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Editor

Jaime Kaminski

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Looking inside other address spaces from TSO

INTRODUCTION

As a typical mainframe system programming professional, I find that I have an insatiable desire to know more about what is going on under the covers of any part of a system than is usually easily accessible by various DISPLA-type commands or even the commercially-available monitors.

It is always possible to undertake dumps, but the problem is that, by their very nature, dumps are large and unwieldy. In my experience, I frequently need to examine a very minor fragment, often a mere byte or two, especially in situations where the initial occurrence of a problem has been followed by some dump analysis.

Further, I desired a quick and simple method of looking at another address space while it was executing so that I could examine the contents of an address of interest.

THE SOLUTION

The REXX 'storage' function allows a program to do this kind of thing, but only in the address space of the calling program and, of course, the system common areas. The answer is to use an APF authorized Assembler program to do the actual cross memory access to the desired address space and pass the required data back to a REXX program for processing.

As I wanted to drive the entire process from REXX, I have developed an Assembler program, XMSLOOK, which is called from REXX, reads variables established in the REXX program, and writes the required information directly back into a REXX variable. Before the call to XMSLOOK, three REXX variables are initialized:

- The address space number that you want to examine (SYSAUTH.ASID)
- The address within that address space (SYSAUTH.ADDR)

- The length of the data to be returned (SYSAUTH.LENG).

After the call, the REXX variable XMEMSTOR will contain the desired data or an error message. The program accepts requests for up to 64 bytes of data because this was sufficient for my requirements, but increasing this value is not a problem. Alternatively, the program can be called multiple times. Indeed this is where I have made the most use of this program, because it lends itself to a recursive technique whereby a chain of control blocks can be chased through an executing job with a few lines of REXX code – in exactly the same way that the REXX ‘storage’ function will for common areas.

As mentioned, XMSLOOK must be authorized or else it will abend with an S047. Under TSO this means that it must be in an APF-defined library and also be defined in the relevant TSO PARMLIB member.

I have included a REXX sample program to illustrate how to set up these variables and call the program. The trickiest part of this is to get the address space number, because, even if you interrogate the same job (say a CICS address space) repeatedly, the address space number can change every time CICS is recycled.

There are various ways to discover the address space number from the job name, perhaps the easiest is just to look at the SDSF DA screen, or RMF monitor 2. But to automate the task, I have included a REXX subprogram called WHATASN, which can be called with a jobname and will return the address space number in the required format or a message informing you if the requested job is not currently executing on the system.

This function could easily be included in the Assembler program if desired, although it suits my purposes to have a REXX program do this because it is a function required by other systems. The method employed is to jump through common storage starting from the CVT.

This points to the ASVT, which is a table of pointers to all the Address Space Control Blocks (ASCBs) in the system, each of which contain pointers to the jobname and address space number of that block.

XMSLOOK

```
//ASMLINK EXEC ASMACL,
//          PARM.L='LIST,LET,XREF,MAP,AMODE=31,AC=1'
//C.SYSPUNCH DD DUMMY
//C.SYSIN DD *
*****
** CROSS MEMORY ACCESS FACILITY. **
** READ REXX VARIABLES SYSAUTH.ASID, ADDR, LENG AND VALIDATE. **
** XMS TO REQD DATA. **
** WRITE REXX VARIABLE XMEMSTOR. **
*****
          TITLE 'CROSS MEMORY ACCESS ROUTINE'
          LCLC &MODULE
&MODULE SETC 'XMSLOOK'
&MODULE CSECT
&MODULE AMODE 31
&MODULE RMODE 24
*
          SAVE (14,12)
          USING XMSLOOK,12
          LR 12,15
          LR 14,13
          LA 13,SAVE
          ST 13,8(,14)
          ST 14,4(,13)
*
** READ SYSAUTH.ASID
*
@ASID MVC NAME,=CL12'SYSAUTH.ASID' VARIABLE NAME
      MVC NL,=F'12' VARIABLE NAME LENGTH
      MVC VL,=F'2' VARIABLE LENGTH
      LINK EP=IKJCT441,PARAM=(ECR,NP,NL,VP,VL,TK),VL=1
      L 9,VP POINTER TO VARIABLE
      MVC XMASID,Ø(9) GET VALUE FROM REXX
      MVC REQASID,XMASID
*
** READ SYSAUTH.ADDR - PAD TO FULLWORD
*
@ADDR MVC NAME,=CL12'SYSAUTH.ADDR'
      MVC NL,=F'12'
      MVC VL,=F'4'
      LINK EP=IKJCT441,PARAM=(ECR,NP,NL,VP,VL,TK),VL=1
      L 8,VP
      MVC XMADDR,Ø(8)
      L 9,VL
      LA 8,4
@AEQ4 CR 8,9
      BNH @LENG
      LA 7,XMADDR
      MVC 3(Ø,7),2(7)
      MVC 2(Ø,7),1(7)
```

```

MVC 1(0,7),0(7)
MVI 0(7),X'00'
LA 9,1(9)
B @AEQ4
*
** READ SYSAUTH.LENG - PAD TO FULLWORD
*
@LENG MVC NAME,=CL12'SYSAUTH.LENG'
MVC NL,=F'12'
MVC VL,=F'4'
LINK EP=IKJCT441,PARAM=(ECR,NP,NL,VP,VL,TK),VL=1
L 8,VP
MVC XMLENG,0(8)
L 9,VL
LA 8,4
@LEQ4 CR 8,9
BNH @CHK64
LA 7,XMLENG
MVC 3(0,7),2(7)
MVC 2(0,7),1(7)
MVC 1(0,7),0(7)
MVI 0(7),X'00'
LA 9,1(9)
B @LEQ4
*
** CHECK LENGTH REQUESTED <= 64
*
@CHK64 L 9,XMLENG
LA 8,65
CR 8,9
BH @XMEM
@LENERR MVC XMSTOR,=CL64'XMSLOOK - REQUESTED LENGTH > 64'
B @ERROR
*
** CROSS MEMORY CALL
*
@XMEM XR 2,2 ZERO REG 2
ESAR 2 OBTAIN OUR ADDR SP NUMBER
ST 2,OURASN SAVE IT
*
MODESET KEY=ZERO,MODE=PROB KEY ZERO, PROB STATE
BAL 14,@INXMEM
*
XR 1,1 REG 1 = 0
L 8,XMADDR ADDRESS TO READ FROM
L 2,XMLENG LENGTH TO READ
MVCP XMSTOR(2),0(8),1
*
BAL 14,@OUTXMEM
MODESET KEY=NZERO,MODE=PROB KEY USER, PROB STATE
*
** MOVE RETURNED DATA TO REXX VARIABLE XMEMSTOR

```

```

*
@UPDTRX  MVC   NAME,=CL8'XMEMSTOR'
          MVC   NL,=F'8'
          MVC   VL,XMLENG
          LA    8,XMSTOR
          ST    8,VP
          LINK  EP=IKJCT441,PARAM=(ECU,NP,NL,VP,VL,TK),VL=1
          B    @FINISH
*
@ERROR   MVC   NAME,=CL8'XMEMSTOR'
          MVC   NL,=F'8'
          MVC   VL,=F'40'
          LA    8,XMSTOR
          ST    8,VP
          LINK  EP=IKJCT441,PARAM=(ECU,NP,NL,VP,VL,TK),VL=1
*
@FINISH  L     13,SAVE+4
          RETURN (14,12),RC=0
*
**  SUBROUTINE - INTO CROSS MEMORY MODE  *****
*
@INXMEM  LA    2,1                REG 2 = 1
          AXSET AX=(2)            AUTH INDEX = 1
          L    2,REQASN          INTO XMEM MODE
          SSAR 2
@INXEND  BR    14
*
**  SUBROUTINE - OUT OF CROSS MEMORY MODE *****
*
@OUTXMEM L    2,OURASN           OUT OF XMEM MODE
          SSAR 2
          XR   2,2                REG 2 = 0
          AXSET AX=(2)           AUTH INDEX = 0
@OUTXEND BR    14
*
**  STORAGE *****
*
          DS    0D
SAVE     DS    18F
XMSLPT  DS    F
OURASN  DS    F
REQASN  DS    0F
          DC    XL2'0'
REQASID DS    H
ASJOBN  DS    CL8
XMASID  DS    XL2
XMADDR  DS    F
XMLENG  DS    F
XMSTOR  DS    CL64
*
          DS    0D
NAME    DS    CL12

```

```

NP      DC      A(NAME)
NL      DS      F
VL      DS      F
VP      DS      F
TK      DC      F'Ø'
ECR     DC      A(TSVERETR)
ECU     DC      A(TSVEUPDT)
*
        PRINT NOGEN
        IKJTSVT
        END
//*
//C.SYSLIB DD DSN=SYS1.MACLIB,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=SYS1.MODGEN,DISP=SHR
//L.SYSLMOD DD DSN=USER.LINKLIB,DISP=SHR    <----- APF authorized
//L.SYSIN DD *
        NAME XMSLOOK(R)
//

```

XMSLOOK REXX SAMPLE

```

/*----- REXX -----*/
/* Function   : Read storage via cross memory          */
/*-----*/
injob = 'CICSJOB1'
call WHATASN injob
asn = result
if substr(asn,1,7) = 'WHATASN' then
  do
    say asn injob
    signal no_go
  end
sysauth.asid = asn
sysauth.addr = '9000'x
sysauth.leng = '10'x
xmemstor = ''
say 'Calling parameters:' sysauth.asid sysauth.addr sysauth.leng
"CALL 'USER.LINKLIB(XMSLOOK)'"
error = substr(xmemstor,1,7)
if error = 'XMSLOOK' then
  do
    say 'Error in XMSLOOK' substr(xmemstor,9,56)
    exit 0
  end
say 'Data returned:' xmemstor
say 'Data in hex: ' c2x(xmemstor)
no_go:
exit 0

```


WHATASN REXX SUBPROGRAM

```
/*----- REXX -----*/
/* Function   : Return a job's ASN.                */
/*-----*/
numeric digits 15
arg injob
addr = d2x(16)
cvt  = storage(addr,4)
addr = d2x(c2d(cvt) + c2d(x2c(022c)))
asvt = storage(addr,4)
addr = d2x(c2d(asvt) + c2d(x2c(0204)))
asvu = storage(addr,4)
maxu = c2d(asvu)
addr = d2x(c2d(asvt) + c2d(x2c(0210)))
asve = storage(addr,4)
do i = 1 to maxu
  unus = bitor(substr(asve,1,1),'7f'x)
  if unus = 'ff'x then
    nop
  else
    do
      addj = d2x(c2d(asve) + c2d(x2c(00ac)))
      jbn  = d2x(c2d(storage(addj,4)))
      if jbn = 0 then
        do
          addj = d2x(c2d(asve) + c2d(x2c(00b0)))
          jbn  = d2x(c2d(storage(addj,4)))
        end
      jobn = storage(jbn,8)
      if jobn = injob then
        do
          addn = d2x(c2d(asve) + c2d(x2c(0024)))
          asn  = storage(addn,2)
          signal got_it
        end
      end
    do
      addr = d2x(x2d(addr) + 4)
      asve = storage(addr,4)
    end
  end
asn = 'WHATASN - Requested job not executing'
got_it:
return asn
```

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Dynamic LPA

LINK PACK AREA OVERVIEW

The Link Pack Area (LPA) is an area of virtual storage containing re-entrant routines such as TYPE 3 and 4 SVCs, access methods, and other re-entrant read-only system and user programs, which can be used concurrently by all tasks in the system. During system initialization, the contents supervision Resource Initialization Module (RIM) creates the MLPA, FLPA, PLPA, the initial LPA queue, and the LPA directory. Contents supervision uses the RMODE specification in the partitioned dataset (you cannot use PDSEs in the LPALST concatenation) directory entry for a module, to determine whether to load the module in the LPA above or below the 16MB line. This loads modules with RMODE ANY into virtual storage above the line, and modules with RMODE 24 below the line. At the end of the LPA initialization, the following CVT fields are set:

- CVTPLPAS, CVTPLPAE, CVTEPLPS, and CVTEPLPE with the low and high-end addresses of the PLPA and EPLPA.
- CVTFLPAS, CVTFLPAE, CVTEFLPS, and CVTEFLPE with the low and high-end addresses of the FLPA and EFLPA
- CVTMLPAS, CVTMLPAE, CVTEMLPS, and CVTEMLPE with the low and high-end addresses of the MLPA and EMLPA

LINK PACK AREA (LPA)

The LPA contains:

- LPA directory – a record of every program in the PLPA. The directory is created during nucleus initialization and consists of LPA Directory Entries (LPDEs) for each entry point in the PLPA modules. LPDEs for major entry points contain a CDE (Contents Directory Entry) and a compressed extent list. LPDEs for alias entry points contain the name of a related major entry point instead of a compressed extent list. After the last LPA module has been loaded into the LPA, the Link Pack Area initialization routines allocate storage for the LPA directory, move the directory to the next address lower than the PLPA, and place a pointer to the

directory in field CVTLPPDIR. The directory available flag, CVTDICOM, is then set to enable the system to use the LPA directory.

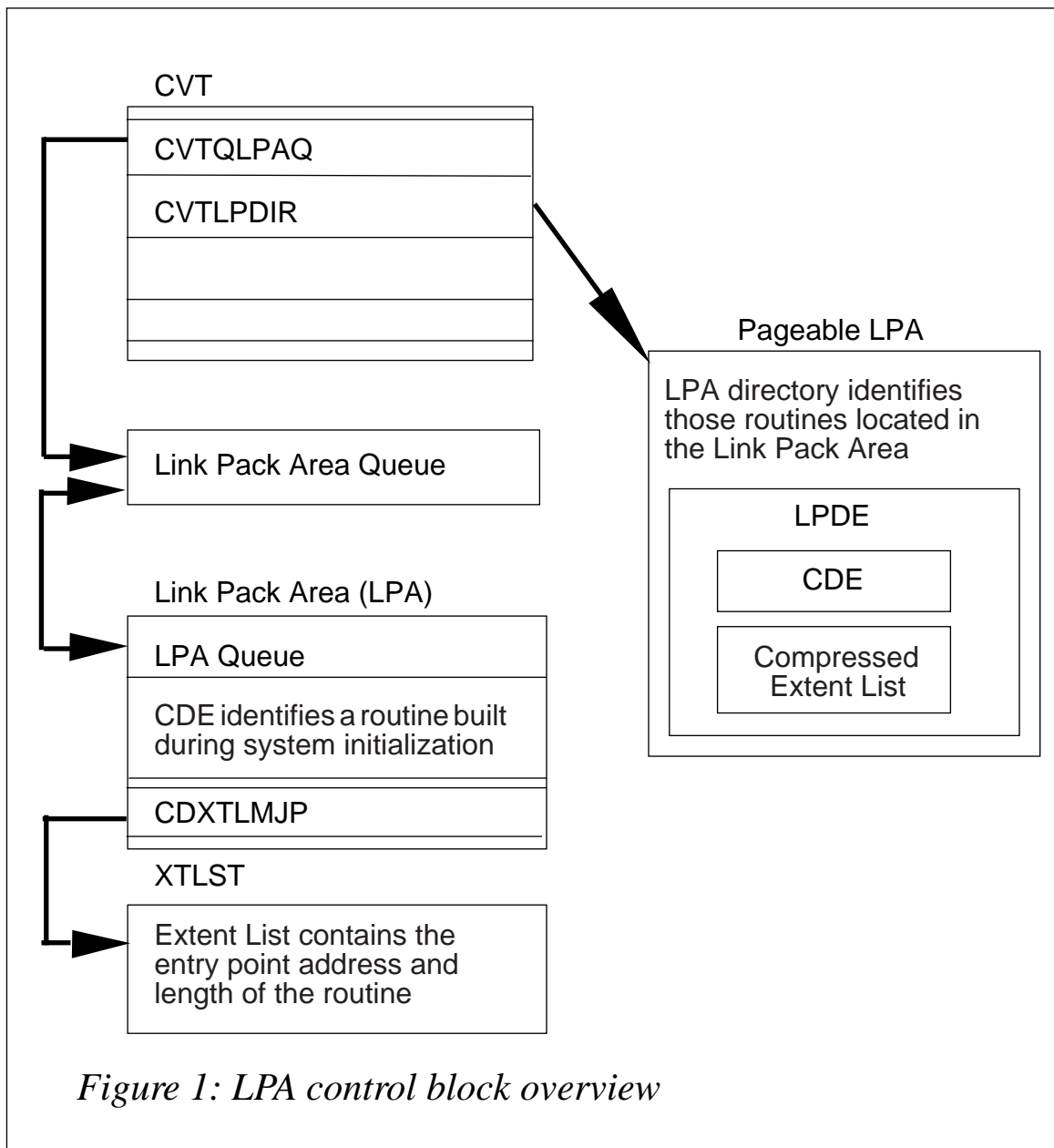
- Modified LPA – containing modules that are to be temporarily appended to the PLPA as additions to or replacements for existing modules. The MLPA modules are represented by CDEs on the LPA queue and are used in preference to identified copies of modules in the PLPA.
- Fixed LPA – an optional extension to the LPA. The FLPA is used to improve system performance or to satisfy a module's time dependencies. If a fixed LPA is present, contents supervision searches it before the pageable or modified LPA. Fixed LPA modules are represented by CDEs on the LPA queue and are used in preference to identical paged copies of modules in the PLPA.
- LPA Queue – a record of all FLPA, MLPA, and possibly some currently active PLPA modules. The elements on the queue are Contents Directory Entries (CDEs), one per entry point. All PLPA modules are represented by LPDEs in the LPA directory. Contents supervision does not build or queue CDEs for PLPA modules. Contents supervision creates CDEs on the LPA queue when required to identify alternate entry points for LPA modules. The LPA queue resides in subpool 245.
- LPALST Table (LPAT) – a list that names the datasets included in the LPALST concatenation. The ordering of the entries in the LPAT corresponds to the order in which the datasets have been concatenated. Once built, the LPAT cannot be changed and has read-only access. The LPALST concatenation can have up to 255 extents. If the maximum number of extents is exceeded, the system truncates the LPALST concatenation.
- Quick Start Records – during LPA cold start initialization, the quick start record (QSRCD), the extended quick start record (EQSRD), and the quick start record extensions (XQSRD) are created and written to the PLPA dataset. The QSRCD contains the fields CVTVVMDI, CVTLPAS, and CVTLPAE. The EQSRD contains all the PLPA XPT (External Page Table) information, and the XQSRD contains the CVTEPLPS, CVTEPLPE, and CVTRWNS (starting virtual address of the read/write nucleus). During subsequent warm starts, the QSRCD, EQSRD, and

XQSRDs are read from the PLPA dataset to rebuild the PLPA and the EPLPA.

