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Trevor Eddolls

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XPERANTO – a marriage of XML and DB2

INTRODUCTION

XPERANTO is a concatenation of X(ML) and (Es)peranto. Dr Zamenhof developed Esperanto as an international language in 1887! XML has become the standard data exchange language for Internet-based business applications, promising sizeable cost reductions by providing an automated and secure method for Internet data exchange. XPERANTO is IBM's middleware technology for leveraging and accessing DB2.

FEATURES

XML features include:

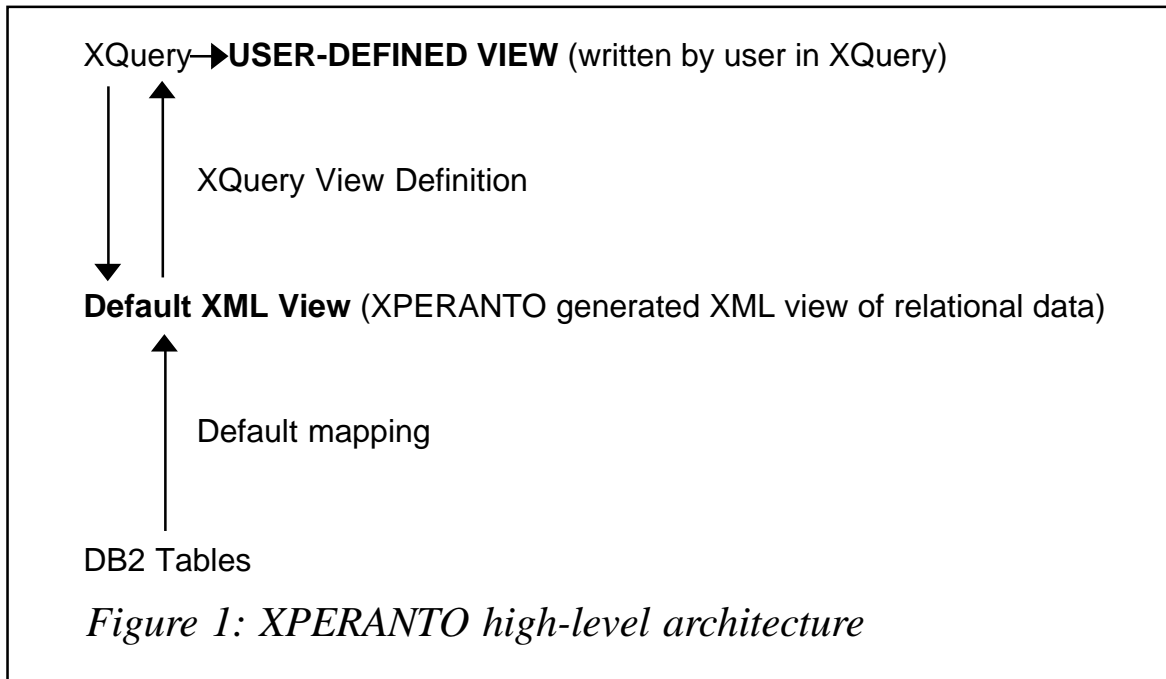
- 1 Create XML views of relational data by automatically mapping the underlying relational database to a low-level XML view.
- 2 Create application-specific views using XQuery, which is a general-purpose declarative XML query language being standardized by W3C (World Wide Web Consortium).
- 3 Ability to query XML views of relational data subsets using XQuery. Only materializing the subset is an important benefit.

HIGH-LEVEL ARCHITECTURE

XPERANTO high-level architecture is illustrated in Figure 1.

XML VIEWS

XPERANTO creates default XML views from the target DB2 database. Users can define their own views by using XQuery, including views of views to reach higher levels of abstraction. Using XQuery is important because it is an XML standard, as opposed to proprietary languages like XSL-T, SilkRoute, Oracle XSQL, and Microsoft SQL Server. XQuery can process joins and recursions that some proprietary languages cannot.



IBM EXAMPLE

IBM uses the following purchase order relational database:

<i>order</i>		
id	custname	custnum
10	Smith Construction	7734
9	Western Builders	7725

<i>item</i>		
oid	desc	cost
10	generator	8000
10	backhoe	24000

<i>payment</i>		
oid	due	amt
10	1/10/2001	20000
10	6/10/2001	12000

XPERANTO generates the following default XML view (oid is order id):

```
<db>
  <order>
    <row> <id> 10 </id> <custname> Smith Construction </custname>
<custnum> 7734 </custnum> </row>
  </order>
</item>
  <row> <oid> 10 </oid> <desc> generator </desc> <cost> 8000 </cost>
</row>
```

```

    <row> <oid> 10 </oid> <desc> backhoe </desc> <cost> 24000 </cost>
</row>
<payment>
    similar to <order> and <item>
</payment>
</db>

```

This is for the purchase order relational database with its default XML view.

Top-level elements are tables with their names as tags. Nested beneath are row elements with column names as tags and column values as text. XPERANTO captures primary and foreign key relationships in the XML schema (not shown).

Users would probably want to publish a list of orders. The default XML view is:

```

<order>
    <customer> Smith Construction </customer>
    <items>
<item> <description> generator </description> <cost> 8000 </cost> <item>
    <item> <description> backhoe </description> <cost> 24000 </cost> <item>
    </items>
    <payments>
        <payment due="1/10/2001"> <amount> 20000 </amount> </payment>
        <payment due="6/10/2001"> <amount> 12000 </amount> </payment>
    </payments>
</order>
<order>
    <customer> Western Builders </customer>
    ...
</order>

```

A user writes a user-defined XML view using XQuery:

```

1.     create view orders as (
2.         for $order in view ("default")/order/row
3.         return
4.             <order>
5.                 <customer> $order/custname </customer>
6.                 <items>
7.                     for $item in view("default")/item/row
8.                     where $order/id = $item/oid
9.                     return
10.                    <item>
11.                <description> $item/desc </description> <cost> $item/cost </cost>
12.                <item>
13.            </items>
14.        <payments>

```

```

15.         for $payment in view("default")/item/row
16.             where $order/id = $payment/oid
17.         return
18.             <payment due=$payment/date>
19.                 <amount> $payment/amount </amount>
20.             </payment> sortBy@due)
21.     </payments>
22. </order>
23. )

```

Lines 2-22 comprise an XQuery FLWR expression to construct each order element. In line 2, **for** causes variable \$order to be bound to each order table row element and defines how to extract each row. The process starts at the default view, root, navigating to each order element nested under it, continuing to each row element nested under order elements. Line 8 predicate (order/id = \$item/oid) creates a join of order with its items. Line 16 predicate (\$order/id = \$payment/oid) creates a join of order with its payments. Queries can be issued against the orders view:

```

1.     for $order in view("orders")
2.     let $items = $order/items
3.     where $order/customer like "Smith%"
4.     return $items

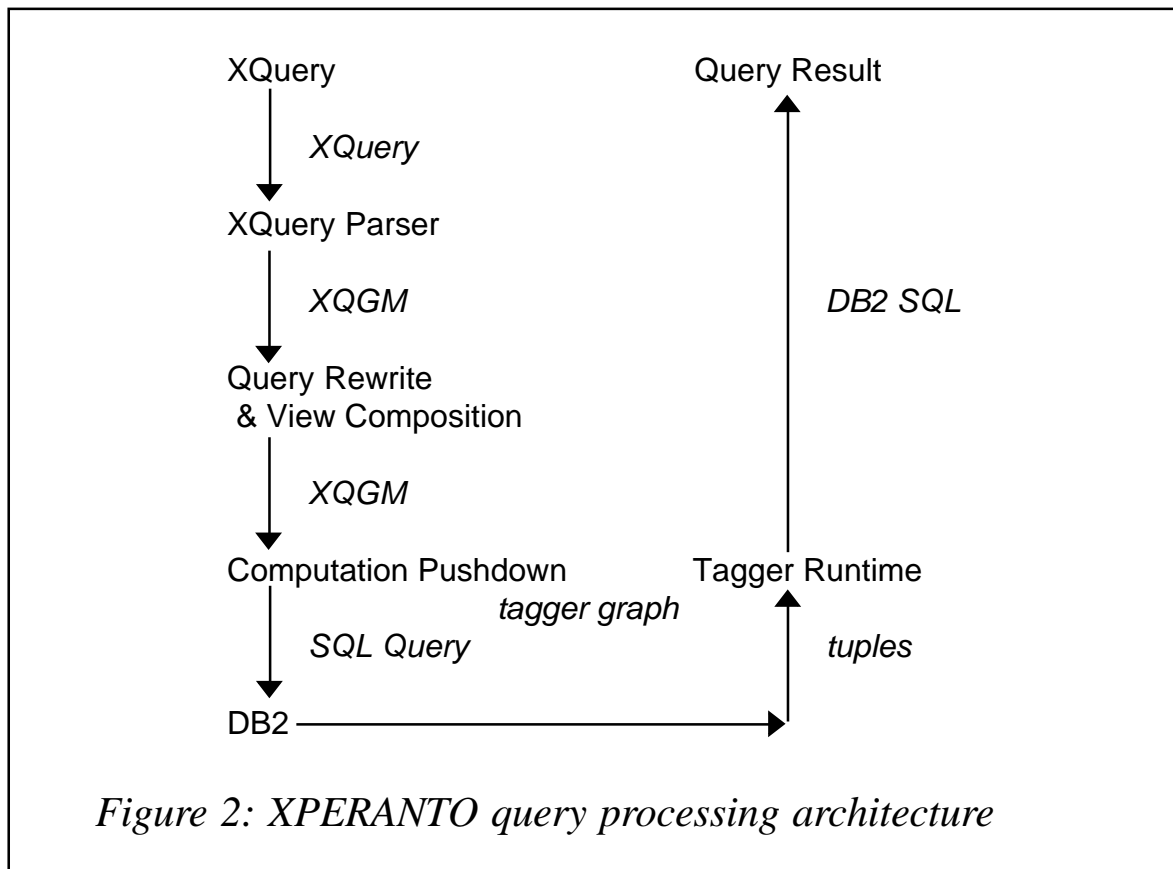
```

XPERANTO QUERY PROCESSING

Benefits of XPERANTO include producing only the desired relational data and pushing most memory and data-intensive computations down to DB2. XPERANTO query processing architecture is shown in Figure 2.

The processing steps for converting the query above include:

- 1 Parse XQuery into an intermediate representation known as XML Query Graph Model (XQGM).
- 2 XQGM combines the referenced XML views followed by rewrite optimizations to eliminate intermediate XML fragments.
- 3 Computation Pushdown splits the XQGM, capturing all memory and data-intensive processing and pushing it down to DB2; it also creates a tagger graph structure for use by Tagger Runtime to construct the XQuery result (tuples) in a single pass to return DB2 SQL to the user.



