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DB2

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update

DB2 Update

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Capturing accounting information

In order to tune application programs, many DBAs are using a third-party monitoring program. If there is no monitoring tool, SMF data should be used. The process of handling SMF data is complicated.

This ALC program gives accounting information in a real-time environment – like a monitoring tool.

The program starts a trace with an Online Performance (OP) destination, and captures data from OP buffers, then formats the report.

Note:

- The user must have DB2 TRACE authority.
- Because the report is printed in a JES spool, you must be careful if you have a heavily-used DB2 system.
- If other programs are using the OP buffer, you need to control the OP buffers.
- To stop the batch job, you must issue an MVS cancel command.
- To stop the previously invoked trace, you must issue the ‘-sto trace(a) tno(#)’ DB2 command.

Example output is shown in Figure 1.

ASSEMBLE AND EXECUTING JCL

```
//JOB LIB DD DSN=DB2510.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//*
//PREPUNL EXEC DSNHASM, MEM=DB2CPACT,
//          PARM.PC='HOST(ASM),STDSQL(NO)',
//          PARM.ASM='OBJECT,NODECK',
//          PARM.LKED=(MAP,LET,LIST)
//PC.DBRMLIB DD DSN=DB2T.DBRMLIB(DB2CPACT),
//          DISP=SHR
//PC.SYSLIB DD DSN=DB2510.SDSNSAMP,
//          DISP=SHR
//PC.SYSIN DD DSN=DB2T.ASMLIB(DB2CPACT),
//          DISP=SHR
//ASM.SYSLIB DD
//          DD DSN=DB2510.SDSNMACS,
```

```

*AUTHID/* CORR-ID /*CONNID/**PLAN*/**E-TIME**/**C-TIME**/*WAIT I/O*/*WAIT I/O2/
LICJ9HS PT00IQXC ASECICTJLNIPQXC000:00:00.2100:00:00.0000:00:00.2000:00:00.00.00
** PACKAGE OR DBRM OF ABOVE PLAN ** INCHEONT1 IAQ LNIP
** PACKAGE OR DBRM OF ABOVE PLAN ** INCHEONT1 IAB LNIS

*COMMIT*/*SELECT/*INSERT/*UPDATE/*DELETE/*FETCH*/*GETPG*/*BP/ *GP/ *SR/ *SP/ *LP
1
3 0 0 0 10BP00
QXC0 CON-TOKEN: ] { DB2-ETIME:00:00:00.1 DB2-WTIME:00:00:00.1
BMSG CON-TOKEN: ! DB2-ETIME:00:00:00.02 DB2-WTIME:00:00:00.02

```

Figure 1: Example output

```

//          DISP=SHR
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DSN=DB2T.LOADLIB(DB2CPACT),
//          DISP=SHR
//LKED.SYSIN  DD *
            INCLUDE SYSLIB(DSNELI)
            NAME DB2CPACT(R)
//*

```

```

/** BIND AND GRANT EXECUTE AUTHORITY TO someone
/**
//BINDUNL EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
//DBRMLIB DD DSN=DB2T.DBRMLIB,
//          DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
    DSN SYSTEM(DB2T)
    BIND PLAN(DB2CPACT) MEM(DB2CPACT) ACT(REP) ISOLATION(CS) -
        LIB('DB2T.DBRMLIB')
    RUN PROGRAM(DSNTIAD) PLAN(DSNTIAD) -
        LIB('DB2T.RUNLIB.LOAD')
END
//SYSIN DD *
    GRANT EXECUTE ON PLAN DB2CPACT TO XXXXXX;
//MONITOR EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,
//          TIME=1440,COND=(4,LT),
//          DYNAMNBR=30,
//          REGION=4M
//STEPLIB DD DSN=DB2510.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//REPORT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
DSN SYSTEM(DB2T)
RUN PROGRAM(DB2CPACT) PLAN(DB2CPACT) -
    LIB('DB2T.LOADLIB')
END
/**
//

```

DB2CPACT

- PROGRAM SOURCE CODE

TITLE 'DB2 ACCOUNTING CAPTURE PROGRAM'

```

*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*
* DB2CPACT : REAL-TIME ACCOUNTING INFORMATION CAPTURE *
* FUNCTION : *
* - START ACCOUNTING TRACE IN PROGRAM *
* - CAPTURE ACCOUNTING INFORMATION FROM 'ONLINE PERFORMANCE BUFFER'*
* - FORMATTING REPORT *
* ** NOTE) *
* - YOU MUST CHANGE 'OWNER' FIELD WITH YOUR LOGON ID *
* AND HAVE '-STA TRACE' DB2 AUTHORITY. *
* - ONLINE PERFORMANCE BUFFER (OP1) IS USED BY THIS PROGRAM. *
* IF YOU WILL USE A SPECIFIC OP#, CHANGE IT. *
* - THIS IS A LOOPING PROGRAM. TO STOP, YOU MUST CANCEL THIS JOB. *
* AND YOU MUST ISSUE THE '-STO TRACE' COMMAND TO STOP THE TRACE. *

```



```

*--- ISSUE TRACE COMMAND          ---*
*---                               ---*
STATRAC  DS      ØH
         ST      R14,STATSAVE
*---                               ---*
*--- IFCA AREA INITIALIZATION    ---*
*---                               ---*
         LA      R2,IFCAAREA
         USING  IFCA,R2
         MVC    IFCALEN(2),LENIFCA      MOVE IFCA LENTH
         MVC    IFCAID(4),IFCAEYE      MOVE CHARACTER 'IFCA'
         MVC    IFCAOWNER(4),OWNER     MOVE 'OWNER'
         LA      R2,BUFAREA
         USING  WBUF,R2
         MVC    WBUFLEN(2),LENWBUF     MOVE WBUF LENTH
         MVC    WBUFEYE(4),WBUFEYE1   MOVE CHARACTER 'WBUF'
         MVC    WBUFECB(4),ECB1ADDR   EDB ADDRESS
         MVC    WBUFBC(4),BUFCT
         DROP   R2
         GETMAIN EC, LV=8192, A=STOADDR, LOC=BELOW
         L      R2,STOADDR
         A      R2,=F'8'
         ST     R2,RETADDR
         MVC    Ø(4,R2),=F'4Ø88'
*--- ISSUE START TRACE            ---*
         CALL   DSNWLI,(COMMAND,IFCAAREA,(R2),OUTAREA,BUFAREA),VL
*---                               ---*
*--- CHECK RETURN AND RESON CODE  ---*
*---                               ---*
         LA      R3,IFCAAREA
         USING  IFCA,R3
         CLC    IFCARC1,=F'Ø'          CHECK RETURN CODE
         BE     PONGØ
         MVC    OUTDATA(4),IFCARC1
PONGØ    CLC    IFCARC2,=F'Ø'
         BE     STATRXT
         MVC    OUTDATA+4(4),IFCARC2
         MVC    OUTDATA+1Ø(24),=C': CHECK LEFT REASON CODE'
         PUT    OUTUT1,OUTDATA
         B      CLOSRTN
STATRXT  DS     ØH
         DROP   R3
         MVC    OUTDATA(255),RETADDR
         PUT    OUTUT1,OUTDATA
         L      R14,STATSAVE
         BR     R14
         SPACE
*---                               ---*
READRTN  DS     ØH
         WAIT   ECB=ECB1
         MVC    ECB1(4),=F'Ø'          CLEAR POST FLAG

```



```

L      R2,RETADDR
MVC   Ø(4,R2),=F'8184'          BUFFER SIZE
*---
CALL  DSNWLI,(READA,IFCAAREA,(R2)),VL
*---
*--- CHECK RETURN AND RESON CODE  ---*
LA    R3,IFCAAREA
USING IFCA,R3
CLC   IFCARC1,=F'Ø'
BE    PONG1
MVC   OUTDATA(4),IFCARC1
PONG1 CLC   IFCARC2,=F'Ø'
BE    READRXT
MVC   OUTDATA+4(4),IFCARC2
MVC   OUTDATA+8(2ØØ),IFCABM
PUT   OUTUT1,OUTDATA
READRXT B    CLOSRTN
DS    ØH
MVC   Ø(2,R2),IFCABM+2
DROP  R3
MVC   2(2,R2),=H'Ø'
BAL   R14,REPTRTN
B     READRTN
SPACE
*--- FORMATTING REPORT          ---*
REPTRTN DS    ØH
ST      R14,REPTSAVE
LR      R4,R2
LA      R4,8(R4)                SKIP LENGTH BYTE 4
USING   QWAØ,R4
LR      R5,R4
ST      R5,OFFSET              SAVE OFFSET POINT
A       R5,QWAØ1PSO            STANDARD HEADER OFFSET
S       R5,=F'4'
USING   QWHS,R5
CLI     QWHSTYP,QWHSØ1         IS TYPE STANDARD ?
BNE    REPTRXT
*
LH      R11,QWHSLUCC           COMMIT COUNT
BAL     R14,CVDRTN            CONVERSION TO ZONE DECIMAL
MVC     OWHSLUCC,PACK1+12
*
AH      R5,QWHSLEN
USING   QWHC,R5
CLI     QWHCTYP,X'2'          IS IT CORRELATION SECTION?
BNE    REPTRXT
CLC     QWHCAID,=C'SYSOPR    ' IF SYSTEM PLAN?
BE      REPTRXT                SKIP.
MVC     OWHCAID,QWHCAID      AUTH ID
MVC     OWHCCV,QWHCCV        CORRELATION ID
MVC     OWHCCN,QWHCCN        CONNECTION NAME

