



197

CICS

April 2002

In this issue

- 3 Changes to EXEC CICS SIGNON for CICS Transaction Server Version 2.2
 - 11 Upper case translation for accented characters
 - 14 Migrating from HSM to cryptographic co-processor
 - 18 Use IBM's Time Machine and the CWA
 - 31 Maintenance of CICS DB2 entries and transactions – part 2
 - 51 CICS questions and answers
 - 52 CICS news
-

update

CICS Update

Published by

Xephon
27-35 London Road
Newbury
Berkshire RG14 1JL
England
Telephone: 01635 38342
From USA: 01144 1635 38342
E-mail: trevore@xephon.com

North American office

Xephon
PO Box 350100
Westminster, CO 80035-0100
USA
Telephone: 303 410 9344

Subscriptions and back-issues

A year's subscription to *CICS Update*, comprising twelve monthly issues, costs £175.00 in the UK; \$270.00 in the USA and Canada; £181.00 in Europe; £187.00 in Australasia and Japan; and £185.50 elsewhere. In all cases the price includes postage. Individual issues, starting with the December 1998 issue, are available separately to subscribers for £16.00 (\$24.00) each including postage.

***CICS Update* on-line**

Code from *CICS Update*, and complete issues in Acrobat PDF format, can be downloaded from our Web site at <http://www.xephon.com/cics>; you will need to supply a word from the printed issue.

Editor

Trevor Eddolls

Disclaimer

Readers are cautioned that, although the information in this journal is presented in good faith, neither Xephon nor the organizations or individuals that supplied information in this journal give any warranty or make any representations as to the accuracy of the material it contains. Neither Xephon nor the contributing organizations or individuals accept any liability of any kind howsoever arising out of the use of such material. Readers should satisfy themselves as to the correctness and relevance to their circumstances of all advice, information, code, JCL, and other contents of this journal before making any use of it.

Contributions

When Xephon is given copyright, articles published in *CICS Update* are paid for at the rate of £170 (\$260) per 1000 words and £100 (\$160) per 100 lines of code for the first 200 lines of original material. The remaining code is paid for at the rate of £50 (\$80) per 100 lines. In addition, there is a flat fee of £30 (\$50) per article. To find out more about contributing an article, without any obligation, please download a copy of our *Notes for Contributors* from www.xephon.com/nfc.

© Xephon plc 2002. All rights reserved. None of the text in this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, without the prior permission of the copyright owner. Subscribers are free to copy any code reproduced in this publication for use in their own installations, but may not sell such code or incorporate it in any commercial product. No part of this publication may be used for any form of advertising, sales promotion, or publicity without the written permission of the publisher. Copying permits are available from Xephon in the form of pressure-sensitive labels, for application to individual copies. A pack of 240 labels costs \$36 (£24), giving a cost per copy of 15 cents (10 pence). To order, contact Xephon at any of the addresses above.

Printed in England.

Changes to EXEC CICS SIGNON for CICS Transaction Server Version 2.2

INTRODUCTION

CICS Transaction Server Version 2.2 alters the behaviour of the EXEC CICS SIGNON command. This article introduces the change and describes some coding techniques to replicate existing behaviour.

SOME BCKGROUND

The EXEC CICS SIGNON command was introduced in CICS/ESA Version 3. This enabled security managers and application programs to change the userid associated with a terminal. EXEC CICS SIGNON did not work for non-terminal transactions.

EXEC CICS SIGNON did two things:

- It altered the security identity for the terminal (updated the userid in the TCTTE, terminal control block) so that the next transaction to be initiated from the terminal ran with the new security identity.
- It changed the security identity of the currently executing transaction.

WHY CHANGE USERIDS?

Once EXEC CICS SIGNON was available, some opportunities for crafty function became available within CICS using the second effect. One could now change the userid associated with a terminal-attached transaction whilst it was running (background transactions could not do this).

Starting a non-terminal transaction

Non-terminal transactions were initiated from terminal-based transactions via EXEC CICS START commands. These background transactions inherited the userid active for the current terminal-based

transaction. In those days there was no USERID parameter on the command.

One could get the background transaction to run with a different security identity by temporarily changing the userid around the EXEC CICS START command, eg:

```
/* Save current Authority */
EXEC CICS ASSIGN USERID(u)

/* Go into new Authority */
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID('RHARRI1')

/* Start Transaction under RHARRI1 */
EXEC CICS START TRANSID('RAH1')
          INTERVAL(0) NOCHECK

/* Back to proper Authority */
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID(u)
```

Changing security identity within a terminal transaction

Another consequence was that parts of the CICS transaction instance could run under different security authorities. This was useful for signon transactions that changed into the supplied security identity after validating the supplied userid, eg:

```
/* Ask for Userid + Password */
EXEC CICS CONVERSE
/* Validate Security Identity */
.....
.....
/* Set given User */
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON
/* Continue as this User */
```

This technique was occasionally employed to provide access to some resources under a 'super-user' authority. The example below shows this type of sequence. This could engender security violations if the transaction failed.

```
/* Save current Authority */
EXEC CICS ASSIGN USERID(u)

/* Go into Super User */
```

```

EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID('RHARRI1')

/* Read Secret file under RHARRI1 */
EXEC CICS READ FILE('SECRET')
           KEY(k) INTO(a)

/* Back to proper Authority */
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID(u)

```

These techniques will not work for CICS TS 2.2

Under CICS Transaction Server Version 2.2 one cannot change the security identity (the userid) of an executing transaction. All CICS transactions, both terminal-attached and background, have a fixed security identity.

Therefore, these methods will not work. The current behaviour can be reactivated for CICS TS 2.2 only – this restoration will not work for future CICS releases.

THE PROBLEM

This use of EXEC CICS SIGNON within a terminal-attached transaction (formally within a transaction instance that has a 3270 terminal as its principal facility) raised problems associated with the consistency of security authorities. It was possible between CICS/ESA 3.1 and CICS Transaction Server 2.1 for various parts of the transaction instance to be using differing security identities to great confusion. Security violations could inadvertently arise. The second function of EXEC CICS SIGNON (affecting the running transaction) caused these problems.

It was easy enough for an application to manage security identities by knowing what was going on in the CICS environment, because the behaviour of CICS, although formally undefined, was usually predictable enough for problems not to arise.

Consider the case of reading two VSAM files below:

```

EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID('R')
EXEC CICS READ FILE('F1') KEY(k1) INTO(a1)
.....

```

```
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID('A')
EXEC CICS READ FILE('F2') KEY(k2) INTO(a2)
.....
EXEC CICS READ FILE('F1') KEY(k3) INTO(a3)
```

File F1 is read under security identity R and file F2 read under security identity A. The question is: under what security identity is the second access to F1 performed?

It's either R or A, but which one?

Full marks if you replied R and nil points for A.

As far as the application is concerned the EXEC CICS READ FILE('F1') KEY(k3) INTO(a3) command is running under the A security identity because this is what it set. However, CICS File Control actually saves the userid at first usage of a file for subsequent access in the transaction instance. So the second access to F1 is still running under the R security identity.

Somewhat confusing. But if the application programmer understood this phenomenon and CICS did not change its way of working, the behaviour could be managed. Problems arose when either of these conditions did not apply.

Even the behaviour of a distributed CICS transaction (formally, a CICS transaction instance involving a distributed Unit of Work) using MRO or LU6.2 was manageable to avoid security problems. Indeed, some applications specifically took advantage of this ambiguity in order to run a distributed transaction under differing security identities.

This situation changed with the introduction of the Resource Manager Interface for access to DB2 or MQ. Resource managers exist outside of the CICS environment, and have their own rules about security identities. Consequently, the ability of a CICS Unit of Work to change security identity became a problem because RMs could be operating under different security identities. A CICS transaction instance could have many different security identities.

In other words, security processing was undefined for terminal-attached transactions that changed security identity. This problem never arose for background (non-terminal-attached) transactions because they could never execute EXEC CICS SIGNON commands.

THE CHANGE

In CICS Transaction Server Version 2.2, the ability to run a CICS transaction to change its security identity (userid) is removed. Terminal-attached transactions, like non-terminal transactions, have a fixed (at transaction initiation) security identity.

EXEC CICS SIGNON and EXEC CICS SIGNOFF now effect only the terminal definition. They do not alter the security identity of the running transaction, only that of the next transaction initiated at the terminal.

The existing behaviour can be temporarily restored for CICS TS 2.2 only (by running program DFH\$SNPI in the PLT) – subsequent releases of CICS will enforce the static userid per transaction instance rule.

MIGRATION PLANNING

The migration plan for moving from CICS/ESA 4.1 and CICS TS 1.3 should consider this issue. Application programs should be checked for the presence of EXEC CICS SIGNON and EXEC CICS SIGNOFF commands and changed to use other techniques to comply with the fixed security identity rule. Taking action now, when the existing behaviour is still available, is preferable to postponing until a future release of CICS enforces the rule.

Finding application programs using the commands

Planning starts by finding all application programs that use EXEC CICS SIGNON or EXEC CICS SIGNOFF commands. This can be done using the Load Module Scanner, which is available for CICS TS 1.3 (this was introduced via an APAR, so, if it's not in your 1.3 code, obtain PQ52323) and CICS TS 2.2. The JCL for this is shown below:

```
//SCANNER EXEC PGM=DFHEISUP,PARM=('SUMMARY'),REGION=0M
//STEPLIB DD DSN=<CICS>.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSERR DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//DFHIN DD DSN=<your library>,DISP=SHR
//DFHFLTR DD *
SIGNOFF *
SIGNON *
/*
```

The scanner uses a lot of memory, so don't forget the REGION=0M setting.

Then you change the found programs!!! This is the more difficult part.

CHANGING PROGRAMS FOR TRANSACTIONS THAT RUN AT TERMINALS

It's all very well for me to say that once application programs have been located containing EXEC CICS SIGNON and EXEC CICS SIGNOFF commands they have got to be changed. This is not a straightforward thing to do. Each program will have to be examined and the most appropriate technique adopted.

Any modules found by the Scanner must run as terminal-attached transactions (or, at least, part of the code in the program does) as the EXEC CICS SIGNON and EXEC CICS SIGNOFF commands do not work for background transactions.

The cases presented earlier in this article have to be reworked according to what they need to accomplish. Here are some code changes that will be required.

Starting a non-terminal transaction with a given security identity

Our very first example showed code for starting a non-terminal transaction under a different security identity. This is the easiest code change to make as the whole sequence is replaced by the USERID parameter on the EXEC CICS START command.

The code required is shown below. This assumes that the new userid exists and can execute the initiated transaction.

```
/* Start under a new Identity */  
EXEC CICS START TRANSID('RAH1')  
           USERID('RHARRI1')  
           INTERVAL(0) NOCHECK
```

Starting a transaction that is to run next at the terminal with another security identity

When starting a transaction that is to run next at the terminal with another security identity, the terminal itself is going to have a new

security identity for the next (and all subsequent) activity. This is processing for EXEC CICS SIGNON and EXEC CICS SIGNOFF commands that are unchanged (the first case) in CICS TS 2.2.

The example code below shows the security identity being altered in the terminal control block so subsequent transactions initiated at the terminal acquire this (new, quoted) security identity.

```
/* Assume Current Identity is RAH */

/* Change Security Identity for Terminal */
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID('RHARRI1')
/* Start more Transactions under RHARRI1 */
EXEC CICS START TRANSID('RAH1')
                INTERVAL(Ø) NOCHECK
                TERMID(eibtrmid)

/* Current Transaction still using RAH */
```

Recall that the TERMID and USERID settings on the EXEC CICS START command are mutually exclusive.

Continuing a transaction at the terminal with a different security identity

Below is the coding sequence for starting a new transaction at the terminal without the possibility of an intervening transaction or input interrupting processing. This technique is used for normal transaction continuation – now it is being used to change security identity in the second transaction.

```
/* Assume Current Identity is RAH */

/* Change Security Identity for Terminal */
EXEC CICS SIGNOFF
EXEC CICS SIGNON USERID('RHARRI1')
/* Continue in new Transaction under RHARRI1 */
EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID('RAH1')
                IMMEDIATE
```

This technique is very similar to the previous case, except that an EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID is issued with the IMMEDIATE keyword. As the terminal's security identity has been changed, this second transaction will use the new userid.

Coding a signon transaction

The code shown in the second example above should be replaced with

two transactions based on the technique shown above. The first transaction will:

- Request a userid and password.
- Validate it.
- EXEC CICS SIGNOFF/SIGNON the terminal to the requested security identity.
- EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID(second) IMMEDIATE.

The second transaction will run under the required security identity to continue initial set-up processing for the user.

Temporarily changing into super-user mode at the terminal

Changing into super-user mode at a terminal is now very difficult to achieve under CICS TS 2.2 because the general philosophy is to run everything for a transaction instance with a fixed security identity.

One way to achieve super-user functionality at the terminal is to use EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID() IMMEDIATE techniques to split up the existing transaction into several smaller ones, which will run sequentially at the terminal, passing information between themselves. However, this means that instead of a single Unit Of Work there will now be several. This might affect LU6.2 and distributed transaction activity as well as altering recoverability aspects of current processing.

An alternative approach is to spin off separate transactions to do super-user related work in the background, returning information to the original transaction. This technique has its own difficulties associated with synchronization and extended processing. The Business Transaction Service facilities of CICS can be used to assist in the coupling of transactions.

Starting a transaction at a second terminal with a different security identity from that currently being used at the first terminal

Starting a transaction at another terminal with a different security identity from that currently being used at the first terminal has never been available within CICS, and you still cannot do it! On the EXEC CICS START command the TERMID and USERID parameters are

mutually exclusive. Therefore, you can only start a transaction at another terminal using the security identity currently associated with that terminal.

However, once you have got a transaction running at this other terminal, it can always change the security identity.