A recent enhancement to the LPA creation is the addition of the SYSLIB statement to the PROGxx PARMLIB member. This allows you to change the default system datasets placed at the beginning of the LPALST concatenation. The following example places SYS9.LPALIB at the beginning of the LPALST concatenation:

```
SYSLIB(SYS9.LPALIB)
```

LPA CONTROL BLOCK OVERVIEW



DYNAMIC LPA

- OS/390 Version 2 Release 4 introduced the Dynamic LPA Facility (DLPA). Prior to this release of OS/390 or any release of MVS, a vendor product or an installation-written utility would have been required to dynamically add a new or replacement LPA module (or as a last resort, an IPL would have been required). The standard technique employed by most vendors is to load a replacement module into common storage and then alter the Link Pack Directory Entry (LPDE) to point to the new module (see Figure 1).
- Dynamic LPA and PROGxx – IBM have employed the PROGxx PARMLIB member to define the Dynamic LPA Facility. A new statement, LPA, has been defined and is used to specify:
 - Modules that are to be added to the LPA following an IPL.
 - Modules that are to be deleted from the LPA following an IPL.
 - Threshold value for the minimum amount of CSA storage that must still be available after an ADD operation.

The syntax for the LPA statement is as follows:

```
LPA ADD,MODNAME(modname,modname...) | MASK(mask)
      DSNAME(dsname | LNKLIST | LINKLIST)
      [FIXED|PAGEABLE]
      [PAGEPROTPAGE]

LPA DELETE, MODNAME(modname)
      FORCE(YES)
      [CURRENT|OLDEST]

LPA CSAMIN
      (below,above)
```

Where:

- **MODNAME** – specifies a 1 to 8 character LPA module name or alias. If modname is not specified, MASK must be specified.
- **MASK** – specifies a 1 to 8 character mask that is to be applied to all the members of the specified dataset. If mask is not specified, MODNAME must be specified.

- **DSNAME** – specifies a 1 to 44 character dataset name, which contains the module(s) or alias(es). When modname is specified, **DSNAME(LNKLIST)** or **DSNAME(LINKLIST)** can also be specified. This will cause the system to use its normal search sequence instead of a particular dataset.
- **CSAMIN** – specifies a minimum amount of CSA and ECSA that must remain after a module is added to LPA. The default value is set to (0,0). It is probably advisable to increase the ECSA values in PARMLIB before implementing the Dynamic LPA facility.
- **FIXED/PAGEABLE** – specifies whether the modules are to be placed in fixed or pageable storage.
- **PAGEPROTPAGE** – specifies that only full pages occupied by the module should be page protected. For example, if a 9K module is loaded onto a new page, it will occupy two full pages and a partial page (8K on the first two pages and 1K on the third page). If **PAGEPROTPAGE** is not specified, all three pages will be page protected thus causing an increase in storage utilization. When **PAGEPROTPAGE** is specified, it is always possible that a storage overlay at the beginning or end of the load module can occur.
- **FORCE(YES)** – specifies that the system can have no knowledge of any code that is currently executing within the specified module. Use this parameter with caution.
- **CURRENT/OLDEST** – **CURRENT** specifies that the current copy of the load module is to be deleted. **OLDEST** specifies that the oldest dynamic copy is to be deleted.

OPERATOR COMMAND INTERFACE

The following operator commands control the Dynamic LPA facility:

```
SET PROG=xx
```

SETPROG=xx causes the **PROGXX** parmlib member containing the LPA definitions to take effect.

```
SETPROG LPA
```

SETPROG LPA provides an operator interface to add or delete Dynamic LPA modules. This interface can be used instead of creating a PROGxx PARMLIB member. The command syntax is as follows:

```

SETPROG LPA, {ADD, [MODNAME=(modname... ,modname) | MASK=mask]
              {      ,DSNAME=[dsname | LNKLIST]                }
              {      [,FIXED] [,PAGEPROTPAGE]                  }
              {                                                                 }
              {DELETE,MODNAME=(modname... ,modname)            }
              {      FORCE=YES [CURRENT | OLDEST]                }
              {                                                                 }
              {CSAMIN=(below,above)                             }

D PROG,LPA[ ,MODNAME=modname]
           [ ,CSAMIN          ]

```

Where:

- MODNAME= displays the current entry point and load point/length information for the requested LPA module.
- CSAMIN displays the current CSA and ECSA minimum values.

MONITORING DYNAMIC LPA PROCESSING

IBM has provided an exitname, CSVDYLPA, that can be used as a notification mechanism for ISV products to update their own internal control blocks when a module is added or deleted from the Dynamic LPA facility. The CSVDYLPA exit receives control when a Dynamic LPA service request is issued via:

- The CSVDYLPA macro.
- The SETPROG LPA operator command.
- When an LPA statement within PROGxx is referenced by the SET PROG=xx operator command.

The exit can be installed by using the Dynamic Exit Services macro, CSVDYNEX. The exit receives control in the following environment:

- Supervisor state KEY 0
- Cross memory mode of PASN=HASN=SASN
- AMODE 31
- Primary ASC mode

- Enabled for I/O and external interrupts
- No locks held
- Parameter areas in the primary address space
- Receives control in the Master address space for SETPROG or SET PROG operator commands
- Receives control in the address space that issued the CSVDYLPA REQUEST=ADD request
- ENQ resource SYSZCSV.CSVDYLPA held in exclusive mode.

SMF RECORDING

Whenever a module is added or deleted using the Dynamic LPA facility, an SMF type 90 (system status) subtype-31 record is produced. The Dynamic LPA Management Section in the SMF record contains the following information:

- Whether the LPA request is ADD or DELETE.
- Requestor ID provided via CSVDYLPA.
- Time of activation.
- Console ID of issuer of the LPA request.
- The security product user token of the issuer of the LPA request.
- MODENTRIES which are mapped by the DSECT LPMEA within macro CSVLPRET.

RACF RESOURCES

There are two new RACF resources contained within the FACILITY CLASS for Dynamic LPA. These are:

```
CSVDYLPA.ADD.modname
Access Level Required= UPDATE
```

and:

```
CSVDYLPA.DELETE.modname
Access Level Required= UPDATE
```


UPDATED OS/390 CONTROL BLOCKS FOR DYNAMIC LPA

Two new pointers have been added to the ECVT to address the Dynamic LPA CDEs. The CDEs can be referenced by running the following control block chain:

```
x'10'          =====>  CVT Address
CVTECVT(x'8C') =====>  ECVT
ECVTDLPF(x'228) =====>  Address of the first CDE on the Dynamic LPA queue
ECVTDLPL(x'22C') =====>  Address of the last CDE on the dynamic LPA queue
```

IBM recommends using the following supported interfaces to obtain Dynamic LPA module information:

```
CSVINFO
CSVQUERY
```

The CDE chain that is anchored by ECVTDLPF will eventually join the chain of LPA CDEs that are anchored by CVTQLPAQ.

DYNAMIC LPA API

IBM has provided the CSVDYLPA macro so that Assembler programmers can interface to the Dynamic LPA facility. The CSVDYLPA macro provides the following functions:

- REQUEST=ADD – this function allows you to add one or more modules or aliases to the LPA.
- REQUEST=DELETE – this allows you to delete from the LPA one or more modules or aliases that had previously been added by the Dynamic LPA service.
- REQUEST=QUERYDYN – this allows you to query whether the ADD or DELETE functions are available.

For ADD and DELETE functions, the following macro should be included in the source code to generate the equate symbols for the return and reason codes, and to obtain a mapping of the I/O area provided via the MODINFO area. The MODINFO area is a contiguous array of entries, mapped by the LMPEA (for ADD requests) or LMPED (for delete requests) DSECT:

```
CSVLPRET
```

For ADD or DELETE requests, the caller may hold the following system ENQ resource with exclusive access:

```
RNAME=  SYSZCSV
QNAME=  CSVDYLPA
```

While this ENQ resource is held, any other requests to use the CSVDYLPA service to ADD or DELETE LPA modules will be delayed. The example below will dynamically add a module to the LPA:

```
*****
* Check if the Dynamic LPA facility is available
*
*****
        STORAGE OBTAIN .....
        LA      R3,16(0,0)
        USING  CVT,R3
        TM      CVTOSLV2,CVTDYLPA
        BZ      DYNAMIC_LPA_NOT_AVAILABLE
        CSVDYLPA REQUEST=QUERYDYN,
X
        DYNFUNC=DLPA_AVAILABLE
        XR      R4,R4
        ICM     R4,B'0001',DLPA_AVAILABLE
        BZ      DYNAMIC_LPA_NOT_AVAILABLE
*****
* Setup the MODINFO area for module 'REMSLPA'.
*
* Page Fix the Module
*
* Locate the module using SYS2.APFLIB
*
* Issue CSVDYLPA REQUEST=ADD to dynamically add the LPA module
*****
        LA      R6,MODULE_LIST
        USING  LMPEA,R6
        XC     MODULE_LIST(LMPEA_LEN),MODULE_LIST
        MVC    LPAMODS#,='1'
        MVC    LPMEANAME,='CL8'REMSLPA'
        OI     LPMEAINPUTFLAGS0,LMPEAFIXED
        MODESET MODE=SUP
        CSVDYLPA REQUEST=ADD,
        MODINFOTYPE=MEMBERLIST,
        MODINFO=MODULE_LIST,
        NUMMOD=LPAMODS#,
        RETCODE=DRETCODE,
        RSNCODE=DRSNCODE,
        APFREQUIRED=YES,
        DSNAME=APFLIB,
        SECMODCHECK=NO,
        REQUESTOR=REMSID,
        MF=(E,DYNLPA,COMPLETE)
        LTR    R15,R15
        BNZ    DLPA_ADD_FAILED
*****
* Process the CSVDYLPA REQUEST=ADD as required
```

```

*
*****
*
DYNAMIC_LPA_NOT_AVAILABLE EQU *
DLPA_ADD_FAILED           EQU *
RETURN EQU *
                           MODESET MODE=PROB
                           STORAGE RELEASE .....
                           XR      R15,R15
                           PR
REMSID DC CL16'REMS_DLPA_EX'
APFLIB DC CL44'SYS2.APFLIB'
LTORG
WORKAREA DSECT
DLPA_AVAILABLE DS X
LPAMODS# DS F
DRETCODE DS F
DRSNCODE DS F
MODULE_LIST DS CL(LPMEA_LEN)
CSVDYLPA MF=(L,DYNLPA,ØF)
WORKLEN EQU *-WORKAREA
CSVLPRET
CVT DSECT=YES
END ADDLPA

```

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Customizing the TSO/E Version 2 logon command

INTRODUCTION

With TSO/E Version 2, IBM introduced, amongst other enhancements, two new LOGON exits:

- The authorized logon pre-prompt exit, IKJEFLD1,
- The post-prompt logon exit, IKJEFLD3.

These exits make it much easier to implement modifications to the LOGON command than it was with TSO/E Version 1. In our case it

allowed us to implement a restriction on the CPU time limit for foreground TSO sessions – by default these are not CPU-time limited. We achieved this by adding a TIME(nn) parameter to the LOGON command – where nn is the desired CPU time limit in minutes. Our current implementation contains a default value of 10 minutes and imposes an absolute upper limit of 30 minutes.

Partially as a debugging aid during the development of these exits, a DEBUG parameter was also added; this causes IKJEFLD1 to display the input and rebuilt logon commands on the console, and IKJEFLD3 to do the same with the original (system-built) and rebuilt logon JCL, as will be described below.

IKJEFLD1

IKJEFLD1 is called by the LOGON processor before initiating any dialogue with the user, ie after the VTAM LOGON command has been entered but before the full screen log-on panel is displayed. The processing in our IKJEFLD1 is as follows:

- 1 An Attention Exit routine is defined via a STAX macro. If an attention is detected, the exit sets a flag that is checked at appropriate points in the mainline code.
- 2 A command buffer is built in the format required by IKJPARS and the text of the user-entered logon command copied in. This step is required because the command buffer supplied to IKJEFLD1 does not have the header required by IKJPARS.
- 3 The log-on command is parsed via a call to IKJPARS, using a Parameter Control List (PCL) that contains all the standard log-on command parameters *and* all the locally added ones (for example TIME(nn) and DEBUG in our case).
- 4 If the TSO user-id was not supplied by the user, it is prompted for via a TPUT/TGET dialogue. This dialogue may be terminated by an attention or a terminal-disconnection; in either case processing jumps to step 12 below.
- 5 If the DEBUG parameter was specified, the input logon command is displayed on the console, eg:

```
LGN110D logon userid time(15) debug
```

- 6 The ASVT is scanned for active TSO sessions for the same userid. This can happen if a user is logged-on on one terminal and tries to log on to another – the processing in TSO and JES that prevents duplicate TSO sessions does not come into force until *after* the log-on dialogue has completed. If a duplicate session is found, a message is sent via TPUT to the other session informing it of the (possibly malicious) attempt to log on as that user. The current session is also informed that another session for the user is already active.
- 7 A Logon Communication Block (LCB) is allocated in subpool 130 and initialized. Its address is stored in the exit-to-exit communication word in the IKJEFLD1 parmlist. The contents of this word will be passed by LOGON to IKJEFLD3.
- 8 If the DEBUG parameter was specified, the debug flag bit is set in the LCBFLAG1 field.
- 9 The session CPU time limit is determined, either from the value supplied by the user in the TIME(nn) parameter, or by default. If the user did supply a value, it is capped at a maximum value of 30 minutes. The resulting value is stored as a 4-character EBCDIC string, eg ‘0010’, in the LCBTIME field of the LCB.
- 10 The log-on command is rebuilt from the parsed values, *excluding* the local parameters. The following points should be noted:
 - If the user specified a password (ie entered ‘LOGON USERID/PASSWORD’), the password is not placed in the rebuilt command – LOGON will require it to be entered on the log-on panel anyway.
 - The IBM defaults of ‘NOMAIL’ and ‘NONOTICES’ are overridden by setting the MAIL and NOTICES control switches to ON, unless the user specified ‘NOMAIL’ and/or ‘NONOTICES’. This avoids the necessity of adding the ‘MAIL’ and ‘NOTICES’ parameters to the rebuilt command.
 - Unless the user specified ‘RECONNECT’, the ‘NORECONNECT’ parameter is appended to the rebuilt command. Leaving the RECONNECT control switch set OFF is not sufficient to clear the memory of a prior ‘LOGON RECONNECT’ request.

11. If the `DEBUG` parameter was specified, the rebuilt log-on command is displayed on the console, eg:

```
LGN111D LOGON userid NORECONNECT
```

12. The attention flag is checked; if found to be set, the 'Immediate Disconnect' flag is set in the control switch parameter.
13. The Parameter Descriptor List (PDL) is freed and the attention exit removed.
14. `IKJEFLD1` cleans up and returns to `LOGON`.

IKJEFLD3

`IKJEFLD3` is called by the `LOGON` processor after the full screen dialogue with the user has completed. As indicated above, one of the parameters it is passed is the contents of the exit-to-exit communication word, into which `IKJEFLD1` has stored the address of the LCB. The processing in `IKJEFLD3` is as follows:

- 1 The address of the LCB is taken from the exit-to-exit communication word. Note that there are certain situations in which it will not be set because some paths through `LOGON` bypass `IKJEFLD1`, most often during processing of `LOGON` commands issued from existing TSO sessions. In the absence of an LCB the same default CPU time limit that was used in `IKJEFLD1` will be assumed.
- 2 If LCB is present, and if the debug flag is set, the supplied log-on JCL is displayed on the console via WTOs:

```
//userid JOB 'DEPTnnnn',REGION=nnnnK  
//procname EXEC procname
```

- 3 The supplied `JOB` card is scanned and the account number and `REGION` value extracted. In our case, the accounting information is in the form of a 4-character department name and a 4-digit account number; this is of course not in the standard JCL format.
4. A new job card is built, incorporating the account number converted to standard JCL format, the `TIME` parameter from the LCB, the `REGION` parameter, and also the 'programmer name', obtained from the RACF `ACEE`. The JCL buffer is rebuilt with the new `JOB` card (which is now two lines long), and a copy of the

original EXEC card. If the LCB is present and the debug flag is set the new JCL is displayed on the console :

```
//userid   JOB (nnnn,DEPT),'Programmer Name',  
//          TIME=(nnnn,00),REGION=nnnnK  
//procname EXEC procname
```

- 5 The LCB is freed and IKJEFLD3 returns. LOGON then submits the new JCL to the TSOINRDR to establish the TSO session. Note that by adding the programmer name to the JOB card, the 'userid ON TSOINRDR' console message that results will be annotated with this name – a useful feature if the TSO user-ids are not easily recognisable.

IKJEFLD3 is designed to be fail-safe – if at any point a problem is detected, it simply gives up and lets the original, system-built JCL be used.

OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

IKJEFLD1 and IKJEFLD3 may be placed either in the PLPA, via SYS1.LPALIB or a member of the LPA library concatenation, or in the Linklist, via SYS1.LINKLIB or a member of the Linklist concatenation. The choice of location is a trade-off between (possibly) better performance if the modules are in the PLPA, and the flexibility that a Linklist location provides. The latter may be a better choice if it is likely that the default TIME limit will have to be changed on a regular basis – such a change requires the modules to be reassembled and relinked. The LCB macro should be placed in SYS1.MACLIB or another suitable macro library that is accessible when assembling the routines.

The code presented here was originally written for use with TSO/E V2.3 on an MVS/ESA 4.2.2 system, and has since been ported to TSO/E V2.4 on an MVS/ESA 5.1.0 system where no changes were required.

