9)' '||XJOURNALNAME||(4)' '||XSTREAMNAME||
                                        (2)' '||CTYPE||CSTATUS;
                                    /* SAVE THE STREAMNAME IN TAB */
                                    TAB_IDX=TAB_IDX+1; TAB_STRNM(TAB_IDX)=XSTREAMNAME;
                                END;
                                /* SEND MAP */
                                EXEC CICS SEND MAP('IXGMAP1') MAPSET('IXGMAPS') FROM(IXGMAP10)
                                    ERASE RESP(XRESP);
                                RETURN_TO_CICS:
                                EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID(EIBTRNID) COMMAREA(XCOMMAREA_DATA)
                                    LENGTH(CSTG(XCOMMAREA_DATA)) RESP(XRESP);
                                END IXGRPTC;

```

IXGSMF8

```

*PROCESS MACRO SYSTEM(CICS) LANGLVL(SPROG) XREF(FULL);
IXGSMF8: PROC(COMPTR) OPTIONS(MAIN);
/*****/
/* READ SMF88 FILE AND DISPLAY SMF88 VARIABLES ON SCREEN */
/*****/

```

```

%INCLUDE IXGMAPS; /* DSECT GENERATED BY BMS */
%INCLUDE SMF88STR;
%INCLUDE (DFHAID);
%INCLUDE (DFHBMSCA);
DCL (COMPTR,P) PTR;
DCL NULL_CA CHAR(1), ZERO FIXED BIN(15) INIT(0);
DCL XLENGTH FIXED BIN(15);
DCL XRESP FIXED BIN(31);
DCL XABSTIME DEC FIXED(15);
DCL XSYSID CHAR(4), XAPPLID CHAR(8);
DCL LONG_FLOAT_BIN FLOAT BINARY(64) BASED;
DCL WRK_BIN FIXED BIN(31);
DCL WRK_PACKED FIXED DEC(15);
DCL WRK_FLOAT FLOAT BIN(64);
DCL SYSPRINT FILE;
DCL (ADDR,CHAR,CSTG,STG,LOW,SUBSTR,STRING,LENGTH,FLOAT,BIN,MIN,
UNSPEC,LBOUND,HBOUND) BUILTIN;
DCL STR CHAR(32767) BASED;
DCL I,J,K,C FIXED BIN(15); /* I,J,K FOR GENERAL PURPOSES, C=CURSOR */
DCL STRNM_SAVE CHAR(CSTG(STRNM));
DCL 1 XCOMMAREA BASED(COMPTR),
2 EYECATCHER CHAR(8),
2 NEXT_FUNCTION CHAR(20),
2 XKEY,
3 STRNM CHAR(26),
3 LSFLAGS CHAR(2),
3 TIMESTAMP CHAR(8),
2 MAXITEM FIXED BIN(15),
2 CURRITEM FIXED BIN(15),
2 TSQNAME CHAR(8),
2 ACCUM_TAB (20),
3 ACCUMULATOR FLOAT BIN(64),
2 MAX_TAB (22),
3 MAXIMUM FLOAT BIN(64),
3 TSQITEM FIXED BIN(15);
/* ----- */
DCL SMF88SWB_FLOAT BINARY(64) FLOAT; /* BYT WRITTN TO INTERIM STOR. */
DCL SMF88LDB_FLOAT BINARY(64) FLOAT; /* BYT WRITTN TO DASD */
DCL SMF88SIB_FLOAT BINARY(64) FLOAT; /* BYT DELETD INT.W/O DASD */
DCL SMF88SAB_FLOAT BINARY(64) FLOAT; /* BYT DELETD INTERIM ST W/DASD*/
DCL SMF88LWB_FLOAT BINARY(64) FLOAT; /*
/* --- CONSTANTS ----- */
DCL CONST_ZERO_BIN15 FIXED BINARY (15) STATIC INIT(0);
DCL CONST_SIGNIF_DIGITS FIXED BINARY (15) STATIC INIT(14);
DCL CONST_MAX_EXP FIXED BINARY (15) STATIC INIT(16);
DCL SPACE CHAR(1) STATIC INIT(' ');
DCL SMF88LWI_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(1),
SMF88LWB_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(2),
SMF88SWB_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(3),
SMF88LDB_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(4),
SMF88SIB_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(5),

```