CONCLUSION

The change in behaviour of EXEC CICS SIGNON to affect only a terminal and not the currently executing Transaction for CICS Transaction Server 2.2 requires:

- Changes to application programs.
- Migration planning, which should deal with this problem sooner rather than later.
- Some solutions that have been outlined in this article.

Robert Harris
CICS Technical Planning Team
IBM (UK)

© IBM 2002

Upper case translation for accented characters

Coding UCTRAN (upper case translation) for a terminal (RDO TYPETERM) or a transaction (RDO PROFILE) brings into play a 256-byte translation table addressed by the TCT prefix. The hexadecimal value of each character, from X'00' to X'FF', is treated as an offset into the table, and is replaced by whatever character is found at that offset. For example, the lower case letter 'a' (X'81') points to offset X'81', where an upper case 'A' (X'C1') is found.

Users of TMON for CICS can issue the following command string to look at a running CICS region's UCTRAN table; once found, it can also be altered:

```
=5;3;SEL=TCTFX;FLD=TCTVTRTA;B
```

Or, in other words, the field TCTVTRTA in the TCT prefix contains the address of the UCTRAN table. Any alteration takes effect immediately but, of course, lasts only until the region comes down.

Why would you want to alter the UCTRAN table? One reason might be that users are entering non-English names containing accented characters, while the default table translates only the standard set of unaccented lower case characters.

The two 'dummy' TCTs which follow show how macros can be used to override the default UCTRAN table. Note that either macro may also be used in an existing TCT table; in either case, the UCTRAN macro should immediately follow the TYPE=INITIAL DFHTCT macro.

The first, DFHTCT99, translates accented lower case characters to accented upper case; accented characters already in upper case are left unaltered. The second, DFHTCT98, does away with accented characters altogether, converting them to unaccented upper case. Both continue to translate unaccented lower case characters, of course.

DFHTCT99

```

MACRO
UCACCENT
DFHUCTR CSECT                                RESUME UCTRAN TABLE CSECT
.* TRANSLATE LOWER-CASE ACCENTED CHARACTERS TO UPPER-CASE ACCENTED.
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'42'                          REPLACE: HEX 42-49
  DC X'6263646566676869'                      WITH: HEX 62-69
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'51'                          REPLACE: HEX 51-58
  DC X'7172737475767778'                      WITH: HEX 71-78
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'8D'                          REPLACE: HEX 8D
  DC X'AD'                                      WITH: HEX AD
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'CB'                          REPLACE: HEX CB-CF
  DC X'EBECEDEEEF'                            WITH: HEX EB-EF
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'DB'                          REPLACE: HEX DB-DE
  DC X'FBFCDFE'                                WITH: HEX FB-FE
  ORG ,                                         RESTORE THE LOCATION COUNTER.
&SYSLOC LOCTR                                 RESUME PREVIOUS LOCATION
MEND                                           END OF MACRO DEFINITION
*
DFHTCT TYPE=INITIAL,SUFFIX=99,                *
MIGRATE=COMPLETE,                             *
ACCMETH=(VTAM),                               *
DUMMY=DUMMY
*
```

```

*          UCACCENT                      UCTRAN FOR ALL ACCENTED CHARS.

          DFHTCT TYPE=FINAL
          END DFHTCTBA

```

DFHTCT98

```

          MACRO
          UCACCENT
DFHUCTRT CSECT                      RESUME UCTRAN TABLE CSECT
.* TRANSLATE LOWER-CASE ACCENTED CHARACTERS TO UPPER-CASE NO ACCENT.
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'42'                REPLACE: HEX 42-49
  DC  C'AAAAAACN'                   WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'51'                REPLACE: HEX 51-58
  DC  C'EEEEIIII'                   WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'62'                REPLACE: HEX 62-69
  DC  C'AAAAAACN'                   WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'71'                REPLACE: HEX 71-78
  DC  C'EEEEIIII'                   WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'8D'                REPLACE: HEX 8D
  DC  C'Y'                           WITH: Y
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'9A'                REPLACE: HEX 9A-9B
  DC  C'AO'                          WITH: AO
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'AD'                REPLACE: HEX AD
  DC  C'Y'                           WITH: Y
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'CB'                REPLACE: HEX CB-CF
  DC  C'00000'                       WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'DB'                REPLACE: HEX DB-DF
  DC  C'UUUUUY'                       WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'EB'                REPLACE: HEX EB-EF
  DC  C'00000'                       WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG TCZUCTAB+X'FB'                REPLACE: HEX FB-FE
  DC  C'UUUU'                         WITH: CHARACTERS
  ORG ,                               RESTORE THE LOCATION COUNTER.
&SYSLOC LOCTR                       RESUME PREVIOUS LOCATION
  MEND                               END OF MACRO DEFINITION
*
          DFHTCT TYPE=INITIAL,SUFFIX=98,
          MIGRATE=COMPLETE,
          ACCMETH=(VTAM),
          DUMMY=DUMMY
*
          UCACCENT                      UCTRAN FOR ALL ACCENTED CHARS.
*
          DFHTCT TYPE=FINAL
          END DFHTCTBA

```

Taras Wolansky
Technical Consultant (USA)

© Xephon 2002

Migrating from HSM to cryptographic co-processor

At many IBM mainframe sites, an HSM Racal Box is used for PIN verification. A cryptographic co-processor can also be used for this purpose. This facility is supplied within IBM mainframes; to exploit this facility, the cryptographic co-processor should be enabled and ICSF (Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility) should be installed.

To migrate from HSM to a co-processor, the first thing to do after installing ICSF is transfer the Zone PIN Keys (ZPK) from HSM to ICSF. These keys are used as IPINENC (input PIN-encrypting key) or OPINENC (output PIN-encrypting key) in ICSF. If the unencrypted values of the keys are known, they can be directly loaded to ICSF.

However, if you know only the ZPK values that are encrypted under the HSM master key, first you should export the Zone PIN Keys from HSM and then import those keys into ICSF as IPINENC or OPINENC.

The following is an example online program for reformatting a PIN Key by using ICSF APIs.

Note: to compile a program that will use ICSF APIs, the dataset CSF.SCSFMOD0 should be included as the SYSLIB DDname of the link step.

```
*****
* THIS PROGRAM; REFORMATS A PIN THAT IS ENCRYPTED UNDER      *
*                   AN IPINENC KEY (ACQWK1), ENCRYPTS THE     *
*                   REFORMATTED PIN UNDER AN OPINENC KEY (ISSWK1), *
*                   AND DISPLAYS THE OUTPUT.                  *
*                   *                                         *
*                   INPUT  PIN BLOCK FORMAT: HSM PIN BLOK FORMAT 01 *
*                   OUTPUT PIN BLOCK FORMAT: HSM PIN BLOK FORMAT 03 *
*****
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. PINTEST.
AUTHOR.      ERHAN PASA
ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
SOURCE-COMPUTER.  IBM-Z67.
OBJECT-COMPUTER.  IBM-Z67.
DATA DIVISION.
FILE SECTION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
```

***** DEFINE SAPI INPUT/OUTPUT PARAMETERS *****

```

Ø1 SAPI-REC.
  Ø5 RETURN-CODE-S          PIC          9(Ø8) COMP.
  Ø5 REASON-CODE-S         PIC          9(Ø8) COMP.
  Ø5 EXIT-DATA-LENGTH-S    PIC          9(Ø8) COMP.
  Ø5 EXIT-DATA-S           PIC          X(Ø4).
  Ø5 RULE-ARRAY-COUNT-S    PIC          9(Ø8) COMP.
  Ø5 RULE-ARRAY-S.
    1Ø RULE-ARRAY          PIC          X(Ø8).
  Ø5 IPINENC-ID            PIC          X(64)
    VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 OPINENC-ID            PIC          X(64)
    VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 PIN-BLOCK-IN          PIC          X(8)
    VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 PIN-BLOCK-OUT         PIC          X(8)
    VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 INP-PIN-PROFILE.
    1Ø INP-PIN-PROF-A1     PIC          X(8)
      VALUE LOW-VALUES.
    1Ø INP-PIN-PROF-A2     PIC          X(8)
      VALUE LOW-VALUES.
    1Ø INP-PIN-PROF-A3     PIC          X(8)
      VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 PAN-DATA-IN           PIC          X(12)
    VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 OUT-PIN-PROFILE.
    1Ø OUT-PIN-PROF-A1     PIC          X(8)
      VALUE LOW-VALUES.
    1Ø OUT-PIN-PROF-A2     PIC          X(8)
      VALUE LOW-VALUES.
    1Ø OUT-PIN-PROF-A3     PIC          X(8)
      VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 PAN-DATA-OUT          PIC          X(12)
    VALUE LOW-VALUES.
  Ø5 SEQ-NO                PIC          9(Ø8) COMP.

```

*

```

PROCEDURE DIVISION.
MAIN-RTN.

```

*

```

* ONLY THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS CAN BE CHANGED FOR THE TESTS, *
* BECAUSE THESE ARE THE VARIABLES THAT WILL BE INPUT FROM   *
* OUTSIDE OF THE SYSTEM. THE OTHER PARAMETERS ARE STATIC.   *
*           PIN-BLOCK-IN, PAN-DATA-IN                         *
*

```

*

```

* THE OTHER PARAMETERS SHOULD NOT BE CHANGED EVEN IN A REAL *
* PRODUCTION PROGRAM.                                       *

```

```

      MOVE Ø                TO EXIT-DATA-LENGTH-S.
      MOVE LOW-VALUES       TO EXIT-DATA-S.

```

```

*-----
* IPINENC-ID : THE PIN ENCRYPTING KEY LABEL
*             UNDER WHICH THE INCOMING PIN IS ENCRYPTED.
*
*             MOVE 'ACQWK1'                TO IPINENC-ID.
*-----
* OPINENC-ID : THE PIN ENCRYPTING KEY LABEL THAT WILL BE USED
*             FOR ENCRYPTING THE INCOMING PIN AFTER IT IS
*             REFORMATTED.
*
*             MOVE 'ISSWK1'                TO OPINENC-ID.
*-----
* PIN-BLOCK-IN : INCOMING PIN BLOCK
*             MOVE X'345989AB84F984CF' TO PIN-BLOCK-IN.
*-----
* RULE-ARRAY-... : THE PARAMETERS THAT ARE NEEDED FOR
*                 REFORMATTING AND ENCRYPTING THE INCOMING
*                 PIN UNDER A DIFFERENT KEY.
*
*             MOVE 1                      TO RULE-ARRAY-COUNT-S.
*             MOVE 'REFORMAT'            TO RULE-ARRAY-S.
*-----
* INP-PIN-PROF-XX : THE PARAMETERS THAT ARE NEEDED FOR
*                 HSM PIN BLOK FORMAT 01. THIS IS
*                 THE INPUT PIN BLOCK FORMAT.
*                 (THE VALUE OF 'INP-PIN-PROF-A3'
*                 PARAMETER IS NOT IMPORTANT.
*
*             MOVE 'ISO-0'                TO INP-PIN-PROF-A1.
*             MOVE 'NONE'                 TO INP-PIN-PROF-A2.
*             MOVE ' F'                   TO INP-PIN-PROF-A3.
*-----
* PAN-DATA-IN : THE RIGHTMOST 12 DIGIT OF THE ACCOUNT NUMBER
*             EXCEPT THE CHECK DIGIT.
*             Example: PAN: '5534FB9879AC0262'
*             PAN-DATA-IN : '4FB9879AC026'
*             MOVE '4FB9879AC026'        TO PAN-DATA-IN.
*-----
* OUT-PIN-PROF-XX : THE PARAMETERS THAT ARE NEEDED FOR
*                 HSM PIN BLOK FORMAT 03. THIS IS
*                 THE OUTPUT PIN BLOCK FORMAT.
*
*             MOVE 'VISA-3'               TO OUT-PIN-PROF-A1.
*             MOVE 'NONE'                 TO OUT-PIN-PROF-A2.
*             MOVE ' F'                   TO OUT-PIN-PROF-A3.
*-----
* PAN-DATA-OUT : THE VALUE OF THIS PARAMETER IS NOT IMPORTANT.
*             MOVE '000000000000'        TO PAN-DATA-OUT.
*-----
* SEQ-NO : THE VALUE OF THIS PARAMETER IS NOT IMPORTANT.
*             MOVE 0                      TO SEQ-NO.
***** BEGIN - TRANSLATE PIN *****
*             CALL 'CSFPTR' USING RETURN-CODE-S
*             REASON-CODE-S

```

```

EXIT-DATA-LENGTH-S
EXIT-DATA-S
IPINENC-ID
OPINENC-ID
INP-PIN-PROFILE
PAN-DATA-IN
PIN-BLOCK-IN
RULE-ARRAY-COUNT-S
RULE-ARRAY-S
OUT-PIN-PROFILE
PAN-DATA-OUT
SEQ-NO
PIN-BLOCK-OUT.
IF RETURN-CODE-S NOT = 0 OR
REASON-CODE-S > 4 THEN
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT('*** TRANSLATE UNSUCCESSFULL ***')
END-EXEC
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT('*** RETURN-CODE = ')
END-EXEC
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT(RETURN-CODE-S)
END-EXEC
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT('*** REASON-CODE = ')
END-EXEC
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT(REASON-CODE-S)
END-EXEC
ELSE
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT('*** TRANSLATE SUCCESSFULL ***')
END-EXEC
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT('*** COMP TEXT ==>')
END-EXEC
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT(PIN-BLOCK-OUT)
END-EXEC.
***** END - TRANSLATE PIN *****
EXEC CICS
WRITE OPER TEXT('*** TEST PROGRAM ENDED ***')
END-EXEC
DISPLAY '*** TEST PROGRAM ENDED ***'
STOP RUN.

```

Erhan Pasa
Senior System Programmer
Aknet AS (Turkey)

© Xephon 2002

Use IBM's Time Machine and the CWA

To change the time and date in a CICS test environment, it's simplest and most effective to use a tool. So we looked for a suitable product, and the best and simplest tool we could find was IBM's Time Machine. The tool is available via the Web as a CICS SupportPac.