IKJEFLD1

```
          TITLE 'IKJEFLD1: TSO LOGON PRE-PROMPT EXIT'  
*****  
*   SUBROUTINE IKJEFLD1                               *  
*   _____                                       *  
*****
```

```

* This is the TSO LOGON pre-prompt exit. It is called by the LOGON *
* processor before initiating any dialogue with the user. This ver- *
* sion provides support for the local TIME() and DEBUG parameters *
* that we have added to the LOGON command. The TIME parameter lets *
* the user specify the CPU time limit for the session; the DEBUG *
* parameter causes this routine, and the post-prompt exit, IKJEFLD3 *
* to WTO pertinent data to the console. *
* *
* The input command is parsed by a call to IKJPARS and any syntax *
* errors etc corrected via the standard IKJPARS prompt mechanism. *
* If the user hits the ATTENTION key during this process, the log-on *
* is aborted. Otherwise, the ASVT is then scanned to see if the *
* logging-on user is already logged on; if so both he and the other *
* sessions are informed of this fact. (NB: only specially author- *
* ized users can have multiple sessions). *
* *
* A Logon Communication Block (LCB) is then created and its address *
* stored in the exit-to-exit communication word in the input param- *
* eter list. If the user specified a time value it is capped at the *
* the maximum allowed value (currently 30 mins) and stored in the *
* LCB. If no time value was specified, the default value of 10 mins *
* is stored. If DEBUG was specified, a flag is set in the LCB. The *
* LCB is used and then deleted by the post-prompt exit, IKJEFLD3. *
* *
* Finally, the input command is rebuilt, excluding any TIME() or *
* DEBUG parameters. During this process, both the MAIL and NOTICES *
* flags are set, overriding the IBM defaults. If the user wishes to *
* suppress mail and/or notices, he must explicitly specify the *
* NOMAIL and/or NONOTICES options, or set the flags on the log-on *
* panel when it is displayed. A default of 'NORECONNECT' is also *
* enforced - the system remembers (via RACF) a 'RECONNECT' request *
* and does not forget it until 'NORECONNECT' is specified. In this *
* case 'RECONNECT' must be added to the rebuilt command - it is not *
* enough to leave the reconnect control switch off. *
* *
* ENVIRONMENT *
* *
* State : Supervisor *
* Key : 8 *
* APF : Unauthorized *
* AMODE : 31 *
* RMODE : ANY *
* Location : Linklist or PLPA *
* *
* REGISTERS ON ENTRY : *
* *
* R1 - @(STANDARD EXIT PARAMETER LIST) *
* + 0 : @(COMMAND BUFFER PE) *
* + 4 : @(NEW COMMAND BUFFER PE) (Not valid for IKJEFLD1) *
* + 8 : @(UPT PE) *
* +12 : @(ECT PE) *
* +16 : @(PSCB PE) (Not valid for IKJEFLD1) *

```



```

*          +20 : @(EXIT-TO-EXIT COMMUNICATION WORD PE)          *
*          +24 : @(EXIT REASON CODE PE)                          *
*          +28 : RESERVED                                         *
*          +32 : RESERVED                                         *
*          +36 : @(CONTROL SWITCH PE)                             *
*          +40 : @(UID PE) )                                       *
*          +44 : @(PASSWORD PE)                                    *
*          +48 : @(ACCOUNT NUMBER PE)                             *
*          +52 : @(PROCEDURE NAME PE)                             *
*          +56 : @(REGION PE)                                     *
*          +60 : @(JCL BUFFER PE)                                  *
*          +64 : @(NEW PASSWORD PE)                               *
*          +68 : @(SYSTEM ATTRIBUTE BITS PE)                     *
*          +72 : @(USER ATTRIBUTE BITS PE)                       *
*          +76 : @(GENERIC UNIT PE)                               *
*          +80 : @(CANCEL ECB PE)                                  *
*          +84 : @(PERFORMANCE GROUP NUMBER PE)                  *
*          +88 : @(SYSOUT DESTINATION PE)                        *
*          +92 : @(GROUP DESTINATION PE)                         *
*          +96 : @(SUBMIT HOLD CLASS PE)                         *
*          +100 : @(SUBMIT CLASS PE)                              *
*          +104 : @(SUBMIT MSGCLASS PE)                          *
*          +108 : @(SYSOUT CLASS PE)                             *
*          +112 : @(FIRST COMMAND PE)                            *
*          +116 : @(RBA PE)                                       *
*          +120 : @(SECLABEL PE)                                  *
*          +124 : @(CONSOLE PROFILE PE)                          *
*          +128 : @(PRIMARY LANGUAGE ID PE)                      *
*          +132 : @(SECONDRY LANGUAGE ID PE)                     *
*          R13 - @(SAVEAREA)                                       *
*          R14 - RETURN ADDRESS                                    *
*          R15 - ENTRY ADDRESS                                    *
*
*          REGISTERS ON RETURN :
*
*          R0-R14 - AS AT ENTRY
*          R15 - RETURN CODE
*          0 : CONTINUE NORMAL PROCESSING
*****
          EJECT
IKJEFLD1 CSECT
IKJEFLD1 AMODE 31
IKJEFLD1 RMODE ANY
R0      EQU 0
R1      EQU 1          * PARM LIST ADDRESS ON ENTRY
R2      EQU 2          * @(EXIT COMM. PARM ENTRY)
R3      EQU 3          * WORK REGISTER
R4      EQU 4          * WORK REGISTER
R5      EQU 5          * WORK REGISTER
R6      EQU 6          * WORK REGISTER
R7      EQU 7          * @(ASCB)
R8      EQU 8          * @(ASVT ENTRY)

```

```

R9      EQU    9          * @(ASVT) / @(LCB)
R10     EQU    10        * @(PPL) / @(PDL)
R11     EQU    11        * @(PARMLIST)
R12     EQU    12        * BASE REGISTER
R13     EQU    13        * SAVEAREA/WORKAREA ADDRESS
R14     EQU    14        * RETURN ADDRESS
R15     EQU    15        * ENTRY ADDRESS
*
      USING *,R15        * ADDRESSABILITY
      B      START      * BRANCH TO START OF CODE
      DC    AL1(LASTL-FIRSTL) * LENGTH OF HEADER TEXT
FIRSTL  EQU    *
      DC    C'IKJEFLD1'
LASTL   EQU    *
      DC    C' '
      DC    CL8'&SYSDATE'
      DC    C' '
      DC    CL5'&SYSTIME'
      DROP  R15          * FINISHED WITH R15
      DS    0F          * ALIGN TO FULL WORD BOUNDARY
*****
* ADDRESSABILITY AND LINKAGE - REENTRANT FORM
*****
START   EQU    *
      STM   R14,R12,12(R13) * SAVE REGISTERS IN HSA
      LR    R12,R15        * LOAD BASE REGISTER
      USING IKJEFLD1,R12 * AND DEFINE ADDRESSIBILITY
*
      LR    R11,R1        * LOAD PARMLIST ADDRESS
      USING PARMLIST,R11 * PARMLIST ADDRESSABILITY
*
      GETMAIN RU,LV=WKALEN,LOC=(BELOW,ANY)
*
      LR    R2,R1        * @(WORKAREA)
      LA    R3,WKALEN    * L'WORKAREA
      LR    R4,R2        * @(WORKAREA)
      SR    R5,R5        * ZERO PAD, LENGTH
      MVCL R2,R4        * CLEAR WORKAREA
*
      ST    R13,4(R1)    * STORE HSA ADDRESS
      ST    R1,8(R13)    * STORE LSA ADDRESS
*
      LR    R13,R1       * R13 = OUR SAVEAREA ADDRESS
      USING WORKAREA,R13 * WORKAREA ADDRESSABILITY
      EJECT
*****
* MAIN CODE
*****
* IF THE LOG-ON PROCESSOR FAILED TO GET THE SYSIKJUA ENQUEUE FOR THE
* USER-ID (IE USER ALREADY LOGGED ON), FAILED TO GET ANY OTHER RESOURCE
* OR HAS SUFFERED AN ABEND, RETURN IMMEDIATELY.
*

```

```

L      R15,ACTLSW          * @(CONTROL SWITCH ENTRY)
USING  PARMENT,R15        * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L      R1,PARMADR         * R1 = @(CONTROL SWITCHES)
DROP   R15                * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
*
TM     Ø(R1),X'8Ø'        * USERID ENQUEUE FAILURE ?
BO     RETURN              * YES; NOTHING TO DO HERE
*
TM     Ø(R1),X'2Ø'        * OTHER RESOURCE FAILURE ?
BO     RETURN              * YES; NOTHING TO DO HERE
*
TM     1(R1),X'Ø2'        * PRIOR ABEND ?
BO     RETURN              * YES; NOTHING TO DO HERE
EJECT
*****
* SET UP AN ATTENTION EXIT
*****
MVI    ATTNFLAG,X'ØØ'     * CLEAR ATTENTION FLAG
MVC    STAXLIST(STAXLEN),STAXDUM * MOVE STAXLIST INTO WORKAREA
MVC    STAXOBUF(LLGN1Ø5I),LGN1Ø5I * MOVE STAX O/P MSG TO WKAREA
*
ST     R12,ATTNPARM        * SAVE BASE REG FOR ATTNEXIT
LA     R1,ATTNFLAG         * SAVE @(ATTNFLAG) ...
ST     R1,ATTNPARM+4      * ... FOR ATTNEXIT
*
STAX   ATTNEXIT,
+
      USADDR=ATTNPARM,
+
      OBUF=(STAXOBUF,LLGN1Ø5I),
+
      REPLACE=NO,
+
      MF=(E,STAXLIST)
*
LTR    R15,R15            * ATTN EXIT ESTABLISHED ?
BNZ    STAXERR            * NO
EJECT
*****
* PARSE THE INPUT LOGON COMMAND.
*****
* SET UP THE PARSE PARAMETER LIST
*
BUILDPPL EQU *
      LA     R1Ø,PPLIST    * PARSE PARAMETER LIST ...
      USING PPL,R1Ø       * ... ADDRESSABILITY
*
L      R15,AUPT           * @(UPT PARM ENTRY)
USING  PARMENT,R15        * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L      R1,PARMADR         * R1 = @(UPT)
ST     R1,PPLUPT          * STORE @(UCT) IN THE PPL
DROP   R15                * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY

```

```

*
L      R15,AECT                * @(ECT PARM ENTRY)
USING  PARMENT,R15            * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L      R1,PARMADR              * R1 = @(ECT)
ST     R1,PPLECT              * STORE @(ECT) IN THE PPL
DROP   R15                    * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY

*

LA     R1,CPECB                * STORE @(ECB) ...
ST     R1,PPLECB              * ... IN THE PPL ...
XC     CPECB,CPECB            * ... AND CLEAR THE ECB

*

L      R1,APCL                 * STORE @(@(PCL)) ...
ST     R1,PPLPCL              * ... IN THE PPL

*

LA     R1,APDL                 * STORE @(@(PDL)) ...
ST     R1,PPLANS              * ... IN THE PPL
XC     APDL,APDL              * ... AND CLEAR @(PDL)

*

LA     R1,CMDBUF              * STORE @(COMMAND BUFFER) ...
ST     R1,PPLCBUF            * ... IN THE PPL

*

XC     PPLUWA,PPLUWA          * NO UWA
XC     PPLVEWA,PPLVEWA       * NO VEWA
*-----
* THE SUPPLIED INPUT COMMAND BUFFER LACKS THE STANDARD HEADER EXPECTED
* BY IKJPARS, SO WE BUILD A COPY THAT INCLUDES THIS HEADER.  NOTE THAT
* WE ASSUME THE INPUT BUFFER CONTAINS AT LEAST THE TEXT 'LOGON'.
*-----
L      R15,ACMDBUF             * @(INPUT BUFFER PARM ENTRY)
USING  PARMENT,R15            * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L      R2,PARMLEN              * R2 = L'(INPUT BUFFER)
L      R3,PARMADR              * R4 = @(INPUT BUFFER)
DROP   R15                    * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY

*

LR     R4,R2                   * L'COMMAND ...
BCTR  R4,Ø                     * ... FOR EXECUTE
EX     R4,COPYCMD              * COPY COMMAND TO BUFFER
LA     R4,5(R4)                * STORE L'BUFFER ...
STH   R4,CMDBUF               * ... IN BUFFER HEADER

*

SR     R4,R4                   * ZERO OFFSET COUNTER
LA     R5,CMDBUF+4             * @(COMMAND)
LR     R6,R5                   * @(END+1 OF ...
AR     R6,R2                   * ... COMMAND)

CMDSCAN1 EQU *
CLI   Ø(R5),C' '              * DELIMITER ?
BE    CMDSCAN3                 * YES
LA     R4,1(R4)                * INCREMENT OFFSET COUNTER
LA     R5,1(R5)                * INCREMENT SCAN POINTER
CR     R5,R6                   * DROPPED OFF END YET ?
BL    CMDSCAN1                 * NOT YET SO KEEP SCANNING
B     CMDSCAN4                 * YES - NO OPERANDS

```

```

*
CMDSCAN2 EQU *
          CLI  Ø(R5),C' ' * DELIMITER ?
          BNE  CMDSCAN4 * NO, IE OPERAND FOUND
CMDSCAN3 EQU *
          LA   R4,1(R4) * INCREMENT OFFSET COUNTER
          LA   R5,1(R5) * INCREMENT SCAN POINTER
          CR   R5,R6 * DROPPED OFF END YET ?
          BL   CMDSCAN2 * NOT YET SO KEEP SCANNING
*
CMDSCAN4 EQU *
          STH  R4,CMDBUF+2 * INSERT OFFSET INTO BUFFER
          B    CALLPARS * GO AND PARSE THE COMMAND
*
          DROP R1Ø * FINISHED WITH PPL
COPYCMD  MVC  CMDBUF+4(Ø),Ø(R3) * MOVE COMMAND INTO BUFFER
          EJECT
*-----
* PARSE THE LOGON COMMAND
*-----
CALLPARS EQU *
          OI   ATTNFLAG,X'4Ø' * SET 'PARS' FLAG FOR ATTNEXT
*
          CALLTSSR EP=IKJPARS,MF=(E,PPLIST)
*
          TM   ATTNFLAG,X'8Ø' * DID USER HIT ATTENTION ?
          BO   ALLDONE * YES, SO QUIT
*
          NI   ATTNFLAG,X'FF'-X'4Ø' * CLEAR 'PARS' FLAG
          LTR  R15,R15 * PARSE OK?
          BNZ  PARSERR * NO
*
* IF NO USERID PROMPT USER FOR ONE. FOR SOME REASON THE IKJPARS
* PROMPT MECHANISM IS NOT WORKING HERE.
*
          L    R1Ø,APDL * PDL ADDRESSSS ...
          USING LOGONPDL,R1Ø * ... AND ADDRESSABILITY
*
          TM   UIDPDE+6,X'8Ø' * USERID PRESENT ?
          BO   GOTUID * YES, SO CARRY ON
*
          MVC  WTOBUF(LLGN1Ø3W),LGN1Ø3W * ISSUE AUTHORISATION ...
          TPUT WTOBUF,LLGN1Ø3W * ... WARNING MESSAGE
*
          MVC  WTOBUF(LLGN1Ø3A),LGN1Ø3A * MOVE PROMPT MSG BELOW LINE
          OI   ATTNFLAG,X'2Ø' * SET 'TGET' FLAG FOR ATTNEXT
PLOOP EQU *
          TPUT WTOBUF,LLGN1Ø3A,ASIS * ASK USER FOR UID
*
          LTR  R15,R15 * TPUT OK ?
          BZ   GETUID * YES, SO GO GET REPLY
*

```

```

      CH    R15,H8          * ATTENTION ?
      BE    DISCONCT       * YES, SO DISCONNECT
      CH    R15,H20        * TERMINAL DISCONNECTED ?
      BE    DISCONCT       * YES, SO DISCONNECT
      B     ALLDONE        * LET IBM HANDLE OTHER ERRORS
*
GETUID  EQU    *
      TGET  TGETBUF,7     * GET THE REPLY
*
      LTR   R15,R15       * TGET OK ?
      BZ    TESTATTN     * YES, SO CONTINUE PROCESSING
*
      CH    R15,H8          * ATTENTION ?
      BE    DISCONCT       * YES, SO DISCONNECT
      CH    R15,H20        * TERMINAL DISCONNECTED ?
      BE    DISCONCT       * YES, SO DISCONNECT
*
TESTATTN EQU    *
      TM    ATTNFLAG,X'80' * DID USER HIT ATTENTION ?
      BO    ALLDONE        * YES, SO QUIT
*
      LTR   R1,R1         * IF NULL, ...
      BNP   PLOOP         * ... KEEP ASKING
*
      NI    ATTNFLAG,X'FF'-X'20' * CLEAR 'TGET' FLAG
      LA    R2,TGETBUF     * STORE @(USERID) ...
      ST    R2,UIDPDE      * ... IN USERID PDE
      STH   R1,UIDPDE+4    * STORE L'USERID IN PDE
      OI    UIDPDE+6,X'80' * SET 'USERID PRESENT' FLAG
      BCTR  R1,0           * ENSURE USERID ...
      EX    R1,EXUC        * ... IS UPPER CASE
      B     GOTUID        * JUMP OVER EXECUTED MVC
*
EXUC    OC    TGETBUF(0),UCMASK * CONVERT USERID TO UPPER CASE
*
GOTUID  EQU    *
      CLI   DEBUGPDE+1,X'01' * WAS DEBUG ENTERED ?
      BNE   CHEKLINE      * NO
*
* IF DEBUG SPECIFIED, WTO INPUT COMMAND TO CONSOLE
*
      MVC   WTOBUF(LLGN110D),LGN110D * MOVE DEBUG WTO INTO WORKAREA
*
      L     R15,ACMDBUF    * @(INPUT BUFFER PARM ENTRY)
      USING PARMENT,R15   * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
      L     R9,PARMLEN     * R8 = L'(INPUT BUFFER)
      L     R8,PARMADR     * R9 = @(INPUT BUFFER)
      DROP  R15           * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
*
      CH    R9,H80        * L'(INPUT BUFFER) > 80 ?
      BNH   *+8           * NO - TAKE THE LOT
      LH    R9,H80        * YES - TRUNCATE AT 80 CHARS