```

SMF88SAB_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(6),
SMF88SII_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(7),
SMF88SAI_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(8),
SMF88SC1_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(9),
SMF88SC2_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(10),
SMF88SC3_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(11),
SMF88EDS_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(12),
SMF88ERI_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(13),
SMF88ERC_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(14),
SMF88ESF_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(15),
SMF88ETT_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(16),
SMF88ETF_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(17),
SMF88EOA_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(18),
SMF88EFS_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(19),
SMF88EDO_ACCUM_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(20);
DCL SMF88LWI_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(1),
SMF88LWB_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(2),
SMF88SWB_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(3),
SMF88LDB_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(4),
SMF88SIB_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(5),
SMF88SAB_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(6),
SMF88SII_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(7),
SMF88SAI_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(8),
SMF88SC1_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(9),
SMF88SC2_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(10),
SMF88SC3_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(11),
SMF88EDS_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(12),
SMF88ERI_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(13),
SMF88ERC_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(14),
SMF88ESF_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(15),
SMF88ETT_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(16),
SMF88ETF_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(17),
SMF88EOA_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(18),
SMF88EFS_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(19),
SMF88EDO_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(20),
SMF88LAB_MAX_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(21),
SMF88LIB_MIN_TABIDX FIXED BIN(15) STATIC INIT(22);
%PAGE;
/*****
/*
MAIN TASK CONTROL
*/
SELECT(EIBAID);
WHEN(DFHENTER);
WHEN(DFHPPF3) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'RETURN_TO_IXGC';
WHEN(DFHPPF7) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'PROCESS_PREV_ITEM';
WHEN(DFHPPF8) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'PROCESS_NEXT_ITEM';
WHEN(DFHPPF9) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'PROCESS_FIRST_ITEM';
WHEN(DFHPPF10) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'PROCESS_MIDLE_ITEM';
WHEN(DFHPPF11) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'PROCESS_LAST_ITEM';
WHEN(DFHPPF13) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'DASD_SHFT_MAX';
WHEN(DFHPPF14) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'OFFLOAD_MAX';
WHEN(DFHPPF15) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'STG_FULL';

```

```

    WHEN(DFHPPF16) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'STG_THLD';
    WHEN(DFHPPF17) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'STR_FULL';
    WHEN(DFHPPF18) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'OFFL_90%';
    WHEN(DFHPPF23) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'AVERAGE';
    WHEN(DFHPPF24) NEXT_FUNCTION = 'SUMMARY';
    OTHERWISE      NEXT_FUNCTION = 'INVALID_PFKEY';
END;
SELECT(NEXT_FUNCTION);
    WHEN('FIRST_INVOCATION ') DO;
        CALL PROC_INIT;
        CALL PROC_READ_FILE;
        NEXT_FUNCTION = '???';
    END;
    WHEN('PROCESS_FIRST_ITEM') DO;
        CURRITEM = 1;
        CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
    END;
    WHEN('PROCESS_MIDDLE_ITEM') DO;
        CURRITEM = MAXITEM / 2;
        CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
    END;
    WHEN('PROCESS_LAST_ITEM') DO;
        CURRITEM = MAXITEM;
        CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(MAXITEM);
    END;
    WHEN('RETURN_TO_IXGC  ') DO;
        EXEC CICS DELETEQ TS QUEUE(TSQNAME)
            RESP(XRESP);
        EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID('IXGC')
            IMMEDIATE
            COMMAREA(NULL_CA)
            LENGTH(ZERO)
            RESP(XRESP);
    END;
    WHEN('PROCESS_NEXT_ITEM') DO;
        IF CURRITEM = MAXITEM
            THEN CURRITEM = 1;
        ELSE IF CURRITEM < MAXITEM
            THEN CURRITEM = CURRITEM + 1;
        CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
    END;
    WHEN('PROCESS_PREV_ITEM') DO;
        IF CURRITEM = 1
            THEN CURRITEM = MAXITEM;
        ELSE IF CURRITEM > 1
            THEN CURRITEM = CURRITEM - 1;
        CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
    END;
    WHEN('DASD_SHFT_MAX') DO;
        CURRITEM=TSQITEM(SMF88EDS_MAX_TABIDX);
        CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);

```