The DB2 SQL for XQuery is:

```

1.      SELECT      type, oid, desc, cost
2.      FROM        (SELECT Ø, order.id, order.custname, NULL, NULL
3.                  FROM order
4.                  WHERE order.custname LIKE "Smith%"
5.                  UNION ALL
6.                  SELECT 1, order.id, NULL, item.desc,
item.cost
7.                  FROM order, item
8.                  WHERE order.id = item.oid
9.                  ) as (type, oid, custname, desc, cost)
10.     ORDER BY   oid, type, due
  
```

The SQL is a sorted outer union.

CONCLUSIONS

XML-based applications are imposing new requirements on DBMS, including publishing and querying existing relational data as XML. XPERANTO translates an XQuery into the correct DB2 SQL. XPERANTO performs optimization like view composition and pushing computation down to DB2.

REFERENCES

W3C references include:

- *Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Second Edition)* – <http://www.w3c.org/TR/xpath.html>.
- *XQuery: A Query Language for XML* – <http://www.w3c.org/TR/xquery>.
- *XSL Transformation (XSLT) Version 1.0* – <http://www.w3c.org/TR/xslt.html>.
- *XML Schema Part 0: Primer* – <http://www.w3c.org/TR/xmlschema-0>.

Vendor Web pages:

- <http://microsoft.com/sql>.
- <http://technet.oracle.com/tech/xml>.

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Introduction to DB2 UDB 7.2 Extender offerings

With more and more projects involving Web-based transactions, the database you store your data on needs to be able to deal with new data formats (HTML, XML, etc) and requirements. DB2 uses a range of Extender offerings to meet these challenges. Full descriptions of each offering can be found in the respective *Administration* manuals, but all I want to do is give you an overview of each one.

There are five products in the DB2 Relational Extender range – Text Information Extender, Net.Search Extender, XML Extender, Image/Audio/Video Extender, and Spatial Extender.

TEXT INFORMATION EXTENDER

Text Information Extender (TIE) has the following main features:

- Fuzzy searches – allow you to cater for searches where the user has made a ‘typo’ in the search string. For example, it will find ‘business’ when ‘businness’ is input.
- Masking of individual or multiple characters in a search string. For example, it allows you to search for BUS% (which will find BUSiness and BUST), and BUS* (which will find words only four characters long beginning with BUS, ie BUST but not BUSINESS).
- Allows you to search for two or more words, which then have to be in the same sentence/paragraph in the document.
- Thesaurus searches – you can set up your own list of synonyms/relationships, based on your business needs. For example, you can set up a thesaurus that will treat DBA and D.B.A (and indeed DB.A!) as the same.
- TIE queries can be incorporated into standard SQL, so it is possible to combine TIE predicates with other predicates.

As you can see, even this small subset of functions shows what a powerful offering TIE is – it will certainly allow you to get the most from your data.

There are design requirements which are needed to make the most of the offering, and these are all explained in the manual. The key piece of advice is, try to design your tables bearing in mind that you will be using TIE.

NET.SEARCH EXTENDER

The Net.Search Extender (NSE) offering was specifically developed for high-volume Web applications. It shares many features with TIE, but there are some important differences, in particular:

- NSE search is done through stored procedures, which means that you cannot add other predicates to the query.
- NSE does not have thesaurus support, ‘in same paragraph’ support, or ‘free text search’ support.

Net.Search has the ability to search for words, phrases, or fuzzy words. The index that is created for NSE entries is stored in memory, which makes access very fast.

The decision whether to use NSE or TIE depends on factors such as the volumes of data you will be processing, whether your table design favours one over the other, what type of search capability you need, etc.

XML EXTENDER

DB2 XML Extender allows you to store (decompose) and build (compose) XML type documents in DB2 tables. When you compose an XML document from data in DB2 tables, you can limit the documents you build based on standard SQL statements within the 'build definition file'. I don't want to get bogged down in the details here of how to do this, suffice it to say that it is possible and is a powerful feature. You can either store your XML documents in a single column (XMLColumn format) or break down the contents of the XML document and store the results in different columns of DB2 tables (XMLCollection format). The XMLColumn format is the easiest to implement, whereas the XMLCollection format provides greater flexibility.

Once you have decomposed your XML documents, you can use TIE to query them. This is a powerful combination of DB2 offerings.

IMAGE/AUDIO/VISUAL EXTENDER

Image/Audio/Visual Extender (IAV Extender) is like all the other Extender offerings, it uses User-Defined Types (UDTs), User-Defined Functions (UDFs), and triggers.

DB2 stores the input (image/video) in LOBs (large objects) in the database. These LOBs can be BLOBs (binary large objects), CLOBs (character large objects), or DBCLOBs (double-byte character large objects).

Because of the maximum possible size of each LOB (2GB), DB2 does not store the LOB in its tables, but stores a pointer to an area on disk external to DB2. This allows you to store up to 4TB of LOB space in a table (plenty for most people!). If the LOBs were stored in DB2, any inserts etc would have to be logged, and therefore you would require large (ie unmanageable) amounts of log space.

You obviously have to enable your database to be able to use the IAV extenders. This is detailed in the *Administration* manual, which is offloaded when you install the offering.

Some of the highlights of each component of the IAV offering are:

- Image – you can search for an image by content using a QBIC (Query by Image Content) catalog. This catalog stores information about the image (average colour, texture), so then you can search on that information.
- Audio – you can store and retrieve recordings in their entirety.
- Video:
 - you can search for a specific frame or for a scene change (where one frame changes drastically from the next frame) using a user-defined video index
 - you can store video clips and related information in DB2 tables, and then search the database using standard SQL.

SPATIAL EXTENDER

You can use the Spatial Extender offering to create a GIS (Geographic Information System). This GIS defines things like postcodes, road locations, buildings, etc. You can store this information in DB2 as information in rows. You can then query this information using standard SQL. An example of using spatial extender is when you phone a ‘store finder’ service, you give them your postcode, and they then find the shop closest to your location.

Continuing with the previous example, you need to somehow load the postcode information into DB2. There are tools/products available to do this. There are also tools available to display your output (the *Spatial Extender Administration* manual mentions ArcExplorer).

I hope I have given you a taster of what each of the DB2 Extender offerings can do for you. They are all very easy to install, and the test programs which come with them will give you a good demonstration of what the offerings have to offer.

Keep an eye on the IBM DB2 Web site for future offerings and enhancements to the current set.

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Generating DB2 utility jobs ASAP – part 2

This month we conclude the code to copy or move data to different DB2 regions; mostly to testing subsystems but also sometimes to production.

Use the following JCL to run the REXX program in batch:

```
//myidLB JOB (GS,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
// CLASS=L,MSGCLASS=T,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
//*
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2C
//SPUFI EXEC PGM=IKJEFT1B,DYNAMNBR=20,TIME=999
//*****
/** GENERATE DB2 OR BMC UTILITY JOB STREAM
//*****
/* EXAMPLES :
/* EXEC DB2GEN(GENJCL) 'BU DB2C D11012 myid.TSNAME.DB2C.ODS +
/* 70 YV21 T 0'
/* EXEC DB2GEN(GENJCL) 'IC DB2C D11051 myid.TSNAME.NCP +
/* 70 YV21'
/* EXEC DB2GEN(GENJCL) 'IL DB2C D11051 myid.TSNAME.DM.D11051 +
/* 70 YV2B'
/* EXEC DB2GEN(GENJCL) 'BL DB2T D11131 myid.TSNAME.DMART +
/* 70 YV2M'
//*****
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=SAA.TS1.DB2APF
//SYSPROC DD DSN=SAA.DB2.CLISTLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
EXEC DB2GEN(GENJCL) 'IU DB2C D12091 myid.TSNAME.DB2C.ODS +
30 vv1 T X X '
/*
```

SAMPLE OUTPUT

IBMCOPY

```
//myidCP1 JOB (SG,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
// CLASS=F,MSGCLASS=T,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
//*
/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=GSYS
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2C
//*****
//CPY EXEC DB2UTIL,SYSTEM=DB2C,UID=''myidIC1''
```

```

//*
//CP1 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.GV1X100E.ACCT(+1),
//  DISP=(NEW,CATLG,UNCATLG),UNIT=CART,
//  LABEL=1,VOL=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,,50),
//  DCB=(SYS3.DSCB,BLKSIZE=28672,BUFNO=20)
//CP2 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.GV1X100K.ACCTKIND(+1),
//  DISP=(NEW,CATLG,UNCATLG),UNIT=AFF=CP1,
//  LABEL=2,VOL=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,,50,REF=*.CP1),
//  DCB=(SYS3.DSCB,BLKSIZE=28672,BUFNO=20)
//CP3 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.GV1X100K.ACTIVITY(+1),
//  DISP=(NEW,CATLG,UNCATLG),UNIT=AFF=CP2,
//  LABEL=3,VOL=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,,50,REF=*.CP2),
//  DCB=(SYS3.DSCB,BLKSIZE=28672,BUFNO=20)
.....
//CP70 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.GV1X100J.CLMPD(+1),
//  DISP=(NEW,CATLG,UNCATLG),UNIT=AFF=CP69,
//  LABEL=70,VOL=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,,50,REF=*.CP69),
//  DCB=(SYS3.DSCB,BLKSIZE=28672,BUFNO=20)
//SYSIN DD *
COPY TABLESPACE GV1X100E.ACCT FULL YES COPYDDN (CP1)
COPY TABLESPACE GV1X100K.ACCTKIND FULL YES COPYDDN (CP2)
COPY TABLESPACE GV1X100K.ACTIVITY FULL YES COPYDDN (CP3)
.....
COPY TABLESPACE GV1X100J.CLMPD FULL YES COPYDDN (CP70)
//*
//QUIES EXEC DB2UTIL,SYSTEM=DB2C,UID=''myidQU1''
//SYSIN DD *
  QUIESCE
    TABLESPACE  GV1X100E.ACCT
    TABLESPACE  GV1X100K.ACCTKIND
.....

```

BMC UNLOAD

```

//myidBU1 JOB (SG,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
//  CLASS=F,MSGCLASS=T,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
//*
/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=GSYS
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2C
/******
//BMCUL  PROC TNAME=,UNIT='CART',LBL=,VOLREF=
//UL     EXEC PGM=ADUUMAIN,COND=(8,LT,UNCAT),REGION=0M,
//  PARM='DB2C,myidBU1,NEW/RESTART,,MSGLEVEL(1)'
//*
//STEPLIB DD DSN=SAA.TS1.DB2APF,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSREC DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.&TNAME..BMCUL.D01091,

```

```

// UNIT=&UNIT,DISP=(,CATLG),
// LABEL=&LBL,VOL=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,,50&VOLREF.)
//SYSCNTL DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.LOADCNTL.D01091(&TNAME.),
// DISP=SHR
//SORTWK01 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//SORTWK02 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//SORTWK03 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//SORTWK04 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
/*
// PEND
/*
//*****
/** Ensure the datasets do not exist. ***
//*****
//UNCAT EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=0M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
DEL 'TEST.VV1.DB2C.ACCT.BMCUL.D01091' NONVSAM NOSCRATCH
DEL 'TEST.VV1.DB2C.ACCTKIND.BMCUL.D01091' NONVSAM NOSCRATCH
.....
/**
//ST1 EXEC BMCUL,TNAME=ACCT,LBL=1,
// VOLREF=
//SYSIN DD *
UNLOAD INFILE IMAGECOPY FULL 0
ORDER NO LIMIT 0 INTERVAL 0 DISCARDS 0
AUTOTAG NO FORMAT STANDARD FIXEDVARCHAR NO
SELECT * FROM VV1.ACCT
/*
//ST2 EXEC BMCUL,TNAME=ACCTKIND,LBL=2,
// VOLREF=',REF=*.ST1.UL.SYSREC'
//SYSIN DD *
UNLOAD INFILE IMAGECOPY FULL 0
ORDER NO LIMIT 0 INTERVAL 0 DISCARDS 0
AUTOTAG NO FORMAT STANDARD FIXEDVARCHAR NO
SELECT * FROM VV1.ACCT_KIND
/*
.....