```

```

        BCTR  R9,Ø          * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
        EX    R9,DBGM1     * MOVE INPUT BUFFER INTO WTO
*
        WTO   MF=(E,WTOBUF) * ISSUE DEBUG MESSAGE
*
        B     ASVTSCAN     * JUMP OVER EXECUTED MVC
*
DBGM1   MVC   WTOBUF+12(Ø),Ø(R8) * MOVE DATA INTO DEBUG WTO
        EJECT
*****
* UNLESS THE USER SPECIFIED 'RECONNECT' (IN WHICH CASE WE EXPECT TO
* FIND HIM ALREADY LOGGED ON AND DON'T CARE IF HE IS), SCAN FOR OTHER
* ACTIVE SESSIONS FOR THIS USER. IF ANY EXIST, TELL BOTH THEM AND THE
* LOGGING ON SESSION. THIS CAN HAPPEN IF A USER IS LOGGED ON ELSE-
* WHERE AND TRIES LOGGING ON AGAIN. THE RESTRICTION ON DUPLICATE LOG-
* ONS DOES NOT COME INTO FORCE UNTIL AFTER THIS INITIAL LOG-ON PROCESS
* HAS COMPLETED.
*****
ASVTSCAN EQU *
        CLI  RECONPDE+1,X'Ø1' * WAS 'RECONNECT' REQUESTED ?
        BE   BUILDLCB        * YES - SKIP THIS BIT
*
        L    R2,UIDPDE       * R2 = @(USERID)
        LH   R3,UIDPDE+4    * R3 = L'USERID
        BCTR R3,Ø           * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
        MVC  USERNAME,BLANKS * CLEAR USERNAME TO BLANKS
        EX   R3,MOVEUID     * MOVE UID INTO USERNAME

        L    R7,PSAAOLD-PSA(RØ) * PSA -> ASCB ...
        L    R7,ASCBTSB-ASCB(R7) * ... ASCB -> TSB
*
        LA   R1,L'LUNAME     * R1 = 'TRUE' LENGTH
        IVSK R2,R7          * R2 = TSB STORAGE KEY
        MVCK LUNAME(R1),TSBTRMID-TSB(R7),R2 * COPY TERMINAL ID
*
        MVC  WTOBUF(LLGN1Ø4I),LGN1Ø4I * MOVE LGN1Ø4I MSG BELOW LINE
        MVC  WTOBUF+8(6),USERNAME    * MOVE IN USERID
        MVC  WTOBUF+54(8),LUNAME     * MOVE IN TERMINAL NAME
*
        L    R9,CVTPTR       * CVT ADDRESS ...
        USING CVT,R9        * ... AND ADDRESSABILITY
*
        L    R9,CVTASVT     * ASVT ADDRESS ...
        USING ASVT,R9      * ... AND ADDRESSABILITY
*
        L    R8,ASVTMAXU    * # ASVT ENTRIES
        LA   R9,ASVTENTY    * @(FIRST ASVT ENTRY)
*
        DROP R9            * FINISHED WITH CVT/ASVT
*
* SCAN ACTIVE ASCBS FOR OTHER TSO SESSIONS OF LOGGING-ON USER
*

```

```

SR      R6,R6                * ZERO @(ASID)
ASCBSCAN EQU *
TM      Ø(R9),ASVTAVAL      * IS THIS ENTRY IN USE ?
BO      NEXTASCB            * NO, SO SKIP IT
*
L       R7,Ø(R9)            * ASCB ADDRESS ...
USING  ASCB,R7              * ... AND ADDRESSABILITY
*
ICM     R1,B'1111',ASCBTSB  * IS THIS A TSO SESSION ?
BZ      NEXTASCB            * IF NOT, TRY NEXT ASCB
*
L       R1,ASCBJBNS         * @(TSU SESSION NAME)
CLC     USERNAME,Ø(R1)      * SAME AS CURRENT LOGON UID ?
BNE     NEXTASCB            * IF NOT, TRY NEXT ASCB
*
LA      R6,ASCBASID         * R6 = @(ASID)
TPUT    WTOBUF,LLGN1Ø4I,ASIDLOC=(R6) * TELL OTHER USER
*
NEXTASCB EQU *
LA      R9,4(R9)            * MOVE TO NEXT ASVT ENTRY
BCT     R8,ASCBSCAN         * SCAN UNTIL ALL DONE
*
DROP    R7                  * FINISHED WITH ASCB
*
* IF THIS USER ALREADY LOGGED ON, TELL CURRENT SESSION
*
LTR     R6,R6                * USER ALREADY LOGGED ON ?
BZ      BUILDLCB            * NO
*
TPUT    WTOBUF,LLGN1Ø4I     * TELL THIS USER OF OTHERS
*
STIMER  WAIT,BINTVL=F2ØØ   * LET USER READ MESSAGE
*
B       BUILDLCB            * GO AND BUILD LCB
*
MOVEUID MVC  USERNAME(Ø),Ø(R2) * MOVE UID INTO USERNAME
EJECT
*****
* BUILD THE LOGON COMMUNICATION BLOCK.  NOTE THAT WE DO THIS EVEN IF
* THE USER SPECIFIED 'RECONNECT' - AT THIS STAGE WE CANNOT TELL IF
* RECONNECTION WILL SUCCEED. IF IT DOES NOT, NORMAL LOG-ON PROCESSING
* (INCLUDING IKJEFLD3) WILL OCCUR.
*****
* CREATE LCB AND STORE ADDRESS IN EXIT COMMUNICATION WORD
*
BUILDLCB EQU *
GETMAIN R, LV=LCBLENX, SP=13Ø * GET LCB
*
MVI     Ø(R1),X'ØØ'         * CLEAR LCB ...
MVC     1(LCBLENX-1,R1),Ø(R1) * ... TO ZEROS
*
L       R15,AEXCOMM         * @(EXIT COMM. WORD ENTRY)

```



```

        USING PARMENT,R15
        MVI PARMKEY+3,X'01'
        LA R2,4
        ST R2,PARMLEN
        ST R1,PARMADR
        DROP R15
*
        LR R9,R1
        USING LCB,R9
*
        MVC LCBID,LCBNAME
        ICM R0,B'1000',SP130
        ST R0,LCBSP
*
* SET DEBUG FLAG IN LCBFLAG1 IF USER SPECIFIED 'DEBUG'
*
        CLI DEBUGPDE+1,X'01'
        BNE BLCB0000
        OI LCBFLAG1,LCBF1DBG
*
* _____
* INSERT CPU TIME LIMIT INTO LCB. A MAXIMUM UPPER LIMIT OF 30 MINUTES
* IS ENFORCED BY THE FOLLOWING CODE. IF NO TIME WAS SPECIFIED, A
* DEFAULT OF 10 MINUTES IS SET.
*
* _____
BLCB0000 EQU *
        MVC LCBTIME(L'LCBTIME),BLANKS
        TM TIMESPDE+6,X'80'
        BNO BLCB0005
*
        L R1,TIMESPDE
        LH R2,TIMESPDE+4
*
        CH R2,H4
        BNE BLCB0001
        CLC MAXTIME(4),0(R1)
        BL BLCB0004
        MVC LCBTIME(4),0(R1)
        B BUILDCMD
*
BLCB0001 EQU *
        CH R2,H3
        BNE BLCB0002
        CLC MAXTIME+1(3),0(R1)
        BL BLCB0004
        MVC LCBTIME+1(3),0(R1)
        B BUILDCMD
*
BLCB0002 EQU *
        CH R2,H2
        BNE BLCB0003
        CLC MAXTIME+2(2),0(R1)
        BL BLCB0004

```

```

* PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
* UPDATE KEY
* UPDATE ...
* ... LENGTH
* UPDATE ADDRESS
* FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY

```

```

* LCB ADDRESS ...
* ... AND ADDRESSABILITY

```

```

* 'LCB '
* INSERT SUBPOOL INTO LENGTH
* STORE IN LCB

```

```

* WAS DEBUG ENTERED ?
* NO
* YES, SET DEBUG FLAG

```

```

* INITIALIZE FIELD TO BLANKS
* TIME SUPPLIED?
* NO, USE THE DEFAULT VALUE

```

```

* @(TIME)
* L'TIME

```

```

* LEN = 4?
* NO
* SPECIFIED TIME TOO BIG?
* YES, SO USE THE DEFAULT MAX
* MOVE TIME INTO LCBTIME
* LCB COMPLETE

```

```

* LEN = 3?
* NO
* SPECIFIED TIME TOO BIG?
* YES, SO USE THE DEFAULT MAX
* MOVE TIME INTO LCBTIME
* LCB COMPLETE

```

```

* LEN = 2?
* NO, MUST BE 1 SO MUST BE OK
* SPECIFIED TIME TOO BIG?
* YES, SO USE THE DEFAULT MAX

```

```

MVC   LCBTIME+2(2),Ø(R1)      * MOVE TIME INTO LCBTIME
B     BUILD CMD               * LCB COMPLETE
*
BLCBØØØ3 EQU *
MVC   LCBTIME+3(1),Ø(R1)      * MOVE TIME INTO LCBTIME
B     BUILD CMD               * LCB COMPLETE
*
BLCBØØØ4 EQU *
MVC   LCBTIME,MAXTIME         * INSERT DEFAULT MAX TIME
B     BUILD CMD               * LCB COMPLETE
*
BLCBØØØ5 EQU *
MVC   LCBTIME,DEFTIME         * INSERT DEFLT TIME (1Ø MINS)
*
DROP  R9                      * FINISHED WITH LCB
EJECT
*****
* REBUILD THE LOG-ON COMMAND WITHOUT THE LOCAL PARAMETERS AND WITH THE
* FOLLOWING CHANGES :
* 1) IF THE USER SPECIFIED A PASSWORD ('LOGON USERID/PASSWORD') THE
*    PASSWORD IS DELETED, AS IT WILL HAVE TO BE ENTERED ON THE LOG-ON
*    PANEL ANYWAY.
* 2) THE MAIL AND NOTICES CONTROL SWITCHES ARE SET ON, UNLESS THE
*    USER SPECIFIED 'NOMAIL' AND/OR 'NONOTICES'. HAVING DONE THIS IT
*    IS NOT NECESSARY TO ADD 'MAIL' AND 'NOTICES' TO THE NEW COMMAND.
* 3) UNLESS THE USER SPECIFIED 'RECONNECT', 'NORECONNECT' IS APPENDED
*    TO THE REBUILT COMMAND - IT IS NOT ENOUGH TO LEAVE THE RECONNECT
*    CONTROL SWITCH OFF TO CLEAR A PRIOR RECONNECT REQUEST. MEMORY OF
*    SUCH A REQUEST CAN ONLY BE CLEARED IN THIS WAY.
*****
BUILD CMD EQU *
L     R15,ACMDBUF              * @(INPUT BUFFER PARM ENTRY)
USING PARM ENT,R15            * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L     R8,PARMLEN               * R8 = L'(INPUT BUFFER)
L     R9,PARMADR               * R9 = @(INPUT BUFFER)
DROP  R15                     * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
MVI  Ø(R9),C' '               * CLEAR COMMAND BUFFER ...
SH   R8,H2                     * ... TO ...
EX   R8,CBUFCLR               * ... BLANKS
MVC  Ø(L'LOGON,R9),LOGON      * COMMAND IS 'LOGON'
LA   R9,L'LOGON+1(R9)         * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
L    R1,UIDPDE                 * @(USERID)
LH   R2,UIDPDE+4              * L'USERID
BCTR R2,Ø                      * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX   R2,CBUFLOAD              * MOVE USERID INTO BUFFER
AR   R9,R2                     * INCREMENT ...
LA   R9,2(R9)                 * ... BUFFER POINTER
*
TM   ACCTSPDE+6,X'8Ø'         * ACCTNUM SUPPLIED ?
BNO  BCMDØØØ1                 * NOT THIS TIME
MVC  Ø(L'ACCT,R9),ACCT        * MOVE IN 'ACCT('
LA   R9,L'ACCT(R9)           * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER

```

```

L      R1,ACCTSPDE          * @(ACCTNUM)
LH     R2,ACCTSPDE+4       * L'ACCTNUM)
BCTR   R2,Ø                * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX     R2,CBUFLOAD         * MOVE ACCTNUM INTO BUFFER
AR     R9,R2               * INCREMENT ...
LA     R9,1(R9)            * ... BUFFER POINTER
MVI    Ø(R9),C')'         * INSERT ')'
LA     R9,2(R9)            * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER

*
BCMDØØØ1 EQU *
TM     PROCSPDE+6,X'8Ø'    * PROC SUPPLIED ?
BNO    BCMDØØØ2           * NOT THIS TIME
MVC    Ø(L'PROC,R9),PROC  * MOVE IN 'PROC('
LA     R9,L'PROC(R9)      * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
L      R1,PROCSPDE        * @(PROCNAME)
LH     R2,PROCSPDE+4     * L'PROCNAME)
BCTR   R2,Ø                * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX     R2,CBUFLOAD         * MOVE PROCNAME INTO BUFFER
AR     R9,R2               * INCREMENT ...
LA     R9,1(R9)            * ... BUFFER POINTER
MVI    Ø(R9),C')'         * INSERT ')'
LA     R9,2(R9)            * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER

*
BCMDØØØ2 EQU *
TM     SIZESPDE+6,X'8Ø'   * REGION SUPPLIED ?
BNO    BCMDØØØ3           * NOT THIS TIME
MVC    Ø(L'SIZE,R9),SIZE  * MOVE IN 'SIZE('
LA     R9,L'SIZE(R9)      * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
L      R1,SIZESPDE        * @(REGION SIZE)
LH     R2,SIZESPDE+4     * L'(REGION SIZE)
BCTR   R2,Ø                * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX     R2,CBUFLOAD         * MOVE REGION SIZE INTO BUFFER
AR     R9,R2               * INCREMENT ...
LA     R9,1(R9)            * ... BUFFER POINTER
MVI    Ø(R9),C')'         * INSERT ')'
LA     R9,2(R9)            * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER

*
BCMDØØØ3 EQU *
TM     PGNSPDE+6,X'8Ø'    * PERFORMANCE GROUP SUPPLIED ?
BNO    BCMDØØØ4           * NOT THIS TIME
MVC    Ø(L'PERFORM,R9),PERFORM * MOVE IN 'PERFORM('
LA     R9,L'PERFORM(R9)   * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
L      R1,PGNSPDE        * @(PGN)
LH     R2,PGNSPDE+4     * L'(PGN)
BCTR   R2,Ø                * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX     R2,CBUFLOAD         * MOVE REGION SIZE INTO BUFFER
AR     R9,R2               * INCREMENT ...
LA     R9,1(R9)            * ... BUFFER POINTER
MVI    Ø(R9),C')'         * INSERT ')'
LA     R9,2(R9)            * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER

*
BCMDØØØ4 EQU *

```

TM	GRPSPDE+6,X'80'	* RACF GROUP SUPPLIED ?
BNO	BCMD0005	* NOT THIS TIME
MVC	0(L'GROUP,R9),GROUP	* MOVE IN 'GROUP('
LA	R9,L'GROUP(R9)	* INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
L	R1,GRPSPDE	* @(RACF GROUP)
LH	R2,GRPSPDE+4	* L'(RACF GROUP)
BCTR	R2,0	* DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX	R2,CBUFLOAD	* MOVE REGION SIZE INTO BUFFER
AR	R9,R2	* INCREMENT ...
LA	R9,1(R9)	* ... BUFFER POINTER
MVI	0(R9),C')'	* INSERT ')'
LA	R9,2(R9)	* INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
*		
BCMD0005	EQU *	
TM	SECLSPDE+6,X'80'	* SECLABEL SUPPLIED ?
BNO	BCMD0006	* NOT THIS TIME
MVC	0(L'SECLABEL,R9),SECLABEL	* MOVE IN 'SECLABEL('
LA	R9,L'SECLABEL(R9)	* INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
L	R1,GRPSPDE	* @(SECLABEL)
LH	R2,GRPSPDE+4	* L'(SECLABEL)
BCTR	R2,0	* DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
EX	R2,CBUFLOAD	* MOVE REGION SIZE INTO BUFFER
AR	R9,R2	* INCREMENT ...
LA	R9,1(R9)	* ... BUFFER POINTER
MVI	0(R9),C')'	* INSERT ')'
LA	R9,2(R9)	* INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
*		
BCMD0006	EQU *	
CLI	OIDCPDE+1,X'01'	* 'OIDCARD' ENTERED ?
BNE	BCMD0007	* NOT THIS TIME
MVC	0(L'OIDCARD,R9),OIDCARD	* MOVE IN 'OIDCARD'
LA	R9,L'OIDCARD+1(R9)	* INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
*		
BCMD0007	EQU *	
CLI	MAILPDE+1,X'01'	* 'MAIL' ENTERED/DEFAULTED ?
BNE	BCMD0008	* NOT THIS TIME
L	R15,ACTLSW	* @(CONTROL SWITCH PARM ENTRY)
USING	PARMENT,R15	* PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L	R1,PARMADR	* R1 = @(CONTROL SWITCHES)
OI	2(R1),X'80'	* SET MAIL CONTROL SWITCH
DROP	R15	* FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
*		
BCMD0008	EQU *	
CLI	NOTICPDE+1,X'01'	* 'NOTICES' ENTERED/DEFAULTED?
BNE	BCMD0009	* NOT THIS TIME
L	R15,ACTLSW	* @(CONTROL SWITCH PARM ENTRY)
USING	PARMENT,R15	* PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L	R1,PARMADR	* R1 = @(CONTROL SWITCHES)
OI	2(R1),X'40'	* SET NOTICES CONTROL SWITCH
DROP	R15	* FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
*		
BCMD0009	EQU *	

```

      CLI   RECONPDE+1,X'01'          * 'RECONNECT' ENTERED ?
      BNE   BCMD0010                  * NOT THIS TIME
      L     R15,ACTLSW                 * @(CONTROL SWITCH PARM ENTRY)
      USING PARMENT,R15                * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
      L     R1,PARMADR                 * R1 = @(CONTROL SWITCHES)
      OI    1(R1),X'01'                * SET RECONNECT CONTROL SWITCH
      DROP  R15                        * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
      B     BCMD0011                   * ALL DONE
*
BCMD0010 EQU *
      MVC   0(L'NORECON,R9),NORECON    * MOVE IN 'NORECONNECT'
      LA    R9,L'NORECON+1(R9)         * INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER
*
* LOGON COMMAND REBUILT - UPDATE COMMAND LENGTH
*
BCMD0011 EQU *
      L     R15,ACMDBUF                 * @(INPUT BUFFER PARM ENTRY)
      USING PARMENT,R15                * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
      L     R8,PARMADR                 * @(INPUT BUFFER)
      SR    R9,R8                      * L'(REBUILT COMMAND)
      BCTR  R9,0                        * REMOVE TRAILING BLANK
      ST    R9,PARMLEN                 * UPDATE L'(INPUT BUFFER)
      DROP  R15                        * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
      CLI   DEBUGPDE+1,X'01'          * WAS DEBUG ENTERED ?
      BNE   ALLDONE                    * NO
*
* IF DEBUG REQUESTED, WTO REBUILT COMMAND TO CONSOLE
*
      MVC   WTOBUF(LLGN110D),LGN110D   * MOVE DEBUG WTO INTO WORKAREA
      MVI   WTOBUF+9,C'1'              * CHANGE MSGID TO LGN111D
      CH    R9,H80                      * L'(INPUT BUFFER) > 80 ?
      BNH   *+8                         * NO - TAKE THE LOT
      LH    R9,H80                      * YES - TRUNCATE AT 80 CHARS
      BCTR  R9,0                        * DECREMENT FOR EXECUTE
      EX    R9,DBGM1                    * MOVE INPUT BUFFER INTO WTO
      WTO   MF=(E,WTOBUF)              * ISSUE DEBUG MESSAGE
      B     ALLDONE                    * ALL DONE
CBUFCLR MVC 1(0,R9),0(R9)              * CLEAR COMMAND BUFFER
CBUFLOAD MVC 0(0,R9),0(R1)            * MOVE PARM INTO BUFFER
*
      DROP  R10                        * FINISHED WITH PDL
      EJECT
*****
* ALL DONE.
*****
ALLDONE EQU *
      TM    ATTNFLAG,X'80'             * USER HIT ATTN KEY ?
      BNO   FREEDL                     * NO; PROCEED WITH LOGON
*
* ATTENTION HIT/TERMINAL GONE - REQUEST TERMINATION (DISCONNECTION)
*
DISCONCT EQU *