```

```

MVC  OWHCPLAN,QWHCPLAN      PLAN NAME
DROP  R5
CLC  OWHCPLAN,=C'DB2CPACT'  IF MY PROGRAM?
BE    REPTRXT                SKIP.
CLC  OWHCPLAN,=C'          '  IF PLANNAME US NULL?
BNE  PING                    NO, GO AHEAD
CLC  QWAØ1R50,=X'ØØØØØØØØ'  IS IT DDF PROGRAM?
BE    REPTRXT                IF DDF SECTION IS NULL
*                                GO END
PING  L    R5,OFFSET
      A    R5,QWAØ1R10        CORRELATION OFFSET
      S    R5,=F'4'
      USING QWAC,R5          CORRELATION SECTION
*
MVC  TODFROM,QWACASC        MOVE DB2 E-TIME
BAL  R14,CONVRTN
MVC  OWACASC,MILITIME      BINARY DB2 ELAPSED TIME SSS.SS
*
MVC  TODFROM,QWACAJST      MOVE TCB TIME
BAL  R14,CONVRTN
MVC  OWACAJST,MILITIME    BINARY DB2 CPU TIME SSS.SS
*
MVC  TODFROM,QWACAWTI      MOVE WAIT TIME
BAL  R14,CONVRTN
MVC  OWACAWTI,MILITIME    BINARY DB2 I/O WAIT TIME
*
MVC  TODFROM,QWACAWTR      MOVE ASYNCH READ WAIT TIME
BAL  R14,CONVRTN
MVC  OWACAWTR,MILITIME    ASYNCH READ I/O WAIT TIME
DROP  R5
CLC  QWAØ1R20,=X'ØØØØØØØØ'  IS IT NULL FUNCTION?
BNE  NEXTØ                  IF YES, SKIP
MVC  OXSELECT,=C'          Ø'  INITIALIZE
MVC  OXINSRT,=C'          Ø'
MVC  OXUPDTE,=C'         Ø'
MVC  OXDELET,=C'         Ø'
MVC  OXFETCH,=C'         Ø'
MVC  OXGETPG,=C'         Ø'
      B    NEXT1            IF YES, SKIP
NEXTØ DS  ØH
      L    R5,OFFSET        SET INITIAL POINT
      A    R5,QWAØ1R20      OFFSET OF SQL SECTION
      S    R5,=F'4'
      USING QXST,R5
*                                # OF SELECT STATEMENT
      L    R11,QXSELECT
      BAL  R14,CVDRTN
      MVC  OXSELECT,PACK1+8
*                                # OF INSERT STATEMENT
      L    R11,QXINSRT
      BAL  R14,CVDRTN

```

```

*      MVC    OXINSRT,PACK1+8
                                           # OF UPDATE STATEMENT
      L      R11,QXUPDTE
      BAL    R14,CVDRTN
      MVC    OXUPDTE,PACK1+8
*
                                           # OF DELETE STATEMENT
      L      R11,QXDELET
      BAL    R14,CVDRTN
      MVC    OXDELET,PACK1+8
*
                                           # OF FETCH STATEMENT
      L      R11,QXFETCH
      BAL    R14,CVDRTN
      MVC    OXFETCH,PACK1+8
      DROP   R5
*
* BUFFER MANAGER (DSNDQBAC) SECTION
NEXT1  DS     ØH
      CLC    QWAØ1R30,=X'ØØØØØØØØ'  IS IT NULL FUNCTION?
      BE     NEXT2                    IF YES, SKIP
      L      R5,OFFSET                SET INITIAL POINT
      A      R5,QWAØ1R30              OFFSET OF BUFFER MANAGER SECTION
      S      R5,=F'4'
      LH     R6,QWAØ1R3N              # OF BUFFER MANAGER DATA SECTION
      LA     R8,REPORTO+137          POINT OF OUTAREA
      SR     R1Ø,R1Ø
LOOPBUFF DS   ØH
      USING  QBAC,R5                 BUFFER MANAGER DSECT
      L      R7,QBACPID              BUFFER POOL ID
      CVD    R7,PACKWORK
      UNPK   BPNUM+2(2),PACKWORK+6(2)
      OI     BPNUM+3,X'FØ'          CONVERT TO ZONE DECIMAL
      MVC    Ø(4,R8),BPNUM
*
      A      R1Ø,QBACGET              ADD TO TOTAL GET PAGE
      MVC    5(4,R8),QBACGET         # OF GET PAGE
      MVC    1Ø(4,R8),QBACRIO        # OF SYNC READ I/O
      MVC    15(4,R8),QBACSEQ        # OF SEQ PREFETCH I/O
      MVC    2Ø(4,R8),QBACLPF        # OF LIST PREFETCH I/O
      MVC    25(4,R8),QBACDPF        # OF DYNAMIC PREFETCH I/O
*
      LA     R8,3Ø(R8)               POINTER OF NEXT PRINT
      LH     R9,QWAØ1R3L             LOAD LENGTH OF BUFFER SECTION
      AR     R5,R9                   POINTER OF NEXT BUFFER SECTION
NEXT2  DS     ØH
      ST     R1Ø,TOTGET              SAVE TOTAL GET PAGE
*
      L      R11,TOTGET
      BAL    R14,CVDRTN              CONVERSION TO ZONE DECIMAL
      MVC    OXGETPG,PACK1+8
*

```

```

DROP R5
PUT REPORT,REPORTO WRITE OUTPUT
XC REPORTO,REPORTO CLEAR
*
CLC QWAØ1R80,=X'ØØØØØØØØ' IS IT NULL FUNCTION?
BE REPTRXT
L R5,OFFSET SET INITIAL POINT
A R5,QWAØ1R80 OFFSET OF BUFFER MANAGER SECTION
S R5,=F'4'
LH R6,QWAØ1R8N # OF BUFFER MANAGER DATA SECTION
LA R8,REPORTO+4Ø POINT OF OUTAREA
SR R1Ø,R1Ø CLEAR R5
LOOPPACK DS ØH
USING QPAC,R5
MVC REPORTO+1(35),=C'** PACKAGE OR DBRM OF ABOVE PLAN **'
MVC Ø(2,R8),QPACRECN # OF PACKAGE
MVC 2(16,R8),QPACLOCN LOCATION ID
MVC 18(18,R8),QPACCOLN COLLECTION ID
MVC 36(18,R8),QPACPKID PACKAGE NAME
MVC 54(11,R8),=C'CON-TOKEN:'
MVC 65(8,R8),QPACCONT CONSISTENCY TOKEN
*
MVC 73(1Ø,R8),=C'DB2-ETIME:'
MVC TODFROM,QPACSCT MOVE PACKAGE E-TIME
BAL R14,CONVRTN
MVC 83(11,R8),MILITIME BINARY DB2 ELAPSED TIME SSS.SS
*
MVC 95(1Ø,R8),=C'DB2-WTIME:'
MVC TODFROM,QPACAWTI MOVE PACKAGE W-TIME
BAL R14,CONVRTN
MVC 1Ø5(11,R8),MILITIME BINARY DB2 ELAPSED TIME SSS.SS
*
LH R9,QWAØ1R8L LOAD LENGTH OF BUFFER SECTION
AR R5,R9 POINTER OF NEXT BUFFER SECTION
PUT REPORT,REPORTO WRITE OUTPUT
XC REPORTO,REPORTO CLEAR
BCT R6,LOOPPACK LOOPING
REPTRXT DS ØH
DROP R4
L R14,REPTSAVE
BR R14
SPACE
*--- CONVERT TIME FORMAT TO DISPLAY ---*
CONVRTN DS ØH
ST R14,CONVSAVE
STCKCONV STCKVAL=TODFROM,CONVVAL=TODTO, X
TIMETYPE=BIN,DATETYPE=YYYYDDD
UNPK TODTIME(9),TODTO(5)
MVC MILITIME(2),TODTIME
MVC MILITIME+3(2),TODTIME+2
MVC MILITIME+6(2),TODTIME+4

```

```

MVC MILITIME+9(2), TODTIME+6
CONVRXT DS  ØH
L      R14, CONVSAVE
BR     R14
SPACE
*--- CONVERT HEX TO ZONE DECIMAL ---*
CVDRTN DS  ØH
ST      R14, CVDSAVE
CVD     R11, PACKWORK
MVC     PACK1, EDIT2
ED      PACK1, PACKWORK
CVDRXT DS  ØH
L      R14, CVDSAVE
BR     R14
SPACE
*--- HEADER ROUTINE ---*
HEADR TN DS  ØH
ST      R14, HEADSAVE
MVC     REPORT0+0(8), =C'*AUTHID/'      AUTHORIZATION ID
MVC     REPORT0+8(12), =C'* CORR-ID /'   CORRELATION ID
MVC     REPORT0+20(8), =C'*CONNID/'     CONNECTION ID
MVC     REPORT0+28(8), =C'**PLAN*/'     PLAN NAME
MVC     REPORT0+36(11), =C'**E-TIME**/' ELAPSE TIME
MVC     REPORT0+47(11), =C'**C-TIME**/' CPU TIME
MVC     REPORT0+58(11), =C'*WAIT I/O*/' WAIT I/O TIME
MVC     REPORT0+69(11), =C'*WAIT I/O2/' WAIT WRITE TIME
MVC     REPORT0+80(9), =C'*COMMIT*/'    COMMIT COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+89(8), =C'*SELECT/'     SELECT COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+97(8), =C'*INSERT/'     INSERT COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+105(8), =C'*UPDATE/'    UPDATE COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+113(8), =C'*DELETE/'    DELETE COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+121(8), =C'*FETCH*/'    FETCH COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+129(8), =C'*GETPG*/'    TOTAL GETPAGE COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+137(4), =C'*BP/'        BUFFER POOL NAME
MVC     REPORT0+142(4), =C'*GP/'        GETPAGE / BP
MVC     REPORT0+147(4), =C'*SR/'        SYNC READ I/O COUNT
MVC     REPORT0+152(4), =C'*SP/'        SEQUENTIAL PREFETCH
MVC     REPORT0+157(4), =C'*LP/'        LIST PREFETCH
MVC     REPORT0+162(4), =C'*DP/'        DYNAMIC PREFETCH
MVC     REPORT0+168(27), =C'(*: START AND /: END POINT) '
PUT     REPORT, REPORT0
XC      REPORT0, REPORT0
HEADR XT DS  ØH
L      R14, HEADSAVE
BR     R14
SPACE
*---
*---
COMMAND DC CL8'COMMAND '
READA   DC CL8'READA  '
*--- STORAGE OF LENGTH(IFCA) AND PROPERLY INITIALIZED
LENIFCA DC AL2(AFTIFCA-IFCA)

```



```

      DS      CL120
EREPORT0 EQU  (*-REPORT0)
OUTUT1   DCB  DSORG=PS,MACRF=(PM),DDNAME=SYSPRINT,      *
          RECFM=F,LRECL=256,BLKSIZE=256
IFCADC   DCB  DSORG=PS,MACRF=(PM),DDNAME=IFCAOUT,      *
          RECFM=VB,LRECL=8192,BLKSIZE=8196
REPORT   DCB  DSORG=PS,MACRF=(PM),DDNAME=REPORT,      *
          RECFM=FB,LRECL=250,BLKSIZE=5000
*--- MACROS
      YREGS
      DSNDIFCA DSNDIFCA_LIST=Y      IFCA MAPPING MACRO
AFTIFCA  EQU   *
      DSNDWBUF      IFC BUFFER INFORMATION BLOCK
AFTWBUF  EQU   *
      DSNDWQAL      IFC QUALIFICATION BLOCK
AFTWQAL  EQU   *
      DSNDQWAS DSECT=YES,SUBTYPE=ALL
      END

```

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DB2 Version 5 catalog statistics

The REXX EXEC CSUPD, published in the article entitled *DB2 catalog statistics update REXX EXEC*, in Issue 78, April 1999 requires changes for Version 5 of DB2.