```

                END;
WHEN('OFFLOAD_MAX') DO;
                CURRITEM=TSQITEM(SMF88EOA_MAX_TABIDX);
                CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
                END;
WHEN('STG_FULL') DO;
                CURRITEM=TSQITEM(SMF88ETF_MAX_TABIDX);
                CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
                END;
WHEN('STG_THLD') DO;
                CURRITEM=TSQITEM(SMF88ETT_MAX_TABIDX);
                CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
                END;
WHEN('STR_FULL') DO;
                CURRITEM=TSQITEM(SMF88LDB_MAX_TABIDX);
                CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
                END;
WHEN('OFFL_90%') DO;
                CURRITEM=TSQITEM(SMF88EFS_MAX_TABIDX);
                CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
                END;
WHEN('SUMMARY') CALL PROC_SUMM;
WHEN('AVERAGE') CALL PROC_AVG;
WHEN('INVALID_PFKEY') DO; CALL CLEAR_MAP;
                        MSGO='*** INVALID PF KEY ***. PRESS ' ||
                        'ONE OF THE PF KEYS DISPLAYED ' ||
                        'BELOW|';
                        MSGH=DFHREVRS;
                        CALL SEND_MAP;
                END;
        OTHERWISE;
END;
EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID(EIBTRNID) COMMAREA(XCOMMAREA)
        LENGTH(CSTG(XCOMMAREA)) RESP(XRESP);
%PAGE;
/*****/
/* READ THE REQUESTED SMF88 RECORDS INTO A TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA */
PROC_READ_FILE: PROC OPTIONS(REENTRANT) REORDER;
STRNM_SAVE=STRNM;
TSQNAME=EIBTRNID||EIBTRMID;
MAXITEM=0; CURRITEM=0;
EXEC CICS DELETEDQ TS QUEUE(TSQNAME)
        RESP(XRESP);
EXEC CICS STARTBR FILE('IXGSMF88')
        RIDFLD(XKEY) GTEQ
        RESP(XRESP);
EXEC CICS READNEXT FILE('IXGSMF88') SET(P) LENGTH(XLENGTH)
        RIDFLD(XKEY) RESP(XRESP);
DO WHILE(STRNM_SAVE=STRNM);
        IF XRESP=DFHRESP(NORMAL) THEN LEAVE;
        EXEC CICS WRITEQ TS QUEUE(TSQNAME) FROM(P->STR) LENGTH(XLENGTH)

```

```

                RESP(XRESP);
MAXITEM=MAXITEM+1; CURRITEM=CURRITEM+1;
/* MOVE TO REAL_RECORD AND ACCUMULATE THE VALUES */
SUBSTR(REAL_RECORD,1,XLENGTH) = SUBSTR(P->STR,1,XLENGTH);
CALL PROC_ACCUMULATE_AND_MAX;
/* READ NEXT */
EXEC CICS READNEXT FILE('IXGSMF88') SET(P) LENGTH(XLENGTH)
                RIDFLD(XKEY) RESP(XRESP);
END;
EXEC CICS ENDBR FILE('IXGSMF88')
                RESP(XRESP);
CALL DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL(CURRITEM);
END PROC_READ_FILE;
%PAGE;
/*****
/* DISPLAY THE SMF88 INTERVAL ON CRT
DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL: PROC (INTV) OPTIONS(REENTRANT) REORDER;
DCL INTV FIXED BIN(15);
CALL CLEAR_MAP;
IF MAXITEM=0
    THEN DO;
        DO I=CSTG(STRNM) BY -1 TO 1;
            IF SUBSTR(STRNM_SAVE,I,1)=-SPACE THEN LEAVE;
        END;
        MSGO=' *** NO DATA FOUND FOR LOGSTREAM "' ||
                SUBSTR(STRNM_SAVE,1,I) ||
                '" ON VSAM FILE. USE IXGRPTB TO COPY SMF88 DATA. ***';
        MSGH=DFHREVRS;
        GOTO EXIT_DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL;
    END;
IF MAXITEM>0 & MAXITEM=CURRITEM
    THEN DO;
        MSGO='NOTE: THIS IS THE MOST RECENT SMF INTERVAL. ' ||
                'YOU''LL SEE THE SMF INTERVAL COUNTER IN THE ' ||
                'UPPER-RIGHT CORNER. (CURRENT / MAXIMUM) ';
        MSGC=DFHPINK;
    END;
EXEC CICS READQ TS QUEUE(TSQNAME) INTO(REAL_RECORD) ITEM(INTV)
                RESP(XRESP);
MCURINTVO = INTV;
MMAXINTVO = MAXITEM;
/* *****
/*          PRODUCT SECTION
SMF88SYNO = SMF88SYN; /* MVS OPERATION SYSTEM NAME */
SMF88OSLO = SMF88OSL; /* MVS RELEASE
/* *****
/*          LOGSTREAM SECTION
SMF88LSNO = SMF88LSN; /* LOG STREAM NAME
SMF88LWIO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LWI),32); /* #WRITES INVOKED */
SMF88LTDO = SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,1,4) || '/' || /* YYYY */
                SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,5,2) || '/' || /* MM */

```