However, a lot of our applications use the CWA to obtain the date and time, and they don't work with 'EXEC CICS ASKTIME.....'. This seemed to mean that we couldn't use Time Machine from IBM. Fortunately this wasn't the case!

What can we do? First let's have a look at the way we administer the CWA. All relevant data is mentioned in a definition-chained area called CSCWAA.

```

          EJECT
*-----*
*      C I C S      C W A - R E G I O N      *
*      INCLUDE-ELEMENT  FOR ASM  PROGRAM  CSCWAA      *
*-----*
*      ADDRESSING      :      EXEC CICS ADDRESS CWA(CWAPTR)      *
*      WARNING         :      NO CHANGES ALLOWED - READ-ONLY      *
*                               CWAPTR MUST BE DEFINED      *
*-----*
          SPACE 3
          USING CWADSECT,CWAPTR
          SPACE 3
CWAADSECT  DSECT
          SPACE 3
CWAAREA   DS    ØCL1536          CWA-AREA
          SPACE 1
CWAECSA   DC    AL4(Ø)          POINTER ECSA-CTL-AREA
CWAENQA   DC    AL4(Ø)          POINTER ECSA ENQ-AREA
CWATSYS   DC    CL4' '          TERMINAL-SYSID FOR CWACICID
CWASYSID  DC    CL4' '          ORIGINAL SYSTEM-ID
CWAPPLID  DC    CL8' '          ORIGINAL APPLICATION-ID
CWANCVT   DC    AL4(Ø)          POINTER NLV-CVT
CWA_PTR_CUATR DC    AL4(Ø)      ADDRESS D.CUA-TRANSACTIONSTABELLE
CWA_CICSLEVEL DC    ØCL4' '      CICS-LEVEL 'Ø311' OR 'Ø33Ø'
CWA_CICSLEV DC    CL1' '          CICS-LEVEL
CWA_CICSVER DC    CL1' '          CICS-VERSION
CWA_CICSREL DC    CL1' '          CICS-RELEASE
CWA_CICSMOD DC    CL1' '          CICS-MODIFICATION
CWA_CMFSTOP DC    PL4'Ø'        STOP-TIME FOR CMF-EVENTS HHMSSTC
          DS    XL56Ø          .....  FREI  .....

```

	DS	XL12Ø FREI
	DS	XL22 FREI
CWACICTX	DC	CL4' '	CICS-ID-BESCHREIBUNG
CWACICID	DC	CL1' '	CICS-ID
CWA\$PROD	EQU	C'P'	.. PROD
CWA\$TEST	EQU	C'T'	.. TEST
CWA\$VPRD	EQU	C'V'	.. VORPROD
CWA\$BOST	EQU	C'S'	.. SYSTEM-CICS
CWACICNR	DC	CL1' '	CICS-NR
CWA\$TERM	EQU	C'T'	.. TERMINAL
CWA\$VSAM	EQU	C'V'	.. DATASET VSAM
CWA\$PAIS	EQU	C'P'	.. PAISY
CWA\$ODM	EQU	C'O'	.. ODM
CWA\$PROB	EQU	C'9'	.. APPLICATION 9 / PROBLEMCICS
CWA\$APPL	EQU	C'Ø'	.. APPLICATION ØØ-Ø9
* \$APPL	EQU	????	.. APPLICATION A-C
* \$APPL	EQU	????	.. APPLICATION E-0
* \$APPL	EQU	????	.. APPLICATION Q-S
* \$APPL	EQU	????	.. APPLICATION U-Z
CWADATUM	DC	CL8' '	DATUM FORMAT TT.MM.JJ
CWACTMJ	DC	CL6' '	DATUM TTMMJJ
CWAPTMJ	DC	PL4'Ø'	DATUM ØTTMMJJC
CWACJMT	DC	CL6' '	DATUM JJMMTT
CWAPJMT	DC	PL4'Ø'	DATUM ØJJMMTTC
CWACTMJ4	DC	CL8' '	DATUM TTMMJJJJ
CWAPTMJ4	DC	PL5'Ø'	DATUM ØTTMMJJJJC
CWACJ4MT	DC	CL8' '	DATUM JJJJMMTT
CWAPJ4MT	DC	PL5'Ø'	DATUM ØJJJJMMTTC
CWACMJ	DC	CL4' '	DATUM MMJJ
CWAPMJ	DC	PL3'Ø'	DATUM ØMMJJC
CWACJM	DC	CL4' '	DATUM JJMM
CWAPJM	DC	PL3'Ø'	DATUM ØJJMMC
CWACMJ4	DC	CL6' '	DATUM MMJJJJ
CWAPMJ4	DC	PL4'Ø'	DATUM ØMMJJJJC
CWACJ4M	DC	CL6' '	DATUM JJJJMM
CWAPJ4M	DC	PL4'Ø'	DATUM ØJJJJMMC
CWACT3J	DC	CL5' '	DATUM TTTJJ
CWAPT3J	DC	PL3'Ø'	DATUM TTTJJJC
CWACJT3	DC	CL5' '	DATUM JJTTT
CWAPJT3	DC	PL3'Ø'	DATUM JJTTTC
CWACT3J4	DC	CL7' '	DATUM TTTJJJJ
CWAPT3J4	DC	PL4'Ø'	DATUM TTTJJJJC
CWACJ4T3	DC	CL7' '	DATUM JJJJTTT
CWAPJ4T3	DC	PL4'Ø'	DATUM JJJJTTTC
CWAZEIT	DC	CL5' '	UHRZEIT SS:MM
CWATABLE	DS	ØCL24	,+Ø123456789-,Ø123456789
CWATAB1	DS	ØCL13	TABELLE 1 /,+/Ø123456789/-/
CWATAB2	DS	ØCL12	TABELLE 2 /,+/Ø123456789/
CWACHK01	DC	C','	
CWATAB3	DS	ØCL12	TABELLE 3 /,+/Ø123456789/-/
CWATAB4	DS	ØCL11	TABELLE 4 /,+/Ø123456789/

```

CWACHARP      DC      C'+ '
CWATAB5       DS      ØCL12      TABELLE 5 /Ø123456789/-/,/
CWATAB6       DS      ØCL11      TABELLE 6 /Ø123456789/-/
CWATAB7       DS      ØCL1Ø      TABELLE 7 /Ø123456789/
CWACHØ9       DC      C'Ø123456789'
CWACHARM      DC      C'-'
CWATAB8       DS      ØCL11      TABELLE 8 /, /Ø123456789/
CWACHKØ2      DC      C', '
CWACHØ92      DC      C'Ø123456789'
CWAZEITP      DC      PL4'Ø'      UHRZEIT HHMMSSCT
CWADAY        DC      CL1Ø' '      WOCHENTAG
CWAMONTH      DC      CL9' '      MONAT
CWA_PTR_FTT   DC      AL4(Ø)      ADDRESS D. FUNKTIONSTASTENTABELLE
CWA_PTR_ANT   DC      AL4(Ø)      ADDRESS THE AKTIONSNAMENTABELLE
CWA_INFOCICS  DC      C' '      INFO-CICS IDENTIFIER
CWA_INFOCICS_Y EQU     C'Y'      INFO-CICS IDENTIFIER -JA-
CWA_INFOCICS_N EQU     C' '      INFO-CICS IDENTIFIER -NEIN-
CWA_DATUM_JJJJ DC     CL1Ø' '      DATE FORMAT TT.MM.JJJJ
              SPACE 1
CWAAREAE      EQU     *          END CWA DEFINITIONS
              SPACE 5

```

```

*-----*
*          END OF THE CICS CWA_AREAS          *
*-----*

```

```

*          START OF DSECT FOR FUNKTIONSTASTENTABELLE          *
*          ADDRESS "CWA_PTR_FTT"          *
*-----*

```

```

CWAFTTDSECT   DSECT
CWA_FTT_TASTE DC   XL1'Ø'      TASTENIDENTIFIKATION
CWA_FTT_AKTION DC   CL16' '      KURZBEZEICHNUNG DER TASTE
*                                     BSP. : HILFE
CWA_FTT_ANZEIGE DC   CL2Ø' '      TEXT FOR THE FUNKTIONS
*                                     TASTENBLOCK EINES BILDES
*                                     BSP. : F1=HILFE
CWA_FTT_PFKEY DC   CL4' '      PF-TASTE Z.B. "PF1 "
CWA_FTT_KURZTEXT DC   CL8' '      TASTENKUERZEL FOR POP-UP-MENUS
*                                     BSP. : F12=ABBR
CWA_FTT_TEXT   DS   CL2Ø7      DESCRIPTION DER AKTION
CWAFTTDSECTE  EQU   *
CWAFTTANZAHL  EQU   3Ø        NUMBER OF TABELLENEINTRAEGE FTT
              SPACE 2

```

```

*-----*
*          END OF THE DSECT FOR FUNKTIONSTASTENTABELLE          *
*-----*

```

```

*          BEGIN THE DSECT FOR AKTIONSNAMENTABELLE          *
*          ADDRESS "CWA_PTR_ANT"          *
*-----*

```

```

CWAANTDSECT DSECT
CWA_ANT_HILFE      DS CL16      HELP TEXT
CWA_ANT_TASTEN     DS CL16      DISPLAY THE TASTENBELEGUNG
CWA_ANT_AUSGANG    DS CL16      END A FUNCTION

```

CWA_ANT_REFRESH	DS CL16	RESTORE
CWA_ANT_UPDATE	DS CL16	DATA SOURCE
CWA_ANT RUECKWAERTS	DS CL16	BACKWARDS BROWSE
CWA_ANT_VORWAERTS	DS CL16	FORWARDS BROWSE
CWA_ANT_AKTION	DS CL16	ACTIVATE ACTIONBAR
CWA_ANT_UNTERBRECHEN	DS CL16	VORGANGSUNTERBRECHUNG
CWA_ANT_ABBRUCH	DS CL16	ABORT
CWA_ANT_EINSTIEG	DS CL16	BACK TO EINSTIEGSBILD
CWA_ANT_AUSWAHL	DS CL16	BACK TO AUSWAHLBILD
CWA_ANT_SICHERN	DS CL16	FREEZE THE DATA
CWA_ANT_LINKS	DS CL16	LEFT-SIDE PAGES
CWA_ANT_RECHTS	DS CL16	RIGHT-SIDE PAGES
CWA_ANT_ANFANG	DS CL16	SHOW THE FIRST SIDE
CWA_ANT_SCHLUSS	DS CL16	SHOW THE OTHER SIDE
CWA_ANT_ABMELDEN	DS CL16	ZSS-ABMELDUNG
CWA_ANT_DRUCKEN	DS CL16	PRINT (PA2)
CWA_ANT_LOESCHEN	DS CL16	OUTPUT TO SCREEN
CWA_ANT_DATENFREIGABE	DS CL16	DATENFREIGABE
CWA_ANT_HILFE_ANLEGEN	DS CL16	BOSHELP HELP START
CWA_ANT_SUCHEN	DS CL16	SEARCH
CWA_ANT_EURODM	DS CL16	CONVERT EURO/DM
CWAANTDSECTE	EQU *	

* END OF THE DSECT FOR AKTIONSNAMENTABELLE *

This area is supplied via the program CSCWAUPD.

```

*ASM XOPTS(CICS,EDF,NOEPILOG,SP)
CSCWAUPD TITLE '- UPDATE SEVERAL CWA-FIELDS'
          SPACE 1
*-----*
*                          C S C W A U P D                          *
*-----*
*  WARNING:  PROGRAM MUST BE LINKED  AMODE=31 / RMODE=ANY          *
*          AT MIDNIGHT - SEVERAL CWA-FIELDS MUST BE UPDATED      *
*          FOR CICS SYSTEMS THAT RUNS LONGER THAN 24 HOURS.      *
*          THIS PROGRAM IS CALLED VIA TRANSACTION 'NCWA',          *
*          IN PLT-PROCESSING OR IF IBM'S TIME MACHINE WAS          *
*          USED.                                                      *
*          AN INFORMATION-MESSAGE DURING THIS PROCESS AT          *
*          SYSTEM-CONSOLE IS ALSO AVAILABLE.                      *
*-----*
          EJECT
*-----*
          ++INCLUDE CSCWAA                                          *
          EJECT 1                                                      *
DFHEISTG  DSECT                                                      *
EIS_RESP  DC      F'Ø'                                              *
          RESPONSE FIELD FROM E.C.REQUEST                          *
EIS_DOWO  DC      D'Ø'                                              *
          DOUBLE-WORD                                                  *
EIS_YYDDD DC      CL6'YY.DDD'                                      *
          WORK-FIELD FOR FORMATTIME                                  *

```

```

EIS_HHMMSSC DC CL6' ' WORK-FIELD FOR FORMATTIME
EIS_HHMMSS DC PL8'Ø' WORK-FIELD FOR FORMATTIME
EIS_MM DC AL4(Ø) WORK-FIELD FOR FORMATTIME
EIS_WORKFLD DC CL5' ' WORK-FIELD FOR CONVERT
EIS_TIME DS CL7 VALUE FOR TIME CONVERT
EIS_DAYINDX DC F'Ø' DAY OF WEEK
EIS_MSG DC CL1ØØ' ' MESSAGE-FIELD FOR WTO-COMMAND
EIS_SYSID DC CL4' ' SYSTEM ID
EIS_APPLID DC CL8' ' APPLID FROM DFHSIT..
EIS_YEAR DS F WORK-FIELD FOR FORMATTIME
CSCWAUPD DFHEIENT CODEREG=R1Ø, DATAREG=R12
CSCWAUPD AMODE ANY
CSCWAUPD RMODE ANY
EJECT