```

```

L      R15,ACTLSW          * @(CONTROL SWITCH PARM ENTRY)
USING  PARMENT,R15        * PARM ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY
L      R4,PARMADR         * R1 = @(CONTROL SWITCHES)
OI     Ø(R4),X'1Ø'       * SET 'DISCONNECT' SWITCH
DROP   R15                * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
DROP   R11                * FINISHED WITH PARMLIST

*
* FREE THE PDL AND DELETE THE ATTENTION EXIT
*
FREEPDL EQU *
      IKJRLSA APDL        * DELETE PDL
      MVC   STAXLIST(STAXLEN),STAXDUM * DELETE ...
      STAX  MF=(E,STAXLIST) * ... ATTENTION EXIT

*
* FREE THE WORKAREA AND RETURN
*
RETURN EQU *
      LR   R1,R13         * GET SAVE AREA ADDR
      L    R13,4(R13)     * RECALL SAVE AREA ADDRESS
      FREEMAIN RC, LV=WKALEN,A=(R1) * FREE WORKSPACE
      L    R14,12(R13)    * RESTORE R14
      SR   R15,R15        * RC = Ø
      LM   RØ,R12,2Ø(R13) * RESTORE RØ-R12
      BR   R14            * AND RETURN
      EJECT

*****
* ATTENTION EXIT ROUTINE, ENTERED IF THE USER HITS THE ATTENTION KEY.
*****
      DS   ØF
ATTNEXIT EQU *
      L    R3,8(R1)       * @(USER INFO)
      L    R12,Ø(R3)      * RESTORE BASE REGISTER
      L    R2,4(R3)       * @(ATTNFLAG)
      OI   Ø(R2),X'8Ø'    * SET ATTENTION FLAG
      TM   Ø(R2),X'4Ø'    * ATTN DURING IKJPARS ?
      BNO  ATTNØØØ1       * NO
      MVC  WTOBUF(LLGN1Ø6A),LGN1Ø6A * ASK USER TO ...
      TPUT WTOBUF,LLGN1Ø6A * ... HIT ENTER KEY
      B    ATTNRETN       * ... AND RETURN

*
ATTNØØØ1 EQU *
      TM   Ø(R2),X'2Ø'    * ATTN DURING TGET ?
      BO   ATTNRETN       * YES - NO PROMPT NEEDED

*
      MVC  WTOBUF(LLGN1Ø7A),LGN1Ø7A * ASK USER TO ...
      TPUT WTOBUF,LLGN1Ø7A * ... HIT ENTER KEY

*
ATTNRETN EQU *
      BR   R14            * RETURN TO ATTN HANDLER
      EJECT

*****
* ERROR MESSAGES - SENT TO SYSTEM LOG AND/OR TERMINAL USER

```

```

*****
STAXERR EQU *
SRA R15,1 * DIVIDE STAX RC BY 2
LA R1,RETCODES(R15) * ADDRESS OF EBCDIC RET CODE
MVC WTOBUF(LLGN101W),LGN101W * MOVE WTO INTO WORKAREA
MVC WTOBUF+27(2),0(R1) * MOVE RETCODE INTO WTO
WTO MF=(E,WTOBUF) * TELL SYSLOG OF ERROR
LH R0,LGN101W * LENGTH OF ...
SH R0,H4 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT WTOBUF+4,(R0) * INFORM TSO USER ...
B BUILDPPL * ... AND RESUME PROCESSING
*
PARSERR EQU *
SRA R15,1 * DIVIDE IKJPARS RC BY 2
LA R1,RETCODES(R15) * ADDRESS OF EBCDIC RET CODE
MVC WTOBUF(LLGN102E),LGN102E * MOVE WTO INTO WORKAREA
MVC WTOBUF+54(2),0(R1) * MOVE RETCODE INTO WTO
WTO MF=(E,WTOBUF) * TELL SYSLOG OF ERROR
LH R0,LGN102E * LENGTH OF ...
SH R0,H4 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT WTOBUF+4,(R0) * INFORM TSO USER ...
B ALLDONE * ... AND RESUME PROCESSING
*
LGN101W WTO 'LGN101W STAX failed rc=??; continuing', +
ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3,MF=L
LLGN101W EQU *-LGN101W
*
LGN102E WTO 'LGN102E Unable to parse LOGON command; IKJPARS rc=??', +
ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3,MF=L
LLGN102E EQU *-LGN102E
*
LGN103W DC C'LGN103W Unauthorized use of this system may lead to pr+
osecution'
LLGN103W EQU *-LGN103W
*
LGN103A DC C'LGN103A Enter your USERID if you are an authorized use+
r : '
LLGN103A EQU *-LGN103A
*
LGN104I DC C'LGN104I USERID is establishing a duplicate session on +
TERMINAL'
LLGN104I EQU *-LGN104I
*
LGN105I DC C'LGN105I ATTENTION acknowledged - LOGON will terminate'
LLGN105I EQU *-LGN105I
*
LGN106A DC C'LGN106A Hit ENTER and satisfy any following prompt to +
complete termination'
LLGN106A EQU *-LGN106A
*
LGN107A DC C'LGN107A Hit ENTER to complete termination'
LLGN107A EQU *-LGN107A

```

```

*
      DS      ØF
LGN11ØD  WTO   'LGN11ØD
                                     +
                                     ',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3,MF=L

```

```

LLGN11ØD EQU   *-LGN11ØD
      EJECT

```

```

*****

```

```

* CONSTANTS AND DATA AREAS

```

```

*****

```

```

APCL      DC      V(IKJEFLE2)
F2ØØ      DC      F'2ØØ'
H2         DC      H'2'
H3         DC      H'3'
H4         DC      H'4'
H8         DC      H'8'
H2Ø       DC      H'2Ø'
H8Ø       DC      H'8Ø'
LCBNAME   DC      CL4'LCB '
SP13Ø     DC      XL1'82'
DEFTIME   DC      CL4'ØØ1Ø'
MAXTIME   DC      CL4'ØØ3Ø'
BLANKS    DC      CL8' '
UCMASK    EQU     BLANKS,7
RETCODES  DC      C'ØØØ4Ø8ØC1Ø14181C2Ø'

```

```

*
LOGON     DC      CL5'LOGON'
ACCT      DC      CL5'ACCT('
PROC      DC      CL5'PROC('
SIZE      DC      CL5'SIZE('
PERFORM   DC      CL8'PERFORM('
GROUP     DC      CL6'GROUP('
SECLABEL  DC      CL9'SECLABEL('
OIDCARD   DC      CL7'OIDCARD'
NORECON   DC      CL11'NORECONNECT'

```

```

*
      DS      ØF
STAXDUM   STAX   MF=L
STAXLEN   EQU   *-STAXDUM

```

```

*
      LTORG
      EJECT

```

```

*-----
* PARAMETER CONTROL LIST FOR PARSE OF INPUT LOGON COMMAND
*-----

```

```

*
      PRINT NOGEN
IKJEFLE2  IKJPARM  DSECT=LOGONPDL
UIDPDE    IKJPOSIT  USERID
ACCTPDE   IKJKEYWD
           IKJNAME  'ACCT',SUBFLD=ACCTSUB
PROCPDE   IKJKEYWD
           IKJNAME  'PROC',SUBFLD=PROCSUB
SIZEPDE   IKJKEYWD

```



```

        IKJNAME  'SIZE',SUBFLD=IZESUB
PGNPDE  IKJKEYWD
        IKJNAME  'PERFORM',SUBFLD=PGNSUB
GROUPPDE IKJKEYWD
        IKJNAME  'GROUP',SUBFLD=GROUPSUB
SECLPDE  IKJKEYWD
        IKJNAME  'SECLABEL',SUBFLD=SECLSUB
OIDCPDE  IKJKEYWD
        IKJNAME  'OIDCARD'
MAILPDE  IKJKEYWD DEFAULT='MAIL'
        IKJNAME  'MAIL'
        IKJNAME  'NOMAIL'
NOTICPDE IKJKEYWD DEFAULT='NOTICES'
        IKJNAME  'NOTICES'
        IKJNAME  'NONOTICES'
RECONPDE IKJKEYWD DEFAULT='NORECONNECT'
        IKJNAME  'RECONNECT'
        IKJNAME  'NORECONNECT'
*
* LOCAL ADDITIONS TO THE LOGON COMMAND
*
TIMEPDE  IKJKEYWD
        IKJNAME  'TIME',SUBFLD=TIMESUB
*
DEBUGPDE IKJKEYWD DEFAULT='NODEBUG'
        IKJNAME  'DEBUG'
        IKJNAME  'NODEBUG'
*
* SUBFIELD DESCRIPTIONS
*
ACCTSUB  IKJSUBF
ACCTSPDE IKJIDENT 'ACCOUNT NUMBER',FIRST=ALPHA,OTHER=ALPHANUM,      +
        MAXLNTH=8,                                                +
        PROMPT='ACCOUNT NUMBER',                                  +
        HELP='Account number as deptnnnn, eg DEPT1234'
*
PROCSUB  IKJSUBF
PROCSPDE IKJIDENT 'PROCEDURE NAME',FIRST=ALPHA,OTHER=ALPHANUM,      +
        MAXLNTH=8,                                                +
        PROMPT='PROCEDURE NAME',                                  +
        HELP='Procedure name as 1-8 characters, eg FORPROC'
*
IZESUB   IKJSUBF
IZESPDE  IKJIDENT 'REGION SIZE',FIRST=NUMERIC,OTHER=NUMERIC,MAXLNTH=5, +
        PROMPT='REGION SIZE',                                      +
        HELP='Region size in Kbytes, eg SIZE(4096) = 4Mb'
*
PGNSUB   IKJSUBF
PGNSPDE  IKJIDENT 'PERFORMANCE GROUP',FIRST=NUMERIC,OTHER=NUMERIC,    +
        MAXLNTH=3,                                                +
        PROMPT='PERFORMANCE GROUP',                                +
        HELP='Performance group number between 1 and 255'

```

```

*
GROUPSUB IKJSUBF
GRPSPDE IKJIDENT 'RACF GROUP ID',FIRST=ALPHA,OTHER=ALPHANUM,      +
          MAXLNTH=8,                                               +
          PROMPT='RACF GROUP NAME',                                +
          HELP='RACF group name as 6-8 characters, eg GRPDEPT1'
*
SECLSUB IKJSUBF
SECLSPDE IKJIDENT 'SECURITY LABEL',FIRST=ALPHA,OTHER=ALPHANUM,    +
          MAXLNTH=8,                                               +
          PROMPT='RACF SECURITY LABEL',                              +
          HELP='RACF SECLABEL as 6-8 characters'
*
TIMESUB IKJSUBF
TIMESPDE IKJIDENT 'CPU TIME IN MINS',FIRST=NUMERIC,OTHER=NUMERIC,  +
          MAXLNTH=4,                                               +
          PROMPT='CPU TIME LIMIT',                                  +
          HELP='CPU time limit in minutes, eg TIME(10)''
          IKJENDP
          EJECT
*****
* WORKSPACE DSECT
*****
WORKAREA DSECT
SAVEAREA DS      18F          * SAVE AREA
ATTNPARM DS      2F          * DATA FOR ATTNEXIT
PPLIST   DS      8F          * PARSE PARAMETER LIST
APDL     DS      A           * @(PARSE DESCRIPTOR LIST)
CPECB    DS      F           * PARSE ECB
ATTNFLAG DS      X           * ATTENTION FLAG BYTE
TGETBUF  DS      CL7        * TGET BUFFER
USERNAME DS      CL8        * USER-ID FROM LOG-ON COMMAND
LUNAME   DS      CL8        * VTAM TERMINAL NAME
*
* LOCAL COMMAND BUFFER
*
CMDBUF   DS      CL256      * COMMAND BUFFER
*
          DS      0F
STAXLIST DS      CL(STAXLEN)
STAXOBUF DS      CL(LLGN105I)
*
WTOBUF   DS      CL256
*
WKALEN   EQU     *-WORKAREA
          EJECT
*-----
* PARMLIST MAPPING DSECTS
*-----
PARMLIST DSECT
ACMDBUF  DS      A          * @(COMMAND BUFFER PARM)
ANCMDBUF DS      A          * @(NEW COMMAND BUFFER PARM)

```

AUPT	DS	A	* @(UPT PARM)
AECT	DS	A	* @(ECT PARM)
APSCB	DS	A	* @(PSCB PARM)
AEXCOMM	DS	A	* @(EXIT-TO-EXIT COMM. PARM)
AEXITRC	DS	A	* @(EXIT REASON CODE)
	DS	A	* RESERVED
	DS	A	* RESERVED
ACTLSW	DS	A	* @(CONTROL SWITCH PARM)
AUID	DS	A	* @(UID PARM)
APWD	DS	A	* @(PASSWORD PARM)
AACTNUM	DS	A	* @(ACCOUNT NUMBER PARM)
APROCNAM	DS	A	* @(PROCEDURE NAME PARM)
AREGION	DS	A	* @(REGION PARM)
AJCL	DS	A	* @(JCL BUFFER PARM)
ANPWD	DS	A	* @(NEW PASSWORD PARM)
ASAB	DS	A	* @(SYSTEM ATTRIBUTE BITS PRM)
AUAB	DS	A	* @(USER ATTRIBUTE BITS PARM)
AUNIT	DS	A	* @(GENERIC UNIT PARM)
ACECB	DS	A	* @(CANCEL ECB PARM)
APGN	DS	A	* @(PERFORMANCE GRP NMBR PARM)
ASDEST	DS	A	* @(SYSOUT DEST PARM)
AGDEST	DS	A	* @(GROUP DEST PARM)
AHOLDCLS	DS	A	* @(SUBMIT HOLD CLASS PARM)
ASUBCLS	DS	A	* @(SUBMIT CLASS PARM)
AMSGCLS	DS	A	* @(SUBMIT MSGCLASS PARM)
ASYSOCLS	DS	A	* @(SYSOUT CLASS PARM)
AFSTCMND	DS	A	* @(FIRST COMMAND PARM)
ARBA	DS	A	* @(RBA PARM)
ASECLBL	DS	A	* @(SECLABEL PARM)
ACONPRFL	DS	A	* @(CONSOLE PROFILE PARM)
APLID	DS	A	* @(PRIMARY LANGUAGE ID PARM)
ASLID	DS	A	* @(SECONDARY LANGUAGE ID
PARM)			
*			
PARMENT	DSECT		
PARMKEY	DS	F	* PARAMETER KEY
PARMLN	DS	F	* PARAMETER LENGTH
PARMADR	DS	A	* PARAMETER ADDRESS
EJECT			
<hr/>			
* SYSTEM DSECTS			
<hr/>			
IHAPSA	LIST=NO		
CVT	DSECT=YES, LIST=NO		
IHAASVT			
IHAASCB			
IKJTSB			
IKJPPL			
PRINT GEN			
LCB			
PRINT NOGEN			
END			

IKJEFLD3

TITLE 'IKJEFLD: TSO LOGON POST-PROMPT EXIT'

```
*****
* SUBROUTINE IKJEFLD3 *
* _____ *
* This is the TSO LOGON post-prompt exit. It is called by the LOGON *
* processor after the dialogue with the user has completed. This *
* version provides support for the local TIME() parameter we have *
* added to the LOGON command, allowing the user to specify the CPU *
* time limit for the session. *
* *
* The TIME parameter is processed by the pre-prompt exit, IKJEFLD1, *
* and stored in the Log-on Communication Block (LCB), which it hangs *
* *
* from the exit-to-exit communication word in the exit parameter *
* list. This exit retrieves the CPU time from the LCB and rebuilds *
* the log-on JCL to include a standard TIME parameter. It also adds *
* *
* the 'programmer name' field, (using the name from the ACEE, which *
* has been created by the time this exit is called), and converts *
* the account number from 'RACF' format to 'batch' format : *
* *
* Input JCL : *
* *
* //userid JOB 'deptnnnn',REGION=nnnnK *
* //procname EXEC procname *
* *
* Rebuilt JCL : *
* *
* //userid JOB (nnnn,dept),'programmer name', *
* // Time=(mmmm,ss),REGION=nnnnK *
* //procname EXEC procname *
* *
* For obvious reasons this exit is designed to be fail-safe - if *
* for any reason it is unable to rebuild the JCL, it gives up and *
* lets the standard JCL through. If no LCB is passed, the same *
* default value as used in IKJEFLD1 (ie 10 minutes) is used. *
* *
* ENVIRONMENT *
* *
* State : Supervisor *
* Key : 8 *
* APF : Unauthorised *
* AMODE : 31 *
* RMODE : 24 *
* Location : Linklist or PLPA *
* *
* REGISTERS ON ENTRY : *
* *
* R1 - @(STANDARD EXIT PARAMETER LIST) *
* + 0 : @(COMMAND BUFFER PE) *
```

```

*          + 4 : @(NEW COMMAND BUFFER PE)
*          + 8 : @(UPT PE)
*          +12 : @(ECT PE)
*          +16 : @(PSCB PE)
*          +20 : @(EXIT-TO-EXIT COMMUNICATION WORD PE)
*          +24 : @(EXIT REASON CODE PE)
*          +28 : RESERVED
*          +32 : RESERVED
*          +36 : @(CONTROL SWITCH PE)
*          +36 : @(JCL BUFFER PE)
*      R13 - @(SAVEAREA)
*      R14 - RETURN ADDRESS
*      R15 - ENTRY ADDRESS
*
* REGISTERS ON RETURN :
*
*      R0-R14 - AS AT ENTRY
*      R15 - RETURN CODE
*              0 : CONTINUE NORMAL PROCESSING
*****
          EJECT
IKJEFLD3 CSECT
IKJEFLD3 AMODE 31
IKJEFLD3 RMODE 24
R0      EQU 0
R1      EQU 1          * PARM LIST ADDRESS ON ENTRY
R2      EQU 2          * @(EXIT COMM. PARM ENTRY)
R3      EQU 3          * @(JCL BUFFER PARM ENTRY)
R4      EQU 4          * WORK REGISTER
R5      EQU 5          * WORK REGISTER
R6      EQU 6          * WORK REGISTER
R7      EQU 7          * L'REGION=
R8      EQU 8          * @(REGION=)
R9      EQU 9          * @(ACCTNUM)
R10     EQU 10         * @(JCL BUFFER)
R11     EQU 11         * @(LCB)
R12     EQU 12         * BASE REGISTER
R13     EQU 13         * SAVEAREA/WORKAREA ADDRESS
R14     EQU 14         * RETURN ADDRESS
R15     EQU 15         * ENTRY ADDRESS
          USING *,R15  * ADDRESSABILITY
          B          START * BRANCH TO START OF CODE
          DC          AL1(LASTL-FIRSTL) * LENGTH OF HEADER TEXT
FIRSTL  EQU *
          DC          C'IKJEFLD3'
LASTL   EQU *
          DC          C' '
          DC          CL8'&SYSDATE'
          DC          C' '
          DC          CL5'&SYSTIME'
          DROP R15      * FINISHED WITH R15