```

SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,7,2) || SPACE || /* DD */
SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,1,2) || ':' || /* HH */
SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,3,2) || ':' || /* MM */
SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,5,2); /* SS */
SMF88LIBO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LIB),32); /* MIN.BLOCKLEN */
SMF88LABO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LAB),32); /* MAX.BLOCKLEN */
/* ----- BYT WRITTN BY USERS IXGWITES ----- */
SMF88LWB_FLOAT = FLOAT(0);
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88LWB),ADDR(SMF88LWB_FLOAT));
SMF88LWBO = SMF88LWB_FLOAT;
/* ***** */
/* STRUCTURE (INTERIM STORAGE) SECTION */
SMF88STNO = SMF88STN; /* STRUCTURE NAME */
/* ----- BYT WRITTN TO INTERIM STORAGE ----- */
SMF88SWB_FLOAT = 0;
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88SWB),ADDR(SMF88SWB_FLOAT));
SMF88SWBO = SMF88SWB_FLOAT;
/* ----- BYT WRITTN TO DASD ----- */
SMF88LDB_FLOAT = 0;
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88LDB),ADDR(SMF88LDB_FLOAT));
SMF88LDBO = SMF88LDB_FLOAT;
/* ----- BYT DELETD INTERIM ST W/O DASD ----- */
SMF88SIB_FLOAT = 0;
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88SIB),ADDR(SMF88SIB_FLOAT));
SMF88SIBO = SMF88SIB_FLOAT;
/* ----- BYT DELETD INTERIM ST W/DASD ----- */
SMF88SAB_FLOAT = 0;
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88SAB),ADDR(SMF88SAB_FLOAT));
SMF88SABO = SMF88SAB_FLOAT;
SMF88SII0 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SII),32); /* # DELETES W/O DASD WRITE */
SMF88SAI0 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SAI),32); /* # DELETES W/WRITE */
SMF88SC10 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC1),32); /* # WRITES COMPLETED TYPE1 */
SMF88SC20 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC2),32); /* # WRITES COMPLETED TYPE2 */
SMF88SC30 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC3),32); /* # WRITES COMPLETED TYPE3 */
/* ***** */
/* EVENTS SECTION */
SMF88EDSO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDS),32); /* DASD SHFT */
SMF88ERI0 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERI),32); /* REBLD INI */
SMF88ERCO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERC),32); /* REBLD CMP */
SMF88ESFO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ESF),32); /* STRC FULL */
SMF88ETTO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETT),32); /* STG THLD */
SMF88ETF0 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETF),32); /* STG FULL */
SMF88EOA0 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EO ),32); /* OFFLOADS */
SMF88EFS0 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EFS),32); /* OFFL.90% */
SMF88ED00 = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ED0),32); /* IXGOFFLD */
SELECT(NEXT_FUNCTION); /* SET MAP ATTRIBUTE TO REVERSE VIDEO */
WHEN('PROCESS_PREV_ITEM') PF7H=DFHREVRS;
WHEN('PROCESS_NEXT_ITEM') PF8H=DFHREVRS;
WHEN('PROCESS_FIRST_ITEM') PF9H=DFHREVRS;
WHEN('PROCESS_MIDLE_ITEM') PF10H=DFHREVRS;
WHEN('PROCESS_LAST_ITEM') PF11H=DFHREVRS;

```