```

```

*-----*
* REFRESH NLV CWA VALUES *
*-----*
EXEC CICS ASSIGN APPLID (EIS_APPLID) *
SYSID (EIS_SYSID) *
EXEC CICS ADDRESS CWA (CWAPTR) *
EXEC CICS ASKTIME ABSTIME (EIS_DOWO) *
EXEC CICS FORMATTIME ABSTIME (EIS_DOWO) *
DDMMYY (CWADATUM) *
YYDDD (EIS_YYDDD) *
DATESEP ('.') *
DAYOFWEEK (EIS_DAYINDX) *
MONTHOFYEAR (EIS_MM) *
TIME (EIS_HHMMSSC) *
YEAR (EIS_YEAR) ,
L R5,EIS_YEAR YEAR IN BINARY
CVD R5,EIS_DOWO CONVERT TO DECIMAL
OI EIS_DOWO+L'EIS_DOWO-1,X'ØF'
UNPK EIS_YEAR,EIS_DOWO YEAR in CHARACTER *
EXEC CICS INQUIRE SYSTEM *
RELEASE (CWA_CICSLEVEL)
PACK EIS_HHMMSS,EIS_HHMMSSC(6) CONVERT CHAR TO PACKED
MP EIS_HHMMSS,=P'1Ø' SET TIME VALUE HHMSST
MVC CWAPPLID,EIS_APPLID SAVE ORIGINAL APPLID IN CWA
MVC CWASYSID,EIS_SYSID SAVE ORIGINAL SYSID IN CWA
MVC CWACICID,EIS_APPLID+4 MRO CICS-ID FROM APPLID
MVC CWACICNR,EIS_APPLID+5 MRO CICS-NR FROM APPLID
LA R5,SYSIDTAB CICS-ID-BESCHR.-TABELLE
LH R7,=Y((SYSIDTBE-SYSIDTAB)/L'SYSIDTAB) NBR. TAB-ENTRIES
CWACONT2 DS ØH
CLC CWACICID,Ø(R5) CICS-ID FOUND ?
BNE CWACONT3 NO...COMPARE NEXT ONE
MVC CWACICTX,1(R5) CICS-ID-DESCRIPTION
B CWACONT4 SKIP OUTSIDE LOOP
CWACONT3 DS ØH
LA R5,L'SYSIDTAB(,R5) POINT TO NEXT SYSID-ENTRY
BCT R7,CWACONT2 LOOP (MAX. SYSIDTAB-ENTRIES)

```

```

CWACONT4 DS      ØH
          MVC     CWACTMJ(2),CWADATUM  DATE CHAR  TTMMJJ
          MVC     CWACTMJ+2(2),CWADATUM+3
          MVC     CWACTMJ+4(2),CWADATUM+6
          PACK    CWAPTMJ,CWACTMJ      DATE PACKED ØTTMMJJC
          ZAP     CWAPTMJ,CWAPTMJ
          MVC     CWACJMT(2),CWADATUM+6 DATE CHAR  JJMMTT
          MVC     CWACJMT+2(2),CWADATUM+3
MVC      CWACJMT+4(2),CWADATUM
          PACK    CWAPJMT,CWACJMT      DATE PACKED ØJJMMTTC
          ZAP     CWAPJMT,CWAPJMT
          MVC     CWACTMJ4(6),CWACTMJ  DATE CHAR TTMMJJJJ
          MVC     CWACTMJ4+6(2),CWACTMJ+4
          MVC     CWACTMJ4+4(2),EIS_YEAR
          PACK    CWAPTMJ4,CWACTMJ4
          ZAP     CWAPTMJ4,CWAPTMJ4
MVC      CWACJ4MT+2(6),CWACJMT DATE CHAR JJJJMMTT
          MVC     CWACJ4MT(2),EIS_YEAR
          PACK    CWAPJ4MT,CWACJ4MT
          ZAP     CWAPJ4MT,CWAPJ4MT
          MVC     CWACMJ,CWACTMJ+2    DATE MMJJ
          PACK    CWAPMJ,CWACMJ
          ZAP     CWAPMJ,CWAPMJ
          MVC     CWACJM,CWACJMT      DATE JJMM
          PACK    CWAPJM,CWACJM
          ZAP     CWAPJM,CWAPJM
          MVC     CWACMJ4,CWACTMJ4+2  DATE MMJJJJ
          PACK    CWAPMJ4,CWACMJ4
          ZAP     CWAPMJ4,CWAPMJ4
          MVC     CWACJ4M,CWACJ4MT    DATE JJJJMM
          PACK    CWAPJ4M,CWACJ4M
          ZAP     CWAPJ4M,CWAPJ4M
          MVC     EIS_WORKFLD+Ø(2),EIS_YYDDD  GET YY FROM FORMATTIME
          MVC     EIS_WORKFLD+2(3),EIS_YYDDD+3 GET DDD FROM FORMATTI
          PACK    CWAPJT3,EIS_WORKFLD    DATE JJTTT
          UNPK   CWACJT3,CWAPJT3
          OI     CWACJT3+4,X'FØ'
          PACK    CWAPJT3,CWACJT3
          ZAP     CWAPJT3,CWAPJT3
          MVC     CWACT3J(3),CWACJT3+2  DATE TTTJJ
          MVC     CWACT3J+3(2),CWACJT3
          PACK    CWAPT3J,CWACT3J
          ZAP     CWAPT3J,CWAPT3J
          MVC     CWACT3J4(3),CWACT3J  DATE TTTJJJJ
          MVC     CWACT3J4+3(2),EIS_YEAR
          MVC     CWACT3J4+5(2),CWACT3J+3
          PACK    CWAPT3J4,CWACT3J4
          ZAP     CWAPT3J4,CWAPT3J4
          MVC     CWACJ4T3+2(5),CWACJT3  DATE JJJJTTT
          MVC     CWACJ4T3(2),EIS_YEAR
          PACK    CWAPJ4T3,CWACJ4T3

```

```

ZAP    CWAPJ4T3,CWAPJ4T3
UNPK   EIS_TIME,EIS_HHMMSS      TIME SS:MM
MVC    CWAZEIT(2),EIS_TIME
MVI    CWAZEIT+2,C': '
MVC    CWAZEIT+3(2),EIS_TIME+2
MVI    CWACHK01,C', '           PERFORM NUMERIC TABLES
MVI    CWACHARP,C'+ '
MVC    CWACH09,=C'0123456789'
MVI    CWACHARM,C'- '
MVI    CWACHK02,C', '
MVC    CWACH092,=C'0123456789'
ZAP    CWAZEITP,EIS_HHMMSS      UHRZEIT HHMMSSTC
ICM    R5,B'1111',EIS_DAYINDX  DAY OF WEEK
MH     R5,=Y(L'DAYTAB)         OFFSET OF WEEKTAB
LA     R5,DAYTAB(R5)           ADDR OF WEEK-DAY
MVC    CWADAY,0(R5)           MOVE CURRENT WEEK-DAY
ICM    R5,B'1111',EIS_MM       MONTH OF YEAR
BCTR   R5,0                   OFFSET-VALUE
MH     R5,=Y(L'MONHTAB)       OFFSET OF MONTH
LA     R5,MONTHTAB(R5)        ADDR OF MONTH
MVC    CWAMONTH,0(R5)         MOVE CURRENT MONTH
MVC    CWATSYS+0(2),EIS_APPLID+3 GET PREFIX FROM APPLID
MVC    CWATSYS+2(2),=C'T0'     GET SUFFIX FROM LITERAL
ZAP    CWA_CMFSTOP,=PL4'08000000' STOP-TIME FOR CMF-EVENTS
MVC    CWA_DATUM_JJJJ+0(6),CWADATUM
MVC    CWA_DATUM_JJJJ+6(2),EIS_YEAR
MVC    CWA_DATUM_JJJJ+8(2),CWADATUM+6
*
MVC    EIS_MSG,BLANK
MVC    EIS_MSG(L'MSG001),MSG001
BAL    R9,MESSAGE             WRITE MESSAGE
EJECT  1
*-----*
*          RECURSIVE START OF MIDNIGHT-TRANSACTION 'NCWA'
*-----*
SPACE  1
EXEC   CICS START TRANSID ('NCWA')
                                INTERVAL (240000)
                                RESP      (EIS_RESP)
CLC    EIS_RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL) ANY ERRORS DETECTED ?
BNE    RETURN_3                 YES...ISSUE INFORMATION-MESSAGE
EJECT  1
*-----*
*          R E T U R N   T O   C A L L E R
*-----*
SPACE
RETURN DS    0H
EXEC   CICS RETURN
RETURN_2 DS  0H                 ISSUE INFO-MESSAGE-NBR 2
MVC    EIS_MSG,BLANK
MVC    EIS_MSG(L'MSG002),MSG002

```

```

MVC EIS_MSG+49(4),EIBTRMID  TERMINAL-ID
BAL R9,MESSAGE              WRITE MESSAGE
B RETURN
RETURN_3 DS  ØH              ISSUE INFO-MESSAGE-NBR 3
MVC EIS_MSG,BLANK
MVC EIS_MSG(L'MSGØØ3),MSGØØ3
BAL R9,MESSAGE              WRITE MESSAGE
B RETURN
RETURN_4 DS  ØH              ISSUE INFO-MESSAGE-NBR 4
CP EIBTIME,=PL4'Ø6ØØØØ'    CURRENT-TIME ABOVE 6 0'CLOCK ?
BNH RETURN_5                NO...WRITE INFORMATION MESSAGE
MVC EIS_MSG,BLANK
MVC EIS_MSG(L'MSGØØ4),MSGØØ4
BAL R9,MESSAGE              WRITE MESSAGE
EXEC CICS START TRANSID ('NCWA')
                                TIME (ØØØØØØ)
                                RESP (EIS_RESP)
CLC EIS_RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL) ANY ERRORS DETECTED ?
BNE RETURN_3                YES...ISSUE INFORMATION-MESSAGE
B RETURN
RETURN_5 DS  ØH              ISSUE INFO-MESSAGE-NBR 5
MVC EIS_MSG,BLANK
MVC EIS_MSG(L'MSGØØ5),MSGØØ5
BAL R9,MESSAGE              WRITE MESSAGE
B RETURN
EJECT
*-----*
* MESSAGE - WRITE-ROUTINE *
*-----*
MESSAGE SPACE
DS ØH
EXEC CICS WRITE OPERATOR TEXT (EIS_MSG)
                                RESP (EIS_RESP)
BR R9 RETURN TO CALLER
EJECT
*-----*
* DEFINITION + LITERAL POOL *
*-----*
SPACE 1
BLANK DC CL256' '
SPACE 1
DAYTAB DS ØCL1Ø DAY-DESCRIPTION-TABLE
DC CL1Ø'Sunday ' DAYTAB (Ø) = SUNDAY
DC CL1Ø'Monday ' DAYTAB (1) = MONDAY
DC CL1Ø'Tuesday ' DAYTAB (2) = TUESDAY
DC CL1Ø'Wednesday ' DAYTAB (3) = WEDNESDAY
DC CL1Ø'Thursday ' DAYTAB (4) = THURSDAY
DC CL1Ø'Friday ' DAYTAB (5) = FRIDAY
DC CL1Ø'Saturday ' DAYTAB (6) = SATURDAY
MONTHTAB DS ØCL9 MONTH-DESCRIPTION-TABLE
DC CL9'January ' MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = JANUARY

```

```

DC      CL9'February '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = FEBRUARY
DC      CL9'March      '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = MARCH
DC      CL9'April      '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = APRIL
DC      CL9'May        '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = MAY
DC      CL9'June       '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = JUNE
DC      CL9'July       '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = JULY
DC      CL9'August    '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = AUGUST
DC      CL9'September  '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = SEPTEMBER
DC      CL9'October   '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = OCTOBER
DC      CL9'November  '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = NOVEMBER
DC      CL9'December  '      MONTHOFYEAR (Ø1) = DECEMBER
HEXØØ   DC      XL4'Ø'      ERASE OR COMPARISON-VALUE
MSGØØ1  DC      C'CSCWAUPD-ØØ1 Refresh of CWA-Fields is being processed'
MSGØØ2  DC      C'CSCWAUPD-ØØ2 Refresh of CWA-Fields from terminal xxxx*
        denied'
MSGØØ3  DC      C'CSCWAUPD-ØØ3 Recursive start of next midnight-process*
        ing impossible'
MSGØØ4  DC      C'CSCWAUPD-ØØ4 Refresh of CWA-Fields will be started at*
        midnight'
MSGØØ5  DC      C'CSCWAUPD-ØØ5 Recursive refresh of CWA-Fields ignored'
SYSIDTAB DS      ØCL5      START OF SYSID-BESCHR.-TABELLE
        DC      AL1(CWA$PROD)      CICS-ID C'P' = PROD
SYSPROD  DC      CL4'PROD'      CICS-ID C'P' = PROD
        DC      AL1(CWA$TEST)      CICS-ID C'T' = TEST
SYSTEST  DC      CL4'TEST'      CICS-ID C'T' = TEST
        DC      AL1(CWA$VPRD)      CICS-ID C'V' = VORPROD
SYSVPRD  DC      CL4'VPRD'      CICS-ID C'V' = VORPROD
        DC      AL1(CWA$BOST)      CICS-ID C'S' = SYSTEM-CICS
SYSBOST  DC      CL4'BOST'      CICS-ID C'S' = SYSTEM-CICS
SYSIDTBE EQU    *
        LTORG
        EQUREG      REGISTER EQUATES
CWAPTR   EQU     R8      REGISTER FOR CWA-DSECT
        END      CSCWAUPD

```

For applications that will use the CWA, the date and the time-of-day in the CWA for the exit program CSXPCFTC are always kept current.

```

CSXPCFTC TITLE 'XPCFTCH : CICS USER-EXIT IN DFHPCP'
        SPACE 1
*-----*
*      MODULE MUST BE LINKED      AMODE=31,RMODE=ANY
*-----*
        SPACE 1
*****
*      XPCFTCH : CICS USER-EXIT IN DFHPCP      *
*****
*      THIS EXIT STORES THE ADDRESS OF THE PPT ENTRY INTO      *
*      THE FIELD TPPTADR OF THE TCTUA      *
*      STORE WILL ONLY BE DONE IF PROGRAM CONTROL ACTIVATES A      *
*      NLV USER PROGRAM (CI.... ) IN THE HIGHEST LOGICAL LEVEL (Ø)*