```

```

DS      ØF                                * ALIGN TO FULL WORD BOUNDARY
*****
* ADDRESSABILITY AND LINKAGE - REENTRANT FORM
*****
START   EQU   *
        STM   R14,R12,12(R13)           * SAVE REGISTERS IN HSA
        LR    R12,R15                   * LOAD BASE REGISTER
        USING IKJEFLD3,R12             * AND DEFINE ADDRESSIBILITY
*
        LR    R2,R1                     * SAVE R1 ACROSS GETMAIN
*
        GETMAIN R,LV=WKALEN             * GETMAIN NEW SAVEAREA
        ST    R13,4(R1)                 * STORE HSA ADDRESS
        ST    R1,8(R13)                 * STORE LSA ADDRESS
        LR    R13,R1                    * R13 = OUR SAVEAREA ADDRESS
        USING WORKAREA,R13             * WORKAREA ADDRESSABILITY
*
        LR    R1,R2                     * RESTORE ORIGINAL R1
        ST    R1,APARMLST              * AND SAVE IT
        EJECT
*****
* GET ON WITH IT
*****
        USING PARMLIST,R1               * PARMLIST ADDRESSABILITY
        L     R2,AEXCOMM                 * R2 = @(EXIT COMM. PARM)
        L     R3,AJCL                   * R3 = @(JCL PARM)
        DROP R1                          * FINISHED WITH PARMLIST
        USING PARMENT,R2                * EXIT COMM PARM ENTRY
        SR    R11,R11                   * PRE-CLEAR LCB ADDRESS
        CLI   PARMKEY+3,X'Ø1'           * CHECK FOR CORRECT KEY
        BNE   NOLCB                     * SHOUT IF LCB MISSING
        ICM   R11,B'1111',PARMADR       * @(LCB)
        BNP   NOLCB                     * SHOUT IF LCB MISSING
        DROP R2                          * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
        USING LCB,R11                   * LCB ADDRESSABILITY
        CLC   LCBID,LCBNAME             * IS THIS THE REAL THING ?
        BNE   BADLCB                    * OH DEAR
*
SKIPLCB EQU   *
        USING PARMENT,R3                * JCL BUFFER PARM ENTRY
        ICM   R1Ø,B'1111',PARMADR       * @(JCL BUFFER)
        BNP   NOJCL                     * THIS SHOULD NEVER HAPPEN
        DROP R3                          * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
*
        USING JCLBUF,R1Ø                * JCL BUFFER ADDRESSABILITY
*
* _____
* SCAN SUPPLIED JOB CARD AND IDENTIFY THE BITS WE WANT
* _____
* IF USER SPECIFIED 'DEBUG', DISPLAY THE OLD JCL ON THE CONSOLE
*
        TM    LCBFLAG1,LCBF1DBG         * DEBUG SPECIFIED AT LOG-ON ?
        BNO   SKIPDBG1                  * NOT THIS TIME

```

```

MVC   WTOBUF(LLGN310D),LGN310D * MOVE MF=L WTO INTO WORKAREA
MVC   WTOBUF+12(80),JCLINE1    * WTO FIRST LINE ...
WTO   MF=(E,WTOBUF)            * ... OF ORIGINAL JCL
MVC   WTOBUF+12(80),JCLINE2    * WTO SECOND LINE ...
WTO   MF=(E,WTOBUF)            * ... OF ORIGINAL JCL
*
* ANALYSE THE SUPPLIED JOB CARD, WHICH SHOULD LOOK LIKE :
*   //USERID  JOB 'DEPTnnnn',REGION=nnnnK
*
SKIPDBG1 EQU *
      CLC   JCLINE1+10(3),JOB    * CONFIRM WE HAVE A JOB CARD
      BNE   BADJOB              * OH DEAR
*
* EXTRACT ACCOUNT NUMBER (IN RACF FORMAT, IE DEPTnnnn)
*
      LA    R9,JCLINE1+14        * START @ FOR ACCTNUM SCAN
      LA    R6,JCLINE2          * END  @ FOR ACCTNUM SCAN
LOOP1  EQU *
      CLI   0(R9),C''''        * FIRST ACCTNUM DELIMITER ?
      BE    GOTACNUM           * BINGO !
      LA    R9,1(R9)           * SHUFFLE ALONG ONE
      CR    R9,R6              * FALLEN OFF END ?
      BL    LOOP1              * NOT YET, SO KEEP SCANNING
      B     NOACNUM            * OH DEAR
*
GOTACNUM EQU *
      LA    R9,1(R9)           * R9 = @(ACCTNUM)
      CLI   8(R9),C''''        * ACCTNUM LENGTH CORRECT ?
      BNE   BADACNUM           * OH DEAR
*
* EXTRACT REGION= PARAMETER
*
      LA    R8,10(R9)          * START @ FOR REGION= SCAN
LOOP2  EQU *
      CLC   0(6,R8),REGION     * REGION FOUND ?
      BE    GOTRGN             * BINGO !
      LA    R8,1(R8)           * SHUFFLE ALONG ONE
      CR    R8,R6              * FALLEN OFF THE END ?
      BL    LOOP2              * NOT YET, SO KEEP SCANNING
      B     NORGN              * OH DEAR
*
GOTRGN EQU *
      LA    R7,9(R8)           * FIRST POSS END OF REGION=
LOOP3  EQU *
      CLI   0(R7),C' '        * PAST END OF REGION= ?
      BE    GOTRGNE           * BINGO !
      CLI   0(R7),C','        * PAST END OF REGION= ?
      BE    GOTRGNE           * BINGO !
      LA    R7,1(R7)           * SHUFFLE ALONG ONE
      CR    R7,R6              * FALLEN OFF THE END ?
      BL    LOOP3              * NO, SO KEEP SCANNING
      B     BADRGN            * OH DEAR
*

```

```

GOTRGNE EQU *
          SR   R7,R8                * R7 = L'REGION=
*-----
* BUILD NEW JOB CARD IN WORKAREA
*-----
* LINE 1 : //USERID   JOB (NNNN,DEPT),'PROGRAMMER NAME',
*
          MVI   LINE1,C' '          * CLEAR ...
          MVC   LINE1+1(159),LINE1  * ... LINE1/LINE2
*
          MVC   LINE1(9),JCLINE1    * '//USERID '
          MVC   LINE1+11(3),JOB      * 'JOB'
*
          MVI   LINE1+15,C'('      * ACCTNUM START DELIMITER
          MVC   LINE1+16(4),4(R9)   * 'NNNN' PART OF ACCTNUM
          MVI   LINE1+20,C','      * ACCTNUM SEPARATOR
          MVC   LINE1+21(4),0(R9)   * 'DEPT' PART OF ACCTNUM
          MVC   LINE1+25(3),BCQ     * ACCTNUM END DELIMITER ETC
*
* GET USER ('PROGRAMMER') NAME VIA THE ACEE, WHICH SHOULD EXIST BY
* THE TIME THIS EXIT IS CALLED.
*
          USING PSA,R0              * DEFINE PSA ADDRESSABILITY
          L     R15,PSAAOLD          * R11 = ADDRESS OF ASCB
          DROP  R0                   * FINISHED WITH PSA
          USING ASCB,R15            * DEFINE ASCB ADDRESSABILITY
          L     R15,ASCBASXB        * GET ASXB ADDRESS
          DROP  R15                 * FINISHED WITH ASCB
          USING ASXB,R15           * DEFINE ASXB ADDRESSABILITY
          ICM   R15,B'1111',ASXBSENV * GET ASXB ADDRESS
          BZ    NOACEE              * PREVENT 0C4
          DROP  R15                 * FINISHED WITH ASXB
          USING ACEE,R15           * DEFINE ACEE ADDRESSABILITY
          ICM   R6,B'1111',ACEEUNAM * GET ADDRESS OF USER NAME
          BZ    NONAME              * IF ZERO USE DUMMY NAME
          DROP  R15                 * FINISHED WITH ACEE
          SLR   R4,R4                * CLEAR R4
          IC    R4,0(R6)            * GET LENGTH OF NAME FIELD
          BCTR  R4,0                * LENGTH OF NAME ITSELF
          LTR   R4,R4                * CHECK LENGTH NOT ZERO
          BNP   NONAME              * IF IT IS USE DUMMY NAME
*
* COPY THE PROGRAMMER NAME INTO THE JOB CARD. IF IT CONTAINS QUOTES,
* DOUBLE THEM UP (EG 0'AARDVARK - > 0''AARDVARK). ALSO ELIMINATE
* TRAILING BLANKS, AS THESE WILL CAUSE A JCL ERROR.
*
          LA    R5,LINE1+28         * @(START OF NAME FIELD)
LOOP4    EQU   *
          CLI   1(R6),C''''        * QUOTE ?
          BNE   MOVENCHR            * NO, SO JUMP
          MVI   0(R5),C''''        * YES, SO ...
          LA    R5,1(R5)           * ... DOUBLE IT UP

```



```

MOVENCHR EQU *
          MVC  Ø(1,R5),1(R6)      * MOVE IN NEXT CHARACTER
          LA   R6,1(R6)          * INCREMENT SOURCE ADDRESS
          LA   R5,1(R5)          * INCREMENT DEST ADDRESS
          BCT  R4,LOOP4          * AND LOOP UNTIL DONE
*
          BCTR R5,Ø              * @(END OF NAME FIELD)
          LA   R6,LINE1+28       * @(START OF NAME FIELD)
LOOP5    EQU *
          CLI  Ø(R5),C' '        * TRAILING BLANK ?
          BNE  NAMEOK            * NO, R5=@(LAST CHAR OF NAME)
          BCTR R5,Ø              * YES, MOVE BACK ONE CHARACTER
          CR   R5,R6             * AND LOOP BACK ...
          BNL  LOOP5             * ... IF MORE TO COME
          B    NONAME           * NAME IS ALL BLANK
*
NAMEOK   EQU *
          LA   R5,1(R5)          * @(NAME TERMINATOR)
          B    ENDL1            * TERMINATE LINE1
*
NONAME   EQU *
          MVC  LINE1+28(L'DNAME),DNAME * DUMMY NAME
          LA   R5,LINE1+28+L'DNAME * @(NAME TERMINATOR)
*
ENDL1    EQU *
          MVI  Ø(R5),C''''      * NAME TERMINATOR
          MVI  1(R5),C','        * CONTINUATION COMMA
          MVC  LINE1+72(8),JCLINE1+72 * ADD 'TSUNNNNN' COMMENT
*
* LINE 2 : //                TIME=(NNNN,NN),REGION=NNNNK
*
          MVC  LINE2(2),JCLINE1  * //
          MVC  LINE2+11(14),TIME * TIME=(ØØ1Ø,ØØ)
          MVI  LINE2+25,C','      * ,
*
* IF LCB SUPPLIED, VALIDATE TIME VALUE. IF NO LCB, OR TIME VALUE IS
* ALL ZEROS, LEAVE THE DEFAULT VALUE.
*
          LTR  R11,R11           * HAVE WE GOT AN LCB ?
          BZ   TIMEØØØ3         * NO, SO LEAVE DEFAULT VALUE
*
          LA   R5,LCBTIME       * ADDRESS OF TIME PARAMETER
          LA   R6,4              * LENGTH OF TIME PARAMETER
TIMEØØØ1 EQU *
          CLI  Ø(R5),C' '        * LEADING BLANK ?
          BNE  TIMEØØØ2         * NO
          MVI  Ø(R5),C'Ø'        * REPLACE WITH A ZERO
          LA   R5,1(R5)          * POINT AT NEXT CHARACTER
          BCT  R6,TIMEØØØ1       * AND LOOP BACK
          B    TIMEØØØ3         * ALL ZERO - STAY WITH DEFAULT
*
TIMEØØØ2 EQU *

```

```

MVC LINE2+17(4),LCBTIME * MOVE TIME VALUE INTO JOBCARD
*
TIME0003 EQU *
BCTR R7,0 * EXECUTE LENGTH OF REGION=
EX R7,MOVERGN * REGION=NNNNK
B *+10
MOVERGN MVC LINE2+26(0),0(R8) * EXECUTED MVC
*
* FINALLY, REBUILD THE CONTENTS OF THE JCL BUFFER
*
MVC JCLINE3,JCLINE2 * MOVE // EXEC DOWN A LINE
MVC JCLINE1,LINE1 * FIRST LINE OF JOB CARD
MVC JCLINE2,LINE2 * SECOND LINE OF JOB CARD
*
USING PARMENT,R3 * JCL BUFFER PARM ENTRY
LA R5,240 * UPDATE ...
ST R5,PARMLEN * ... JCL LENGTH
DROP R3 * FINISHED WITH PARM ENTRY
*
* IF USER SPECIFIED 'DEBUG', DISPLAY THE NEW JCL ON THE CONSOLE
*
TM LCBFLAG1,LCBF1DBG * DEBUG SPECIFIED AT LOGON ?
BNO RETURN * NOT THIS TIME
*
MVI WTOBUF+9,C'1' * CHANGE MSGID TO LGN311D
*
MVC WTOBUF+12(80),JCLINE1 * WTO FIRST LINE ...
WTO MF=(E,WTOBUF) * ... OF JCL
*
MVC WTOBUF+12(80),JCLINE2 * WTO SECOND LINE ...
WTO MF=(E,WTOBUF) * ... OF JCL
*
MVC WTOBUF+12(80),JCLINE3 * WTO THIRD LINE ...
WTO MF=(E,WTOBUF) * ... OF JCL
*
DROP R10 * FINISHED WITH JCL
EJECT
*****
* ALL DONE, SO FREEMAIN LCB AND WORKAREA AND RETURN
*****
RETURN EQU *
SR R10,R10 * RC = 0
*
LTR R1,R11 * IS THERE AN LCB TO FREE ?
BZ FREEWKA * NOT THIS TIME
*
L R0,LCBSP * LCB SUBPOOL,LENGTH
FREEMAIN R,A=(R1),LV=(0) * GET RID OF LCB
*
DROP R11 * FINISHED WITH LCB
*
USING PARMENT,R2 * PARMLST ENTRY ADDRESSABILITY

```

```

XC      PARMKEY,PARMKEY          * RESET KEY
MVC     PARMLN,F4                * RESET LENGTH
XC      PARMADR,PARMADR         * RESET ADDRESS
DROP    R2                       * FINISHED WITH PARMLIST ETC
*
FREEWKA EQU *
LR      R1,R13                   * R1 = OUR SAVEAREA ADDRESS
L       R13,4(R13)               * R13 = HSA ADDRESS
FREEMAIN R,A=(R1),LV=WKALEN     * FREE WORKAREA
*
L       R14,12(R13)              * RESTORE R14
LR      R15,R10                  * R15 = RETURN CODE
LM      R0,R12,20(R13)          * RESTORE R0-R12
BR      R14                       * AND RETURN
EJECT
*****
* ERROR MESSAGES - SENT TO SYSTEM LOG AND TERMINAL USER
*****
NOLCB   DS      0F
        EQU     *
        WTO    'LGN301W LCB not passed by IKJEFLD1; internal defaults being used',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3
*
        LH     R0,NOLCB+4        * LENGTH OF ...
        S      R0,F4             * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
        TPUT   NOLCB+8,(R0)      * INFORM TSO USER ...
        B      SKIPLCB           * ... AND RESUME PROCESSING
*
BADLCB  DS      0F
        EQU     *
        WTO    'LGN302W Supplied LCB is invalid - internal defaults being used',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3
*
        LH     R0,BADLCB+4       * LENGTH OF ...
        S      R0,F4             * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
        TPUT   BADLCB+8,(R0)     * INFORM TSO USER ...
        B      SKIPLCB           * ... AND RESUME PROCESSING
*
NOJCL   DS      0F
        EQU     *
        WTO    'LGN303E Log-on JCL buffer is missing - processing+ abandoned',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3
*
        LH     R0,NOJCL+4        * LENGTH OF ...
        S      R0,F4             * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
        TPUT   NOJCL+8,(R0)     * INFORM TSO USER ...
        B      RETURN            * ... AND ABANDON PROCESSING
*
BADJOB  DS      0F
        EQU     *
        WTO    'LGN304E Unable to identify JOB card in supplied log-on+ JCL',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3

```

```

*
LH      R0,BADJOB+4          * LENGTH OF ...
S      R0,F4                 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT   BADJOB+8,(R0)        * INFORM TSO USER ...
B      RETURN                * ... AND ABANDON PROCESSING

*
NOACNUM DS      0F
EQU     *
WTO     'LGN305E Unable to find account number on supplied JOB c+
ard',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3

*
LH      R0,NOACNUM+4        * LENGTH OF ...
S      R0,F4                 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT   NOACNUM+8,(R0)      * INFORM TSO USER ...
B      RETURN                * ... AND ABANDON PROCESSING

*
BADACNUM DS      0F
EQU     *
WTO     'LGN306E Account number on supplied JOB card is not reco+
gnised',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3

*
LH      R0,BADACNUM+4      * LENGTH OF ...
S      R0,F4                 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT   BADACNUM+8,(R0)    * INFORM TSO USER ...
B      RETURN                * ... AND ABANDON PROCESSING

*
NORGN  DS      0F
EQU     *
WTO     'LGN307E Unable to find REGION parameter on supplied JOB+
card',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3

*
LH      R0,NORGN+4         * LENGTH OF ...
S      R0,F4                 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT   NORGN+8,(R0)       * INFORM TSO USER ...
B      RETURN                * ... AND ABANDON PROCESSING

*
BADRGN DS      0F
EQU     *
WTO     'LGN308E REGION parameter on supplied JOB card not recog+
nized',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3

*
LH      R0,BADRGN+4        * LENGTH OF ...
S      R0,F4                 * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT   BADRGN+8,(R0)      * INFORM TSO USER ...
B      RETURN                * ... AND ABANDON PROCESSING

*
NOACEE DS      0F
EQU     *
WTO     'LGN309E Unable to locate ACEE - default username will b+
e used',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3

*
LH      R0,NOACEE+4        * LENGTH OF ...