In Version 5, floating decimal fields were added to cater for large tables.

RUNSTATS will still update the original integer fields and the new floating point fields for non-large tables, and will update the floating decimal fields but not the corresponding integer fields for large tables. The DB2 optimizer now uses the floating point fields.

The changes here do not cater for large tables but are only intended to ensure that statistics entered are copied to the fields used by the optimizer.

The changes are straightforward and are marked in italics.

Alter comments:

```
/* REXX */
/*
/* This EXEC will retrieve and update catalog statistics */
/* for a given DB2 table. */
/*
/* The EXERRC has been altered for Version 5 of DB2 to update */
/* the '%CARDF' catalog statistics in line with the '%CARD' */
/* statistics. CARDF, therefore, can never be greater than */
/* CARD. */
/* */
```

Find routine:

```
DB_UPDATE:
  signal on failure
/*-----*/
/* Update Table data - if data has changed */
/*-----*/
```

Alter update statement:

```
UPDT = "UPDATE SYSIBM.SYSTABLES",
       "SET CARD="ROWS",NPAGES="NPAGES",",
       "PCTPAGES="PCTPAGES",CARDF="ROWS
WHRCLS = "WHERE CREATOR='CRTR' AND NAME='TBNAM'"
```

Alter update statement:

```
UPDT = "UPDATE SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES ",
       "SET FIRSTKEYCARD="NFSKCRD",FULLKEYCARD="FLKCRD",",
       "FIRSTKEYCARDF="NFSKCRD",FULLKEYCARDF="FLKCRD",",
       "NLEAF="NLEAF",NLEVELS="NLVLS",CLUSTERRATIO="NCRIO
WHRCLS = "WHERE CREATOR='ICRTR' AND NAME='INAME'"
```

Find routine:

```
/*-----*/
/* Update Column data */
/*-----*/
EA_UPDATE:
```

Alter update statement:

```
UPDT = "UPDATE SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS ",
       "SET COLCARD="NCCARD",LOW2KEY='NL2KEY'",",
       "HIGH2KEY='NH2KEY'",COLCARDF="NCCARD
WHRCLS = "WHERE TBCREATOR='CRTR' AND TBNAME='TBNAM'",
       "AND NAME='UCNAME'"
```

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Using LSTCAT output to generate ALTER SQL statements

The GENALTR utility works on the output of the LSTCAT utility. It checks the old PRIQTY and the new PRIQTY and, if they are different, it will generate ALTER SQL statements for that particular object, which could be an indexspace or a tablespace.

Apart from the input dataset, other input required includes:

- A creator name for the index.
- A default percentage for the secondary quantity. (This specifies the percentage of the new primary quantity to be used as the new secondary quantity.)

The input file to the GENALTR utility is coded as an argument and hence it can be conveniently executed from an ISPF 3.4 list panel containing the output of the LSTCAT execution.

There are two output files from the GENALTR utility:

- An ALTER dataset containing ALTER DDL – see ALTOUT sample output below.
- An FRSPC dataset containing free space information – see ALTFPC sample output below.

The output dataset's name has the format PREFIX.USERID.ALTER.*, or it can be a user-specified name.

The summary dataset's name has the format PREFIX.USERID.FRSPC.*.

The key to generating the ALTER statements is the difference between the NPQTY and the PQTY in the LSTCAT output. If the difference is positive, then the ALTER statement is generated.

The NSQTY value is derived as follows: if the input dataset contains a numeric value in the NSQTY field, then that value is used; if it contains the word DEFAULT, then the default secondary percentage

```

-----
DBNAME  OBJECT  PART  VOLSER  NUPGS  PQTY  SQTY  EXTS  SPCALC  SPCUSE  %USE  NPQTY  NSQTY  %use  PART  OBNAME
-----
XXTESTDB TBADETTTS  001  VOL001  18360  2880  1440  50  73440  73440  100.00  74880  2880  98.07  001  TBADETTTS TN
XXTESTDB TBADBMTS  001  VOL001  1080  2880  720  3  4320  4320  100.00  5040  1440  85.71  001  TBASUMTS TN
XXTESTDB TBANOTTS  001  VOL001  1080  2880  720  3  4320  4320  100.00  5040  1440  85.71  001  TBANOTTS TN
XXTESTDB TBAISSSTS  001  VOL001  1080  2880  720  3  4320  4320  100.00  5040  1440  85.71  001  TBAISSSTS TN
XXTESTDB TBABAUTS  001  VOL001  2160  2880  720  9  8640  8640  100.00  11520  1440  75.00  001  TBABAUTS TN
XXTESTDB TBABCLTS  001  VOL001  360  2880  720  1  2880  1440  50.00  2160  1440  66.66  001  TBABCLTS TN
-----

```

Figure 1: Example input

specified will be applied to the NPQTY and rounded off to the next higher cylinder boundary.

The utility also prompts the user to perform FREE SPACE analysis. This is done by calling the CHKVTOC utility, which invokes the IBM supplied IEHLIST utility with those volume names and retrieves the necessary information. It then processes the key information to get the free space availability on the volume and reports it back.

Note: the information returned about the free space availability on the volume must be analysed carefully. If the additional space being requested on a volume is 150 cylinders and if the utility indicates that the free space available is 150 cylinders or even 175 cylinders, it does not indicate a perfect fit. The additional space requirement is calculated using the new primary quantity being requested. However, when DB2 reorganizes the object, it is preferable to have the new primary quantity space available in one extent (or a maximum of five extents). If DB2 cannot get this, there could be serious problems, possibly with dataset loss.

Another use for this utility is in re-sizing a test database to hold production volumes of data. The LSTCAT utility can be run on the production databases with a one percent default increase, and then the GENALTR utility can be run on the LSTCAT output to generate the ALTER statements for all objects to reflect the correct quantity used. This way we can optimize the space requirements on the TEST database.

Other utilities to generate REORG, image copy, and RUNSTATS JCL using the output from the LSTCAT utility can be written along these lines, thereby aiding productivity.

Example input is shown in Figure 1.

ALTOUT

Sample output:

```
ALTER TABLESPACE XXTESTDB.TBADETTTS  
PRIQTY 74880 SECQTY 2880 ;
```

```

ALTER TABLESPACE XXTESTDB.TBADBMTS
  PRIQTY 5040 SECQTY 1440 ;
ALTER TABLESPACE XXTESTDB.TBANOTTS
  PRIQTY 5040 SECQTY 1440 ;
ALTER TABLESPACE XXTESTDB.TBAISSTS
  PRIQTY 5040 SECQTY 1440 ;
ALTER TABLESPACE XXTESTDB.TBABAUTS
  PRIQTY 11520 SECQTY 1440 ;
ALTER TABLESPACE XXTESTDB.TBABCLTS
  PRIQTY 2160 SECQTY 1440 ;

```

—

ALTFSPC

Sample output:

```

-----
Volume  Cylreq   Cylfree
-----
VOL001    121     444
-----

```

—

CHKVTOC

```

/* REXX */
/*
/* Invocation tso CHKVTOC VOLUMENAME
/*
/* The sysprint dataset is also present and the code can be
/* turned on or off to browse the same
*/
*/

```

TRACE o

```

PREFIX = SYSVAR(SYSPREF)
PARSE UPPER ARG P_volnam
if strip(P_volnam)='' | strip(P_volnam) = '' then
do
  say 'Proper execution is LSTVTOC VOLUME NAME ...'
  exit(8)
end

```

```

x = outtrap("zap.","*")
CALL P1000_Allocate_Sysin
CALL P2000_Allocate_Output
Call P3000_Execute_IEHLIST
Call P4000_Clean_up

```

```

x = outtrap("OFF")

EXIT
/* */
/* */
P1000_Allocate_Sysin:
  P_sysin = PREFIX||'.'||USERID()||'.SYSIN.VTOC'
  address tso "delete '"P_sysin'"
  Sysin = SYSDSN("'"P_sysin"")
  if Sysin /= "OK" then do
    address tso "ALLOCATE DDNAME(SYSIN) NEW UNIT(SYSDA) SPACE(1,1)",
      "TRACKS REUSE DSNAME('"P_sysin"")"
  end
  else do
    SAY '*** Error *** 'P_sysin Sysin
    exit(8)
  end
  sin.1 = " LISTVTOC FORMAT,VOL=3390="||P_volnam
  "execio * diskw SYSIN (FINIS stem sin. "
RETURN
/* */
/* */
P2000_Allocate_Output:

address tso "delete '"||PREFIX||".'"||USERID()||".SYSPRINT'"
address tso "delete '"||PREFIX||".'"||USERID()||".TEMPVT'"
address tso "ALLOC DDNAME(SYSPRINT) NEW UNIT(SYSDA) space(2,2)",
  " cyl reuse DSNAME('"||PREFIX||".'"||USERID()||".SYSPRINT')"

address tso "ALLOC F(DDNAME1) NEW UNIT(3390) VOLUME("||P_volnam||")",
  "tracks SPACE(1,1) DSNAME('HRDBA.'"||USERID()||".TEMPVT')"

Return
/* */
/* */
P3000_Execute_IEHLIST:

  address tso "IEHLIST "

"execio * DISKR SYSPRINT (FINIS STEM prt."
last = prt.0
linreq = last-2
out.1 = prt.linreq
say last out.1

"execio * DISKW SYSPRINT (FINIS STEM out."

/* comment the signal code below to browse SYSPRINT dataset */
/* this may be done for debugging */

```

```

signal TEMPSTEP

/* BROWSE THE SYSPRINT FILE */
ADDRESS ISPEXEC "LINIT DATAID(DSID) DDNAME(SYSPRINT)"
ADDRESS ISPEXEC "BROWSE DATAID("DSID")"
ADDRESS ISPEXEC "LMFREE DATAID("DSID")"

TEMPSTEP:

/* address tso "STEPLIB FREE" */

RETURN
/* */
P4000_Clean_up:
address tso "FREE DDNAME(SYSPRINT)"
address tso "FREE DDNAME(SYSIN)"
address tso "FREE DDNAME(DDNAME1)"
address tso "delete '||PREFIX||'.||USERID()||'.TEMPVT'"
address tso "delete 'P_sysin'"
RETURN
/* */

```

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DB2 PLAN_TABLE – access and maintenance

DB2 stores SQL access path-related details for each program in a user-supplied table called PLAN_TABLE. This table must exist for any bind process with the EXPLAIN option equal to YES. The information in the PLAN_TABLE is used in designing tables and indexes, and helps in the performance tuning of SQL queries used in application programs. A PLAN_TABLE in a production environment contains EXPLAIN results for all programs moved to the production environment, and, therefore, this data must be maintained in the same way as other production data. This article describes how accesses to a PLAN_TABLE can be made more efficiently, resulting in CPU and elapsed time savings. The article also provides some useful tips on how to maintain a PLAN_TABLE in a production environment.