```

```

*          AND FACILITY IS TERMINAL CONTROL.          *
*          UPDATE TIME VALUE WITHIN CWA.              *
*          ----- ABEND-CODES ----- *
*          ABEND001          INVALID GLOBAL WORK AREA LENGTH *
*****
          SPACE 3
*****
*          P R O G R A M - C H A N G E S          *
*****
          EJECT
DFHUEXIT TYPE=EP,ID=XPCFTCH
          EJECT
          DFHUEXIT TYPE=XPIENV
          EJECT
          COPY DFHPCUE
          EJECT
          COPY DFHSAIQY
          EJECT
          ++INCLUDE CSGWA
          EJECT
          ++INCLUDE CSCWAA
          EJECT
CSXPCFTC CSECT
CSXPCFTC AMODE ANY
CSXPCFTC RMODE ANY
          SAVE (14,12)          SAVE CALLING PROGRAM'S REGISTERS
          LR  BASEREG,R15          SET UP USER EXIT PGM BASE REGISTER
          USING CSXPCFTC,BASEREG
          LR  R2,R1          SET UP PARAMETER LIST ADDR
          USING DFHUEPAR,R2
          B  START
          DC  CL16'*** CSXPCFTC ***'
DC  CL8'&SYSDATE'
          DC  CL8'&SYSTIME'
START  DS  0H
          ICM DSECTREG,B'1111',UEPGAA  GET ADDR OF GLOBAL WORK AREA
          USING GWADSECT,DSECTREG
          BZ  ABEND001          ZERO...GLOBAL WORK AREA NOT FND
          L  R15,UEPGAL          GET ADDR OF GLOBAL WORKAREA LEN
          CLC =Y(GWADSECT_E-GWADSECT),0(R15) GWA-LENGTH OK ?
BNE  ABEND001          MISMATCH...ANYTHING GOES WRONG
          ICM CWPTR,B'1111',GWA_CWA  GET CWA-ADDRESS
          USING CWADSECT,CWPTR          ESTABLISH DSECT
          L  XPI_REG,UEPXSTOR          SET UP ADDRESSING FOR XPI
          USING DFHSAIQ_ARG,XPI_REG          MAP PARAMETER LIST
          L  R13,UEPSTACK          ADDRESS KERNEL STACK
          DFHSAIQX CALL,
          CLEAR,
          IN,
          FUNCTION(INQUIRE_SYSTEM),
          OUT,

```

```

        TIMEOFDAY(GWA_XPCFTCH_TIMEP),
        RESPONSE(*),
        REASON(*)
*
    CLI  SAIQ_RESPONSE,SAIQ_OK      GETMAIN SATISFIED ?
    BNE  RETURN_PURG                NO...ABEND THIS TASK
    MVC  GWA_XPCFTCH_TIME,MASK      TIME VALUE HH:MM
    ED   GWA_XPCFTCH_TIME,GWA_XPCFTCH_TIMEP
*
                                TIME OF DAY X'HHHMSSTC'
    MVC  CWAZEIT,GWA_XPCFTCH_TIME+1
    ZAP  CWAZEITP,GWA_XPCFTCH_TIMEP
*
                                TIME OF DAY X'HHHMSSTC'
RETURN_NORM  DS      0H
             L      R13,UEPEPSA
             L      R12,UEPCRCA      ADDRESS OF CURRENT RETURN-CODE
             CLC    0(2,R12),=H'0'    CURRENT RETURN-CODE IS ZERO ?
             BE    RETNORM_10000      YES: RETURN WITH RC=ZERO
             LH    R15,0(R12)        NO : RETURN WITH CURRENT RC
             RETURN (14,12),RC=(15)
RETNORM_10000 DS      0H
             RETURN (14,12),RC=UERCNORM
RETURN_PURG  DS      0H
             L      R13,UEPEPSA
             RETURN (14,12),RC=UERCPURG
             EJECT
*-----*
*          MESSAGE - WRITE-ROUTINE          *
*-----*
             SPACE
MESSAGE     DS      0H
             WTO    MF=(E,(R15))      ISSUE MESSAGE
             BR     SUBREG              RETURN TO CALLER
             EJECT
*-----*
*          ERROR-ROUTINE                    *
*-----*
             SPACE
ABEND001   EQU    *                    INVALID GLOBAL WORK AREA LENGTH
             LA     R15,MSG001         MESSAGE-AREA
             BAS    SUBREG,MESSAGE     WRITE MESSAGE
             LA     R15,1              ABEND-NUMBER
             B      ABEND
ABEND      EQU    *
             ABEND (R15),,STEP
             EJECT
*-----*
*          MESSAGES                          *
*-----*
             SPACE
MSG001     WTO    'CSXPCFTC-001 invalid global work area length detected',*
             MF=L,

```

```

ROUTCDE=11
MSG001L EQU *-MSG001          MESSAGE-LENGTH
EJECT
BLANK DC CL4' '
MASK DC X'F021207A20207A202020'
SPACE 3
CWAPTR EQU R4
XPI_REG EQU R5
DSECTREG EQU R8          DSECT-REGISTER FOR GLOBAL WORK AREA
SUBREG EQU R9          BAS-SUBROUTINE-REGISTER
BASEREG EQU R11        BASE-REGISTER
SPACE 3
DFHREGS
END

```

And now let's have a look at the way Time Machine and the CWA can be used:

```

*ASM XOPTS(CICS)
CSTIME TITLE 'Interface between CICS Time Machine and CWA refresh'
SPACE
* Code start *
* Macro DFHEIENT is used to obtain working storage. *
* In this program a single register for code (R4) and *
* storage (R12) is sufficient. *
SPACE
DFHEISTG DSECT
SPACE
* D E F I N I T I O N S *
SPACE
RESPONSE DS F
SPACE
* M A I N P R O G R A M *
SPACE
CSTIME DFHEIENT CODEREG=(R4),DATAREG=(R12)
CSTIME RMODE ANY
CSTIME AMODE 31
B MAIN
SPACE
DC C'CICS Time Machine Interface'
DC C'NAME : '
DC C'CSTIME'
DC C' DATE AND TIME ASSEMBLED : '
DC C'&SYSDATC',C','
DC C'&SYSTIME '
DC C'&SYSPARM '
SPACE
* SECTION NAME : MAIN *
* FUNCTION : Controls flow of program *
* CALLED BY : The CTMC transaction *
* CALLS : Pgm. TMCSCRN and CSCWAUPD *

```

```

* RETURN          : EXEC CICS RETURN          *
SPACE
MAIN      DS      0H
          EXEC CICS LINK PROGRAM('TMCSCRN')   *
          RESP(RESPONSE)
          SPACE
          CLC     RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
          BE     MAIN_1000
          SPACE
          EXEC CICS ABEND ABCODE('TMMA')
          SPACE
          B      RETURN
          SPACE
MAIN_1000 DS      0H
          SPACE
          EXEC CICS LINK PROGRAM('CSCWAUPD')   *
          RESP(RESPONSE)
          SPACE
          CLC     RESPONSE,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
          BE     RETURN
          SPACE
          EXEC CICS ABEND ABCODE('CWAU')
          SPACE
RETURN    DS      0H
          EXEC CICS RETURN
          EJECT
*          L I T E R A L S                    *
          SPACE
          LTORG
          EJECT
*          R E G I S T E R E Q U A T E S      *
          SPACE
          EQUREG
          SPACE
          DC     C' '
          END    CTIME

```

What happens? The transaction CTMC doesn't call Time Machine directly, program CTIME is called! In this program Time Machine (TMCSCRN) is called via 'EXEC CICS LINK PROGRAM(TMCSCRN)'. After this, program CSCWAUPD will be called, also via 'EXEC CICS LINK'.

Claus Reis

CICS Systems Programmer

Nuernberger Lebensversicherung AG (Germany)

© Xephon 2002

Maintenance of CICS DB2 entries and transactions – part 2

This month we conclude the code for a tool for the administration of DB2 entries and transactions. The REXX EXECs store information from CSD files into DB2 tables, prepare jobs for migration purposes, and use generated ISPF tables allowing the online update of CICS resource definitions.

RCTS1

```
)CM -----
)CM LOAD DB2 ENTRIES AND TRANSACTIONS
)CM -----
//&USERID.X JOB MSGCLASS=X,TIME=1440,REGION=4M,NOTIFY=&USERID
//STEP0001 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//FILEDEL DD DSN=&FOROUT,DISP=(MOD,DELETE,DELETE),
//          UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(1,1))
/*
//STEP0002 EXEC PGM=DFHCSDUP,
//          PARM='CSD(READONLY),NOCOMPAT',COND=(4,LT)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=CICSTS12.CICS.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
//DFHCSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&CSD
//FOROUT DD DSN=&FOROUT,DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
//          UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(15,1)),
//          DCB=(RECFM=F,LRECL=460,BLKSIZE=460)
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
          EXTRACT GROUP(DB2*) USERPROGRAM(DFH$FORA) OBJECTS
/*
//STEP0003 EXEC DSNUPROC,PARM='&DSN8SSID,RCTU1',COND=(4,LT)
//DSNTRACE DD SYSOUT=*
//SORTLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB
//SORTOUT DD DSN=&USERID..SORTOUT.PRIV,
//          DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//          SPACE=(16384,(2000,200),,,ROUND),
//          UNIT=3390
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=&USERID..SYSUT1.PRIV,
//          DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//          SPACE=(16384,(2000,200),,,ROUND),
//          UNIT=3390
//SORTWK01 DD DSN=&USERID..SORTWK01.PRIV,
//          DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//          SPACE=(16384,(100,10),,,ROUND),
//          UNIT=3390
//SORTWK02 DD DSN=&USERID..SORTWK02.PRIV,
```

```

//      DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//      SPACE=(16384,(100,10),,,ROUND),
//      UNIT=3390
//SORTWK03 DD DSN=&USERID..SORTWK03.PRIV,
//      DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//      SPACE=(16384,(10,10),,,ROUND),
//      UNIT=3390
//SORTWK04 DD DSN=&USERID..SORTWK04.PRIV,
//      DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//      SPACE=(16384,(100,10),,,ROUND),
//      UNIT=3390
//SYSDISC DD DSN=&USERID..SYSDISC.PRIV,
//      DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//      SPACE=(16384,(25,2),,,ROUND),
//      UNIT=3390
//SYSERR DD DSN=&USERID..SYSERR.PRIV,
//      DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//      SPACE=(16384,(25,2),,,ROUND),
//      UNIT=3390
//SYSMAP DD DSN=&USERID..SYSMAP.PRIV,
//      DISP=(NEW,DELETE,CATLG),
//      SPACE=(16384,(25,2),,,ROUND),
//      UNIT=3390
//SYSREC00 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&FOROUT
//SYSIN      DD *
LOAD DATA
  INDDN SYSREC00
  LOG NO
  REPLACE
  INTO TABLE CICS.DB2ENTRY
  WHEN(1:4)='DB2E' (
    DB2ENTRY          POSITION(005:012)    CHAR(8),
    RDOGROUP          POSITION(013:020)    CHAR(8),
    DESCRIPTION        POSITION(021:078)    CHAR(58),
    TRANSID           POSITION(079:082)    CHAR(4),
    ACCOUNTREC        POSITION(083:086)    CHAR(4),
    AUTHID            POSITION(087:094)    CHAR(8),
    AUTHTYPE          POSITION(095:100)    CHAR(6),
    DROLLBACK         POSITION(101:103)    CHAR(3),
    PLAN              POSITION(104:111)    CHAR(8),
    PLANEXITNAME      POSITION(112:119)    CHAR(8),
    PRIORITY          POSITION(120:124)    CHAR(5),
    PROTECTNUM        POSITION(125:128)    CHAR(4),
    THREADLIMIT       POSITION(129:132)    CHAR(4),
    THREADWAIT        POSITION(133:136)    CHAR(4)
  )
LOAD DATA
  INDDN SYSREC00
  LOG NO
  RESUME YES
  INTO TABLE CICS.DB2TRAN

```

```

    WHEN(1:4)='DB2T' (
        DB2TRAN          POSITION(005:012)   CHAR(8),
        RDOGROUP         POSITION(013:020)   CHAR(8),
        DESCRIPTION      POSITION(021:078)   CHAR(58),
        ENTRY            POSITION(079:086)   CHAR(8),
        TRANSID          POSITION(087:090)   CHAR(4)
    )
/*
//STEP0004 EXEC DSNUPROC,SYSTEM=&DSN8SSID,UID='RCTU2',UTPROC='',
//          COND=(4,LT)
//DSNUPROC.SYSIN DD *
REPAIR LOG NO
    SET TABLESPACE DSNDB04.TSCICS01 NOCOPYPEND
//

```

RCTS2

```

)CM -----
)CM OPEN DFHCSD FILE
)CM DEFINE DB2 ENTRIES AND/OR TRANSACTIONS
)CM -----
//&USERID.X JOB MSGCLASS=X,TIME=1440,REGION=4M,NOTIFY=&USERID
//STEP0001 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
// F &CICSNAME,'CEMT SET FILE(DFHCSD) CLO DIS'
/*
//STEP0002 EXEC PGM=DFHCSDUP,
//          PARM='CSD(READWRITE),NOCOMPAT',COND=(4,LT)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=CICSTS12.CICS.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
//DFHCSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&CSD
//SYSUT1 DD UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(1024,(100,100))
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *

```

RCTS3

```

)CM -----
)CM DEFINE DB2 ENTRIES AND/OR TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUE 1)
)CM -----
&STRCMD

```

RCTS4

```

)CM -----
)CM OPEN DFHCSD FILE
)CM -----
//&USERID.Y JOB MSGCLASS=X,TIME=1440,REGION=4M,NOTIFY=&USERID
//STEP0001 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
// F &CICSNAME,'CEMT SET FILE(DFHCSD) OPE ENA'
/*