```

```

S      RØ,F4          * ... ACTUAL MESSAGE TEXT
TPUT  NOACEE+8,(RØ) * INFORM TSO USER ...
B      NONAME        * ... AND RESUME PROCESSING
EJECT

```

* CONSTANTS, VARIABLES, AND DATA AREAS

```

F4      DC      F'4'
LCBNAME DC      CL4'LCB '
JOB      DC      CL3'JOB'
REGION  DC      CL6'REGION'
TIME     DC      CL14'TIME=(ØØ1Ø,ØØ)'
BCQ      DC      CL3'),''
DNAME    DC      C'A.A. AARDVARK'

```

*

```

                DS      ØF
LGN31ØD WTO     'LGN31ØD .....1.....2.....3.....4.....+...+
                ..5.....+.....6.....+.....7.....+.....8',ROUTCDE=2,DESC=3,MF=L
LLGN31ØD EQU    *-LGN31ØD

```

*

* PARMLIST MAPPING DSECTS

*

PARMLIST DSECT

```

ACMDBUF DS      A          * @(COMMAND BUFFER PARM)
ANCMDBUF DS      A          * @(NEW COMMAND BUFFER PARM)
AUPT     DS      A          * @(UPT PARM)
AECT     DS      A          * @(ECT PARM)
APSCB    DS      A          * @(PSCB PARM)
AEXCOMM  DS      A          * @(EXIT-TO-EXIT COMM. PARM)
AEXITRC  DS      A          * @(EXIT REASON CODE)
          DS      A          * RESERVED
          DS      A          * RESERVED
ACTLSW   DS      A          * @(CONTROL SWITCH PARM)
AJCL     DS      A          * @(JCL BUFFER PARM)

```

*

PARMENT DSECT

```

PARMKEY  DS      F          * PARAMETER KEY
PARMLN   DS      F          * PARAMETER LENGTH
PARMADR  DS      A          * PARAMETER ADDRESS

```

*

JCLBUF DSECT

```

JCLINE1  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 1
JCLINE2  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 2
JCLINE3  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 3
JCLINE4  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 4
JCLINE5  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 5
JCLINE6  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 6
JCLINE7  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 7
JCLINE8  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 8
JCLINE9  DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 9
JCLINE1Ø DS      CL8Ø      * JCL LINE 1Ø

```

*

```

* WORKAREA DSECT
*
WORKAREA DSECT
*
SAVEAREA DS      18F
*
APARMLST DS      F
*
LINE1     DS      CL80
LINE2     DS      CL80
*
          DS      0F
WTOBUF    DS      CL(LLGN310D)
*
WKALEN    EQU     *-WORKAREA
*
* LOGON EXIT COMMUNICATION CONTROL BLOCK
*
          LCB
*
* SYSTEM DSECTS
*
          PUSH  PRINT
          PRINT NOGEN,NODATA
*
          IHAPSA LIST=NO
          IHAASCB LIST=NO
          IHAASXB LIST=NO
          IHAACEE
          IKJTSB
*
          POP   PRINT
          END

```

LCB MACRO

```

          MACRO
&DSNAME  LCB &DSECT=YES,&LIST=NO
          PUSH  PRINT
          DS    0F
          AIF   ('&DSECT' EQ 'YES').DSECT
&DSNAME  EQU   *                                * LOGON COMMUNICATION BLOCK
          AGO   .DSBODY
          .DSECT ANOP
          AIF   ('&LIST' EQ 'YES').LISTON
          PRINT OFF
          .LISTON ANOP
&DSNAME  DSECT                                * LCB DSECT
          .DSBODY ANOP
          LCBID DS    CL4                       * EYECATCHER, 'LCB '
          LCBSP DS    XL1                       * LCB SUBPOOL )   FOR

```

LCBLEN	DS	AL3	* LCB LENGTH) FREEMAIN
LCBFLAG1	DS	BL1	* FLAG BYTE
LCBF1DBG	EQU	X'80'	* DEBUG FLAG
	DS	XL3	* RESERVED
LCBTIME	DS	CL4	* CPU TIME LIMIT, 'NNNN'
LCBLENX	EQU	*-&DSNAME	* LCB LENGTH FOR GETMAIN
	POP	PRINT	
		MEND	

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A front end to monitor program usage

THE PROBLEM

There have been many occasions where it was necessary to determine whether a software package or program was currently being used. SMF data can be used for batch job steps and TSO commands, but this can give an incomplete picture. For example, a batch job step program may invoke another program or software package as a subroutine. This would not show up in SMF data. Similarly, a TSO user might invoke a program through an ISPF service, in which case the program would not be tracked by TSO command recording.

THE SOLUTION

The only sure way to completely track program usage is by placing a hook into the program in question, or by replacing the program with a front end. The hook concept requires considerable program patching and is difficult to maintain, while a front end is relatively simple (given that the program to be monitored has no aliases). It is for this reason that I decided to write a small program, called FRONTEND, which performs some very basic monitoring.

The concept of a front end program in general is quite simple. After you determine the program you want to monitor, you rename the original program to an alternative name that does not exist in your

installation load libraries. You can then modify the front end program to transfer control to the renamed program, and then assemble and link-edit the front end program with the original program name. At this point, when anyone invokes what they think is the original program, the front end program would get control first and be able to record its invocation.

A specific example of using FRONTEND would be if you wanted to monitor usage of program IEFBR14. You would rename IEFBR14 to an alternative name such as IEFBR14\$. You would then need to modify the FRONTEND program at label XCTLPGM to specify IEFBR14\$ as the program to transfer control to, replace all occurrences of the string FRONTEND with IEFBR14 in the front end program, and then assemble and link-edit it as IEFBR14 (possibly into the same load library as the original IEFBR14 resides). At this point, when anyone invokes IEFBR14 (as a TSO command, batch job step, called subroutine, etc), the FRONTEND program would determine the environment it is running in and issue the appropriate TSO or MVS SEND commands to notify a list of users that the program being monitored for has been invoked. The environments that FRONTEND can distinguish are: normal background jobs, TSO foreground commands, and TSO background execution (executing the terminal monitor program or TMP, known as IKJEFT01/IKJEFT1A/IKJEFT1B, in batch). The determination of TSO foreground versus background execution is done in a fashion similar to the way that the value for the TSO built-in CLIST variable &SYSENV is determined.

The FRONTEND program needs to be link-edited into an APF authorized library if it is to monitor batch program invocation. This is required for FRONTEND to issue MVS SEND commands to the users performing the monitoring. FRONTEND does, however, check if it is not APF authorized and skips the issuance of the SEND command, so that S047 abends are avoided. The SEND commands issued in TSO foreground and background environments have no such issue, since they do not require any special authorization.

Of course, there is the issue of system maintenance to be concerned about. If you rename an IBM or OEM module, you expose yourself to the problem that maintenance, via SMP/E, AMASPZAP, or other utilities, cannot be applied successfully without first undoing all the set-up required for FRONTEND. If you plan on using FRONTEND

for a long time on a specific program that is SMP/E maintained, you could build FRONTEND as an SMP/E user modification. In that way, if maintenance is applied to the original program, an SMP/E regression report would be generated alerting you to the fact that the original program had been replaced by FRONTEND. You could then restore the user modification, apply the maintenance, and then reapply the user modification. In a similar fashion, maintenance attempted with AMASPZAPVER and REP control cards should also (hopefully) fail with the data not being verified successfully.

ADDITIONAL MODIFICATIONS

There are a few areas where you may wish to perform further research before using FRONTEND. For example, I have not tested using FRONTEND to invoke TSO commands that are normally invoked from the TSOEXEC command, or using it to invoke authorized batch programs. There is also the issue of using FRONTEND on programs that have alias names.

This could be accomplished by renaming the original program aliases along with the true name, but would require assembling and linking multiple copies of FRONTEND so each could transfer control (using the XCTL macro) to the appropriate renamed true or alias name.

FRONTEND

```

          PUNCH ' SETCODE AC(1) '      NEED AUTHORIZATION IN BATCH
FRONTEND CSECT
FRONTEND AMODE 31                      OUCB ABOVE THE LINE
FRONTEND RMODE 24
          YREGS                          REGISTER EQUATES
          SAVE (14,12),,FRONTEND-&SYSDATE
          LR   R12,R15                     LOAD BASE REGISTER
          USING FRONTEND,R12
          LR   R14,R13                     COPY CALLER'S SAVE AREA POINTER
          LA   R13,SAVEAREA                POINT TO MY SAVE AREA
          ST   R13,8(,R14)                 CHAIN SAVE ...
          ST   R14,4(,R13)                 ... AREAS.
          LR   R5,R1                       SAVE A(PARM)-POSSIBLY A CPPL
          L    R3,CVTPTR                    LOAD A(CVT)
          USING CVT,R3
          L    R3,CVTTCPB                    LOAD A(TCBWORDS)
          L    R3,12(,R3)                   LOAD A(CURR ASCB)
          DROP R3
          USING ASCB,R3

```

	L	R4,ASCBOUCB	LOAD A(OUCB)
	USING	OUCB,R4	
	CLC	OUCBSUBN,=CL4'TSO'	ARE WE RUNNING TSO FOREGROUND
	BE	TSOFORE	YES, GO HANDLE TSO FOREGROUND
	L	R1,ASCBASXB	LOAD A(ASXB)
	USING	ASXB,R1	
	ICM	R1,15,ASXBLWA	IS THERE AN LWA (TSO BACKGROUND)
	BZ	BATSTC	NO, GO HANDLE BAT/STC ENVIRONMENT
	MVC	TSOLOC(4),=C'back'	SAY BACKGROUND
	B	TSOMODE	CONTINUE TSO PROCESSING
TSOFORE	MVC	TSOLOC(4),=C'fore'	SAY FOREROUND
	MVC	TSOREST(NOTFYLEN),NOTFYSTR	ADJUST COMMAND
	MVI	TSOREST+NOTFYLEN,C' '	BLANK OUT REMAINDER
	MVC	TSOREST+NOTFYLEN+1(TSOBLNK+1),TSOREST+NOTFYLEN	AGAIN
	B	ARNDTMVC	SKIP TSO JOBNAME CHECK
TSOMODE	ICM	R1,15,ASCBJBNI	IS THERE A TSO JOBNAME POINTER
	BNZ	MVCTSON	YES, GO USE IT
	L	R1,ASCBJBNS	ELSE USE ALTERNATE JOBNAME POINTER
MVCTSON	MVC	TSOJBNM(8),Ø(R1)	MOVE TSO BATCH JOBNAME
	USING	CPPL,R5	
ARNDTMVC	L	R6,CPPLCBUF	SAVE A(REAL COMMAND BUFFER)
	LA	R15,TSOCMD	LOAD A(TSO SEND COMMAND)
	ST	R15,CPPLCBUF	STORE IT AS FAKE COMMAND BUFFER
	LR	R1,R5	RELOAD A(CPPL) FOR SEND COMMAND
	LINK	EP=SEND	LINK TO SEND COMMAND
	ST	R6,CPPLCBUF	RESTORE A(REAL CMD BUFFER) TO CPPL
	B	RETURN	SKIP BATCH/STC PORTION
BATSTC	ICM	R1,15,ASCBJBNI	IS THERE A JOBNAME POINTER
	BNZ	MVCNAME	YES, GO USE IT
	L	R1,ASCBJBNS	ELSE USE ALTERNATE JOBNAME POINTER
MVCNAME	MVC	OPERCMD+39(8),Ø(R1)	MOVE STC JOBNAME
	TESTAUTH	FCTN=1	CHECK IF WE ARE MARKED APF AUTH
	LTR	R15,R15	TEST RETURN CODE FROM TESTAUTH
	BNZ	RETURN	SKIP OPER SEND IF NOT AUTHORIZED
	MODESET	KEY=ZERO,MODE=SUP	ELSE GET SET FOR SVC 34
	SR	RØ,RØ	CLEAR PARM REG
	LA	R1,OPERCMD	POINT TO COMMAND TO BE ISSUED
	SVC	34	ISSUE MVS COMMAND
	MODESET	KEY=NZERO,MODE=PROB	GET UNAUTHORIZED
RETURN	L	R13,SAVEAREA+4	POINT TO CALLER'S SAVEAREA
	LM	R14,R12,12(R13)	RELOAD CALLER'S REGISTERS
	DROP	R12	
	USING	FRONTEND,R15	
	XCTL	EPLOC=XCTLPGM	TRANSFER CONTROL TO DESIRED PROGRAM
SAVEAREA	DS	18F	SAVE AREA
XCTLPGM	DC	CL8'IEFBR14 '	RENAMED PGM TO XCTL TO
TSOCMD	DS	ØF	TSO COMMAND BUFFER HEADER-----
TSOFLAGS	DC	AL2(TSOCMDL,3)	COMAND LENGTH, OFFSET TO OPERAND
	DC	C'SE ''FRONTEND being run in TSO '	
TSOLOC	DC	c'****ground '	FORE/BACK
TSOREST	DC	C'as '	TARGET OF COMMAND ADJUSTMENT---
TSOJBNM	DC	CL8'*****',C' '	JOBNAME FIELD

```

TSOBLNK EQU *-TSOREST          LENGTH EQUATE-----|
NOTFYSTR EQU *                STRING TO (MAYBE) SHIFT UP---|
      DC C'by'' U('          |
      DC C'TSOBBOR'          USERID TO NOTIFY          |
      DC C' '                DELIMITER          |
      DC C'TSOBBOR'          USERID TO NOTIFY          |
      DC C') LOGON'          END OF SEND COMMAND        |
NOTFYLEN EQU *-NOTFYSTR        LENGTH EQUATE-----|
TSOCMDL EQU *-TSOCMD           LENGTH EQUATE-----|
OPERCMD DS ØF                 OPERATOR COMMAND-----|
      DC AL2(OPERCMDL,Ø)      LENGTH/FLAGS          |
      DC C'SE ''FRONTEND being run in batch by *****'',USER=( '
      DC C'TSOBBOR'          USERID TO NOTIFY          |
      DC C','                DELIMITER          |
      DC C'TSOBBOR'          USERID TO NOTIFY          |
      DC C'),LOGON'          END OF SEND COMMAND        |
OPERCMDL EQU *-OPERCMD         LENGTH EQUATE-----|
      LTORG
      PRINT NOGEN
      CVT DSECT=YES,LIST=NO
      IHAASCB
      IHAASXB
      IRAOUCB
      IKJCPPL
      END

```

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Cancelling TSO sessions

INTRODUCTION

When shutting down an MVS system prior to an IPL or when deactivating a cluster controller for maintenance, etc, it is often necessary to cancel a potentially large number of TSO sessions if the users ignore the usual 'please log off' broadcast messages. To ease this task I have implemented a simple started task, TSOABEND, which can be used via a simple console dialogue to cancel all TSO sessions, or only those on selected VTAM nodes.

THE TSOABEND PROGRAM

The TSOABEND program runs as a started task and may be started in one of two modes, CANCEL or LIST (the default), via a start command parameter, ie:

S TSOABEND,OPT={CANCEL|LIST}

In CANCEL mode, the selected TSO sessions are actually cancelled, in LIST mode they are simply listed with an indication that they would have been cancelled. In either case, a WTOR of the form:

TSA001R Cancel active TSO sessions - Reply END, ALL, or line

is issued and a reply waited for. This reply should be one of the following:

- END – terminate with no further processing.
- ALL – cancel all active TSO sessions.
- Line – where ‘line’ is at least the first three characters of a VTAM line address, eg ADE0, ATDA, etc. This will cause all sessions on lines starting with these characters to be cancelled, for example, if ADE0 is specified, all sessions on lines ADE0xxxx will be cancelled.

In CANCEL mode, as each session is cancelled, a console message is issued:

TSA001I User userme on line linename has been cancelled

whereas in LIST mode, each session that *would* have been cancelled is listed via the message:

TSA002I User userme on line linename would have been cancelled

When running in CANCEL mode, when TSOABEND terminates, either implicitly after an ALL request, or explicitly after an END request, it issues a summary message:

TSA003I TSOABEND normal termination, nnn sessions cancelled

In outline, the processing performed by TSOABEND consists of the following steps:

- The parm field is checked – if it contains ‘C{ANCEL}’ the processing mode is set to CANCEL, if it is null or contains anything other than C{ANCEL} the processing mode defaults to LIST.
- A check is made that the program is running as a started task - if not it terminates with an error message. This is to prevent

unauthorized use by someone running the program from a TSO session or as a batch job. We assume that only authorized users have access to a console to issue the Start command.

The TSA001R WTOR is issued and a reply waited for:

- If the reply is END the program terminates.
- If the reply is ALL, the cancel process is started.

Any other reply is assumed to be a partial or complete VTAM node name. The only requirement is that it is at least three characters long (imposed by our particular VTAM node naming convention).

The ASVT is scanned for active TSO address spaces. When one is found, its Terminal Status Block (TSB) is located and the TSBTRMID (node name) extracted. Note that the TSB is in fetch protected key 5 storage. If cancelling all sessions, processing jumps to the next step, otherwise the supplied node name is checked against the session's node name. If it matches, processing jumps to the next step, if not the session is bypassed and the ASVT scan continued.

If running in CANCEL mode a

C U=usernme,A=asid

command is built and issued via an MGCR macro, and a TSA001I message issued. Note the use of the A=asid parameter - this is necessary because we allow privileged users to have multiple sessions under the same usernme. If running in LIST mode, a TSA002I message is issued.

The ASVT scan continues until all active address spaces have been checked. If cancelling by node name, the TSA001R WTOR is then issued again to get another node name, or an END (or indeed ALL) reply.

On receipt of an END reply, or at the end of the ASVT scan after an ALL reply, TSOABEND exits, with the TSA003I message, if running in CANCEL mode.

OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

TSOABEND requires to run APF-authorized and hence should be link-edited with AC(1) into a secure APF-authorized private library.

It should *not* be placed in the Linklist. The JCL to run the program should be placed in SYS1.PROCLIB or another suitable procedure library.

TSOABEND was written for use on an MVS/ESA 4.2.2 system, but should work on both earlier and later versions.