```

IBM UNLOAD

```

//myidIU1 JOB (SG,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
// CLASS=F,MSGCLASS=T,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
/*
/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=GSYS
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2C
//*****
//UL1 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,REGION=2048K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=SAA.TS1.DB2APF,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*

```

```

//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSREC00 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.IBMUL.DB2C.SYSRC000.D01091
// DISP=(MOD,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(15,150),RLSE)
//SYSREC01 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.IBMUL.DB2C.SYSRC001.D01091
// DISP=(MOD,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(15,150),RLSE)
//SYSREC02 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.IBMUL.DB2C.SYSRC002.D01091
// DISP=(MOD,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(15,150),RLSE)
.....
//SYSPUNCH DD DSN=TEST.VV1.IBMUL.DB2C.SYSPNCH1.D01091,
// DISP=(MOD,CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(15,15),RLSE)
//SYSTSIN DD *
DSN S(DB2C)
RUN PROGRAM(DSNTIAUL) PLAN(DSNTIAUL) -
LIB('SAA.TS1.DB2APF')
END
/*
//SYSIN DD *
VV1.ACCT
VV1.ACCT_KIND
VV1.ACTIVITY
.....

```

IBM LOAD

```

//myidLD1 JOB (SG,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
// CLASS=L,MSGCLASS=T,
// MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
/*
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2T
//IBMLD PROC TNAME=
//LD EXEC DB2UTIL,SYSTEM=DB2T,UID=''myidLD1''
/*
//SYSREC DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.&TNAME..BMCUL.D01091,DISP=SHR
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.&TNAME..SYSUT1,
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(5,200),RLSE)
//SORTOUT DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.&TNAME..SORTOUT,
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(5,200),RLSE)
//SYSIN DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.LOADCNTL.D01091(&TNAME.),
// DISP=SHR
// PEND
/*
//*****
//ST1 EXEC IBMLD,TNAME='ACCT'
//ST2 EXEC IBMLD,TNAME='ACCTKIND'
//ST3 EXEC IBMLD,TNAME='ACTIVITY'
.....

```

BMC LOAD

```
//myidBL1 JOB (SG,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
//          CLASS=L,MSGCLASS=T,
//          MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
//*
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2T
//BMCLD  PROC TNAME=
//LOAD1  EXEC PGM=AMUUMAIN,
//          PARM='DB2T,myidBL1,NEW/RESTART,,MSGLEVEL(1)'
//STEPLIB DD DSN=SAA.TS1.DB2APF,DISP=SHR
//*
//SYSREC00 DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.&TNAME..BMCUL.D01091,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSERR  DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),SPACE=(CYL,(1,1),RLSE),
//          DSN=TEST.BMCUL.&TNAME..SYSERR.D01091,UNIT=SYSDA
//SYSDISC DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,CATLG),SPACE=(CYL,(2,3),RLSE),
//          DSN=TEST.BMCUL.&TNAME..SYSDISC.D01091,UNIT=SYSDA
//SORTWK01 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK01 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK02 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK03 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK04 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK05 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK06 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK07 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK08 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK09 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK10 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK11 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SORTWK12 DD UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=NEW,SPACE=(CYL,(10,50))
//SYSIN   DD DSN=TEST.VV1.DB2C.LOADCNTL.D01091(&TNAME.),DISP=SHR
// PEND
//*
//*****
//ST1 EXEC BMCLD,TNAME='ACCT'
//ST2 EXEC BMCLD,TNAME='ACCTKIND'
//ST3 EXEC BMCLD,TNAME='ACTIVITY'
```

COMPARE DDL FOR TABLES AND COLUMNS

In my current data warehouse project we have seven DB2 regions, each with its own special purpose. One of the DBA's responsibilities is to implement database changes such as adding a new column, removing columns, and changing column attributes.

It is important for the changes to be made correctly in all of the DB2 regions. A DBA cannot be too careful about keeping the tables and columns in sync between different regions, as problems can occur at any time during an application's run time or DBA's utility job if there are unmatching tables or columns.

The following REXX program can be used to check the synchronization of the tables and columns between two different DB2 subsystems:

```

/***** REXX *****/
/* Compare the DDL for tables and columns between two subsystems. */
/* SQLX, an in-house developed REXX/SQL interface is used, but */
/* the program will still work without SQLX, by providing the */
/* input files that are output from the SQL: */
/* SELECT TBNAME, COLNO, NAME, COLTYPE, LENGTH, SCALE, NULLS, */
/*        DEFAULT, DEFAULTVALUE */
/*        FROM SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS */
/*        WHERE TBCREATOR = 'creator' */
/*        ORDER BY TBNAME, COLNO */
/*****/
/** Input parms */
/** subsys1 - DB2 subsystems 1 */
/** subsys2 - DB2 subsystems 2 */
/** creator1 - Creator of the tables in subsystem 1 */
/** creator2 - Creator of the tables in subsystem 2 */
/** indsn1 - Input dataset for the objects from subsys1 */
/** indsn2 - Input dataset for the objects from subsys2 */
/*****/
Arg subsys1 indsn1 creator1 subsys2 indsn2 creator2
x = sysdsn(indsn1)
If x <> 'OK'
  Then call newalloc indsn1 indd1
  Else do
    Address tso
    "ALLOC DDNAME(indd1) DSNAME('"indsn1"') SHR REUSE " ,
    " RECFM(F B) LRECL(132) BLKSIZE(132000)"
  End
y = sysdsn(indsn2)
If y <> 'OK'
  Then call newalloc indsn2 indd2
  Else do
    Address tso
    "ALLOC DDNAME(indd2) DSNAME('"indsn2"') SHR REUSE " ,
    " RECFM(F B) LRECL(132) BLKSIZE(132000)"
  End

"SQLX CONNECT "subsys1
If SQL_CC <> 0 then do

```

```

rc = SQL_ERROR()
say "*** Connection error to" subsys1
say "*** INDSN1 file will be used as it is ...."
End
Else do
  stmt1 = "SELECT",
    " TBNAME, COLNO, NAME, COLTYPE, LENGTH, SCALE, NULLS,",
    " DEFAULT, DEFAULTVALUE",
    " FROM SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS ",
    " WHERE TBCREATOR = '"creator1"',
    " ORDER BY TBNAME, COLNO"
  "SQLX DECLARE D1 CURSOR FOR "stmt1
  If SQL_CC <> 0 then do
    rc = SQL_ERROR()
    say "*** SQL execution error in" subsys1
    say "*** INDSN1 file will be used as it is..."
  End
  Else do
    rec1. = ''
    Do i = 1 to D1
      rec1.i = D1_TBNAME.i  D1_COLNO.i  D1_NAME.i  D1_COLTYPE.i,
        D1_LENGTH.i  D1_SCALE.i,
        D1_NULLS.i  D1_DEFAULT.i  D1_DEFAULTVALUE.i
    End
    Address TSO
    "EXECIO * DISKW indd1 (stem rec1. finis"
  End
End

"SQLX CONNECT "subsys2
If SQL_CC <> 0 then do
  rc = SQL_ERROR()
  say "*** Connection error to" subsys2
  say "*** INDSN2 file will be used as it is...."
End
Else do
  stmt2 = "SELECT",
    " TBNAME, COLNO, NAME, COLTYPE, LENGTH, SCALE, NULLS,",
    " DEFAULT, DEFAULTVALUE",
    " FROM SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS ",
    " WHERE TBCREATOR = '"creator2"',
    " ORDER BY TBNAME, COLNO"
  "SQLX DECLARE D2 CURSOR FOR "stmt2
  If SQL_CC <> 0 then do
    rc = SQL_ERROR()
    say "*** SQL execution error in" subsys2
    say "*** INDSN2 file will be used as it is ...."
  End
  Else do
    rec2. = ''

```

```

    Do i = 1 to D2
      rec2.i = D2_TBNAME.i  D2_COLNO.i  D2_NAME.i  D2_COLTYPE.i,
              D2_LENGTH.i  D2_SCALE.i,
              D2_NULLS.i   D2_DEFAULT.i   D2_DEFAULTVALUE.i
    End
    Address TSO
    "EXECIO * DISKW indd2 (stem rec2. finis"
  End
End

```

```

Number_of_lines1 = 0
Number_of_lines2 = 0
Number_of_tables1 = 0
Number_of_tables2 = 0
Number_of_cols1. = 0
Number_of_cols2. = 0
tnames1. = ''
tnames2. = ''
cnames1. = ''
cnames2. = ''
ctypes1. = ''
ctypes2. = ''
clength1. = ''
clength2. = ''
cscales1. = ''
cscales2. = ''
cnulls1. = ''
cnulls2. = ''
cdflts1. = ''
cdflts2. = ''
cdvalue1. = ''
cdvalue2. = ''
diffstmt_table. = ''
diffstmt_numcol. = ''
diffstmt_cname. = ''
diffstmt_dtyp. = ''
diffstmt_dlen. = ''
diffstmt_scale. = ''
diffstmt_null. = ''
diffstmt_def. = ''
diffstmt_defv. = ''
dt = 0
dnc = 0
dcn = 0
dct = 0
dl = 0
ds = 0
dn = 0
dd = 0
dv = 0