EXPLAIN AND PLAN_TABLE

EXPLAIN is a monitoring tool that produces information about a plan, package, or SQL statement when it is bound. The output from EXPLAIN appears in a table called a PLAN_TABLE. The information in a PLAN_TABLE helps in determining the access path chosen for a query, designing databases, indexes, and application programs, and determining when to rebind an application.

POPULATING A PLAN_TABLE

Mostly, a PLAN_TABLE has rows inserted into it when a plan or a package is bound or rebound with the option 'EXPLAIN (YES)'. EXPLAIN obtains information about the access paths for all explainable SQL statements in a package or the DBRMs of a plan. This information gets created in <package_owner>.PLAN_TABLE or <plan_owner>.PLAN_TABLE.

We can also populate a PLAN_TABLE by executing the SQL statement EXPLAIN and by specifying a single explainable SQL statement in the FOR clause as shown in Example 1 below. The resulting rows are created in <current_sql_id>.PLAN_TABLE.

Example 1

```
EXPLAIN PLAN  
SET QUERYNO = 20 FOR  
< explainable_select statement >
```

RETRIEVING ROWS FROM PLAN_TABLE

There are several processes that can insert rows in a `PLAN_TABLE`. In order to understand access paths, we must retrieve rows for a particular query in an appropriate order. All rows for a particular plan are identified by the value of `APPLNAME` or `PROGNAME`. All rows for a particular package are identified by the values of `PROGNAME` and `COLLID` (with no package versioning).

In order to retrieve this data for a particular package or a plan from `PLAN_TABLE`, a select statement like Example 2 is used – see below. Please note that the `WHERE` clause predicates are for `PROGNAME` and `COLLID`. If it was a package bind, we get `EXPLAIN` rows for that package because each package (no package versioning) can be uniquely identified by a collection-id and program name. If it was a plan bind, `APPLNAME` and `PROGNAME` will have the same value – that of the plan name – and the `COLLID` column is blank. Example 2 can be used to retrieve `EXPLAIN` rows for that particular plan.

Since the `PLAN_TABLE` does not have an index, any query on this table always results in a tablespace scan. If we run `EXPLAIN` for the `SELECT` statement in Example 2A, the output results (shown in Table 1) display a tablespace scan followed by an `ORDERBY` sort. As more and more programs are moved into production and because the same program is bound multiple times in production, this `PLAN_TABLE` also grows. Therefore any `SELECT` on this table will cost more and more CPU time as well as elapsed time. Also, if we wish to delete rows for a particular plan or package from this table, this deletion will also cause a tablespace scan, incurring a higher CPU cost.

Similarly, in order to retrieve `EXPLAIN` rows for a particular SQL statement that were inserted by `EXPLAIN` Example 1 (above) into the `PLAN_TABLE`, a SQL statement like Example 3 is used. The

EXPLAIN output for Example 3 (shown in Table 2) also verifies the tablespace scan followed by an ORDERBY sort.

Example 2

```
SELECT *
FROM SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
WHERE PROGNAME = 'PROG1'
AND COLLID = 'COLLECTION1'
AND TIMESTAMP > '1998011508000000'
ORDER BY
    QUERYNO,
    QBLOCKNO,
    PLANNO,
    MIXOPSEQ
```

Table 1

EXPLAIN results for Example 2:

QUERYNO	QBLOCKNO	PROGNAME	PLANNO	METHOD	CREATOR	TNAME	ACCESSTYPE	MATCHCOLS
10	1	DSNESM68	1	0	SYSADM2	PLN_TBLE	R	0
10	1	DSNESM68	2	3				0

ACCESSCREATOR	ACCESSNAME	INDEXONLY	SORTC_ORDERBY	COLLID
		N	N	DSNESPCS
		N	Y	DSNESPCS

Example 2A

```
SELECT *
FROM SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
WHERE PROGNAME = 'PROG1'
AND COLLID = 'COLLECTION1'
AND TIMESTAMP > '1998011508000000'
ORDER BY
    PROGNAME,
    COLLID,
    QUERYNO,
    QBLOCKNO,
    PLANNO,
    MIXOPSEQ
```

Example 3

```
SELECT *
FROM SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
```

```

WHERE QUERYNO = 20
ORDER BY
    QBLOCKNO,
    PLANNO,
    MIXOPSEQ

```

Table 2

EXPLAIN results for Example 3:

QUERYNO	QBLOCKNO	PROGNAME	PLANNO	METHOD	CREATOR	TNAME	ACCESSTYPE	MATCHCOLS
20	1	DSNESM68	1	0	SYSADM2	PLN_TBLE	R	0
20	1	DSNESM68	2	3				0

ACCESSCREATOR	ACCESSNAME	INDEXONLY	SORTC_ORDERBY	COLLID
		N	N	DSNESPCS
		N	Y	DSNESPCS

INDEX ON PLAN_TABLE

This tablespace scan can be avoided by creating a clustering index, say **PLAN_INDEX**, with keys as described in the following SQL statement:

```

CREATE INDEX SYSADM2.PLAN_INDEX
    ON SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
    (PROGNAME ,
     COLLID ,
     QUERYNO ,
     QBLOCKNO ,
     PLANNO ,
     MIXOPSEQ,
     TIMESTAMP )
    USING VCAT VCAT1
    FREEPAGE 0 PCTFREE 5
    CLUSTER

```

With this index, Example 2, which retrieves output rows for a particular plan/package, can now be modified to Example 2A (above) and the EXPLAIN results for statement 2A are described in Table 3 (also below). We can see that the access path has now improved to an index scan with **MATCHCOLS = 2** and does not have an **ORDERBY** sort. This definitely results in less CPU and elapsed time as compared to the example without an index. In a **PLAN_TABLE** containing 190,000 rows, retrieving 7 rows for a program, use of an index (see

Statement 2 (without index)	Statement 2A (with index)	Statement 3 (without index)	Statement 3A (with index)
1.24	0.22	1.17	0.19

Figure 1: CPU times (in seconds)

Figure 1) brings down the CPU time to 0.22 seconds as compared to 1.24 seconds of CPU without using an index. These output rows for a plan or package can later be deleted from the PLAN_TABLE with SQL Example 4, which involves an index scan with MATCHCOLS = 2.

If the EXPLAIN rows were created for a particular SQL statement by using the SQL statement EXPLAIN as in Example 1, then these rows can be retrieved by changing Example 3 to Example 3A in order to include PROGNAME and COLLID in the 'where' clause and 'order by' clause as shown in Example 3A. EXPLAIN results for statement 3A are shown in Table 4, depicting improvements with an index scan with MATCHCOLS = 3 and with no ORDERBY sort. In a PLAN_TABLE containing 190,000 rows, retrieving 4 rows for a query, using an index (see Figure 1) brings down CPU time to 0.19 seconds as compared to 1.17 seconds of CPU without using an index.

Please note that, here, PROGNAME and COLLID correspond to the DYNAMIC SQL program used for running the SQL statement EXPLAIN. It can be a SPUFI, QMF, or DSNTEP2, or any other program depending on which one was used to create the rows in the PLAN_TABLE. (We can also find out values for PROGNAME and COLLID as a one-time exercise by browsing through PLAN_TABLE rows for column QUERYNO equal to the value set for QUERYNO during execution of the SQL statement EXPLAIN.) In our example, we have COLLID = DSNESPCS and PROGNAME = DSNESM68. These EXPLAIN rows can later be deleted by Example 5, which involves an index scan with MATCHCOLS = 3 .

In all cases, by introducing an index on a PLAN_TABLE, we can see significant improvements in CPU and elapsed times.

Table 3

EXPLAIN results for Statement 2A (with an index on the PLAN_TABLE):

QUERYNO	QBLOCKNO	PROGNAME	PLANNO	METHOD	CREATOR	TNAME	ACCESSTYPE	MATCHCOLS
30	1	DSNESM68	1	0	SYSADM2	PLN_TBLE	I	2
ACCESSCREATOR	ACCESSNAME	INDEXONLY	SORTC_ORDERBY	COLLID				
SYSADM2	PLAN_INDEX	N	N	DSNESPCS				

Example 3A

```
SELECT *
FROM SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
WHERE PROGNAME = 'DSNESM68'
AND COLLID = 'DSNESPCS'
AND QUERYNO = 40
ORDER BY
PROGNAME,
COLLID,
QUERYNO,
QBLOCKNO,
PLANNO,
MIXOPSEQ
```

Table 4

EXPLAIN results for Statement 3A (with an index on the PLAN_TABLE):

QUERYNO	QBLOCKNO	PROGNAME	PLANNO	METHOD	CREATOR	TNAME	ACCESSTYPE	MATCHCOLS
40	1	DSNESM68	1	0	SYSADM2	PLN_TBLE	I	3
ACCESSCREATOR	ACCESSNAME	INDEXONLY	SORTC_ORDERBY	COLLID				
SYSADM2	PLAN_INDEX	N	N	DSNESPCS				

Example 4

```
DELETE
FROM SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
WHERE PROGNAME = 'PROG1'
AND COLLID = 'COLLECTION1'
AND TIMESTAMP > '1998011508000000'
```

Example 5

```
DELETE
  FROM SYSADM2.PLAN_TABLE
 WHERE PROGNAME = 'DSNESM68'
    AND COLLID  = 'DSNESPCS'
    AND QUERYNO = 40
```

MAINTAINING EXPLAIN RESULTS FOR MULTIPLE BINDS AND REBINDS

Because the same program is bound and rebound many times in production, these EXPLAIN output rows keep on accumulating in the PLAN_TABLE with different values for the timestamp. As a policy, we must maintain EXPLAIN output data for the earlier versions (at least the previous version) of each program in a PLAN_TABLE. This helps when comparing the access paths of the current version of a program with that of the earlier one, observing differences if any, analysing reasons for those differences, and taking appropriate action. This may be needed when a program performs badly after a rebind (because of a change in catalog statistics) or when a new version of a program is moved to production and it starts performing poorly.

In a PLAN_TABLE, each set of rows for a particular version of a program can be identified only by a range of timestamp values. Therefore, retrieval of these rows for the current version of a program, or for any earlier version, becomes very difficult because we have to first find out the timestamp values for the first and last row in the set before we can execute the actual SELECT statement for retrieval of rows.

PLAN HISTORY TABLE

One of the alternative ways to resolve this issue is to create a plan history table called PLAN_HIST_TABLE, which is a mirror image of the PLAN_TABLE. Since most of the time we are concerned with EXPLAIN results only for current versions of programs in production, it is a good idea to transfer all existing rows for a program from the PLAN_TABLE to a plan history table and delete those rows in the PLAN_TABLE before we perform a bind or rebind for that program.