```

RCTS5

```
)CM -----  
)CM CEDA DELETE/INSERT/ALTER DB2E AND/OR DB2T  
)CM -----  
//STEP0002 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14,COND=(4,LT)
```

SQLISPF

```
//SYSADM1 JOB MSGCLASS=X,REGION=4M,NOTIFY=&SYSUID  
//*****  
//* Customized version of SQLSPDB published in the January *  
//* 1998 issue of DB2 Update *  
//*****  
//JOB LIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=SYS1.DSN510.SDSNEXIT  
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN510.SDSNLOAD  
//PC EXEC PGM=DSNHPC,PARM='HOST(ASM),SOURCE',REGION=4096K  
//DBRMLIB DD DSN=SYSADM.DBRMLIB5.DATA(SQLISPF),DISP=SHR  
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=SYS1.DSN510.SDSNEXIT  
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN510.SDSNLOAD  
//SYSCIN DD DSN=&&DSNHOUT,DISP=(MOD,PASS),UNIT=SYSDA,  
// SPACE=(800,(10,10))  
//SYSLIB DD DUMMY  
//SYS PRINT DD SYSOUT=*  
//SYSTEM DD SYSOUT=*  
//SYS DUMP DD SYSOUT=*  
//SYS UT1 DD SPACE=(800,(10,10),,ROUND),UNIT=SYSDA  
//SYS IN DD *  
TITLE ' REXX INTERFACE WITH DB2 - CAF '  
*****  
* FUNCTION : THE RESULTS FROM THE SPECIFIED ESQ SQL QUERY ARE RETURNED *  
* AS REXX VARIABLES. THE VARIABLE NAMES ARE THOSE *  
* ATTRIBUTES RESULTING FROM THE ESQ SQL QUERY. *  
* IF A NON-SELECT SQL STATEMENT IS ENTERED NO OUTPUT IS *  
* RETURNED, BUT THE COMMAND IS EXECUTED. A MAXIMUM OF 9 *  
* FUNCTIONS (LIKE -SUM- OR -COUNT-) ARE ALLOWED. *  
* IN CASE OF A NON-SELECT SQL COMMAND, YOU CAN HAVE ONE *  
* (1) HOSTVARIABLE IN THE SQL STATEMENT (REPRESENTED BY A *  
* ?). PUT THE VALUE OF THE HOSTVARIABLE IN REXX VARIABLE *  
* HOSTVAL. A HOSTVARIABLE IN A SELECT SQL STATEMENT WILL *  
* RESULT IN SQLCODE -313. *  
* THIS PROGRAM USES THE DB2 CAF INTERFACE AND SO CAN *  
* EXECUTE OUTSIDE THE DB2 ENVIRONMENT (HOWEVER, SQL MUST *  
* BE AVAILABLE). *  
* THIS PROGRAM IS WRITTEN FOR THE SP/DB DB2 AIDS ONLY. *  
* NO GUARANTEES ARE MADE!!!!!!!!!!!! *  
* THERE IS A KNOWN BUG IN THIS PROGRAM! DO NOT ATTEMPT *  
* TO PERFORM ARITHMETIC FUNCTIONS LIKE SUM(COLUMN)/10 IN *  
* THIS PROGRAM. IT WILL MESS UP THE PRECISION! *  
* TRY AND FIX IT. IF YOU DO, MAIL IT TO ME! *  
* PLANNAME : SQLISPF *
```

```

* INPUT VARIABLE   : <DB2V>       : DB2 SYSTEM (DEFAULT IS DSN)      *
*                 : <SQLQUERY>    : SPECIFIC SQL QUERY           *
*                 : <HOSTVAL>     : OPTIONAL HOST VARIABLE         *
* OUTPUT VARIABLES : COLUMNNAME(J).I (I = ROW)                       *
*                 : <_VN.>.J      : COLUMN NAMES                     *
*                 : <_VN.Ø>      : # OF COLUMNS                     *
*                 : <_NROWS>     : # OF SELECTED ROWS               *
*                 : <_VN1> THRU <_VN9> FOR EVERY FUNCTION THATS USED *
*                 : <_REASON>    : REASONCODE (ONLY IF BAD CONNECT)  *
* RETURNCODES     : Ø - OK                                           *
*                 : <N> - REXX OR SQL CODE                           *
*                 : 99 - BAD CONNECT TO DB2                          *

```

```

SQLISPF  CSECT
         REGEQ
         BEGIN SAVE=SA,BASE=(R11,R12)
         B     SA_END          jump over save-area
SA       DS    18A
SA_END   DS    ØH
         LOAD  EP=IRXEXCOM          LOAD IRXEXCOM
         ST    RØ,AIRXEXCOM        SAVE ENTRYPOINT
* OBTAIN DB2 SYSTEM
* INITIALIZE IT TO TEST DB2 (DSN)
* IF NO DB2V PARM, TAKE IT AS DEFAULT
MVC     SSID,=C'DSN'
LA      R5,IRX_SHVBLOCK
USING  SHVBLOCK,R5
MVI     SHVCODE,SHVFETCH
MVC     SHVBUFL,=A(L'DB2V)
MVC     SHVVALA,=A(DB2V)
MVC     VN,=C'DB2V '
BAL     R14,GETVNL          GET LENGTH OF <VN>
ST      RØ,SHVNAML         L(<VN>)
MVC     SHVNAMA,=A(VN)     A(<VN>)
L       R15,AIRXEXCOM
CALL    (15),(IRX_IRXEXCOM,Ø,Ø,IRX_SHVBLOCK),VL
LTR     R15,R15            REXX RETURN CODE
BNZ     NODBPRM           PARAMETER MISSING, TAKE DEFAULT
L       R1,SHVVALL        L(PARAMETER)
STH     R1,DB2VAR
MVC     SSID(4),DB2V
NODBPRM EQU *
* OBTAIN <SQLQUERY>
LA      R5,IRX_SHVBLOCK
USING  SHVBLOCK,R5
MVI     SHVCODE,SHVFETCH
MVC     SHVBUFL,=A(L'SQLQUERY)
MVC     SHVVALA,=A(SQLQUERY)
MVC     VN,=C'SQLQUERY '
BAL     R14,GETVNL          GET LENGTH OF <VN>
ST      RØ,SHVNAML         L(<VN>)
MVC     SHVNAMA,=A(VN)     A(<VN>)

```

```

L      R15,AIRXEXCOM
CALL  (15),(IRX_IRXEXCOM,0,0,IRX_SHVBLOCK),VL
LTR   R15,R15                REXX RETURN CODE
BNZ   BLOWREXX              PARAMETER ERROR
L     R1,SHVVALL            L(PARAMETER)
STH   R1,SELECT
*
CONNECT TO DB2
CALL  DSNALI,(CONNECT,SSID,TECB,SECB,RIBPTR),VL,MF=(E,CAFCALL)
ST    R15,RETCODE
ST    R0,REASCODE
CLC   RETCODE,=F'0'
BNE   BLOW                  DB2 CONNECT ERROR
CALL  DSNALI,(OPEN,SSID,PLAN),VL,MF=(E,CAFCALL)
ST    R0,REASCODE
ST    R15,RETCODE
CLC   RETCODE,=F'0'
BNE   BLOWCON              DB2 PLAN ERROR
* OBTAIN POSSIBLE HOST VARIABLE <HOSTVAR>
LA    R5,IRX_SHVBLOCK
USING SHVBLOCK,R5
MVI   SHVCODE,SHVFETCH
MVC   SHVBUFL,=A(L'HOSTVAL)
MVC   SHVVALA,=A(HOSTVAL)
MVC   VN,=C'HOSTVAL '
BAL   R14,GETVNL           GET LENGTH OF <VN>
ST    R0,SHVNAML          L(<VN>)
MVC   SHVNAMA,=A(VN)      A(<VN>)
L     R15,AIRXEXCOM
CALL  (15),(IRX_IRXEXCOM,0,0,IRX_SHVBLOCK),VL
LTR   R15,R15                TEST REXX RETURN CODE
BNZ   DB2ST                <> 0, NO HOSTVAR SUPPLIED
MVC   HOSTSW,YES           YES, THERE IS
L     R1,SHVVALL            L(PARAMETER)
STH   R1,HOSTVAR          STORE LENGTH
* DETERMINE NO OF COLUMNS IN TABLE
DB2ST DS 0H
      LA  R9,SQL_CA
      USING SQLDSECT,R9
      LA  R8,SQL_DA
      USING SQLDA,R8
* DUMMY PREPARE
EXEC  SQL PREPARE S1 FROM :SELECT
BAL   R14,CHECK_SQL
MVC   SQLN,=H'0'          RETURN COUNT ONLY
* DESCRIBE
EXEC  SQL DESCRIBE S1 INTO :SQL_DA
BAL   R14,CHECK_SQL
* ANALYSE DESCRIPTOR AND ACQUIRE STORAGE
* <SQLD>: NO. OF COLUMNS
LH    R2,SQLD
MVC   RC,=F'0'           RESET RETURN CODE
LTR   R2,R2

```



```

        ST    R0,VLINDEX          L(INDEX)
        MVC   VN,=C'_VN '        NAME PREFIX
        LA    R3,SQLNAME+2       COLUMNS NAME
        LH    R0,SQLNAME
* NEW CODE FOR UNNAMED COLUMNS (EG COUNT(*) )
* TEST WHETHER NULL COLUMN NAME
        LH    R0,SQLNAME          LOAD COLUMN NAME
        LTR   R0,R0
        BNZ   A231                NO COLUMN NAME
        MVC   SQLNAME+2(8),=CL8'_VN'
        AP    VNCT,=P'1'
        UNPK  SQLNAME+5(1),VNCT
        OI    SQLNAME+5,C'0'
        LA    R0,5
        STH   R0,SQLNAME
        LH    R0,SQLNAME
A231    EQU   *
        ST    R0,VL
* SET DATA INTO REXX VARIABLE
        BAL   R14,SETVAR
        LA    R7,SQLVARN_SIZE(R7)
        BCT   R6,A230
* END OF SCAN PHASE, ALLOCATE DATA BUFFER
* R5: TOTAL BUFFER SIZE
        ST    R4,BUFFSIZE
        GETMAIN EU,LV=(4),A=A_DBUF
* COMPLETE SQLDA
        L     R5,A_DBUF           PTR(DATA BUFFER)
        LH    R6,SQLD            # OF OCCURRENCES COLUMNS
        LA    R7,SQLVAR         REINIT POINTER
* COLUMN TYPE
A240    BAL   R14,GET_TYPE
* R3: FIELD SIZE
* R10: DSECT_TYPE ENTRY
        ST    R5,SQLLIND         A(INDICATOR), IF NEEDED
        LA    R5,2(R5)          UPDATE PTR
        ST    R5,SQLDATA        A(HOST VARIABLE)
        AR    R5,R3             UPDATE PTR
        LA    R7,SQLVARN_SIZE(R7)
        BCT   R6,A240
* RETRIEVE RECORDS
* DECLARE CURSOR
        EXEC  SQL DECLARE CSR CURSOR FOR S1
        BAL   R14,CHECK_SQL
* OPEN CURSOR
        EXEC  SQL OPEN CSR
        BAL   R14,CHECK_SQL
        ZAP   INDEX,=P'0'        INITIALIZE ROW INDEX
A400    DS   0H
* FETCH ROW
        EXEC  SQL FETCH CSR USING DESCRIPTOR :SQLDA

```

```

        CLC   SQLCODE,=F'100'
        BE    EOD                               END OF DATA
        AP    INDEX,=P'1'                       INCREMENT INDEX
* CONVERT INDEX TO FORM: .N
        MVC   VNINDEX,=X'4020202020202120'
        LA    R1,VNINDEX+7
        EDMK  VNINDEX,INDEX
        BCTR  R1,0
        MVI   0(R1),C'.'
        MVC   VNINDEX,0(R1)
        LA    R0,VNINDEX+L'VNINDEX
        SR    R0,R1
        ST    R0,VLINDEX
        LH    R6,SQLD                           NO OF OCCURRENCES (COLUMNS)
        LA    R7,SQLVAR                          REINITIALIZE POINTER
* WRITE TABLE ROW
A410    DS    0H
        USING SQLVARN,R7
* DEFAULT (NULL) VALUE
        LA    R2,1
        LA    R3,=C'-'
        L     R1,SQLLIND                         A(INDICATOR FIELD)
        LH    R0,0(R1)
        CH    R0,=H'-1'
        BE    A420                               NO DATA
        BAL   R14,GET_TYPE
* R2: DATA WIDTH
* R3: FIELD SIZE
* R10: DSECT_TYPE ENTRY
        MVC   A_DSADDR,DS_ADDR
        L     R15,A_DSADDR                       A(ROUTINE)
        BALR  R14,R15
* R3: A(FORMATTED FIELD)
* R2: L(FORMATTED FIELD)
A420    ST    R2,VL
        LH    R1,SQLNAME                         L(NAME)
        LA    R0,L'VN                             MAX(L(NAME))
        CR    R1,R0
        BNH   *+6
        LR    R1,R0                             TRUNCATE
        BCTR  R1,0                               LC(NAME)
        MVC   VN,VN-1
        MVC   VN,SQLNAME+2                       COLUMN NAME
        EX    R1,*-6
* SET DATA INTO REXX VARIABLE
        BAL   R14,SETVAR
        LA    R7,SQLVARN_SIZE(R7)
        BCT   R6,A410                            GET NEXT COLUMN IN ROW
        B     A400                                GET NEXT ROW
A500    DS    0H
        CLC   HOSTSW,YES