```

```

/*****
/*   Read in the input - sysibm.syscolumns           */
/*****
"EXECIO * DISKR indd1 (FINIS"
Number_of_lines1 = queued()
number_of_columns = 1
i = 0
Do Number_of_lines1
  Pull w1 w2 w3 w4 w5 w6 w7 w8 w9
  If w2 = 1 then do
    i = i + 1
    tnames1.i = w1      /* i-th table in subsys 1 */
    cnames1.i.1 = w3    /* 1st column of i-th table in sybsys 1 */
    ctypes1.i.1 = w4
    clength1.i.1 = w5
    cscales1.i.1 = w6
    cnulls1.i.1 = w7
    cdfmts1.i.1 = w8
    cdvalue1.i.1 = w9
  end
  else if w2 <> ' ' then do
    Number_of_cols1.i = w2
    cnames1.i.w2 = w3   /* w2-th col. of i-th table in sybsys 1 */
    ctypes1.i.w2 = w4
    clength1.i.w2 = w5
    cscales1.i.w2 = w6
    cnulls1.i.w2 = w7
    cdfmts1.i.w2 = w8
    cdvalue1.i.w2 = w9
  end
  else nop
End
Number_of_tables1 = i
say subsys1 'has' Number_of_tables1 'tables. '

"EXECIO * DISKR indd2 (FINIS"
Number_of_lines2 = queued()
j = 0
Do Number_of_lines2
  Pull w1 w2 w3 w4 w5 w6 w7 w8 w9
  If w2 = 1 then do
    j = j + 1
    tnames2.j = w1
    cnames2.j.1 = w3
    ctypes2.j.1 = w4
    clength2.j.1 = w5
    cscales2.j.1 = w6
    cnulls2.j.1 = w7
    cdfmts2.j.1 = w8
  end
end

```

```

        cdvalue2.j.1 = w9
    end
else if w2 <> '' then do
    Number_of_cols2.j = w2
    cnames2.j.w2 = w3
    ctypes2.j.w2 = w4
    clength2.j.w2 = w5
    cscales2.j.w2 = w6
    cnulls2.j.w2 = w7
    cdfmts2.j.w2 = w8
    cdvalue2.j.w2 = w9
    end
else nop
End
Number_of_tables2 = j
say subsys2 'has' Number_of_tables2 'tables. '

say ' '
say left(subsys1,25) subsys2
say left('—————',25) '—————'

i = 1
j = 1
Do until ((i > Number_of_tables1) | (j > Number_of_tables2))
    if tnames1.i < tnames2.j then do
        say left(tnames1.i,25) '*****'
        i = i + 1
    end
    else if tnames1.i > tnames2.j then do
        say left('*****',25) tnames2.j
        j = j + 1
    end
    else do
        say left(tnames1.i,25) tnames2.j
        i = i + 1
        j = j + 1
    end
end
If i > Number_of_tables1 then
    Do while (j <= Number_of_tables2)
        say left('*****',25) tnames2.j
        j = j + 1
    end
    else if j > Number_of_tables2 then
        Do while (i <= Number_of_tables1)
            say left(tnames1.i,25) '*****'
            i = i + 1
        end
    else nop
say ' '
say subsys1 i-1 'tables ' subsys2 j-1 'tables '

```

```

/*****
/*   Compare the columns of the tables                               */
/*****
compare_table:
i = 1
j = 1
Do while (( i < Number_of_tables1) & (j < Number_of_tables2))
  If tnames1.i < tnames2.j then do
    dt = dt + 1
    diffstmt_table.dt = tnames1.i ' is missing in ' subsys2
    i = i + 1
  end
  else if tnames1.i > tnames2.j then do
    dt = dt + 1
    diffstmt_table.dt = tnames2.j ' is missing in ' subsys1
    j = j + 1
  end
  else do /* same table names */
    call compare_column
    i = i + 1
    j = j + 1
  end
End

If i = Number_of_tables1 then
  if j = Number_of_tables2 then nop
  else do until (j > Number_of_tables2)
    j = j + 1
    dt = dt + 1
    diffstmt_table.dt = tnames2.j ' is missing in ' subsys1
  end
else if j = Number_of_tables2 then nop
  else do until (i > Number_of_tables1)
    i = i + 1
    dt = dt + 1
    diffstmt_table.dt = tnames1.i ' is missing in ' subsys2
  end

/*****
/**      Write the report                                           */
/*****
Say ' '
If dt > 0 then
  Do i = 1 to dt
    Say diffstmt_table.i
  End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dnc > 0 then
  Do i = 1 to dnc

```

```

        Say diffstmt_numcol.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dcn > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to dcn
        Say diffstmt_cname.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dct > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to dct
        Say diffstmt_dtyp.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dl > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to dl
        Say diffstmt_dlen.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If ds > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to ds
        Say diffstmt_scale.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dn > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to dn
        Say diffstmt_null.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dd > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to dd
        Say diffstmt_def.i
    End
Else nop
Say ' '
If dv > 0 then
    Do i = 1 to dv
        Say diffstmt_defv.i
    End
Else nop

Address tso
"FREE FI(indd1)"
"FREE FI(indd2)"
exit (0)

```

```

compare_column:
/*****
/*   Compare the columns of the same tables from the two subsystems   */
/*   cnames1.i.k   : k-th column of the i-th table in subsystem 1     */
/*   cnames2.j.k   : k-th column of the j-th table in subsystem 2     */
*****/
If Number_of_cols1.i <> Number_of_cols2.j then do
    dnc = dnc + 1
    diffstmt_numcol.dnc =,
        tnames1.i 'has ' Number_of_cols1.i 'cols in' subsystem1||', ' ,
        Number_of_cols2.j 'cols in' subsystem2

    End
    else nop
k = 1
l = 1
Do until ((k > Number_of_cols1.i) | (l > Number_of_cols2.j))
    If cnames1.i.k = cnames2.j.l then do
        call compare_datatype
        call compare_datatype
        call compare_length
        call compare_scale
        call compare_null
        call compare_default
        call compare_defvalue
        k = k + 1
        l = l + 1
    End
    Else do
        dcn = dcn + 1
        diffstmt_cname.dcn =,
            tnames1.i k cnames1.i.k ' in ' subsystem1 not matching
        leave
    end
End
return 0

compare_datatype :
If ctypes1.i.k <> ctypes2.j.l then do
    dct = dct + 1
    diffstmt_dtyp.dct =,
        tnames1.i 'in' subsystem1 'has unmatching data types for column' ,
        k cnames1.i.k
    End
    else nop
return

compare_length :
If clength1.i.k <> clength2.j.l then do
    dl = dl + 1
    diffstmt_clen.dl =,
        tnames1.i 'in' subsystem1 'has unmatching column length for' ,

```



```

        k cnames1.i.k
    End
    else nop
return

compare_scale :
If cscales1.i.k <> cscales2.j.1 then do
    ds = ds + 1
    diffstmt_scale.ds =,
        tnames1.i 'in' subsys1 'has unmatching column scale for' ,
        k cnames1.i.k
    End
    else nop
return

compare_null :
If cnulls1.i.k <> cnulls2.j.1 then do
    dn = dn + 1
    diffstmt_null.dn =,
        tnames1.i 'in' subsys1 'has unmatching nullable value for' ,
        k cnames1.i.k
    End
    else nop
return

compare_default :
If cdfmts1.i.k <> cdfmts2.j.1 then do
    dd = dd + 1
    diffstmt_def.dd =,
        tnames1.i 'in' subsys1 'has unmatching default indicator for' ,
        k cnames1.i.k
    End
    else nop
return

compare_defvalue :
If cdvalue1.i.k <> cdvalue2.j.1 then do
    dv = dv + 1
    diffstmt_defv.dv =,
        tnames1.i 'in' subsys1 'has unmatching default value for' ,
        k cnames1.i.k
    End
    else nop
return

newalloc: procedure
    arg dsn ddn
    Address TSO
    "ALLOC DDNAME("ddn") DSNAME('"dsn"') NEW CATALOG SPACE(5,5) TRACKS",
    " UNIT(DISK) RECFM(F B) LRECL(132) BLKSIZE(13200)"
return

```

```

SQL_ERROR:
  SAY "SQL_DB2SSN = '"SQL_DB2SSN'"
  SAY "SQL_CC = '"SQL_CC'"
  SAY "SQL_RC = '"SQL_RC'"
  SAY "SQL_REASON = '"SQL_REASON'"
  SAY "SQL_MESSAGE = '"SQL_MESSAGE'"
RETURN 0

```

Use the following JCL to run the REXX program in batch. The REXX program is located in myid.DB2GEN.CLIST.

```

//myidLB      JOB (GS,XWW,11000,4,12345),'SAM 12345',
//           CLASS=L,MSGCLASS=T,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=myid
//*
/*ROUTE XEQ DB2C
//SPUFI      EXEC PGM=IKJEFT1B,DYNAMNBR=20,TIME=999
//STEPLIB   DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=SAA.TS1.DB2APF
//SYSPROC   DD  DSN=SAA.DB2.CLISTLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT  DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT  DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP  DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN   DD  *
              EXEC DB2GEN(CMPDDL) 'DB2A myid.SYSCOL.DB2A VV1 +
                                   DB2B myid.SYSCOL.DB2B VV1'
/*

```

The output from this program will look like the following:

```

DB2A has 477 tables.
DB2B has 474 tables.

```

DB2A	DB2B
ACCT	ACCT
ACCT_STRUC	ACCT_STRUC
ACTY_TRCKNG	ACTY_TRCKNG
ADDR	ADDR
ADDR_REL	ADDR_REL
.....
MSC_CAP_MAP	*****
MSC_MED_MAP	*****
MUST_OFFR_BEN_PLN	MUST_OFFR_BEN_PLN
.....
WH_SRC	WH_SRC
ZIP_CD	ZIP_CD

```

DB2A 477 tables   DB2B 474 tables

```

```

MSC_CAP_MAP is missing in DB2A
MSC_MED_MAP is missing in DB2A

```

PROCLM_CLM_NUM_MAP is missing in DB2A

ACTY_TRCKNG has 14 cols in DB2A, 13 cols in DB2B

BEN_OPT_CMMNT has 7 cols in DB2A, 6 cols in DB2B

.....

STRUC_REL in DB2A has unmatching data types for column 15
MED_RCD_LOC_ID

MONEY_CLM in DB2A has unmatching column scale for 13 MONEY_PCT

STRUC_REL in DB2F has unmatching default indicator for 15
MED_RCD_LOC_ID

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Timeout/deadlock report

Many DB2 administrators and DB2 application programmers have wondered how they can find out which transactions have timed out and which ones haven't, how often these transactions have timed out, which plan was timed out, and which resources (database, tablespace) were affected. All this information and more is stored in the DB2 master address space log, but it is not formatted and is too long. The following REXX program analyses the DB2 master log and looks for timeout/deadlock messages and related messages.

This REXX discovers and converts the many timeout messages in the log to one summary record. For example DSNT376I indicates a timeout message and a subsequent DSNT500I message indicates resource information about the timed-out transactions. Message codes DSNT375I, DSNT376I, and DSNT500I may not appear in order in the DB2 log. Therefore corresponding messages are found and merged in this REXX program. Message code DSNT500I can include resource names or one of dbid, obid, psid, and isobid. For rows containing dbid, psid, obid, and isobid, a program has been written (DBAB101) to convert dbid, psid, obid, and isobid to database name and tablespace name.

You can see sample timeout/deadlock reports at the end of the article.

Here are descriptions of the programs and JCL:

- DB2LOGA – analyse DB2 logs and write each corresponding timeout record to the output file.
- DBAB101 – convert (replace) dbid, psid, obid, isobid to database name and tablespace name in TIMEOUT_REPORT1 table.
- DDL – DDLs of PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1 table.
- DB2LOGAJ – JCL to run these programs and print sample timeout/deadlock report using the DSNTEP2 program.
- CPLIDB2 – sample compile job for DB2-vapli-batch programs.