The steps to be taken during each bind /rebind of a plan or a package are shown below:

- Step 1:

```
INSERT INTO PLAN_HIST_TABLE
  SELECT *
  FROM PLAN_TABLE
  WHERE PROGNAME = 'PROG1'
  AND COLLID = 'COLLECTION1'
```

- Step 2:

```
DELETE FROM PLAN_TABLE
  WHERE PROGNAME = 'PROG1'
  AND COLLID = 'COLLECTION1'
```

- Step 3 – bind/rebind package or plan.

By doing this, we can maintain data for all earlier versions of a program in a plan history table and a `PLAN_TABLE` will contain data only for current versions of all programs. Because the plan history table will have many more rows than the `PLAN_TABLE`, we need to build an index (similar to `PLAN_INDEX`) on the `PLAN_HIST_TABLE`, which could be called `PLAN_HIST_INDEX`, and which will provide efficient access for any query made on the plan history table.

As this history table grows with time, we must plan to delete rows for older versions of the program that may not be of any importance for the installation. We may also like to have a policy to keep up to the last two versions of a program in this table.

PLAN TABLE AND PLAN HISTORY TABLE MAINTENANCE

As we can see, there are frequent inserts and deletes in a `PLAN_TABLE` and plan history table. Therefore, these tables become candidates for periodic reorganization (the frequency of reorganization will depend on how many binds take place in a day, week, or month, and when the rows are deleted from these tables). A `RUNSTATS` taken at the appropriate time on these tables will ensure improved access on them.

Also, these tables contain a very important source of information that

is required for the performance tuning of programs, making database changes to improve access paths, etc. We must take image copies of these tables regularly, like any other production tables.

CONCLUSION

PLAN_TABLE data in production is a very important source of information for making changes to application programs, database designs, and performance tuning. In order to avoid any data loss, this table should be regularly image-copied. Also, this table is volatile and therefore it must be re-organized periodically in order to maintain efficient access to any query on this table.

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Contributing to *DB2 Update*

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Image copy, DSNTIAUL copy, and disaster recovery of DB2 objects – part 2

This month we conclude with the code that makes it simpler to prepare image copy jobs for tablespaces and DSNTIAUL copy jobs for tables that require GDGs to be defined, and to write JCL for each object created.

```
WRITE_SYSIN:PROCEDURE EXPOSE UPPERL LOWERL TSPARTCNT. TS NAMES.
  DO MAIN_LP=UPPERL TO LOWERL BY -1
    TSNAME=STRIP(SUBSTR(TSNAMES.MAIN_LP,1,8),'B') || '.' ||
      STRIP(SUBSTR(TSNAMES.MAIN_LP,9,8),'B')
    IF TSPARTCNT.MAIN_LP=0 THEN DO
      LINE = '  COPY TABLESPACE ' || TSNAME ||
        ' COPYDDN S' || MAIN_LP || ' SHRLEVEL CHANGE'
      PUSH LINE
    END
    ELSE DO
      DO PARTNUM=TSPARTCNT.MAIN_LP TO 1 BY -1
        DD_NAME=TRANSLATE(FORMAT(MAIN_LP,4),'0',' ') ||
          TRANSLATE(FORMAT(PARTNUM,3),'0',' ');
        LINE = '  COPYDDN S' || DD_NAME || ' SHRLEVEL CHANGE'
        PUSH LINE
        LINE = '  COPY TABLESPACE ' || TSNAME || ' DSNUM ' || PARTNUM
        PUSH LINE
      END
    END
  END
  PUSH '//DSNUPROC.SYSIN DD *'
  EXECIO * DISKW ICJCL
RETURN;
JOB_CARD_ICOPY:PROCEDURE EXPOSE DB2ID JC JOB_NUM
  JOB_NUM=JOB_NUM+1
  PUSH ''
  LINE='//ICOPY' || JOB_NUM || ' EXEC DSNUPROC,SYSTEM=DB' || DB2ID || '0' ,
    ',UID=''ICPY' || DB2ID || JOB_NUM || ''',UTPROC=''''
  PUSH LINE
  PUSH '// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),REGION=0M,NOTIFY=SKMXSYP,TYPRUN=HOLD'
  LINE='//ICOPY' || JOB_NUM || ' JOB (ACCT#),'IMAGECOPY', ' ||
    'MSGCLASS=X,CLASS=' || JC || ', '
  PUSH LINE
  EXECIO * DISKW ICJCL
RETURN
JOB_CARD_UNLD:PROCEDURE EXPOSE DB2ID JC
  PUSH ''
  LINE='//          DD DISP=SHR,DSN=' || DB2ID || 'DSN.SDSNEXIT'
```



```

PUSH LINE
LINE='//JOB LIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN='||DB2ID||'DSN.SDSNLOAD'
PUSH LINE
PUSH '// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),REGION=0M,NOTIFY=SKMXSYP,TYPRUN=HOLD'
PUSH '//UNLOAD JOB (ACCT#),'UNLOAD',MSGCLASS=X,CLASS='||JC||','
ÆEXECIO * DISKW UNJCLÆ
RETURN
UNLOAD_SYSIN:PROCEDURE EXPOSE TBNAMES. REMAINDER UN_IN ,
DB2ID FROM_TAB TO_TAB JCLEXT OLDJCLEXT
OLDJCLEXT=JCLEXT
DO WHILE ( OLDJCLEXT = JCLEXT )
JCLEXT=TIME(S)
END
PUSH ''
PUSH '/*'
DO MAIN_LP=FROM_TAB TO TO_TAB BY -1
TBNAME=STRIP(SUBSTR(TBNAMES.MAIN_LP,1,8),'B') || '.' || ,
TRANSLATE(STRIP(SUBSTR(TBNAMES.MAIN_LP,11,18),'B'),' ','00'X)
LINE = ' SELECT * FROM '||TBNAME||' WITH UR;'
PUSH LINE
END
PUSH '//SYSIN DD *'
PUSH '// DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),SPACE=(800,(290,90),RLSE)'
LINE='//SYSPUNCH DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.UNLOAD.JCL'||JCLEXT||'.TEMP,'
PUSH LINE
ÆEXECIO * DISKW UNJCLÆ
RETURN
NEW_STEP:PROCEDURE EXPOSE INT_PART DB2ID
PUSH ''
PUSH '//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*'
PUSH '//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*'
LINE=' LIB('' ||DB2ID||'DSN.RUNLIB.LOAD'' )'
PUSH LINE
PUSH ' RUN PROGRAM(DSNTIAUL) PLAN(DSNTIAUL) PARMS(''SQL'') - '
LINE=' DSN SYSTEM(DB' ||DB2ID||'0)'
PUSH LINE
PUSH '//SYSTSIN DD *'
PUSH '//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*'
LINE='//UNLD' ||INT_PART||' EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,REGION=0M'
PUSH LINE
ÆEXECIO * DISKW UNJCLÆ
RETURN
ADD_DD_COPY:PROCEDURE EXPOSE MAIN_LP TSNAME DB2ID ,
RETPD_COPY PARTNUM PREV_DD LABEL_NUM TSPARTCNT.
LABEL_NUM=LABEL_NUM+1;
IF TSPARTCNT.MAIN_LP > 0 THEN DO
DSNAME='ODM.GB0.S1D.' ||TSNAME||'.P' ||PARTNUM|| '(+1)'
DD_NAME=TRANSLATE(FORMAT(MAIN_LP,4),'0',' ')||,
TRANSLATE(FORMAT(PARTNUM,3),'0',' ');

```

```

END
ELSE DO
  DSNAME='ODM.GBØ.S1D.' || TSNAME || '(+1)'
  DD_NAME=TRANSLATE(FORMAT(MAIN_LP,4),'Ø',' ');
END;
PUSH ''
IF MAIN_LP = 1 & PARTNUM=1 | LABEL_NUM=1 THEN DO
  LINE='// DCB=BLKSIZE=3276Ø,TRTCH=COMP,BUFNO=2Ø,RETPD=' || RETPD_COPY
  PUSH LINE
PUSH '// VOL=(, , , 2Ø),DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),UNIT=CARTM,LABEL=(1,SL),'
  LINE='//S' || DD_NAME || ' DD DSN=' || DSNAME || ','
  PUSH LINE
END
ELSE DO
  LINE='// DCB=BLKSIZE=3276Ø,TRTCH=COMP,BUFNO=2Ø,RETPD=' || RETPD_COPY
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='// VOL=(,RETAIN, , 2Ø,REF=* .S' || PREV_DD || '), '
  PUSH LINE
  LINE = '// DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),UNIT=AFF=S' || PREV_DD || ' ,
    ', LABEL=(' || LABEL_NUM || ',SL),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//S' || DD_NAME || ' DD DSN=' || DSNAME || ','
  PUSH LINE
END
PREV_DD=DD_NAME;

ÆEXECIO * DISKW ICJCLÆ
RETURN
ADD_DD_UNLD:PROCEDURE EXPOSE INT_PART REMAINDER TBNAME ,
  LAST_DD_NAME MAIN_LP UNL_DS_NAME UN_IN DB2ID RETPD_UNLD
DD_ID=REMAINDER
IF REMAINDER = Ø THEN DD_ID=UN_IN
CURRENT_PTR=TRANSLATE(FORMAT(DD_ID - 1,2),'Ø',' ')
PREV_PTR=TRANSLATE(FORMAT(DD_ID - 2,2),'Ø',' ')
PUSH ''
IF DD_ID = 1 THEN DO
  LINE='// DCB=BLKSIZE=1Ø24,TRTCH=COMP,BUFNO=2Ø,RETPD=' || RETPD_UNLD
  PUSH LINE
  IF INT_PART=Ø THEN ,
PUSH '// VOL=(, , , 2Ø),DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),UNIT=CARTM,LABEL=(1,SL),'
  ELSE DO
  LINE='// VOL=(,RETAIN, , 2Ø,REF=* .LASTDD),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE = '// DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),UNIT=AFF=LASTDD' || ' ,
    ', LABEL=(' || MAIN_LP || ',SL),'
  PUSH LINE
END
LINE='//SYSRECØØ DD DSN=UNLOAD.GBØ.' || ' ,
  UNL_DS_NAME || '(+1)' || ','