```

WHEN('DASD_SHFT_MAX') DO; SMF88EDSH=DFHREVRS; PF13H=DFHREVRS; END;
WHEN('OFFLOAD_MAX') DO; SMF88E0AH=DFHREVRS; PF14H=DFHREVRS; END;
WHEN('STG_FULL') DO; SMF88ETFH=DFHREVRS; PF15H=DFHREVRS; END;
WHEN('STG_THLD') DO; SMF88ETTH=DFHREVRS; PF16H=DFHREVRS; END;
WHEN('STR_FULL') DO; SMF88ESFH=DFHREVRS; PF17H=DFHREVRS; END;
WHEN('OFFL_90%') DO; SMF88EFSH=DFHREVRS; PF18H=DFHREVRS; END;
OTHERWISE;
END;
EXIT_DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL:
CALL SEND_MAP;
RETURN;
END DISPLAY_SMF88_INTERVAL;
%PAGE;
PROC_ACCUMULATE_AND_MAX: PROC OPTIONS(REENTRANT) REORDER;
/* SMF88LWI */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWI_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWI_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LWI),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88LWI_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LWI),32) THEN
DO;
MAXIMUM(SMF88LWI_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LWI),32);
TSQITEM(SMF88LWI_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88LIB (EXCEPTION: NOT MAX BUT MIN) */
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88LIB_MIN_TABIDX) >= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LIB),32) THEN
DO;
MAXIMUM(SMF88LIB_MIN_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LIB),32);
TSQITEM(SMF88LIB_MIN_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88LAB */
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88LAB_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LAB),32) THEN
DO;
MAXIMUM(SMF88LAB_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LAB),32);
TSQITEM(SMF88LAB_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88LWB */
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88LWB),
ADDR(ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWB_ACCUM_TABIDX)));
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88LWB_MAX_TABIDX) <= WRK_FLOAT THEN
DO;
MAXIMUM(SMF88LWB_MAX_TABIDX) = WRK_FLOAT;
TSQITEM(SMF88LWB_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SWB */
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88SWB),
ADDR(ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SWB_ACCUM_TABIDX)));
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SWB_MAX_TABIDX) <= WRK_FLOAT THEN
DO;
MAXIMUM(SMF88SWB_MAX_TABIDX) = WRK_FLOAT;
TSQITEM(SMF88SWB_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88LDB */

```

```

CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88LDB),
    ADDR(ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LDB_ACCUM_TABIDX)));
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88LDB_MAX_TABIDX) <= WRK_FLOAT THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88LDB_MAX_TABIDX) = WRK_FLOAT;
    TSQITEM(SMF88LDB_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SIB */
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88SIB),
    ADDR(ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SIB_ACCUM_TABIDX)));
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SIB_MAX_TABIDX) <= WRK_FLOAT THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88SIB_MAX_TABIDX) = WRK_FLOAT;
    TSQITEM(SMF88SIB_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SAB */
CALL CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM(ADDR(SMF88SAB),
    ADDR(ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAB_ACCUM_TABIDX)));
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SAB_MAX_TABIDX) <= WRK_FLOAT THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88SAB_MAX_TABIDX) = WRK_FLOAT;
    TSQITEM(SMF88SAB_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SII */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SII_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SII_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SII),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SII_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SII),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88SII_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SII),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88SII_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SAI */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAI_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAI_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SAI),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SAI_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SAI),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88SAI_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SAI),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88SAI_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SC1 */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC1_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC1_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC1),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SC1_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC1),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88SC1_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC1),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88SC1_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SC2 */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC2_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC2_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC2),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SC2_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC2),32) THEN

```