```

```

        BNE    NOVARS
        EXEC  SQL EXECUTE S1 USING :HOSTVAR
        BAL   R14,CHECK_SQL
        B     EOD
NOVARS  DS    ØH
        EXEC  SQL EXECUTE S1
        BAL   R14,CHECK_SQL
EOD     CALL  DSNALI,(CLOSE,SYNC),VL,MF=(E,CAFCALL)
* END OF PROCESSING
EOP     DS    ØH
* OUTPUT # OF ROWS PROCESSED
MVC     WK,=X'F020202020202020'
ED      WK,INDEX
LA      R3,WK                A(DATA)
MVC     VL,=A(L'WK)          L(DATA)
MVC     VLINDEX,=A(Ø)       NO INDEX
MVC     VN,=C'_NROWS '
* SET DATA INTO REXX VARIABLE
        BAL   R14,SETVAR
* RELEASE ALLOCATED STORAGE
        L     R2,COLSIZE
        LTR   R2,R2
        BZ    NOCOLS
        L     R3,A_SQLDA
        FREEMAIN R,LV=(2),A=(3)
NOCOLS  L     R2,BUFFSIZE
        LTR   R2,R2
        BZ    NOBUF
        L     R3,A_DBUF
        FREEMAIN R,LV=(2),A=(3)
NOBUF   EQU   *
*       DISCONNECT FROM DB2
        CALL  DSNALI,(DISCON),VL,MF=(E,CAFCALL)
GETOUT  EQU   *
        L     R13,4(R13)      RESTORE A(OLD SAVE AREA)
        L     R15,RC          SET RETURN CODE
        EINDE SAVE=SA,RCR=R15
BLOWREXX EQU  *
MVC     RC,=F'8'
        B     NOBUF
BLOWCON EQU  *
MVC     RC,RETCODE
MVC     CS4BYTE,REASCODE
BAS     R14,HEXCONV          CONVERT TO EBCDIC
MVC     REASWORK,CS8BYTE
        LA    R3,REASWORK    A(DATA)
MVC     VL,=A(L'REASWORK)   L(DATA)
MVC     VLINDEX,=A(Ø)       NO INDEX
MVC     VN,=C'_REASON '
* SET DATA INTO REXX VARIABLE
        BAL   R14,SETVAR

```

```

        B      NOBUF
BLOW    EQU    *
        MVC    RC,=F'99'
        B      GETOUT
RC       DS    F                                PROGRAM RETURN CODE
* CAF VARIABLES
HOSTSW  DC    CL1' '
REASWORK DS   CL8
YES     DC    CL1'Y'
SYNC   DC    CL4'SYNC'
CLOSE  DC    CL12'CLOSE      '
OPEN   DC    CL12'OPEN      '
CONNECT DC   CL12'CONNECT   '
DISCON DC    CL12'DISCONNECT '
RETCODE DS    F
REASCODE DS   F
RIBPTR  DS    F
SECB    DS    F
TECB    DS    F
SSID    DS    CL4
PLAN    DC    CL8'SQLISPF '
LIALI   DS    F
CAFCALL CALL  ,(*,*,*,*,*),VL,MF=L
CAFLEN  EQU    *-CAFCALL
* END CAF VARIABLES
        TITLE 'SUBROUTINES'
*-----*
* SUBROUTINE HEXCONV - CONVERTS ADDRESSES TO PRINTABLE HEX EBCDIC *
* INPUT: CS4BYTE      OUTPUT: CS8BYTE *
* CSECT MUST BE 240 BYTES OR LONGER *
*-----*
HEXCONV DS    0H
        B      CODING
SAVEHC  DS    18F                                SAVE AREA HEXCONV
CS5BYTE DS    0CL5
CS4BYTE DS    CL4
        DS    C
CS9BYTE DS    0CL9
CS8BYTE DS    CL8
        DS    C
        DC    C'$'
TRTABLE ORG   *-X'F0'
        ORG   TRTABLE+X'F0'
        DC    C'0123456789ABCDEF'
CODING  STM   R0,R15,SAVEHC
        UNPK  CS9BYTE,CS5BYTE
        TR    CS8BYTE,TRTABLE
EXITHC  DS    0F
        LM    R0,R15,SAVEHC
        BR    R14
GETVNL  DS    0H                                DETERMINE ACTUAL LENGTH OF NAME

```

```

* INPUT: <VN> - NAME
* OUTPUT: R0 - L(NAME)
* R15 - A(FIRST BLANK)
      LA R1,L'VN
      SR R0,R0          COUNTER
      LA R15,VN
GETVNL1 CLI 0(R15),C' '
      BER R14          END FOUND
      AH R0,=H'1'
      LA R15,1(R15)
      BCT R1,GETVNL1
* R0: L(NAME). WITHOUT TRAILING BLANKS
      BR R14
      DS A
SETVAR ST R14,SETVAR-4      SET REXX VARIABLE
* <VN>: VARIABLE NAME, PREFIX
* <VNINDEX>: VARIABLE NAME, SUFFIX
* <VLINDEX>: LENGTH (VARIABLE NAME, SUFFIX)
* <VL>: L(VARIABLE DATA)
* R3: A(VARIABLE DATA)
      BAL R14,GETVNL      GET L(VN)
* R0: L(VN), R15: A(FIRST BLANK IN <VN>)
      MVC 0(L'VNINDEX,R15),VNINDEX
      A R0,VLINDEX
      LA R5,IRX_SHVBLOCK
      USING SHVBLOCK,R5
      ST R0,SHVNAML
      MVC SHVNAMA,=A(VN)
      MVI SHVCODE,SHVSTORE
      ST R3,SHVVALA
      MVC SHVVALL,VL
      L R15,AIRXEXCOM      A(IRXEXCOM)
      CALL (15),(IRX_IRXEXCOM,0,0,IRX_SHVBLOCK),VL
      L R14,SETVAR-4
      BR R14          RETURN
GET_TYPE DS 0H          GET COLUMN TYPE AND SIZE(S)
* INPUT:
* DSECT_SQLVARN ENTRY
* OUTPUT:
* R2: DATA WIDTH
* R3: FIELD SIZE
* DSECT TYPE ENTRY
      LA R10,T_TYPE-DS_L
      USING DSECT_TYPE,R10
GETTYPE1 LA R10,DS_L(R10)
      CLC SQLTYPE,DS_TYPE
      BNE GETTYPE1
* ENTRY FOUND, GET COLUMN-LENGTH
      LH R2,SQLLEN
      LR R3,R2          PRESET DATA FIELD SIZE
      CLC DS_CODE,=CL2'P'      (PACKED) DECIMAL?

```

```

        BNE    GETTYPE2                :NO
        SR     R2,R2
        IC     R2,SQLPRCSN             PRECISION
        LR     R3,R2
        SRL    R3,1                    NO OF DIGIT PAIRS
        LA     R3,1(R3)                TRUE DATA FIELD SIZE
GETTYPE2 CLC   DS_CODE,=CL2'CV'       CHARACTER (VARIABLE)?
        BNE    GETTYPE3                :NO
        LA     R3,2(R3)                ALLOC ROOM FOR LENGTH
GETTYPE3 BR    R14                     RETURN
        TITLE 'CONVERSION ROUTINES'
T_TYPE  DS    ØH                       ALIGNMENT
        DC    H'384',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'D ',AL4(D_DATE)
        DC    H'385',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'D ',AL4(D_DATE)
        DC    H'388',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'T ',AL4(D_TIME)
        DC    H'389',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'T ',AL4(D_TIME)
        DC    H'392',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'TS',AL4(D_TIME)
        DC    H'393',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'TS',AL4(D_TIME)
        DC    H'448',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'CV',AL4(D_CHARV)
        DC    H'449',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'CV',AL4(D_CHARV)
        DC    H'452',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'C ',AL4(D_CHAR)
        DC    H'453',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'C ',AL4(D_CHAR)
        DC    H'456',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'CV',AL4(D_CHAR)
        DC    H'457',AL1(@CHAR,Ø),CL2'CV',AL4(D_CHAR)
        DC    H'484',AL1(@NUM,Ø),CL2'P ',AL4(D_DEC)
        DC    H'485',AL1(@NUM,Ø),CL2'P ',AL4(D_DEC)
        DC    H'496',AL1(@NUM,Ø),CL2'I ',AL4(D_INT)
        DC    H'497',AL1(@NUM,Ø),CL2'I ',AL4(D_INT)
        DC    H'500',AL1(@NUM,Ø),CL2'I ',AL4(D_SIN)
        DC    H'501',AL1(@NUM,Ø),CL2'I ',AL4(D_SIN)
        DC    H'Ø'                       EOT
D_DATE  EQU   D_CHAR
D_TIME  EQU   D_CHAR
D_CHARV EQU   D_CHAR
@NULL   EQU   X'Ø1'
@CHAR   EQU   1
@NUM    EQU   2
D_CHAR  DS    ØH                       CHARACTER
        L     R3,SQLDATA                A(DATA)
        LH    R2,SQLLEN                 L(DATA)
        CLC   DS_CODE,=C'CV'
        BNER  R14
        LH    R2,Ø(R3)
        LA    R3,2(R3)
        BR    R14
D_DEC   DS    ØH                       PACKED DECIMAL
        L     R3,SQLDATA                A(DATA)
        SR    R1,R1
        IC    R1,SQLLEN                 L(DATA), PRECISION
* R1: NO. OF DECIMAL DIGITS
        SRL   R1,1

```

```

* R1: LENGTH CODE OF PACKED FIELD
      EX    R1,ZAP
      B     FMT_DEC
D_SIN DS    0H
      L     R3,SQLDATA
      MVC   H2(2),0(R3)
      LH    R0,H2
      CNOP  0,4
      CVD   R0,D
      B     FMT_DEC
D_INT DS    0H
      L     R3,SQLDATA
      LH    R1,SQLLEN
* R1: FIELD SIZE
* CREATE MASK FOR ICM INSTRUCTION
      L     R2,=X'0000000F'
      SLL   R2,0(R1)
      SRL   R2,4
      N     R2,=X'0000000F'
      SR    R0,R0
      EX    R2,ICM
      CNOP  0,4
      CVD   R0,D
      B     FMT_DEC
FMT_DEC DS    0H
* INPUT:
* <D>: PACKED DECIMAL FIELD
* R14: RETURN ADDRESS
* OUTPUT:
* R2: L(FORMATTED FLD)
* R3: A(FORMATTED FLD)
      MVC   EDWK,EDMKINT
      LA    R1,EDWK+L'EDWK-2
      EDMK  EDWK,D
* R1: 1ST SIGNIFICANT CHARACTER
      LA    R2,EDWK_E
      SR    R2,R1
      LR    R3,R1
      BR    R14
* EX INSTRUCTIONS
ZAP    ZAP    D,0(0,R3)
ICM    ICM    R0,0,0(R3)
* WORK FIELDS
SCALE  DS    F
H2     DS    H
FILLER2 DS  0D
D      DS    PL8
WK     DS    CL8
EDWK   DS    CL17
EDWK_E EQU   *
EDMKINT DC  X'40',13X'20',X'2120',C'-'

```

```

FORMAT DECIMAL FIELD
BINARY SMALL INTEGER (2 BYTES)
A(DATA) IN R3
MAKE SURE ITS HALFWORD BOUNDARY

```

```

CONVERT IT TO DECIMAL
FORMAT DECIMAL FIELD
BINARY INTEGER
A(DATA)
L(DATA)

```

```

LOAD MASK
R2: ICM MASK
LOAD BINARY VALUE INTO R0
CONVERT IT TO DECIMAL
FORMAT DECIMAL FIELD
FORMAT DECIMAL FIELD

```

```

MOVE MASK
END ADDR
L(FORMATTED FLD)
A(FORMATTED FLD)

```

```

EDIT MASK INTEGERS

```

```

        DS A
CHECK_SQL ST  R14,CHECK_SQL-4    CHECK SQLCODE
        L      R15,SQLCODE
        LTR    R15,R15
        BZR    R14                :SOL OK
        MVC    RC,SQLCODE
        B      EOD
        TITLE  'DATA AREAS'
STARTWRK DS    ØF
A_DEBUG  DS    A                  VALENTINO
A_SQLDA  DS    A                  A(ALLOCATED SQLDA)
A_DBUF   DS    A                  A(DATA BUFFER)
A_DSADDR DS    AL4
COLSIZE  DC    F'Ø'              COLUMN SIZE
BUFFSIZE DC    F'Ø'              BUFFER SIZE
        DC    C' '                CLEAR BYTE
VN        DS    2CL18            VARIABLE NAME
VL        DS    A                  VARIABLE LENGTH
VNCT      DC    PL4'Ø'           GENERATED NAME COUNT (MAX 9)
INDEX     DC    PL4'Ø'           ROW INDEX
VNINDEX   DS    2CL8
VLINDEX   DS    F
SQL_CA    DS    CL(SQLDLEN)       BASIC SQLCA
SQL_DA    DS    CL16              BASIC SQLDA
        EXEC  SQL INCLUDE SQLCA
        EXEC  SQL INCLUDE SQLDA
SQLVARN_SIZE EQU 44
        LTORG
AIRXEXCOM DS A
IRX_IRXEXCOM DC CL8'IRXEXCOM'
        DS    ØA                  ALIGN
IRX_SHVBLOCK DC (SHVBLEN)X'Ø'
DB2VAR    DC    H'4',CL4' '
        ORG  DB2VAR+2
DB2V      DS    CL4
SELECT    DC    H'8Ø',CL8Ø' '
        ORG  SELECT+2
SQLQUERY  DS    CL4Ø96
HOSTVAR   DS    H,CL3276Ø
        ORG  HOSTVAR+2
HOSTVAL   DS    CL3276Ø
        TITLE  'DSECTS'
DSECT_TYPE DSECT
DS_TYPE   DS    HL2
DS_GEN    DS    AL1              GENERIC TYPE (NUMERIC, CHARACTER)
        DS    AL1              FILLER
DS_CODE   DS    CL2
DS_ADDR   DS    AL4
DS_L      EQU    *-DS_TYPE
        IRXSHVB              DEFINITION OF REXX SHVB
        END