```

```

PUSH LINE
IF INT_PART<>Ø THEN DO
    LINE='//LASTDD DD DSN='||LAST_DD_NAME||',DISP=OLD'
    PUSH LINE
END
END
ELSE DO
    LINE='// VOL=(,RETAIN,,2Ø,REF=*.SYSREC'||PREV_PTR||')'
    PUSH LINE
LINE='// DCB=BLKSIZE=3276Ø,TRTCH=COMP,BUFNO=2Ø,RETPD='||RETPD_UNLD||', '
    PUSH LINE
    LINE = '// DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),UNIT=AFF=SYSREC'||PREV_PTR|| ,
        ', LABEL=('||MAIN_LP||',SL), '
    PUSH LINE
    LINE='//SYSREC'||CURRENT_PTR||' DD DSN=UNLOAD.GBØ.'|| ,
        UNL_DS_NAME||'+1)||', ' ;
    PUSH LINE
    LAST_DD_NAME='UNLOAD.GBØ.'|| ,
        UNL_DS_NAME||'+1)';
END
EXECIO * DISKW UNJCL£
RETURN
DO_SELECT:PROCEDURE EXPOSE SEL. DB2ID
PUSH ''
DO X = SEL.Ø TO 1 BY -1
    PUSH SEL.X
END

EXECIO * DISKW SYSIN (FINIS£
CMD = EXEC PROGRAM(DSNTIAUL) PLAN(DSNTIAUL)£
CMD = CMD || ' LIB(''||DB2ID||'DSN.RUNLIB.LOAD'' )'
CMD = CMD || EXEC PARM('SQL')£
QUEUE 'END '
IF DB2ID='D' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBDØ)'
IF DB2ID='T' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBTØ)'
IF DB2ID='E' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBEØ)'
IF DB2ID='P' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBPØ)'
IF RC > Ø THEN DO
    SAY 'CAN NOT CONNECT TO DB2 SUBSYSTEM.'
    SAY 'PLEASE TRY LATER...'
    RETURN
END
QUEUE CMD
QUEUE 'END '
IF DB2ID='D' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBDØ)'
IF DB2ID='T' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBTØ)'
IF DB2ID='E' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBEØ)'
IF DB2ID='P' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBPØ)'
EXECIO * DISKR SYSPRINT (STEM SQLHATA.£

```

```

UNLD_OK=0
DO SQ_LP=1 TO SQLHATA.0
  IF INDEX(SQLHATA.SQ_LP,'DSNT495I SUCCESSFUL UNLOAD') > 0 THEN ,
    UNLD_OK=1
END
IF UNLD_OK=0 THEN DO
  SAY 'THERE IS AN ERROR IN SQL STATEMENT.'
  DO SQ_LP2=1 TO SQLHATA.0
    SAY SQLHATA.SQ_LP2
  END
  EXIT 20
END
PUSH ''
EXECIO * DISKW SYSPRINT (FINIS)
RETURN
ADD_WTO:PROCEDURE EXPOSE OPR_TYPE
PUSH ''
PUSH '/'
PUSH '/*'
IF OPR_TYPE = 'UNLOAD' THEN DO
  PUSH '->*****'
  PUSH '->SYS2.BACKUP.JCLLIB(UNLRES) JCL.'
  PUSH '->SYS2.OPERLIB(UNLRESTB) AND RESTART THE JOB WITH '
  PUSH '->TABLE NAME DUMPED SUCCESSFULLY TO THE DATASET '
  PUSH '->UNLOAD JOB ENDED WITH ERROR. PLEASE WRITE THE LAST '
  PUSH '->*****'
END
ELSE DO
  PUSH '-> *****'
  PUSH '-> ARE COMPLETED.'
  PUSH '-> SYS2.BACKUP.JCLLIB(ICOPYX) AFTER ALL ICOPYX JOBS'
  PUSH '-> TABLESPACE, RESTART THE JOB WITH THE JCL '
  PUSH '-> ERROR. WHEN YOU ARE SURE THAT THERE IS NO RESTRICTED'
  PUSH '-> ICOPY JOB ENDED WITH ERROR. PLEASE INVESTIGATE THE '
  PUSH '-> *****'
END
PUSH '//SYSIN DD *'
PUSH '//ERROR EXEC IPOWTO,REGION=768K,COND=((4,GE),EVEN)'
IF OPR_TYPE = 'UNLOAD' THEN EXECIO * DISKW UNJCL
IF OPR_TYPE = 'COPY' THEN EXECIO * DISKW ICJCL
RETURN

```

ICOPYX

```

//ICOPYX JOB (ACCT#),',',MSGCLASS=X,CLASS=9,
// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),REGION=4M
//*****
//* ICOPYALL DB2ID OP_ID UNLINT COPY_JCL_NAME UNLOAD_JCL_NAME

```

```

/** RETPD_COPY RETPD_UNLD TS_SELECT TB_SELECT PARTITION JOB_CLASS
/**
/** DB2ID : DB2 SUBSYSTEM ID. IT MAY BE D, T, E, OR P
/**
/** OP_ID : MAY BE UNLD , COPY OR BOTH.
/** UNLD : ONLY DSNTIAUL COPY.
/** COPY : ONLY IMAGE COPY.
/** BOTH : BOTH OF DSNTIAUL COPY AND IMAGE COPY.
/**
/** UNLINT : CREATES A NEW STEP EVERY UNLINT DD.
/** COPY_JCL_NAME : IMAGE COPY JCL TO BE CREATED.
/** UNLOAD_JCL_NAME : DSNTIAUL JCL TO BE CREATED.
/** RETPD_COPY : RETENTION PERIOD OF IMAGE COPY DATASETS.
/** RETPD_UNLD : RETENTION PERIOD OF DSNTIAUL COPY DATASETS.
/** TS_SELECT : QUERY THAT SELECTS TABLESPACES TO BE IMAGE
/** COPIED.
/** TB_SELECT : QUERY THAT SELECTS TABLES TO BE COPIED
/** USING DSNTIAUL.
/** JOB_CLASS : JOB CLASS OF THE JCLS.
/** JOB_COUNT : JOB COUNT.
/** IMAGE COPIES WILL BE DIVIDED INTO THIS NUMBER.
/** PARTITIONED : 'YES' IF IMAGE COPIES WILL BE TAKEN PARTITIONED
/** TABLESPACE LEVEL, OTHERWISE 'NO'.
/** IS_RESTART : MUST BE CODED 'RESTART' , IF DSTIAUL COPY
/** IS TO BE RESTARTED.
/*******
//RUNEXEC EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=30,REGION=8192K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=ISP.SISPLOAD,DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSEXEC DD DSN=SYSPDBA.REXXLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSRESIN DD DSN=SYS2.OPERLIB(UNLRESTB),DISP=SHR
//SYSTSIN DD *
EXECUTIL SEARCHDD(YES)
%ICOPYALL P COPY 90 PCOPYUPD PUNLDUPD 7 8 -
TSSELUPD TBSELALL 9 4 NO
/*

```

RECALL

```

/* REXX */
PARSE ARG DB2ID OP_ID RECTS_DSNAME REC_IXDSNAME JOB_COUNT PARTITION
STEP_CNT=0
CNT=0
G_STEP_CNT=0
JOB_CNT=1
/* MAX KILOBYTES AFTER THAT WE CATALOG WORK SPACES */
MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG=40000;

```

```

/* MAX KILOBYTES THAT A DASD CAN ALLOCATE */
MAX_KB_WORK=26000000
TARIH = DATE('E')
SAAT = TIME()
£ALLOC FI(SYSPRINT) RECFM(F B) LRECL(133) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(4096)£
£ALLOC FI(SYSPUNCH) RECFM(F B) LRECL(80) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(4096)£
£ALLOC FI(SYSIN) RECFM(F B) LRECL(80) BLKSIZE(80)£
£ALLOC FI(RETSJCL) DA('SYS2.BACKUP.JCLLIB(£||RECTS_DSNAME||£)') SHRE
£ALLOC FI(LISTCATO) RECFM(V B) LRECL(125) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(629)£
CALL JOB_CARD_RECOVER_TS
SEL.0=9
SEL.1=' SELECT DBNAME,NAME'
SEL.2=' FROM SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE '
SEL.3=' WHERE DBNAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'WRK%'||''''
SEL.4=' AND NAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'UNLOAD%'||''''
SEL.5=' AND NAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'_CPY%'||''''
SEL.6=' AND DBNAME <> '||''''||'BMCARM'||''''
SEL.7=' AND DBNAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'DSN%'||''''
SEL.8=' AND DBNAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'DSQ%'||''''
SEL.9=' ORDER BY DBNAME,NAME;'
£ALLOC FI(SYSREC00) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(4096)£
CALL DO_SELECT
£EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (STEM TS NAMES.£
£EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (FINIS£
£FREE FI(SYSREC00)£
REC_CNT=0;
DO MAIN_LP=1 TO TS NAMES.0
SAY MAIN_LP
DBNAME=STRIP(SUBSTR(TS NAMES.MAIN_LP,1,8),'B')
TSNAME=STRIP(SUBSTR(TS NAMES.MAIN_LP,9,8),'B')
IF PARTITION='YES' THEN DO
SEL.0=3;
SEL.1=' SELECT CHAR(DECIMAL(PARTITIONS)) '
SEL.2=' FROM SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE '
SEL.3=' WHERE NAME='||''''||TSNAME''''||';'
£ALLOC FI(SYSREC00) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(4096)£
CALL DO_SELECT
£EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (STEM PARTCNT.£
£EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (FINIS£
£FREE FI(SYSREC00)£
PARTCNT.1=SUBSTR(PARTCNT.1,2,5);
PARTCNT.1=STRIP(TRANSLATE(PARTCNT.1,' ','00'X),'B');
DO WHILE ( SUBSTR(PARTCNT.1,1,1) = '0' & LENGTH(PARTCNT.1) > 1 )
IF SUBSTR(PARTCNT.1,1,1)='0' THEN ,
PARTCNT.1=SUBSTR(PARTCNT.1,2,LENGTH(PARTCNT.1)-1)
END;
TSPARTCNT=PARTCNT.1
END
ELSE TSPARTCNT=0