```

DO;
  MAXIMUM(SMF88SC2_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC2),32);
  TSQITEM(SMF88SC2_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88SC3 */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC3_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC3_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC3),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88SC3_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC3),32) THEN
  DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88SC3_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88SC3),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88SC3_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
  END;
/* SMF88EDS */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDS_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDS_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDS),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88EDS_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDS),32) THEN
  DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88EDS_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDS),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88EDS_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
  END;
/* SMF88ERI */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERI_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERI_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERI),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88ERI_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERI),32) THEN
  DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88ERI_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERI),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88ERI_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
  END;
/* SMF88ERC */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERC_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERC_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERC),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88ERC_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERC),32) THEN
  DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88ERC_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ERC),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88ERC_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
  END;
/* SMF88ESF */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ESF_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ESF_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ESF),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88ESF_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ESF),32) THEN
  DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88ESF_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ESF),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88ESF_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
  END;
/* SMF88ETT */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETT_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETT_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETT),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88ETT_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETT),32) THEN
  DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88ETT_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETT),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88ETT_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
  END;

```

```

END;
/* SMF88ETF */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETF_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETF_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETF),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88ETF_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETF),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88ETF_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88ETF),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88ETF_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88EOA */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EOA_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EOA_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EO),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88EOA_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EO),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88EOA_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EO),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88EOA_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88EFS */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EFS_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EFS_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EFS),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88EFS_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EFS),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88EFS_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EFS),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88EFS_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
/* SMF88EDO */
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDO_ACCUM_TABIDX) =
ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDO_ACCUM_TABIDX) + FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDO),32);
IF MAXIMUM(SMF88EDO_MAX_TABIDX) <= FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDO),32) THEN
DO;
    MAXIMUM(SMF88EDO_MAX_TABIDX) = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88EDO),32);
    TSQITEM(SMF88EDO_MAX_TABIDX) = CURRITEM;
END;
END PROC_ACCUMULATE_AND_MAX;
%PAGE;
PROC_INIT: PROC;
DO I = 1 TO 20;
    ACCUMULATOR(I) = FLOAT(0);
END;
DO I = 1 TO 22;
    MAXIMUM(I) = FLOAT(0);
    TSQITEM(I) = 1;
END;
END PROC_INIT;
%PAGE;
CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM : PROC
    (SOURCE_STRING_PTR, FLOAT_ACCUM_PTR);
    DECLARE
        SOURCE_STRING_PTR POINTER,
        SOURCE_STRING BIT(64) BASED(SOURCE_STRING_PTR), /* INPUT: FORMAT
            IS ASM LONG FLOATING POINT */

```

```

FIRST_BYTE BIT(8) BASED(SOURCE_STRING_PTR), /* EXPONENT OF
                                                ASM LONG FLOATING POINT */
TARGET_STRING BIT(64), /* TEMP 64 BIT WORKAREA */
FLOAT_ACCUM_PTR POINTER,
FLOAT_ACCUM BINARY(64) FLOAT BASED(FLOAT_ACCUM_PTR); /* OUTPUT:
                                                PL/I FORMAT 64-BIT FLOAT */

DECLARE
CHARACTERISTIC BINARY(15),
DIGITS_TO_MOVE BINARY(15),
NUM_BITS_TO_MOVE BINARY(15),
SOURCE_START_SUBSCRIPT BINARY(15),
TARGET_START_SUBSCRIPT BINARY(15);
CHARACTERISTIC = BIN (FIRST_BYTE);
IF (CHARACTERISTIC = CONST_ZERO_BIN15) THEN
DO;
/* INPUT FIELD IS Ø, NOTHING TO SUM */
END;
ELSE
DO; /* INPUT FIELD IS NON-ZERO */
CHARACTERISTIC = CHARACTERISTIC - 64; /* REMOVE EXCESS-64 */
DO; /* CONVERT FLOATING POINT SOURCE TO BIT STRING */
TARGET_STRING = 'B'; /* CLEAR TARGET */
SOURCE_START_SUBSCRIPT = LENGTH (FIRST_BYTE) + 1;
DIGITS_TO_MOVE =
MIN (CHARACTERISTIC, CONST_SIGNIF_DIGITS);
NUM_BITS_TO_MOVE = (DIGITS_TO_MOVE)*4;
TARGET_START_SUBSCRIPT =
((CONST_MAX_EXP - CHARACTERISTIC) * 4) + 1;
SUBSTR
(TARGET_STRING,
TARGET_START_SUBSCRIPT, NUM_BITS_TO_MOVE) =
SUBSTR
(SOURCE_STRING,
SOURCE_START_SUBSCRIPT, NUM_BITS_TO_MOVE);
FLOAT_ACCUM = FLOAT_ACCUM + FLOAT(TARGET_STRING,64);
END; /* CONVERT FLOATING POINT SOURCE TO BIT STRING */
END; /* INPUT IS NON-ZERO */
END CONVERT_TO_FLOAT_AND_SUM;
%PAGE;
PROC_SUMM: PROC OPTIONS(REENTRANT) REORDER;
/* CLEAR MAP */
SUBSTR(ADDR(IXGMAP80)->STR,1,STG(IXGMAP80))=LOW(STG(IXGMAP80));
EXEC CICS READQ TS QUEUE(TSQNAME) INTO(REAL_RECORD) ITEM(MAXITEM)
RESP(XRESP);
MCURINTVO = MAXITEM;
MMAXINTVO = MAXITEM;
/* ***** */
/* PRODUCT SECTION */
SMF88SYNO = SMF88SYN; /* MVS OPERATION SYSTEM NAME */
SMF88OSLO = SMF88OSL; /* MVS RELEASE */
/* ***** */

```