DB2LOGA REXX PROGRAM

```

/* rexx                                                                    */
/*****                                                                    */
/* main                                                                    */
/* This program analyses DB2 master log to find which                    */
/* transactions or jobs timed out                                        */
/* Also including some information about time out tran.                  */
/* and holder. These are following.                                       */
/*   .Timed out transaction correlation-id.                               */
/*   .Timed out transaction connection-id                                */
/*   .Timed out transaction date and time.                               */
/*   .holder    transaction correlation-id.                               */
/*   .holder    transaction connection-id                                */
/*   .Which resource (database and tablespace name)                      */
/*   .object type                                                         */
/*   .reason code                                                         */
/*   .message code (deadlock or timeout)                                  */
/*****                                                                    */
arg dbmid
$alloc fi(DB2log) da(spsdba.ps0.$dbmid$.log.temp) shr$
eof = '0'
wmsg_flag = '0'
row = 0
i1 = 0
i2 = 0
$execio 1 diskr DB2log$
do while eof = '0'
  pull line
  row = row + 1
  if wmsg_flag = '0'
    then wmsg = word(line,3)
  if word(line,3) = '—' & word(line,7) > '1999' then do
    wdate = substr(line,36,11)
    say wdate
  end
end

```

```

end
if wmsg = 'DSNT375I' & wmsg_flag = '0' then do
    wmsg_flag = '1'
    wmsg_row_lmt = 13
    row_x = 0
    i1 = i1 + 1
    call init_array
end
if wmsg = 'DSNT376I' & wmsg_flag = '0' then do
    wmsg_flag = '1'
    wmsg_row_lmt = 13
    row_x = 0
    i1 = i1 + 1
    call init_array
end
if wmsg = 'DSNT501I' & wmsg_flag = '0' then
do
    wmsg_flag = '1'
    row_x = 0
    wmsg_row_lmt = 7
    w_find = '0'
end
select
    when wmsg = 'DSNT375I' then
        call dsnt375i
    when wmsg = 'DSNT376I' then
        call dsnt376i
    when wmsg = 'DSNT501I' then
        call dsnt501i
    otherwise nop
end
$execio 1 diskr DB2log$
if word(line,2) = '//STARTING' then
    eof = '1'
if rc > 0 then eof = '1'
end
$execio 0 diskr DB2log (finis$
$free file(DB2log)$
$delete syspdba.ps0.$dbmid$.timeout$
$alloc da(syspdba.ps0.$dbmid$.timeout) new cylinders space(5,5)
    lrecl(132) blksize(13200) dsorg(ps) recfm(f,b) $
$alloc fi(DB2logo) da(syspdba.ps0.$dbmid$.timeout) shr$
push ''
mon.1 = 'JAN'
mon.2 = 'FEB'
mon.3 = 'MAR'
mon.4 = 'APR'
mon.5 = 'MAY'
mon.6 = 'JUN'
mon.7 = 'JUL'
mon.8 = 'AUG'

```

```

mon.9 = 'SEP'
mon.10= 'OCT'
mon.11= 'NOV'
mon.12= 'DEC'
do i = 1 to i1
  if w_mesaj.i = 'DSNT376I' then
    ww_mesaj = 'TIMEOUT '
  if w_mesaj.i = 'DSNT375I' then
    ww_mesaj = 'DEADLOCK'
  do m = 1 to 12
    if word(w_date1.i,2) = mon.m
      then leave
    end
  if m < 10 then
    ww_date = word(w_date1.i,3)||'-0'||m||'-'||word(w_date1.i,1)
  else
    ww_date = word(w_date1.i,3)||'-'||m||'-'||word(w_date1.i,1)
    ww_time = translate(w_time1.i,':','.')
  line1 = w_plan1.i || ' ' || w_corr1.i || ' ' || w_conn1.i || ' '
  line1 = line1 || ww_date || ' ' || ww_time || ' '
  line1 = line1 || w_plan2.i || ' ' || w_corr2.i || ' '
  line1 = line1 || w_conn2.i || ' ' || w_dbid2.i || ' '
  line1 = line1 || w_object1.i || ' ' || ww_mesaj || ' '
  line1 = line1 || w_reason1.i || ' ' || w_type1.i
  say length(line1)
  if length(line1) > 125 then do
    push line1
    $execio 1 diskw DB2logo $
  end
end
$execio 0 diskr DB2logo (finis$
$free file(DB2logo)$
return
/*****
/* dsnt376i */
*****/
dsnt375i:
  row_x = row_x + 1
  if row_x = 1 then
    do
      w_mesaj.i1 = 'DSNT375I'
      w_plan1.i1 = substr(word(line,5),6,8)
      w_date1.i1 = wdate
      w_time1.i1 = word(line,1)
    end
  if row_x < 5 then
    do
      if substr(line,29,4) = 'CORR' then
        w_corr1.i1 = substr(line,44,12)
      if substr(line,29,4) = 'CONN' then
        w_conn1.i1 = substr(line,43,8)

```

```

end
if substr(line,29,8) = 'IS DEADL' then
    w_plan2.i1 = substr(word(line,4),6,8)
if row_x > 5 then
do
    if substr(line,29,4) = 'CORR' then
        w_corr2.i1 = substr(line,44,12)
    if substr(line,29,4) = 'CONN' then
        w_conn2.i1 = substr(line,43,8)
    end
end
if word(line,2) = 'MEMBER' then
do
    w_dbid2.i1 = word(line,3)
    wmsg_flag = 'Ø'
    wmsg = ''
end
return
/*****
/* dsnt376i
/*****
dsnt376i:
row_x = row_x + 1
if row_x = 1 then
do
    w_mesaj.i1 = 'DSNT376I'
    w_plan1.i1 = substr(word(line,5),6,8)
    w_date1.i1 = wdate
    w_time1.i1 = word(line,1)
end
if row_x < 5 then
do
    if substr(line,29,4) = 'CORR' then
        w_corr1.i1 = substr(line,44,12)
    if substr(line,29,4) = 'CONN' then
        w_conn1.i1 = substr(line,43,8)
    end
end
if substr(line,29,8) = 'IS TIMED' then
    w_plan2.i1 = substr(word(line,10),6,8)
if row_x > 5 then
do
    if substr(line,29,4) = 'CORR' then
        w_corr2.i1 = substr(line,44,12)
    if substr(line,29,4) = 'CONN' then
        w_conn2.i1 = substr(line,43,8)
    end
end
if word(line,2) = 'MEMBER' then
do
    w_dbid2.i1 = word(line,3)
    wmsg_flag = 'Ø'
    wmsg = ''
end
end

```

```

return
/*****
/* dsnt501i
/*****
dsnt501i:
    row_x = row_x + 1
    if substr(line,32,4) = 'CORR' then
        w_corrx = substr(line,47,12)
    if substr(line,32,4) = 'CONN' then
        do
            w_connx = substr(line,46,8)
            do ii = i1 to 1 by -1
                if w_corr1.ii = w_corrx &,
                    w_conn1.ii = w_connx then
                    w_find = '1'
                if w_find = '1' then leave
            end
        end
    end
/* say w_corrx w_connx w_find
pull a
if a = ' ' then exit */
if w_find = '1' then
    do
        if word(line,1) = 'REASON' then
            w_reason1.ii = word(line,2)
        if word(line,1) = 'TYPE' then
            w_type1.ii = word(line,2)
        if word(line,1) = 'NAME' then
            do
                w_object1.ii = substr(line,37,17)
                wmsg_flag = '0'
                wmsg = ''
            end
        end
        if row_x = 7 then do
            wmsg_flag = '0'
            wmsg = ''
        end
    end
return
/*****
/* init_array
/*****
init_array:
    w_plan1.i1 = ' '
    w_date1.i1 = ' '
    w_time1.i1 = ' '
    w_corr1.i1 = ' '
    w_conn1.i1 = ' '
    w_plan2.i1 = ' '
    w_corr2.i1 = ' '
    w_conn2.i1 = ' '

```



```

        w_dbid2.i1 = ' '
        w_reason1.i1 = ' '
        w_type1.i1 = ' '
        w_object1.i1 = ' '
return
/*****
/* syspdba.ps0.dbp2.timeout */
/* ----- */
    line1 = w_plan1.i || ' ' || w_corr1.i || ' ' || w_conn1.i || ' '
    line1 = line1 || ww_date || ' ' || ww_time || ' '
    line1 = line1 || w_plan2.i || ' ' || w_corr2.i || ' '
    line1 = line1 || w_conn2.i || ' ' || w_dbid2.i || ' '
    line1 = line1 || w_object1.i || ' ' || ww_mesaj || ' '
    line1 = line1 || w_reason1.i || ' ' || w_type1.i
/*      8      Plan1 (timed out plan) */
/*      12     Corr.id.1 */
/*      8      conn.id.1 */
/*      10     date */
/*      8      time */
/*      8      Plan2 (holder plan ) */
/*      12     corr.id.2 */
/*      8      conn.id.2 */
/*      4      dbid member */
/*      17     object name */
/*      8      message code */
/*      8      reason code */
/*      8      object type */
*****/

```

DBAB101 VA-PLI PROGRAM

```

DBAB101: PROC OPTIONS(MAIN);
/* ***** */
/* PROGRAM NAME      : DBAB101 */
/* JCL NAME          : DBAB101 */
/* DATE              : 09.09.2001 */
/* DESCRIPTION       : UPDATE DBAB101_REPORT1 TABLE */
/* ***** */
/* DESCRIPTION      : CHECKS THE DATABASE NAME AND TABLESPACE */
/*                   NAME IN TIMEOUT_REPORT1 TABLE. IF THE */
/*                   NAMES INCLUDE ANY OF DBID,PSID, OR OBID */
/*                   THESE COLUMNS ARE UPDATED FROM CATALOG */
/*                   TABLES WITH CORRESPONDING DBNAME AND */
/*                   TSNAME. */
/* ***** */
DCL ( ADDR,ONCODE, NULL,DATE,MOD,DATETIME,ABS,
      SUBSTR,TRANSLATE,VERIFY ) BUILTIN ;
DCL 1 SYSDB,
     5 DB_NAME      CHAR(8),
     5 DB_CREATOR   CHAR(8),