```

```

IF TSPARTCNT=0 THEN PARTNUM_LAST=1
  ELSE PARTNUM_LAST=TSPARTCNT
DO PARTNUM=1 TO PARTNUM_LAST
  REC_CNT=REC_CNT+1;
  VOLCNT.REC_CNT=0;
  IF TSPARTCNT=0 THEN NUMPART.REC_CNT=0
    ELSE NUMPART.REC_CNT=PARTNUM
  DBNAME.REC_CNT=DBNAME
  TSNAME.REC_CNT=TSNAME
  SEL.0=7;
  SEL.1=' SELECT DSNAME,TIMESTAMP FROM SYSIBM.SYSCOPY'
  SEL.2=' WHERE DBNAME='||''''||DBNAME||''''||' AND'
  SEL.3='          TSNAME='||''''||TSNAME||''''||' AND'
  SEL.4='          DSNAME LIKE '||''''||'ODM%'||''''||' AND'
  IF TSPARTCNT=0 THEN ,
    SEL.5='          DSNUM=0 AND'
  ELSE ,
    SEL.5='          DSNUM='||PARTNUM||' AND'
  SEL.6='          ICTYPE='||''''||'F'||''''
  SEL.7=' ORDER BY TIMESTAMP DESC; '
  £ALLOC FI(SYSREC00) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(4096)£
  CALL DO_SELECT
  £EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (STEM DSNAME.£
  £EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (FINIS£
  £FREE FI(SYSREC00)£
  LAST_COPY_DSN.REC_CNT=STRIP(SUBSTR(DSNAME.1,1,44),'B');
  PROFILE NOPREFIX
  £LISTCAT ENT(£LAST_COPY_DSN.REC_CNT£) OFILE(LISTCATO) ALL£
  IF RC <> 0 THEN DO
    SAY 'AN ERROR IS ENCOUNTERED WHILE TAKING LISTCAT...'
    EXIT 20
  END;
  £EXECIO * DISKR LISTCATO (STEM LISTC. £
  DO LC=1 TO LISTC.0
    IF INDEX(LISTC.LC,'VOLSER') > 0 THEN DO;
      VOLCNT.REC_CNT=VOLCNT.REC_CNT+1
      VOLSER.REC_CNT=SUBSTR(LISTC.LC,27,6)
    END;
  END;
  £EXECIO * DISKR LISTCATO (FINIS £
  SAY 'DB NAME=' DBNAME.REC_CNT 'TS NAME=' TSNAME.REC_CNT ,
    'VOLSER=' VOLSER.REC_CNT
  SAY 'LAST IC DSN NAME=' LAST_COPY_DSN.REC_CNT
  SAY '-----'
END
END
/* WRITE JCL */
PREV_VOLSER=''
PREV_MAIN_LP=1

```

```

DO MAIN_LP=1 TO REC_CNT
  IF PREV_VOLSER <> VOLSER.MAIN_LP & PREV_VOLSER <> '' | ,
    VOLCNT.MAIN_LP > 1 THEN DO;
    FIRST_CNT=PREV_MAIN_LP
    LAST_CNT=MAIN_LP-1
    CALL WRITE_SYSIN
    CALL JOB_CARD_RECOVER_TS
    PREV_MAIN_LP=MAIN_LP
  END;
  FMLP=FORMAT(MAIN_LP,6)
  FMLP=TRANSLATE(FMLP,'0',' ')
  PUSH ''
  LINE='//          DISP=(OLD,PASS)'
  PUSH LINE
  IF MAIN_LP = PREV_MAIN_LP THEN ,
    LINE='//          UNIT=(,DEFER),'
  ELSE ,
    LINE='//          UNIT=AFF=DD' || OLD_FMLP || ','
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//          VOL=(,RETAIN),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//DD' || FMLP || ' DD DSN=' || LAST_COPY_DSN.MAIN_LP || ','
  PUSH LINE
  OLD_FMLP=FMLP
  EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL
  IF VOLCNT.MAIN_LP=1 THEN PREV_VOLSER=VOLSER.MAIN_LP
END
FIRST_CNT=PREV_MAIN_LP
LAST_CNT=MAIN_LP-1
CALL WRITE_SYSIN
PUSH ''
PUSH '// '
EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL (FINIS
FREE FI(RETSJCL)
/* INDEX RECOVER JCLS */
ALLOC FI(REIXJCL) DA('SYS2.BACKUP.JCLLIB(£ || REC_IXDSNAME || £)') SHR
CALL JOB_CARD_RECOVER_IX
SEL.0=25;
SEL.1=' SELECT IXCREATOR,IXNAME,'
SEL.2=' CHAR(DECIMAL((CARDF/1024)*(TOTLEN+13),15)) FROM ('
SEL.3=' SELECT B.CREATOR AS IXCREATOR,'
SEL.4='          B.NAME AS IXNAME,A.CARDF AS CARDF,'
SEL.5='          SUM(LENGTH) AS TOTLEN'
SEL.6=' FROM SYSIBM.SYSTABLES A,SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES B,'
SEL.7='          SYSIBM.SYSKEYS C,SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS D,'
SEL.8='          SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE E'
SEL.9=' WHERE A.TSNAME=E.NAME AND '
SEL.10='          A.NAME=B.TBNAME AND'
SEL.11='          A.CREATOR=B.TBCREATOR AND'

```



```

SEL.12='          A.DBNAME=E.DBNAME AND'
SEL.13='          B.NAME=C.IXNAME AND'
SEL.14='          C.COLNAME=D.NAME AND'
SEL.15='          A.NAME=D.TBNAME AND'
SEL.16='          A.CREATOR=D.TBCREATOR AND'
SEL.17='          B.CREATOR NOT LIKE '||''''||'SYSIBM%'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.18='          B.CREATOR NOT LIKE '||''''||'UNL%'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.19='          B.CREATOR NOT LIKE '||''''||'DSN%'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.20='          E.DBNAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'DSN%'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.21='          E.DBNAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'WRK%'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.22='          E.NAME <> '||''''||'PCPYTAB'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.23='          E.NAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'UNLOAD%'||''''|| ' AND '
SEL.24='          E.NAME NOT LIKE '||''''||'DSN%'||''''
SEL.25=' GROUP BY B.CREATOR,B.NAME,A.CARDF) AS QRY1;'
£ALLOC FI(SYSREC00) SPACE(1,1) BLOCK(4096)£
CALL DO_SELECT
£EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (STEM SPACES.£
£EXECIO * DISKR SYSREC00 (FINIS£
£FREE FI(SYSREC00)£
HOWMANY_IX_PER_JOB=SPACES.0 % JOB_COUNT + 1
DO MAIN_LP=1 TO SPACES.0
  IX_CREATOR=SUBSTR(SPACES.MAIN_LP,1,8)
  IX_NAME=SUBSTR(SPACES.MAIN_LP,11,18)
  SPC_QTY=SUBSTR(SPACES.MAIN_LP,30,15)
  IX_CREATOR=STRIP(TRANSLATE(IX_CREATOR,' ','00'X),'B')
  IX_NAME=STRIP(TRANSLATE(IX_NAME,' ','00'X),'B')
  SPC_QTY=STRIP(TRANSLATE(SPC_QTY,' ','00'X),'B')
  /* IF STATISTICS HAS NOT BEEN COLLECTED, SUPPOSE IT IS 1000 */
  IF SUBSTR(SPC_QTY,1,1)='- ' THEN DO
    SAY 'STATISTICS HAS NOT BEEN COLLECTED FOR INDEX:' IX_NAME
    SPACES.1=SUBSTR(SPC_QTY,2,LENGTH(SPC_QTY)-1)
    FAKTOR=1000
  END
  ELSE FAKTOR=1
  DO WHILE ( SUBSTR(SPC_QTY,1,1) = '0' & LENGTH(SPC_QTY) > 2 )
    IF SUBSTR(SPC_QTY,1,1)='0' THEN ,
      SPC_QTY=SUBSTR(SPC_QTY,2,LENGTH(SPC_QTY)-1)
  END;
  SPACE_FOR_IX_REC=SPC_QTY
  SPACE_FOR_IX_REC=SPACE_FOR_IX_REC*FAKTOR
  SAY 'INDEX NAME=' IX_CREATOR '.' IX_NAME 'SPACE=' SPACE_FOR_IX_REC
  SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1=SPACE_FOR_IX_REC % 5 +1
  IF SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK THEN ,
    SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 = MAX_KB_WORK
  SPACE_FOR_IX_REC2=SPACE_FOR_IX_REC % 20 +1
  CALL JOB_STEP_RECOVER_IX
  LINE = ' RECOVER INDEX ('||IX_CREATOR||'.'||IX_NAME||')'
  PUSH LINE
£EXECIO * DISKW REIXJCL£

```

```

PUSH ''
PUSH '/*'
£EXECIO * DISKW REIXJCL£
IF SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG THEN DO
  STEP_CNT=STEP_CNT+1
  G_STEP_CNT=G_STEP_CNT+1
  PUSH ''
  PUSH '/*'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.SUT1.TEMP'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.WORK1.TEMP'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.WORK2.TEMP'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.WORK3.TEMP'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.WORK4.TEMP'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.WORK5.TEMP'
  PUSH '      DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||'.WORK6.TEMP'
  PUSH '//SYSIN  DD *'
  PUSH '//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*'
  LINE='//DELIX' ||STEP_CNT||' EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,COND=(4,GE,RECI' ||,
    STEP_CNT||')'
  PUSH LINE
  £EXECIO * DISKW REIXJCL£
END
END
PUSH ''
PUSH '// '
£EXECIO * DISKW REIXJCL (FINIS£
£FREE FI(REIXJCL)£
STAT=MSG('OFF')
£FREE FI(SYSRECØØ)£
£FREE FI(SYSPRINT)£
£FREE FI(SYSPUNCH)£
£FREE FI(SYSIN)£
£FREE FI(TBSEL)£
£FREE FI(UNJCL)£
£FREE FI(LISTCATO)£
STAT=MSG('ON')
EXIT
JOB_CARD_RECOVER_TS:PROCEDURE EXPOSE DB2ID CNT TARIH SAAT
  CNT=CNT+1;
  PUSH ''
  PUSH '// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),REGION=ØM,NOTIFY=SKMXSYP,TYPRUN=HOLD'
  PUSH '//REXTS' ||CNT||' JOB (ACCT#),'REXTS',MSGCLASS=X,CLASS=9,'
  £EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL£
  PUSH ''
  PUSH '//*      CREATED ON ' ||TARIH||'      ' ||SAAT
  £EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL£
  CALL ADD_WTO;
  PUSH ''
  LINE='//RECOVER EXEC DSNUPROC,SYSTEM=DB' ||DB2ID||'Ø' ||,