```

/*          LOGSTREAM SECTION          */
SMF88LSNO = SMF88LSN; /* LOG STREAM NAME */
SMF88LWIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWI_ACCUM_TABIDX);
SMF88LTDO = SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,1,4) || '/' || /* YYYY */
           SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,5,2) || '/' || /* MM */
           SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,7,2) || SPACE || /* DD */
           SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,1,2) || ':' || /* HH */
           SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,3,2) || ':' || /* MM */
           SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,5,2); /* SS */
SMF88LIBO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LIB),32); /* MIN.BLOCKLEN */
SMF88LABO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LAB),32); /* MAX.BLOCKLEN */
SMF88LWBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWB_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* BYT WRITTN SUM */
SMF88STNO = SMF88STN; /* STRUCTURE NAME */
SMF88SWBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SWB_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* BYT WRITTN INT. */
SMF88LDBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LDB_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* BYT WRITTN DASD */
SMF88SIBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SIB_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* BYT DEL W/O DASD */
SMF88SABO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAB_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* BYT DEL W/DASD */
SMF88SIIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SII_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* #DEL W/O DASD */
SMF88SAIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAI_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* #DEL W/WRITE */
SMF88SC1O = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC1_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* #WRITES TYPE 1 */
SMF88SC2O = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC2_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* #WRITES TYPE 2 */
SMF88SC3O = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC3_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* #WRITES TYPE 3 */
SMF88EDSO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDS_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* DASD SHRT */
SMF88ERIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERI_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* REBLD INIT. */
SMF88ERCO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERC_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* REBLD CMP. */
SMF88ESFO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ESF_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* STRC FULL */
SMF88ETTO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETT_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* STG THLD */
SMF88ETFO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETF_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* STG FULL */
SMF88EOAO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EOA_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* OFFLOADS */
SMF88EFSO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EFS_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* OFFL.90% */
SMF88EDOO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDO_ACCUM_TABIDX); /* IXGOFFLD */
PF24H = DFHREVRS;
CALL SEND_MAP;
RETURN;
END PROC_SUMM;
%PAGE;
PROC_AVG: PROC OPTIONS(REENTRANT) REORDER;
/* CLEAR MAP */
SUBSTR(ADDR(IXGMAP80)->STR,1,STG(IXGMAP80))=LOW(STG(IXGMAP80));
EXEC CICS READQ TS QUEUE(TSQNAME) INTO(REAL_RECORD) ITEM(MAXITEM)
      RESP(XRESP);
MCURINTVO = MAXITEM;
MMAXINTVO = MAXITEM;
/* ***** */
/*          PRODUCT SECTION          */
SMF88SYNO = SMF88SYN; /* MVS OPERATION SYSTEM NAME */
SMF88OSLO = SMF88OSL; /* MVS RELEASE */
/* ***** */
/*          LOGSTREAM SECTION          */
SMF88LSNO = SMF88LSN; /* LOG STREAM NAME */
SMF88LWIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWI_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;

```