```

```

    5 DB_DBID      BIN FIXED(15);
DCL 1 SYSTS,
    5 TS_NAME     CHAR(8),
    5 TS_CREATOR  CHAR(8),
    5 TS_DBNAME   CHAR(8),
    5 TS_DBID     BIN FIXED(15),
    5 TS_OBID     BIN FIXED(15),
    5 TS_PSID     BIN FIXED(15);
DCL 1 SYSTB,
    5 TB_NAME     CHAR(18) VAR,
    5 TB_CREATOR  CHAR(8),
    5 TB_DBNAME   CHAR(8),
    5 TB_TSNAME   CHAR(8),
    5 TB_DBID     BIN FIXED(15),
    5 TB_OBID     BIN FIXED(15);
DCL 1 SYSIX,
    5 IX_NAME     CHAR(18) VAR,
    5 IX_CREATOR  CHAR(8),
    5 IX_TBNAME   CHAR(18) VAR,
    5 IX_TBCREATOR CHAR(8),
    5 IX_DBID     BIN FIXED(15),
    5 IX_OBID     BIN FIXED(15),
    5 IX_ISOBIID  BIN FIXED(15),
    5 IX_DBNAME   CHAR(8),
    5 IX_INDEXSPACE CHAR(8);
DCL 1 DCLTIMEOUT_REPORT11,
    5 TM_PLAN     CHAR(8),
    5 TM_PLAN_CORR_ID CHAR(12),
    5 TM_PLAN_CONN_ID CHAR(8),
    5 TM_DATE     CHAR(10),
    5 TM_TIME     CHAR(8),
    5 TM_PLAN_HOLDER CHAR(8),
    5 TM_PLANHD_CORR_ID CHAR(12),
    5 TM_PLANHD_CONN_ID CHAR(8),
    5 TM_DB2_MEMBER CHAR(4),
    5 TM_DB2_DATABASE CHAR(8),
    5 TM_DB2_TABLESPACE CHAR(8),
    5 TM_MESSAGE_CODE CHAR(8),
    5 TM_DB2_REASON_CODE CHAR(8),
    5 TM_DB2_OBJ_TYPE CHAR(8);
DCL WS_PIC1      PIC'(8)9';
DCL WS_DEC1      DEC FIXED(8,0);
DCL WS_BINDB    BIN FIXED(15);
DCL WS_BINTS    BIN FIXED(15);
DCL WS_RCODE    CHAR(01) INIT('0');
DCL WS_DB_NAME  CHAR(08) INIT(' ');
DCL WS_TS_NAME  CHAR(08) INIT(' ');
DCL WS_SQLCODE  PIC'S9999' INIT('0');
DCL WS_C_COUNT  PIC'(5)9' INIT(0);
DCL WS_C1       PIC'(8)9' INIT(0);
DCL WS_C2       PIC'(8)9' INIT(0);

```

```

EXEC SQL INCLUDE SQLCA      ;
/*****
/*          MAIN PROCEDURE          */
/*  SELECT ROWS FROM TIMEOUT_REPORT1 TABLE      */
/*  IF DB2_TABLESPACE OR DB2_DATABASE COLUMNS  */
/*  GREATER THAN Ø, THESE COLUMNS WILL        */
/*  BE UPDATED. THESE INCLUDE DBID,PSID,OBID   */
/*  ISOBID                                     */
*****/
ON ERROR
  BEGIN;
      PUT DATA ;
      EXEC SQL
          ROLLBACK;
      STOP      ;
  END      ;
EXEC SQL
  DECLARE CØ1 CURSOR WITH HOLD FOR
  SELECT TM_DB2_DATABASE ,
         TM_DB2_TABLESPACE ,
         TM_DB2_REASON_CODE,
         TM_DB2_OBJ_TYPE
  FROM PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1
  WHERE TM_DB2_DATABASE > 'Ø'
        OR TM_DB2_TABLESPACE > 'Ø'
  FOR UPDATE OF TM_DB2_DATABASE,
               TM_DB2_TABLESPACE ;

EXEC SQL
  OPEN CØ1 ;
IF SQLCODE < Ø THEN
  CALL SQL_ERROR;

EXEC SQL
  FETCH CØ1 INTO :TM_DB2_DATABASE, :TM_DB2_TABLESPACE,
                :TM_DB2_REASON_CODE, :TM_DB2_OBJ_TYPE;
IF SQLCODE < Ø THEN
  CALL SQL_ERROR;
DO WHILE(SQLCODE = Ø) ;
  WS_C2 = WS_C2 + 1;
  CALL CHECK_DB_TS;
  PUT SKIP EDIT
    (TM_DB2_DATABASE,WS_DB_NAME,TM_DB2_TABLESPACE,WS_TS_NAME)
    (A,X(2),A,X(2),A,X(2),A);
  IF WS_RCODE = '1' THEN
    CALL UPDATE_TABLE;

  EXEC SQL
  FETCH CØ1 INTO :TM_DB2_DATABASE, :TM_DB2_TABLESPACE,
                :TM_DB2_REASON_CODE, :TM_DB2_OBJ_TYPE;

END;
IF SQLCODE < Ø THEN
  CALL SQL_ERROR;

```

```

    PUT SKIP
      EDIT ('TOTAL FETCH COUNT:',WS_C2)
        (A,X(2),A);
    PUT SKIP
      EDIT ('TOTAL UPDATE COUNT:',WS_C1)
        (A,X(2),A);
    RETURN;
/*****
/* CHECK_DB_TS PROCEDURE */
/* MOST TM_DB2_DATABASE AND TM_DB2_TABLESPACE VALUES ARE REAL NAME.*/
/* SOME OF THEM ARE OBID,PSID,DBID,ISOBID. THIS PROC CHECKS THIS */
/* VALUE AND SEARCHES IN CATALOG TABLES TO FIND REAL NAME. */
*****/
CHECK_DB_TS: PROC;
  WS_BINDB = 0;
  WS_BINTS = 0;
  WS_DB_NAME = TM_DB2_DATABASE;
  WS_TS_NAME = TM_DB2_TABLESPACE;
  WS_DB_FLAG = ' ' ;
  WS_TS_FLAG = ' ' ;
  WS_RCODE = ' ' ;
  IF TM_DB2_DATABASE > '0' THEN
    DO;
      WS_PIC1 = TM_DB2_DATABASE ;
      WS_DEC1 = WS_PIC1;
      WS_BINDB = WS_DEC1;
    END;
  IF TM_DB2_TABLESPACE > '0' THEN
    DO;
      WS_PIC1 = TM_DB2_TABLESPACE;
      WS_DEC1 = WS_PIC1;
      WS_BINTS = WS_DEC1;
    END;
  IF WS_BINDB > 0 THEN
    DO;
      EXEC SQL
        SELECT NAME
          INTO :DB_NAME
        FROM SYSIBM.SYSDATABASE
        WHERE DBID = :WS_BINDB;
      IF SQLCODE < 0 THEN
        CALL SQL_ERROR;
      IF SQLCODE = 0 THEN
        DO;
          WS_DB_NAME = DB_NAME;
          WS_DB_FLAG = '1' ;
          WS_RCODE = '1' ;
        END;
    END;
  IF WS_BINTS > 0 THEN
    DO;

```

```

EXEC SQL
  SELECT NAME
  INTO :TS_NAME
  FROM SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE
  WHERE DBNAME = :WS_DB_NAME
         AND PSID = :WS_BINTS;
IF SQLCODE < 0 THEN
  CALL SQL_ERROR;
IF SQLCODE = 0 THEN
  DO;
    WS_TS_NAME = TS_NAME;
    WS_TS_FLAG = '1' ;
    WS_RCODE = '1' ;
  END;
ELSE DO;
EXEC SQL
  SELECT NAME
  INTO :TB_NAME
  FROM SYSIBM.SYSTABLES
  WHERE DBNAME = :WS_DB_NAME
         AND OBID = :WS_BINTS;
IF SQLCODE < 0 THEN
  CALL SQL_ERROR;
IF SQLCODE = 0 THEN
  DO;
    WS_TS_NAME = TS_NAME;
    WS_TS_FLAG = '1' ;
    WS_RCODE = '1' ;
  END;
ELSE DO;
EXEC SQL
  SELECT B.TSNAME
  INTO :TS_NAME
  FROM SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES A,
  SYSIBM.SYSTABLES B
  WHERE A.DBNAME = :WS_DB_NAME
         AND A.ISOBID = :WS_BINTS
         AND A.TBCREATOR = B.CREATOR
         AND A.TBNAME = B.NAME;
IF SQLCODE < 0 THEN
  CALL SQL_ERROR;
IF SQLCODE = 0 THEN
  DO;
    WS_TS_NAME = TS_NAME;
    WS_TS_FLAG = '1' ;
    WS_RCODE = '1' ;
  END;
END;
END;
END;
END CHECK_DB_TS;

```

```

/*****/
/* UPDATE TABLE */
/*****/
UPDATE_TABLE: PROC;
EXEC SQL
    UPDATE PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1
    SET TM_DB2_DATABASE = :WS_DB_NAME,
        TM_DB2_TABLESPACE = :WS_TS_NAME
    WHERE CURRENT OF C01;
IF SQLCODE < 0 THEN
    CALL SQL_ERROR;
WS_C_COUNT = WS_C_COUNT + 1;
WS_C1 = WS_C1 + 1;
IF WS_C_COUNT = 100 THEN
    DO;
        EXEC SQL
            COMMIT;
        WS_C_COUNT = 0;
    END;
END UPDATE_TABLE;
/*****/
/* SQL ERROR */
/*****/
SQL_ERROR: PROC;
WS_SQLCODE = SQLCODE;
EXEC SQL
    ROLLBACK;
PUT SKIP
    EDIT ('SQLCODE ',WS_SQLCODE,'COMMIT COUNT',WS_C_COUNT)
    ( A,A,A,A );
STOP
;
END SQL_ERROR;
/*****/
/* END OF PROGRAM */
/*****/
END DBAB101;

```

DDLs OF PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1 TABLE

```

CREATE TABLESPACE PDBAP011 IN PDBAD001
    USING STOGROUP PDBAS000
        PRIQTY 13200 SECQTY 6600
        FREEPAGE 0 PCTFREE 5
    GBPCACHE CHANGED
    BUFFERPOOL BP2
    LOCKSIZE ANY
    CLOSE YES
;
COMMIT;
CREATE TABLE PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1

```

```

(
  TM_PLAN          CHAR(8) NOT NULL ,
  TM_PLAN_CORR_ID  CHAR(12) NOT NULL ,
  TM_PLAN_CONN_ID  CHAR(8) NOT NULL ,
  TM_DATE          DATE NOT NULL ,
  TM_TIME          TIME NOT NULL ,
  TM_PLAN_HOLDER   CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_PLANHD_CORR_ID CHAR(12) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_PLANHD_CONN_ID CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_DB2_MEMBER    CHAR(4) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_DB2_DATABASE  CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_DB2_TABLESPACE CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_MESSAGE_CODE  CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_DB2_REASON_CODE CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
  TM_DB2_OBJ_TYPE  CHAR(8) NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT,
PRIMARY KEY (
  TM_PLAN          ,
  TM_PLAN_CORR_ID  ,
  TM_PLAN_CONN_ID  ,
  TM_DATE          ,
  TM_TIME
)
)
IN PDBAD001.PDBAP011
AUDIT NONE
DATA CAPTURE NONE
;
CREATE TYPE 2 UNIQUE INDEX
PHST.PDBA011A
ON PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1
(
  TM_PLAN          ASC,
  TM_PLAN_CORR_ID  ASC,
  TM_PLAN_CONN_ID  ASC,
  TM_DATE          ASC,
  TM_TIME          ASC
)
USING STOGROUP PHSTS001
PRIQTY 6048 SECQTY 3024
FREEPAGE 0 PCTFREE 10
GBPCACHE CHANGED
BUFFERPOOL BP3
CLOSE YES ;
COMMIT;