```

```

        ,UID='REC'||DB2ID||CNT||''',UTPROC='''''
PUSH LINE
£EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL£
RETURN
JOB_STEP_RECOVER_IX:PROCEDURE EXPOSE DB2ID SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 ,
        SPACE_FOR_IX_REC2 ,
        STEP_CNT G_STEP_CNT JOB_COUNT JOB_CNT ,
        HOWMANY_IX_PER_JOB MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG ,
        TARIH SAAT
STEP_CNT=STEP_CNT+1
G_STEP_CNT=G_STEP_CNT+1
INT_PART = G_STEP_CNT % HOWMANY_IX_PER_JOB
IF G_STEP_CNT=INT_PART*HOWMANY_IX_PER_JOB | ,
    SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG | ,
    STEP_CNT > 200 THEN DO;
JOB_CNT=JOB_CNT+1
STEP_CNT=1
CALL JOB_CARD_RECOVER_IX
END
PUSH ''
PUSH '//SYSIN DD *'
PUSH '//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*'
PUSH '//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*'
LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '|SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | ,
    ', '|SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | ') , , , ROUND),VOL=( , , , 20)'
PUSH LINE
IF SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG THEN ,
    LINE='//SYSUT1 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT|| ,
        '.SUT1.TEMP,DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
ELSE,
    LINE='//SYSUT1 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT|| ,
        '.SUT1.TEMP,DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),'
PUSH LINE
IF SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG THEN DO
    LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '|SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | ,
        ', '|SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | ') , , , ROUND)'
    PUSH LINE
    LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
    PUSH LINE
    LINE='//SORTWK06 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT|| ,
        '.WORK6.TEMP,'
    PUSH LINE
    LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '|SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | ,
        ', '|SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | ') , , , ROUND)'
    PUSH LINE
    LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
    PUSH LINE
    LINE='//SORTWK05 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT|| ,
        '.WORK5.TEMP,'

```

```

PUSH LINE
LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| |,
      ', '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | '),,,ROUND)'
PUSH LINE
LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
PUSH LINE
LINE='//SORTWK04 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||,
      '.WORK4.TEMP,'
PUSH LINE
LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| |,
      ', '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | '),,,ROUND)'
PUSH LINE
LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
PUSH LINE
LINE='//SORTWK03 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||,
      '.WORK3.TEMP,'
PUSH LINE
END
LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| |,
      ', '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | '),,,ROUND)'
PUSH LINE
IF SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG THEN DO
  LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//SORTWK02 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||,
      '.WORK2.TEMP,'
  PUSH LINE
END
ELSE DO
  LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//SORTWK02 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||,
      '.WORK2.TEMP,'
  PUSH LINE
END
LINE='//          SPACE=(1024,( '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| |,
      ', '| |SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1| | '),,,ROUND)'
PUSH LINE
IF SPACE_FOR_IX_REC1 > MAX_KB_WORK_CATLG THEN DO
  LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//SORTWK01 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||,
      '.WORK1.TEMP,'
  PUSH LINE
END
ELSE DO
  LINE='//          DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),'
  PUSH LINE
  LINE='//SORTWK01 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.RECI' ||JOB_CNT||,

```

```

        '.WORK1.TEMP,'
    PUSH LINE
END
LINE='//STEPLIB DD DSN='||DB2ID||'DSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR'
PUSH LINE
LINE='//RECIX' ||STEP_CNT||' EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=0M,' ||,
    'PARM=' ||'''' ||'DB' ||DB2ID||'0' ||',RECIX' ||JOB_CNT''''
PUSH LINE
    EXECIO * DISKW REIXJCL
RETURN
JOB_CARD_RECOVER_IX:PROCEDURE EXPOSE DB2ID JOB_CNT TARIH SAAT
    PUSH ''
    PUSH '//*          CREATED ON ' ||TARIH||'      ' ||SAAT
    PUSH '// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),REGION=0M,NOTIFY=SKMXSYP,TYPRUN=HOLD'
    LINE='//RECJIX' || JOB_CNT ||,
        ' JOB (ACCT#),' 'RECIX',MSGCLASS=X,CLASS=9,'
    PUSH LINE
    EXECIO * DISKW REIXJCL
RETURN
DO_SELECT:PROCEDURE EXPOSE SEL. DB2ID
    PUSH ''
    DO X = SEL.0 TO 1 BY -1
        PUSH SEL.X
    END
    EXECIO * DISKW SYSIN (FINIS
    CMD = EXECIO PROGRAM(DSNTIAUL) PLAN(DSNTIAUL)
    CMD = CMD || ' LIB('' ||DB2ID||'DSN.RUNLIB.LOAD'' )'
    CMD = CMD || EXECIO PARM('SQL')
    QUEUE 'END '
    IF DB2ID='D' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBD0)'
    IF DB2ID='T' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBT0)'
    IF DB2ID='E' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBE0)'
    IF DB2ID='G' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBG0)'
    IF DB2ID='P' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBP0)'
    IF RC > 0 THEN DO
        SAY 'CAN NOT CONNECT TO DB2 SUBSYSTEM.'
        SAY 'PLEASE TRY LATER...'
    RETURN
END
QUEUE CMD
QUEUE 'END '
    IF DB2ID='D' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBD0)'
    IF DB2ID='T' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBT0)'
    IF DB2ID='E' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBE0)'
    IF DB2ID='G' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBG0)'
    IF DB2ID='P' THEN 'DSN SYSTEM(DBP0)'
    EXECIO * DISKR SYSPRINT (STEM SQLHATA.
    UNLD_OK=0
    DO SQ_LP=1 TO SQLHATA.0

```

```

        IF INDEX(SQLHATA.SQ_LP,'DSNT495I SUCCESSFUL UNLOAD') > 0 THEN ,
            UNLD_OK=1
    END
    IF UNLD_OK=0 THEN DO
        SAY 'THERE IS AN ERROR IN SQL STATEMENT.'
        DO SQ_LP2=1 TO SQLHATA.0
            SAY SQLHATA.SQ_LP2
        END
        EXIT 20
    END
    PUSH ''
    EXECIO * DISKW SYSPRINT (FINIS
RETURN
ADD_WTO:PROCEDURE
    PUSH ''
    PUSH '/*'
    PUSH '->*****'
    PUSH '-> DO NOT SUBMIT IT AT THE LOCAL SITE.'
    PUSH '-> THIS JCL IS PREPARED FOR DISASTER RECOVERY PURPOSES.'
    PUSH '->*****'
    PUSH '//SYSIN DD *'
    PUSH '//ERROR EXEC IPOWTO,REGION=0M,COND=((4,LE),EVEN)'
    EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL
RETURN
WRITE_SYSIN:
    PUSH ''
    PUSH '//DSNUPROC.SYSIN DD *'
    EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL
    DO LP1=FIRST_CNT TO LAST_CNT
        IF NUMPART.LP1 = 0 THEN DO
            PUSH ''
            IF OP_ID='TOCOPY' THEN DO
                LINE = ' TOCOPY '||LAST_COPY_DSN.LP1
                PUSH LINE
            END
            LINE = ' RECOVER TABLESPACE ' || DBNAME.LP1||,
                '.'||TSNAME.LP1
            PUSH LINE
            EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL
        END;
        ELSE DO;
            PUSH ''
            IF OP_ID='TOCOPY' THEN ,
                LINE = ' DSNUM '||NUMPART.LP1||' TOCOPY '||,
                    LAST_COPY_DSN.LP1
            ELSE LINE = ' DSNUM '||NUMPART.LP1
            PUSH LINE
            LINE = ' RECOVER TABLESPACE ' || DBNAME.LP1||,
                '.'||TSNAME.LP1

```

```

        PUSH LINE
        £EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL£
    END;
END
PUSH ''
PUSH '/*'
£EXECIO * DISKW RETSJCL£
RETURN;

```

RECALLX

```

//RECALLX JOB (ACCT#),'',MSGCLASS=X,CLASS=P,
// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),REGION=4M
//*****
/* RECALL    DB2ID OP_ID REC_DSNAME TSSELECT
/* DB2ID    : DB2 SUBSYSTEM ID. IT MAY BE D, T, E  OR P
/* OP_ID    : TOCOPY OR ENDOFLOG
/* RECTS_JCL_NAME  : RECOVER TABLESPACE JCL TO BE CREATED.
/* RECIX_JCL_NAME  : RECOVER INDEX JCL TO BE CREATED.
/* JOBCNT      : HOW MANY SEPARATE JOBS WILL RECOVER INDEXES.
/* PARTITION   : 'YES' IF RECOVERY IS MADE PARTITIONED
/*
/*            TABLESPACE LEVEL, OTHERWISE 'NO'.
//*****
//RUNEXEC EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=30,REGION=8192K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=ISP.SISPLOAD,DISP=SHR
//        DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSEXEC DD DSN=SYSPDBA.REXXLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
EXECUTIL SEARCHDD(YES)
%RECALL P TOCOPY RECTSUPD RECIXUPD 4 NO
/*

```

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Many subscribers reading *DB2 Update* will have met similar problems and come up with quite different solutions. We'd like to hear what your alternative solution is. Contact the editor, Trevor Eddolls, at any of the addresses shown on page 2 for a copy of our *Notes for Contributors*.

DB2 news

Embarcadero Europe has announced the availability of its ERJStudio 4.0, an upgrade to its modelling environment that offers advanced parser-based support for stored procedures and triggers and an automation interface for user customization.

Users can create stored procedures and triggers in their native DBMS languages (including PL/SQL and Transact SQL) or they can create template versions for drag-and-drop reuse. ER/Studio 4.0 ensures consistent stored procedure and trigger object dependency for tables, views, and other procedural logic.

ER/Studio has an automation interface and, by creating Sax BASIC commands (a VBA-like language) in ER/Studio's new macro scripting UI, users can tap directly into ER/Studio's own object model to expand existing functionality and create new functionality.

The automation interface can be used to create operations internal to ER/Studio, such as automating repetitive tasks, or between ER/Studio and virtually any other database or application environment with an exposed API or similar automation interface.

ER/Studio 4.0 runs on Windows 95, 98, NT, and 2000. Notational and method support includes IDEF1X, James Martin's IE, and Filtered IE (designed to hide foreign keys). Supported databases include DB2 and DB2 Universal Database, as well as Oracle 7.3, 8, and 8i, Sybase 11.x, Informix SE and Online, Microsoft SQL Server 6.5 and 7.0, SQL Anywhere 5, Watcom 4, InterBase 4.x, Access 2.0, 95, 97, and 2000, and Visual FoxPro.

For further information contact:
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Tel: (415) 834 3131.
URL: <http://www.embarcadero.com>.

* * *

IBM has announced DB2 UDB Version 7, which it describes as being "designed from the ground up for dot coms". The new version has an integrated in-memory text search engine, which is said to offer a ten-fold performance increase over existing techniques.

Version 7 has 'deep' XML integration facilities with intelligent searching and automated management with an integrated DB2 datatype. There is claimed easier access to heterogeneous data sources with an integrated distributed query capability and tools such as DB2 Relational Connect and an enhanced DB2 Data Links Manager.

The new database is said to be Windows 2000-ready with expanded OLE DB support and integration with Visual Studio development tools. It also comes with a Java Transaction API and it supports JDBC V2.

In terms of BI function, Version 7 has an integrated data warehouse centre with a claimed easy-to-use GUI and launchpad, heterogeneous source access, and industry-standard metadata management. There's a new OLAP Starter Kit, based on Hyperion Essbase technology, and new query capabilities with relational OLAP functions in SQL.

For further information contact your local IBM representative.



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