```

SMF88LTDO = SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,1,4) || '/' || /* YYYY */
           SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,5,2) || '/' || /* MM  */
           SUBSTR(SMF88PNM,7,2) || SPACE || /* DD  */
           SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,1,2) || ':' || /* HH  */
           SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,3,2) || ':' || /* MM  */
           SUBSTR(SMF88LIT,5,2); /* SS  */
SMF88LIBO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LIB),32); /* MIN.BLOCKLEN */
SMF88LABO = FLOAT(UNSPEC(SMF88LAB),32); /* MAX.BLOCKLEN */
SMF88LWBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LWB_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88STNO = SMF88STN;
SMF88SWBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SWB_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88LDBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88LDB_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SIBO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SIB_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SABO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAB_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SIIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SII_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SAIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SAI_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SC10 = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC1_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SC20 = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC2_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88SC30 = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88SC3_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88EDSO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDS_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88ERIO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERI_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88ERCO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ERC_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88ESFO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ESF_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88ETTO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETT_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88ETFO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88ETF_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88EOAO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EOA_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88EFSO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EFS_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
SMF88EDOO = ACCUMULATOR(SMF88EDO_ACCUM_TABIDX) / MAXITEM;
PF23H = DFHREVRS;
CALL SEND_MAP;
RETURN;
END PROC_AVG;
%PAGE;
CLEAR_MAP: PROC;
SUBSTR(ADDR(IXGMAP80)->STR,1,STG(IXGMAP80))=LOW(STG(IXGMAP80));
RETURN;
END CLEAR_MAP;
%PAGE;
SEND_MAP: PROC;
EXEC CICS SEND MAP('IXGMAP8') MAPSET('IXGMAPS') FROM(IXGMAP80)
        ALTERNATE ERASE RESP(XRESP);
RETURN;
END SEND_MAP;
END IXGSMF8;

```

Editor's note: this article will be concluded in the next issue.

*Erhard Woerner
CICS Support Group
IBM (Germany)*

© IBM 2001

CICS news

Landmark Systems has announced general availability of its new TMON for CICS/TS (VSE) monitoring tool, designed specifically to support CICS Transaction Server on VSE.

It contains the same functionality and features as its predecessor with, the company claims, a substantial reduction in overhead. Once the performance data is collected, it is transferred outside CICS for logging and analysis in order to avoid consuming critical system resources.

The package makes it possible to solve performance problems such as CICS lockouts, storage shortages, and poorly designed application code by providing the ability to monitor real-time transactions and resource utilization using either the internal CICS screens or a standalone batch partition.

It provides a centralized portal to collect and observe recent transaction activity and also provides a daily performance summary. Users can measure the performance impact of application or system changes within the CICS environment.

There's a high-level view of all CICS partitions and their resource utilization across VSE images, and users can navigate directly into any CICS or VSE platform. The product also collects historical statistics that can be used to analyse past problems and future trends.

For further information contact:
Landmark, 12700 Sunrise Valley Drive,
Reston, VA 20191-5804, USA.
Tel: (703) 464 1300. URL: <http://www.landmark.com/products/tmoncicsts.shtml>.

IBM has announced Version 4.0 of its CICS Transaction Gateway (CTG), which includes support for the Java Developer's Toolkit (JDK) Version 1.3.

It also supports Linux on S/390 platforms and HP-UX 11.00 and has better support for Windows 2000, including a single new install package for NT and Windows 2000 and support for Windows 2000 Terminal Services.

Also, CICS Servers can now be accessed via TCP62 (except on OS/390) and there's additional EPI support, new Java sample programs, and RAS enhancements.

The product enables Java, JavaBean, C++, COM, and C applications to connect to CICS applications running on any CICS server. The CICS applications can be written in any supported language as LINKable programs or as 3270 transactions.

Version 4 enables gateway/server communication over TCP/IP, TCP62, SNA LU6.2, and memory-based protocols. It supports transactional interoperation where the invoking application may initiate a recoverable unit of work, which is coordinated with the actions of the target CICS application and the resources it accesses.

The new implementation of the TCP62 protocol is integrated with the base product. V4 also incorporates the major functions of V3 and CICS Universal Client V3.

For further information contact your local IBM representative.
URL: <http://www.ibm.com/software/ts/cics>.

* * *

* * *



xephon