```

DB2LOGA – JCL FOR DB2 LOG ANALYSE AND TIMEOUT REPORT

```

//DB2LOGA JOB (ACCT), 'DB2-DB2LOGA',
// CLASS=A, RESTART=SQL1, MSGCLASS=X, MSGLEVEL=(1,1)
/**

```

```

//*****
//* DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP1.LOG.TEMP DATASET          **
//* DELETE SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP2.LOG.TEMP DATASET          **
//*****
//DELPDS EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DELLOG1 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP1.LOG.TEMP,DISP=(MOD,DELETE,DELETE),
//          SPACE=(CYL,(1Ø,1Ø))
//DELLOG2 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP2.LOG.TEMP,DISP=(MOD,DELETE,DELETE),
//          SPACE=(CYL,(1Ø,1Ø))
//*
//*****
//* DEFINE SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP1.LOG.TEMP          DATASET          **
//* DEFINE SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP2.LOG.TEMP          DATASET          **
//*****
//DEFPDS EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DEFLOG1 DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
//          DSN=SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP1.LOG.TEMP,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(5Ø,5Ø)),DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=132)
//DEFLOG2 DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
//          DSN=SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP2.LOG.TEMP,
//          SPACE=(CYL,(5Ø,5Ø)),DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=132)
/*
//*****
//* THIS STEP INCLUDES SDSF BATCH COMMANDS.          **
//* LOAD DBP1MSTR LOG RECORD FROM SDSF TO DATASET    **
//* LOAD DBP2MSTR LOG RECORD FROM SDSF TO DATASET    **
//*****
//SDSGET EXEC PGM=ISFAFD
//ISFOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ISFIN DD *
SYSNAME PX*
PREFIX DBP1MSTR
OWNER *
DA
FIND 'DBP1MSTR'
++S
PRINT ODSN 'SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP1.LOG.TEMP' * SHR
PRINT 1 9999999
PRINT CLOSE
PREFIX DBP2MSTR
OWNER *
DA
FIND 'DBP2MSTR'
++S
PRINT ODSN 'SYSPDBA.PSØ.DBP2.LOG.TEMP' * SHR
PRINT 1 9999999
PRINT CLOSE
/*
//*****
//* RUN LOG ANALYSE REXX PROGRAM FOR DBP1          **
//*****

```



```

//DB2DBP1 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=30,REGION=4096K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=ISP.SISPLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSEXEC DD DSN=SYSPDBA.REXXLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
    PROFILE NOPREFIX
    %DB2LOGA DBP1
/*
//*****
//* RUN LOG ANALYSE REXX PROGRAM FOR DBP2 **
//*****
//DB2DBP2 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=30,REGION=4096K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=ISP.SISPLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSEXEC DD DSN=SYSPDBA.REXXLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
    PROFILE NOPREFIX
    %DB2LOGA DBP2
/*
//*****
//* LOAD TIMEOUT RESULT SET TO DB2 TABLE **
//*****
//LOAD1 EXEC DSNUPROC,PARM='DBP0,LOADTIM'
//SORTLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB
//SYSREC00 DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.DBP1.TIMEOUT,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PS0.DBP2.TIMEOUT,DISP=SHR
//SORTWK01 DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SORTWK02 DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SORTWK03 DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SORTWK04 DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SORTOUT DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SYSMAP DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SYSUT1 DD SPACE=(CYL,(10,10),,,ROUND)
//SYSIN DD *
    LOAD DATA
    INDDN SYSREC00
    PREFORMAT
    REPLACE
    STATISTICS TABLE (ALL)
                INDEX (ALL KEYCARD FREQVAL NUMCOLS 1 COUNT 10)
                REPORT NO
                UPDATE ACCESSPATH

    LOG NO
    NOCOPYPEND
    SORTKEYS
    INTO TABLE
        PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1
    (
    TM_PLAN POSITION( 1 )
    CHAR( 8) ,
    TM_PLAN_CORR_ID POSITION( 10 )

```

```

CHAR(          12) ,
TM_PLAN_CONN_ID          POSITION(      23      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_DATE          POSITION(      32      )
DATE EXTERNAL(      10) ,
TM_TIME          POSITION(      43      )
TIME EXTERNAL(      8) ,
TM_PLAN HOLDER          POSITION(      52      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_PLANHD_CORR_ID          POSITION(      61      )
CHAR(          12) ,
TM_PLANHD_CONN_ID          POSITION(      74      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_DB2_MEMBER          POSITION(      83      )
CHAR(          4) ,
TM_DB2_DATABASE          POSITION(      88      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_DB2_TABLESPACE          POSITION(      97      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_MESSAGE_CODE          POSITION(     106      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_DB2_REASON_CODE          POSITION(     115      )
CHAR(          8) ,
TM_DB2_OBJ_TYPE          POSITION(     124      )
CHAR(          8)
)
/*
/**
/** *****
/** UPDATE DB2 TABLE TO FIND AND REPLACE          **
/** PSID,DBID,OBID,ISOBID WITH DATABASE NAME AND TABLESPACE          **
/** NAME          **
/** *****
/**STEP1 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
/**STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PDSN.SDSNEXIT
/** DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD
/**SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
/**SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
/**SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
/**SYSTEMSIN DD *
DSN SYSTEM(DBP0)
RUN PROGRAM(DBAB101) PLAN(DBAB101) -
LIB('SYSPDBA.PD0.LOADLIB')
END
/**
/** *****
/** SAMPLE TIMEOUT REPORTS FROM PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT TABLE          **
/** *****
/**SQL1 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20
/**STEPLIB DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNEXIT,DISP=SHR
/** DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
/**SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*

```

```

//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
  DSN SYSTEM(DBP0)
  RUN PROGRAM(DSNTEP2) PLAN(DSNTEP2) -
  LIBRARY('PDSN.RUNLIB.LOAD')
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
  SELECT A.TM_DATE,A.TM_PLAN,A.TM_PLAN HOLDER,
         B.NAME AS TABLE_NAME,COUNT(*) AS TIMEOUT_COUNT
  FROM PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1 A, SYSIBM.SYSTABLES B
  WHERE
    A.TM_MESSAGE_CODE = 'TIMEOUT'
  AND A.TM_DB2_DATABASE = 'DSNDB06'
  AND B.DBNAME = A.TM_DB2_DATABASE
  AND B.TSNAME = A.TM_DB2_TABLESPACE
  AND B.TYPE = 'T'
  GROUP BY A.TM_DATE,A.TM_PLAN,A.TM_PLAN HOLDER,
           B.NAME
  HAVING COUNT(*) > 1
  ORDER BY 5 DESC,1,2,3,4;
/*
//*****
/** SAMPLE DEADLOCK REPORTS FROM PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT TABLE **
//*****
//SQL2 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20
//STEPLIB DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNEXIT,DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
  DSN SYSTEM(DBP0)
  RUN PROGRAM(DSNTEP2) PLAN(DSNTEP2) -
  LIBRARY('PDSN.RUNLIB.LOAD')
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
  SELECT A.TM_DATE,A.TM_PLAN,A.TM_PLAN HOLDER,
         B.NAME AS TABLE_NAME,COUNT(*) AS TIMEOUT_COUNT
  FROM PDBA.TIMEOUT_REPORT1 A, SYSIBM.SYSTABLES B
  WHERE
    A.TM_MESSAGE_CODE = 'DEADLOCK'
  AND A.TM_DB2_DATABASE = 'DSNDB06'
  AND B.DBNAME = A.TM_DB2_DATABASE
  AND B.TSNAME = A.TM_DB2_TABLESPACE
  AND B.TYPE = 'T'
  GROUP BY A.TM_DATE,A.TM_PLAN,A.TM_PLAN HOLDER,
           B.NAME
  HAVING COUNT(*) > 1
  ORDER BY 5 DESC,1,2,3,4;
/*

```

CPLIDB2 – SAMPLE COMPILE-BIND PROCEDURE FOR PLI-DB2-BATCH PROGRAM

```

CPLIDB2:
//CPLIDB2 JOB , ,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),MSGCLASS=X,CLASS=A,
// NOTIFY=&SYSUID,REGION=0M
//*****
//* VA PLI   COMPILE JOB FOR DB2-BATCH-VAPLI                               *
//*         PRECOMPILE, COMPILE, LINK-EDIT VE BIND PROSEDURE             *
//*****
//*-----*
//* DB2 PRECOMPILE STEP
//*-----*
//DB2      EXEC PGM=DSNHPC, PARM='HOST(PLI),SOURCE,DEC(31)',REGION=2M
//DBRMLIB  DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PD0.DBRMLIB(DBAB101),DISP=SHR
//STEPLIB  DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//         DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNEXIT,DISP=SHR
//*        DD DSN=VAPLI.SIBMZCMP,DISP=SHR
//*        DD DSN=CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//SYSLIB   DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PD0.SRCLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSCIN   DD DSN=&DSNHOUT,DISP=(MOD,PASS),
//         UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(TRK,(20,10))
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=X
//SYSTEM   DD SYSOUT=X
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=X
//SYSUT1   DD UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(TRK,(20,10))
//SYSUT2   DD UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(TRK,(20,10))
//SYSIN    DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PD0.SRCLIB(DBAB101),DISP=SHR
//*-----*
//* VA PL/I COMPILE STEP
//*-----*
//PLI      EXEC PGM=IBMZPLI,COND=(8,LT),REGION=2M,
//*        PARM=('A(F),F(I),XREF(FULL),INC,M,NEST,OF,S,MAP,EXTRN(FULL)',
//         PARM=('OBJECT,OPTIONS,INC,S,MAP,FLAG(I 250)',
//         'LIMITS(FIXEDDEC(31),FIXEDBIN(63)),OFFSET,GN')
//STEPLIB  DD DSN=VAPLI.SIBMZCMP,DISP=SHR
//         DD DSN=CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=X
//SYSLIN   DD DSN=&&OBJ,UNIT=VIO,DISP=(,PASS),
//         SPACE=(TRK,(20,10)),DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=32000)
//SYSUT1   DD UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(TRK,(20,10))
//SYSUT2   DD UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(TRK,(20,10))
//SYSIN    DD DSN=&DSNHOUT,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//*-----*
//* PRE-LINK EDIT STEP
//*-----*
//PRELKED1 EXEC PGM=EDCPRLK
//STEPLIB  DD DSN=CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//SYMSMSG  DD DSN=CEE.SCEEMSGP(EDCPMSGE),DISP=SHR
//SYSLIB   DD DUMMY
//SYSMOD   DD DSN=&&PLNK,DISP=(,PASS),UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1)),