```

```

/**          ASSEMBLE IF THE PRECOMPILE RETURN CODE
/**          IS 4 OR LESS
//ASM      EXEC PGM=ASMA90,PARM='OBJECT,NODECK',COND=(4,LT,PC)
//SYSIN    DD DSN=&&DSNHOUT,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//SYSLIB   DD DSN=SYS1.MACLIB,DISP=SHR
//         DD DSN=SYS1.MODGEN,DISP=SHR
//         DD DSN=SYSADM.USER5.ASM,DISP=SHR
//SYSLIN   DD DSN=&&LOADSET,DISP=(MOD,PASS),UNIT=SYSDA,
//         SPACE=(800,(10,10)),DCB=(BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUT1   DD SPACE=(800,(10,10),,ROUND),UNIT=SYSDA
/**          LINKEDIT IF THE PRECOMPILER AND ASSEMBLER
/**          RETURN CODES ARE 4 OR LESS
//LKED     EXEC PGM=IEWL,PARM='XREF,AMODE=31,RMODE=ANY',
//         COND=((4,LT,ASM),(4,LT,PC))
//SYSLIB   DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN510.SDSNLOAD
//         DD DSN=SYS1.DSN510.SDSNEXIT,DISP=SHR
//SYSLIN   DD DSN=&&LOADSET,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//         DD DDNAME=SYSIN
/**SYSLMOD DD DSN=POSTP.BASEV5.LOAD(SQLISPF),DISP=SHR
//SYSLMOD  DD DSN=SYSADM.USER5.LOAD(SQLISPF),DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUT1   DD SPACE=(1024,(50,50)),UNIT=SYSDA
//SYSIN    DD *
    INCLUDE SYSLIB(DSNALI)
    NAME SQLISPF(R)
/*
/**
//BINDPROD EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
//DBRMLIB  DD DSN=SYSADM.DBRMLIB5.DATA,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN    DD *
    GRANT BIND, EXECUTE ON PLAN SQLISPF TO PUBLIC;
//SYSTSIN  DD *
    DSN SYSTEM(DSN)
    BIND PLAN(SQLISPF) MEMBER(SQLISPF) ACT(REP) ISO(CS) EXPLAIN(NO)
    RUN PROGRAM(DSNTIAD) PLAN(DSNTIA51) -
        LIB('DSN510.RUNLIB.LOAD')
    END
/**
//BINDTEST EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
//DBRMLIB  DD DSN=SYSADM.DBRMLIB5.DATA,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN    DD *
    GRANT BIND, EXECUTE ON PLAN SQLISPF TO PUBLIC;

```

```
//SYSTSIN DD *
DSN SYSTEM(DBT)
BIND PLAN(SQLISPF) MEMBER(SQLISPF) ACT(REP) ISO(CS) EXPLAIN(NO)
RUN PROGRAM(DSNTIAD) PLAN(DSNTIA51) -
LIB('DBT510.RUNLIB.LOAD')
END
//
```

BEGIN

```
* REQUIRED KEYWORDS: SAVE AND BASE
* DEPENDENCIES : GLOBAL PARAMETERS ALSO USED IN MACRO "DATE"
```

```
MACRO
&NAME BEGIN &SAVE=,&BASE=,&PARM=,&DATE=,&TIME=,&PRINT=ON
SPACE 2
*****
*
*****
SPACE 2
AIF ('&PRINT' NE 'NOGEN').A1
PRINT &PRINT
.A1 ANOP
GBLC &SYDNB01,&SYDNB02,&SYDNB03,&SYDNB04
GBLC &SYDNB05,&SYDNB06,&SYDNB07
LCLC &B,&C,&D,&E,&F,&N,&O,&P
&B SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'AA'
&C SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'HW'
&D SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'AC'
&E SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'AB'
&F SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'AD'
&N SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'AE'
&O SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'AF'
&P SETC 'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'ED'
AIF ('&SAVE' EQ '').FT1
AIF ('&BASE' EQ '').FT2
AIF ('&PRINT' EQ 'NOGEN').A0
AIF ('&PRINT' EQ 'ON').A0
PRINT &PRINT
.A0 ANOP
&NAME DS 0H
B 60(15) BRANCH AROUND CONSTANTS
MY_CSECT DC CL10'&SYSECT' CSECT NAME
DC C'&SYSDATE' ASSEMBLY DATE
DC C' '
DC C'&SYSTIME' ASSEMBLY TIME
DC C' '
DC C' , DE NEDERLANDSCHE BANK N.V. '
STM 14,12,12(13)
CNOP 2,4
```

```

BALR  &BASE(1),0
USING *,&BASE(1)          1ST BASE
.*
AIF  (N'&BASE LT 5).A
MNOTE 4,'*** MAXIMUM NUMBER OF BASE-REGISTERS IS FOUR. ***'
.*
.A
ANOP
AIF  ('&BASE(2)' EQ '').B
&B
EQU  *
L    &BASE(2),*+8
USING &B+4096,&BASE(2)    2ND BASE
B    *+8
DC   A(&B+4096)
AIF  ('&BASE(3)' EQ '').B
L    &BASE(3),*+8
USING &B+8192,&BASE(3)    3RD BASE
B    *+8
DC   A(&B+8192)
AIF  ('&BASE(4)' EQ '').B
L    &BASE(4),*+8
USING &B+12288,&BASE(4)   4TH BASE
B    *+8
DC   A(&B+12288)
.B
ANOP
LA   14,&SAVE
ST   14,8(13)
ST   13,&SAVE+4
LA   13,&SAVE
AIF  ('&PARM' EQ '').C
L    14,0(1)
LH   15,0(14)
CH   15,&C
BE   &D
BCTR 15,0
EX   15,&E
B    &D
&E
MVC  &PARM.(1),2(14)
&C
DC   H'0'
&D
EQU  *
.C
ANOP
AIF  ('&DATE' EQ '' AND '&TIME' EQ '').H
.*
&SYDNB06 AIF  ('&SYDNB06' NE '').CNT10
SETC  'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'FW'
.CNT10 ANOP
ST    1,&SYDNB06
LA    1,2(0,0)
SVC   11
B     &F
.*
&SYDNB01 AIF  ('&SYDNB01' NE '').CNT20
SETC  'B'. '&SYSNDX'. 'DB'
&SYDNB01 DC   D'0'
SAVE REG 1
SPECIFY MAGNITUDE
GET TIMER
BRANCH AROUND CONSTANTS

```

```

.CNT20 ANOP
.* AIF ('&SYDNB06' NE 'B&SYSNDX.FW').CNT30
&SYDNB06 DS F
.CNT30 AIF ('&DATE' EQ '').D
.* AIF ('&SYDNB02' NE '').CNT40
&SYDNB02 SETC 'B'.&SYSNDX'.P1'
&SYDNB02 DC PL2'1'
.CNT40 ANOP
.* AIF ('&SYDNB03' NE '').CNT50
&SYDNB03 SETC 'B'.&SYSNDX'.P0'
&SYDNB03 DC PL2'0'
.CNT50 ANOP
.* AIF ('&SYDNB04' NE '').D
&SYDNB04 SETC 'B'.&SYSNDX'.C19'
&SYDNB04 DC C'19'
.*
.D ANOP
AIF ('&TIME' EQ '').E
.* AIF ('&SYDNB07' NE '').E
&SYDNB07 SETC 'B'.&SYSNDX'.ED'
&SYDNB07 DC CL14' '
.*
.E ANOP
AIF ('&DATE' EQ '').F
.* AIF ('&SYDNB05' NE '').CNT60
&SYDNB05 SETC 'B'.&SYSNDX'.TAB'
&SYDNB05 DC PL2'31',C'JAN.'
DC PL2'28',C'FEB.'
DC PL2'31',C'MRT.'
DC PL2'30',C'APR.'
DC PL2'31',C'MEI '
DC PL2'30',C'JUNI'
DC PL2'31',C'JULI'
DC PL2'31',C'AUG.'
DC PL2'30',C'SEPT'
DC PL2'31',C'OKT.'
DC PL2'30',C'NOV.'
DC PL2'31',C'DEC.'
.CNT60 ANOP
&F EQU * SUPPLY DATE
ST 1,&SYDNB01+4
MVO &SYDNB01,&SYDNB01.(6)
MVC &DATE+8(2),&SYDNB04
UNPK &DATE+10(2),&SYDNB01
OI &DATE+11,X'F0'
CVB 14,&SYDNB01
ST 14,&SYDNB01
TM &SYDNB01+3,B'00000011'
BNZ *+10
AP &SYDNB05+6(2),&SYDNB02
ST 1,&SYDNB01

```

```

XC      &SYDNB01.(2),&SYDNB01
ZAP     &SYDNB01+4(4),&SYDNB03
LA      1,&SYDNB05
LA      14,12
&N     EQU      *
AP      &SYDNB01+4(4),0(2,1)
CP      &SYDNB01.(4),&SYDNB01+4(4)
BNH     &0
LA      1,6(1)
BCT     14,&N
DC      X'FFFF'
&O     EQU      *
SP      &SYDNB01+4(4),0(2,1)
SP      &SYDNB01.(4),&SYDNB01+4(4)
UNPK    &DATE.(2),&SYDNB01+2(2)
OI      &DATE+1,X'F0'
MVC     &DATE+3(4),2(1)
.F      ANOP
&F     EQU      *
.G      ANOP
AIF     ('&DATE' NE '').G
SUPPLY TIME
AIF     ('&TIME' EQ '').I
XC      &SYDNB01,&SYDNB01
ST      0,&SYDNB01+4
MVC     &SYDNB01+3(4),&SYDNB01+4
MVI     &SYDNB01+7,X'0C'
MVO     &SYDNB01.(8),&SYDNB01.(7)
MVC     &SYDNB07.(13),=X'402021214B21214B21216B2121'
ED      &SYDNB07.(13),&SYDNB01+3
MVC     &TIME.(11),&SYDNB07+2
.I      ANOP
L       1,&SYDNB06
.H      ANOP
AIF     ('&PRINT' EQ 'NOGEN').K
AIF     ('&PRINT' EQ 'ON').K
PRINT  ON
.K      ANOP
*
END "BEGIN"
MEXIT
.FT1    MNOTE 8,'*** KEYWORD SAVE MISSING. ***'
AGO     .H
.FT2    MNOTE 8,'*** KEYWORD BASE MISSING. ***'
AGO     .H
MEND

```

EINDE

```

MACRO
&NAME  EINDE &SAVE=,&RC=,&RCR=,&PARMLST=
AIF    ('&SAVE' EQ '').FT

```

```

&NAME      AIF    ('&RCR' NE '').B
           L      13,&SAVE+4
           LM     14,12,12(13)
           AIF    ('&PARMLST' EQ '').A0
           LA     1,&PARMLST
.A0         AIF    ('&RC' EQ '').A1
           LA     15,&RC.(0,0)
.A1         ANOP
           BR     14
           MEXIT
.B         ANOP
&NAME      DS      0H
           LR     15,&RCR                LOAD RETURNCODE
           L      13,&SAVE+4
           L      14,12(13)
           LM     0,12,20(13)
           AIF    ('&PARMLST' EQ '').B0
           LA     1,&PARMLST
.B0         ANOP
           BR     14
           MEXIT
.FT        MNOTE 8,'KEYWORD SAVE MISSING'
           MEND

```

*Nikola Lazovic, Gordana Kozovic, Ivan Bugarinovic
DB2 System AdministratorS
Postal Savings Bank (Yugoslavia)*

© Xephon 2002

CICS questions and answers

- Q** Is it possible to get CTG/390 to automatically re-connect to CICS? If we load CTG before CICS we need to reload the CTG to get it to connect to CICS.
- A** You need to add the CICS SVC number to DFHXCOPT. Specifying CICS SVC=0 (the default) indicates that EXCI should obtain the SVC number using an MVS VERIFY command. If CTG is up before any other CICS regions have logged on to DFHIRP the *obtain* command will fail.

If you have any CICS-related questions, then please send them in and we will do our best to find answers. Alternatively, e-mail them directly to cicsq@xephon.net.

© Xephon 2002

Computer Associates has announced the immediate availability of a range of management applications designed to support implementation of IBM CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 2 Release 2 to coincide with the general availability of the latest version of the mainframe transaction processor.

CA's software for managing high-volume CICS TS environments spans its Unicenter, eTrust, BrightStor, CleverPath, Advantage, and AllFusion brands.

For further information contact:
Computer Associates International, One
Computer Associates Plaza, Islandia, NY
11749, USA.
Tel: (631) 342 6000.
URL: <http://www.ca.com>.

* * *

IBM has announced Debug Tool for z/OS and OS/390 Version 1 Release 3, for compiled applications, which has support for Assembler via disassembly view, plus a range of new functions. It's the renamed version of CoOperative Development Environment/370, or CODE/370.

Besides Assembler, the debugger currently supports applications written in C/C++, COBOL, High Performance Java (HPJ), and PL/I.

Debug Tool works in CICS, IMS, DB2, WebSphere, TSO, JES/Batch, Unix System Services and CMS. Via the full-screen

interface, users can interactively debug any application as it runs, including batch applications. The tool can be invoked when an application is initialized, or it can be started dynamically when a condition occurs. The application itself can also invoke Debug Tool.

For further information contact your local IBM representative.
URL: <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eservers>.

* * *

ClientSoft has announced the release of its Tanit Objects development platform and runtime environment for CICS and IMS integration on the S/390 platform.

Tanit Objects provides three means of access to CICS and IMS programs by furnishing a CICS interface via distributed program link (DPL) programs, the 3270 Bridge, and the front-end programming interface (FEPI).

This is the first offering in a new family of products resulting from the acquisition of the French-based company, TanitObjects.

For further information contact:
ClientSoft, 8323 Northwest 12 Street, Suite
216, Miami, FL 33126, USA.
Tel: (305) 716 1007.
URL: <http://www.clientsoft.com/products/tanit.htm>.

* * *