```

```

//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3200)
//SYSIN    DD DSN=&&OBJ,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSDEFSD DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT   DD SYSOUT=*
/*-----*
/* LINK-EDIT STEP
/*-----*
//LKED     EXEC PGM=IEWL,COND=(8,LT),REGION=2M,
//          PARM='RENT,REUS,XREF,MAP,LIST'
//SYSLIB   DD DSN=CEE.SCEELKED,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNEXIT,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PD0.LOADLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSLMOD  DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PD0.LOADLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=X
//SYSUT1   DD UNIT=VIO,SPACE=(TRK,(20,10))
//SYSLIN   DD DSN=&&PLNK,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//          DD DDNAME=SYSIN
//SYSIN    DD *
        INCLUDE SYSLIB(DSNELI)
        NAME     DBAB101(R)
/*
/*-----*
/* BIND PACKAGE & PLAN STEP
/*-----*
//BIND     EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
//DBRMLIB  DD DSN=SYSPDBA.PD0.DBRMLIB,DISP=SHR
//STEPLIB  DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=PDSN.SDSNEXIT,DISP=SHR
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN  DD *
        DSN SYSTEM(DBP0)
        BIND PACKAGE(DBAB101) MEMBER(DBAB101) VALIDATE(RUN) -
            RELEASE(COMMIT) ACTION(REPLACE) ISOLATION(CS) -
            DEGREE(ANY) CURRENTDATA(NO)
        BIND PLAN(DBAB101) PKLIST(DBAB101.DBAB101) VALIDATE(RUN) -
            RELEASE(COMMIT) ACTION(REPLACE) ISOLATION(CS) -
            DEGREE(ANY) CURRENTDATA(NO)
        END
/*

```

SAMPLE TIMEOUT REPORT

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+-----+
! TM_DATE   ! TM_PLAN   !TM_PLAN_HOLDER! TABLE_NAME       !TIMEOUT_COUNT!
+-----+
!2001-08-23 ! HSP207    ! HSPB151      ! HSSOZLESME       !    22 !

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!2001-08-24	! VERTPL01	! VERTPL01	!VERGI_DAIRES_BILGI	!	22	!
!2001-09-04	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! TERM_AU	!	22	!
!2001-09-07	! HSP207	! HSPB151	! HSSOZLESME	!	22	!
!2001-09-24	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	22	!
!2001-09-26	! ITIZPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	22	!
!2001-09-26	! ITIZPL01	! MLBDPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_TRF	!	22	!
!2001-09-27	! HVLEPL01	! DSNUTIL	! TRANSFER	!	22	!
!2001-08-23	! ITIZPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	21	!
!2001-09-06	! TLISPL01	! EXTR007	! CSTMR_AU	!	21	!
!2001-09-17	! HSP207	! HSPB151	! HSSOZLESME	!	21	!
!2001-09-24	! ITIZPL01	! MLBDPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_TRF	!	21	!
!2001-09-26	! HVLEPL01	! DSNUTIL	! TRANSFER	!	21	!
!2001-10-02	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	21	!
!2001-10-08	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	21	!
!2001-09-27	! INTRPL01	! VDSI026	! CSTMR_AU	!	19	!
!2001-09-27	! ITIZPL01	! MLBDPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_TRF	!	19	!
!2001-10-03	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMPORT_DEMAND	!	19	!
!2001-10-04	! HVLEPL01	! DSNUTIL	! TRANSFER	!	19	!
!2001-10-04	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	19	!
!2001-10-08	! ITIZPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_TRF	!	19	!
!2001-10-09	! GKIZPL01	! GKTFPL01	! FRG_TRF_EV	!	19	!
!2001-10-10	! MLBDPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_CHARGE_DTL	!	19	!
!2001-08-20	! BKTGPL01	! BROTPLO1	! PYMNT_TABLE_INFO	!	18	!
!2001-08-21	! ITIZPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	18	!
!2001-09-04	! HSP207	! HSPB151	! HSSOZLESME	!	18	!
!2001-09-18	! PTALPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMPORT_DEMAND	!	18	!
!2001-09-18	! YGBSQL	! YGBSQLU	! JOB_CONTROL	!	18	!
!2001-09-21	! BKTGPL01	! BKKUPL01	! PYMNT_TABLE_INFO	!	18	!
!2001-09-24	! GKIZPL01	! GKTRPL01	! FRG_TRF_EV	!	18	!
!2001-10-01	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	18	!
!2001-08-31	! BKTGPL01	! BROTPLO1	! TERM_AU	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! EFYTPL01	! HESAPLO1	! CSTMR_AU	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! MLBDPL01	! ITFOPL01	! TERM_AU	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_COM_INFO	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! PTALPL01	! ITFOPL01	! IMP_DEMAND_OPNNG	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! SSKTPL01	! SSKTPL01	! CSTMR_AU	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! TPR6PL01	! SSKTPL01	! CSTMR_AU	!	4	!
!2001-08-31	! YGBSQL	! YGBSQLU	! JOB_CONTROL	!	4	!
!2001-09-03	! BHHGPL01	! BHHGPL01	! BAHAV_NUMARA	!	4	!
!2001-08-22	! EFCKPL01	! EFCKPL01	! CSTMR_AU	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! FDFDPL01	! FDFDPL01	! FIRM_EVAL_DTL2	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! FDFDPL01	! FDFDPL01	! FIRM_EVAL_ST	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! GKTRPL01	! GKTKPL01	! FRG_TRF_EV	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! HISPLN02	! HSPB151	! HSSOZLESME	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! NKYTPL01	! PCMOPL01	! CSTMR_AU	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! PRAVPL01	! ITFOPL01	! EXPRTTR_FIRM_INFO	!	2	!
!2001-08-22	! PTALPL01	! MLBDPL01	! IMPORT_PYMNT_EV	!	2	!
!2001-09-28	! NKCKPL01	! MKLBG004	! INVESTMENT_AU	!	2	!
!2001-09-28	! NKCKPL01	! VDSI026	! CSTMR_AU	!	2	!
!2001-09-28	! OPR2PL01	! PCMOPL01	! PMK_CHEQ	!	2	!
!2001-09-28	! VDSI026	! ONTAH055	! CSTMR_AU	!	2	!

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!2001-09-28 ! VPIZPL01 ! MLBDPL01      ! IMPORT_DEMAND      !      2 !
!2001-09-29 ! MI13PL01 ! DSNUTIL      ! CST_GLAU_HISTORY   !      2 !
!2001-10-01 ! ASISPL01 ! MUTAPL01     ! PMK_CSTMTR         !      2 !
+-----+

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SAMPLE DEADLOCK REPORT

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+-----+
!  TM_DATE      ! TM_PLAN  ! TM_PLAN HOLDER !  TABLE_NAME      ! TIMEOUT_COUNT !
+-----+
! 2001-08-27 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      10 !
! 2001-09-14 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      9 !
! 2001-08-17 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      7 !
! 2001-09-05 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      7 !
! 2001-10-05 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      7 !
! 2001-10-10 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      7 !
! 2001-09-05 ! MKLPLN20 ! MKLB429       ! MKFIZIKI          !      6 !
! 2001-09-05 ! MKLPLN20 ! MKLB429       ! MKPRTFY1          !      6 !
! 2001-09-13 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      6 !
! 2001-09-21 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      6 !
! 2001-10-08 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      6 !
! 2001-08-28 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      5 !
! 2001-09-07 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      5 !
! 2001-08-24 ! POSPLN01 ! OPOS032       ! KONTOR_DOSYASI    !      4 !
! 2001-08-27 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      4 !
! 2001-09-14 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      4 !
! 2001-09-17 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      4 !
! 2001-09-19 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      4 !
! 2001-09-25 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      4 !
! 2001-09-26 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      4 !
! 2001-09-28 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      4 !
! 2001-10-01 ! CRBU001  ! CRBU001       ! CSTM AU_CR_ADAT    !      4 !
! 2001-10-03 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      4 !
! 2001-08-20 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSOLPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      3 !
! 2001-08-24 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSOLPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      3 !
! 2001-08-27 ! HSOLPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      3 !
! 2001-08-28 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      3 !
! 2001-08-31 ! MKLBG004 ! MUHAPL01     ! INVESTMENT_AU     !      3 !
! 2001-09-05 ! MKLPLN20 ! MKLPLN24      ! MKFIZIKI          !      3 !
! 2001-09-05 ! MKLPLN20 ! MKLPLN24      ! MKPRTFY1          !      3 !
! 2001-09-05 ! MKLPLN22 ! MKLB429       ! MKGUN_DETAY       !      3 !
! 2001-09-06 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSGRUP_EMIR       !      3 !
! 2001-09-07 ! HSPSPL01 ! HSPSPL01      ! HSEMIR            !      3 !
+-----+

```

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DB2 news

IBM has beefed up its DB2 for Multiplatforms with a range of new and improved tools for AIX, HP-UX, Linux, Solaris, and Windows. Improved tools include DB2 Web Query Tool for Multiplatforms V1.2 and DB2 Table Editor for Multiplatforms V4.2.

The Table Editor accesses, updates, and deletes data across multiple DB2 database platforms and the Web Query Tool connects all users directly to multiple enterprise databases simultaneously, regardless of database size, hardware, operating system, or location. Both tools now have support for Informix Dynamic Server 9.x.

Among the three new tools is DB2 High Performance Unload, providing quick unload and extraction of data for movement across enterprise systems or for reorganization in-place.

DB2 Recovery Expert provides automated recovery, while DB2 Performance Expert consolidates, reports, analyses, and recommends changes on DB2 performance-related information.

For further information contact your local IBM representative.
URL: <http://www.ibm.com/software>.

* * *

IBM has announced new disaster recovery services geared to protecting networks, providing secure back-up systems, and ensuring near uninterrupted data access.

The new service remotely copies data and

applications and can be managed from a single point of control. It also features a controlled site switch for both planned and unplanned outages, maintaining data integrity across multiple storage subsystems, and can begin functioning within minutes at the secondary site, claims the company.

Also, Tivoli Storage Manager with Tivoli Data Protection (TDP) options enables back-up of data formats in DB2 databases. It provides the policy guidelines and processes to deploy back-ups of DB2 using instantaneous copy functions such as the Enterprise Storage Server's FlashCopy with Tivoli Storage Manager.

For further information contact your local IBM representative.
URL: <http://www.ibm.com/services>.

* * *

IBM and Peregrine have announced plans to deliver infrastructure resource management applications to the public sector, telecommunications, and financial services industries.

Specifically, Peregrine's AssetCenter, ServiceCenter, and Get-It software applications will be optimized for DB2 database software running on IBM eServer pSeries, xSeries, and zSeries machines.
Web address:

For further information contact:
Peregrine Systems, 3611 Valley Centre Drive, San Diego, CA 92130, USA.
Tel: (858) 481 5000.
URL: <http://www.peregrine.com>.