JCL FOR THE TSOABEND STARTED TASK

```
//TSOABEND PROC OPT=LIST
//*
//*****//
//*   RUN THE TSOABEND STARTED TASK TO CANCEL TSO SESSIONS           *//
//*                                                                 *//
//*   TO RUN IN LIST MODE      : S TSOABEND,OPT=LIST                 *//
//*                                                                 *//
//*   TO RUN IN CANCEL MODE   : S TSOABEND,OPT=CANCEL               *//
//*****//
//*
//TSOABEND EXEC PGM=TSOABEND,PARM='&OPT'
//STEPLIB DD   DSN=SYS1.APFLIB,DISP=SHR
//*
//SYSUDUMP DD   SYSOUT=X
//*
```

SOURCE CODE FOR THE TSOABEND PROGRAM

```
          TITLE 'TSOABEND - Cancel TSO Sessions'
*****
*   PROGRAM TSOABEND
*   _____
*   This program, run as an authorized started task, will cancel all
*   active TSO sessions, or only those on a specified cluster. It is
*   intended for operator use either during comms work, or when the
*   the system is being shut down.
*
*   If invoked from a TSO session or a batch job, a highlit message
*   identifying the offending user or job will be displayed on the
*   console and the program will terminate.
*
*   TSOABEND has two modes of operation, selectable at start time:
*
*   1) CANCEL mode - the default if a simple S TSOABEND is issued.
*   2) LIST  mode, selectable by specifying OPT=LIST on the START
*      command, ie S TSOABEND,OPT=LIST. This mode simply causes the
*      sessions that would have been cancelled in CANCEL mode to be
*      listed on the console.
*
*   In either mode, a WTOR will be displayed :
```

```

*
*   TSA001R Cancel active TSO sessions - Reply END, ALL, or line
*
* to which one of the following replies should be made:
*
* END      : Terminate with no further processing.
* ALL      : Cancel all active TSO sessions.
* line     : Where 'line' is at least the first three characters of a
*           VTAM line address, eg ADE0, ATDA, etc. This will cause
*           all sessions on lines starting with these characters to
*           be cancelled, eg if ADE0 is specified, all sessions on
*           lines ADE0xxxx will be cancelled.
*
* If ALL is specified, the program will terminate when done; if a
* line name was specified a new name will be requested when that
* node is cleared. When all required lines have been specified,
* a reply of 'END' will terminate the program.
*
* Environmental requirements:
*
* STATE    : Problem
* KEY      : 8 and 0
* APF      : Yes
* AMODE    : 31
* RMODE    : 24
* LOCATION : Private APF-authorized library
*****
          EJECT
TSOABEND CSECT
TSOABEND AMODE 31
TSOABEND RMODE 24
*
R0      EQU      0          * USED BY MACROS
R1      EQU      1          * USED BY MACROS
R2      EQU      2          *
R3      EQU      3          *
R4      EQU      4          * WORK REGISTER
R5      EQU      5          * WORK REGISTER
R6      EQU      6          * LENGTH OF (PARTIAL) LINE NAME
R7      EQU      7          * UID ADDRESS
R8      EQU      8          * TSB ADDRESS
R9      EQU      9          * ASCB ADDRESS
R10     EQU     10          * CVT ADDRESS
R11     EQU     11          * ASVT ADDRESS
R12     EQU     12          * BASE REGISTER
R13     EQU     13          * SAVEAREA
R14     EQU     14          * RETURN ADDRESS
R15     EQU     15          * ENTRY ADDRESS/RETURN CODE
B       START-*(R15)      * BRANCH TO CODE
          DC      AL1(NT2-NT1) * LENGTH OF NAME TEXT
NT1     EQU      *
          DC      C'TSOABEND' * MODULE NAME
NT2     EQU      *

```

```

DC      C' '
DC      CL8'&SYSDATE'      * DATE
DC      C' '
DC      CL5'&SYSTEMTIME'  * TIME
DS      ØF                  * ALIGN TO FULL WORD BOUNDARY
*****
* ADDRESSABILITY AND LINKAGE
*****
START   EQU      *
        STM      R14,R12,12(R13)  * SAVE REGISTERS IN CALLERS SAVEAREA
        BASR     R12,Ø            * LOAD BASE REGISTER R12
        USING   *,R12            * DEFINE R12 AS BASE REGISTER
*
        LR      R11,R13          * R11 = ADDRESS OF CALLERS SAVEAREA
*        LA      R13,SAVEAREA     * R13 = ADDRESS OF OUR      SAVEAREA
        ST      R11,4(R13)       * STORE HSA ADDRESS
        ST      R13,8(R11)       * STORE LSA ADDRESS
*
        L       R1,Ø(R1)         * R1 = ADDRESS OF PARM FIELD
        LH      R2,Ø(R1)         * R2 = LENGTH OF PARM FIELD
        LTR     R2,R2            * TEST VALUE
        BZ      CHKAUTH          * NO PARM -> DEFAULT 'LIST' ASSUMED
*
        CLI     2(R1),C'C'       * C FOR CANCEL SPECIFIED ?
        BNE     CHKAUTH          * NO, SO ASSUME 'LIST'
        MVI     PARMOPT,C'C'     * YES, SO UPDATE PARM OPTION FLAG
*-----
* ARE WE PROPERLY AUTHORISED?
*-----
CHKAUTH EQU      *
        L       R1Ø,16           * DEFINE CVT ...
        USING   CVT,R1Ø         * ... ADDRESSABILITY
        L       R1Ø,CVTTCPB     * GET IEATCPB ADDRESS
        DROP    R1Ø             * FINISHED WITH CVT
*
        L       R9,12(R1Ø)       * GET CURRENT ASCB ADDRESS
        USING   ASCB,R9         * DEFINE ASCB ADDRESSABILITY
*
        LA      R15,12          * SET POSSIBLE RETURN CODE
        CLC     ASCBASC(4),=C'ASCB' * IS ASCB REALLY AN ASCB ?
        BNE     RETURN          * NO SO QUIT FAST
*
        ICM     R7,B'1111',ASCBJBN1 * GET @(JOBNAME)
        BNZ     NOTAUTH1        * NON ZERO => BATCH JOB
*
        ICM     R8,B'1111',ASCBTSB * GET @(TSB)
        BZ      REQOPT          * ZERO => STARTED TASK
*
        L       R7,ASCBJBNS     * GET @(TSO UID)
        B       NOTAUTH2        * NOT ZERO => TSO SESSION
*
        DROP    R9              * FINISHED WITH ASCB
        EJECT
*****

```



```

* WE ARE AUTHORISED. REQUEST (NEXT) CANCEL OPTION FROM OPERATOR
*****
REQOPT EQU *
      XC WTOECB,WTOECB * CLEAR WTOR ECB
      MVI REPLY,C' ' * AND REPLY ...
      MVC REPLY+1(L'REPLY-1),REPLY * ... AREA
*
      WTOR 'TSA001R Cancel active TSO sessions - Reply END, ALL, or+
          line',REPLY,8,WTOECB,ROUTCDE=(2)
*
      WAIT ECB=WTOECB * WAIT FOR REPLY
*
* CHECK REPLY. LINE NAMES MUST BE AT LEAST 3 CHARACTERS LONG. IF OK,
* R6 WILL CONTAIN LENGTH-1 OF THE LINE NAME READY FOR EXECUTED CLC
*
      CLC REPLY(3),END * END ?
      BE RETURN0 * YES, SO QUIT
*
      CLC REPLY(3),ALL * ALL ?
      BE INITSCAN * YES
*
      LA R5,REPLY+7 * ADDRESS OF LAST REPLY CHAR
      LA R6,7 * INITIAL CHARACTER COUNT - 1
RCHK0001 EQU *
      CLI 0(R5),C' ' * BLANK ?
      BNE RCHK0002 * NOPE
      BCTR R6,0 * DECREMENT CHARACTER COUNT
      BCT R5,RCHK0001 * AND LOOP BACK
*
RCHK0002 EQU *
      LA R4,2 * MINIMUM LINE NAME LENGTH - 1
      CR R6,R4 * CHECK AGAINST ACTUAL
      BL REQOPT * IF SHORT ASK OPS AGAIN
      EJECT
*-----
* SCAN THE ASVT FOR TSO SESSIONS ON THE ENTERED TERMINAL ADDRESS(S)
*-----
* INITIALISE ASVT SCAN
*
INITSCAN EQU *
      L R10,16 * DEFINE CVT ...
      USING CVT,R10 * ... ADDRESSABILITY
      L R11,CVTASVT * ASVT BASE SEGMENT ADDRESS
      DROP R10 * FINISHED WITH CVT
*
      USING ASVT,R11 * ASVT ADDRESSABILITY
      L R10,ASVTMAXU * MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ASIDS
      LA R11,ASVTENTY * ADDRESS OF FIRST ASCB
      DROP R11 * FINISHED WITH ASVT
*
* SEARCH FOR THE NEXT ACTIVE ASCB.
*
ASIDLOOP EQU *

```

```

        TM      Ø(R11),ASVTAVAL      * ASID ASSIGNED ?
        BZ      ASSIGNED              * YES IF BIT Ø IS ZERO
*
NEXTASID EQU *
        LA      R11,4(R11)           * MOVE TO NEXT ASID
        BCT     R1Ø,ASIDLOOP         * AND LOOP BACK ...
        B       ENDASID              * ... UNTIL END OF LIST
* ACTIVE ASCB FOUND. REJECT ALL NON-TSO SESSIONS
*
ASSIGNED EQU *
        L       R9,Ø(R11)            * GET ASCB ADDRESS
        USING   ASCB,R9              * DEFINE ASCB ADDRESSABILITY
        ICM     RØ,B'1111',ASCBJBNI  * GET @(JOBNAME)
        BNZ     NEXTASID             * NON ZERO => BATCH JOB
        ICM     R8,B'1111',ASCBTSE   * GET @(TSB)
        BZ      NEXTASID             * ZERO => STARTED TASK
        ICM     R7,B'1111',ASCBJBNS  * GET @(USERID)
        BZ      NEXTASID             * GIVE UP IF ZERO
        DROP    R9                  * FINISHED WITH ASCB
*
* A BONA-FIDE TSO SESSION. EXTRACT THE TERMINAL ID FROM THE TSB AND
* CHECK IF IT MATCHES THE ENTERED (PARTIAL) LINE NAME.
*
        MODESET KEY=ZERO              * GET INTO KEY ZERO
*
        USING   TSB,R8               * DEFINE TSB ADDRESSABILITY
        MVC     TERMID,TSBTRMID      * EXTRACT TERMINAL ID FROM TSB
        DROP    R8                   * FINISHED WITH TSB
*
        MODESET KEY=NZERO            * REVERT TO KEY 8
*
        CLC     REPLY(3),ALL          * ALL SESSIONS TO DIE ?
        BE      KILLSESS              * YUP
*
        EX      R6,COMPLINE           * COMPARE LINE AND TERMID
        BE      KILLSESS              * A MATCH, SO CANCEL SESSION
        B       NEXTASID             * NO MATCH, SO SKIP IT
*
COMPLINE CLC  TERMID(Ø),REPLY        * EXECUTED CLC
        EJECT
*-----
* THIS SESSION FULFILS ALL THE CRITERIA FOR CANCELLING ...
*-----
KILLSESS EQU *
        L       R5,NCANCEL           * INCREMENT ...
        LA      R5,1(R5)             * ... SESSIONS CANCELLED ...
        ST      R5,NCANCEL           * ... COUNTER
*
        CLI     PARMOPT,C'C'         * CANCEL PARM SPECIFIED ?
        BNE     MSGONLY              * NO, SO JUST DISPLAY MESSAGE
*
* CANCEL PARM SPECIFIED SO BUILD AND ISSUE CANCEL COMMAND
*

```

```

MVC   COMMUID,Ø(R7)           * MOVE UID INTO C U= COMMAND
*
USING ASCB,R9                 * DEFINE ASCB ADDRESSABILITY
LH    R5,ASCBASID             * GET ASID
DROP  R9                       * FINISHED WITH ASCB
SLDL  R4,4                     * SHIFT IN A DUMMY SIGN NIBBLE
STM   R4,R5,DOUBLE            * STORE IT AS PSEUDO-PACKED
UNPK  COMMASID,DOUBLE+5(3)    * UNPACK ASID
NC    COMMASID,ZONEMASK       * CONVERT ZONES TO ZEROS
TR    COMMASID,HEXTAB        * CONVERT TO EBCDIC
*
MODESET KEY=ZERO              * GET INTO KEY ZERO AGAIN
*
SR    RØ,RØ                   * RØ = Ø
LA    R1,COMMAND              * R1 = ADDRESS OF COMMAND
SVC   34                       * ISSUE MGCR SVC
*
MODESET KEY=NZERO            * REVERT TO KEY 8
*
MVC   KILLWTO+21(7),COMMUID   * MOVE UID INTO WTO
MVC   KILLWTO+36(8),TERMID    * MOVE TERMINAL ID INTO WTO
CNOPI Ø,4
KILLWTO WTO 'TSAØØ1I User ??????? on line ??????? has been cancelled+
           d',ROUTCDE=(2),DESC=(3)
*
B     NEXTASID                 * LOOP BACK FOR NEXT ASID
*
* CANCEL PARM NOT SPECIFIED, SO JUST DISPLAY WHAT WOULD HAVE HAPPENED.
*
MSGONLY EQU *
MVC   DISPWTO+21(7),Ø(R7)     * MOVE UID INTO WTO
MVC   DISPWTO+36(8),TERMID    * MOVE TERMINAL ID INTO WTO
CNOPI Ø,4
DISPWTO WTO 'TSAØØ2I User ??????? on line ??????? would have been c+
           cancelled',ROUTCDE=(2),DESC=(6)
*
B     NEXTASID                 * LOOP BACK FOR NEXT ASID
EJECT
*
* _____
* END OF ASID LOOP. IF A LINE WAS SPECIFIED ASK OPS FOR ANOTHER
* _____
ENDASID EQU *
CLC   REPLY(3),ALL           * ALL SESSIONS DEAD ?
BNE   REQOPT                 * IF NOT ASK FOR NEXT LINE
EJECT
*****
* ALL DONE, SO ISSUE TERMINATION MESSAGE AND RETURN
*****
RETURNØ EQU *
CLI   PARMOPT,C'C'           * CANCEL PARM SPECIFIED ?
BNE   RETURN                 * NO, SO EXIT WITHOUT MSG
*
L     R5,NCANCEL              * EDIT ...
CVD   R5,DOUBLE              * ... # CANCELS ...

```

```

ED      ENDWTO+44(4),DOUBLE+6      *      ... INTO MESSAGE
CNOP    Ø,4
ENDWTO  WTO      'TSAØØ3I TSOABEND normal termination; ??? sessions cancel+
          lled',ROUTCDE=(2),DESC=(3)
SR      R15,R15                    * SET RETURN CODE TO ZERO
*
RETURN  EQU      *
L       R13,4(R13)                  * RESTORE HSA ADDRESS
L       R14,12(R13)                 * RESTORE R14
LM      RØ,R12,2Ø(R13)              * RESTORE RØ-R12
BR      R14                          * AND RETURN
EJECT

*****
* ERROR CONDITIONS
*****
NOTAUTH1 EQU      *
MVC     NA1WTO+6Ø(8),Ø(R7)
CNOP    Ø,4
NA1WTO  WTO      'TSAØØ1E Unauthorized attempt to run TSOABEND by job ???+
          ?????',ROUTCDE=(2),DESC=(2)
LA      R15,4                        * SET RETURN CODE
B       RETURN                       * AND RETURN
NOTAUTH2 EQU      *
MVC     NA2WTO+61(7),Ø(R7)
CNOP    Ø,4
NA2WTO  WTO      'TSAØØ2E Unauthorised attempt to run TSOABEND by user ??+
          ?????',ROUTCDE=(2),DESC=(2)
LA      R15,8                        * SET RETURN CODE
B       RETURN                       * AND RETURN
EJECT

*****
* CONSTANTS AND DATA AREAS
*****
DS      ØD
DC      CL8'SAVEAREA'
SAVEAREA DC      18F'Ø'              * SAVE AREA
WTOECB  DS      F
NCANCEL  DC      F'Ø'
REPLY    DS      CL8
TERMIN   DS      CL8
DOUBLE   DS      D
         DS      ØF
ZONEMASK DC      XL8'ØFØFØFØFØFØFØFØF'
HEXTAB  DC      CL16'Ø123456789ABCDEF'
*
PARMOPT  DC      CL1'L'
END      DC      CL3'END'
ALL      DC      CL3'ALL'

```

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Year 2000 aid: generation of edit macros – part 2

This month we complete our look at the Assembler module YEAR2KER which produces ISPF edit macros by providing the STDEF macros as defined in the descriptions of programs YEAR2K and YEAR2KR.

```

      DOQ   &A
&T     SETC  '&UNQ'
.*
      DOQ   &R
&O     SETC  '&UNQ'
.*
&I     SETA  72
.*
      AIF   ('&B' NE 'P' AND '&C' NE 'P' AND '&D' NE 'P').NOTP
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE 1 &I ALL PREFIX &T &O'
.*
      AIF   ('&B' NE 'S' AND '&C' NE 'S' AND '&D' NE 'S').NOTS
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE 1 &I ALL SUFFIX &T &O'
.*
      AIF   ('&B' NE 'W' AND '&C' NE 'W' AND '&D' NE 'W').NOTW
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE 1 &I ALL WORD &T &O'
.*
      AIF   (T'&B NE 'O').END
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE 1 &I ALL &T &O'
.*
      .END  MEND
*
      PUNCH 'ISREDIT MACRO (HELP) NOPROCESS'
      PUNCH 'ISPEXEC CONTROL ERRORS RETURN'
      PUNCH ' IF &&HELP = ? THEN DO '
      PUNCH '       ISPEXEC DISPLAY PANEL(YEAR2KRP)'
      PUNCH '       EXIT'
      PUNCH '       END'
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE ALL DATE-WRITTEN TO @#$$-WRITTEN'
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE ALL DATE-COMPILED TO @#$$-COMPILED'
      PUNCH ' ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL'
*****
***   THE 'STDEF' MACRO INSTRUCTIONS, BELOW, WERE CUT FROM SOURCE   ***
***   'YEAR2KR' AND PASTED THERE.                                   ***
*****
      STDEF SPACE,'C'' ''',W
      STDEF ZERO,LOW-VALUE
      STDEF XYZ-DATE,XYZ-NEW-DATE,OPTION=FORCE
      STDEF XYZ-YY,XYZ-CCYY
      STDEF 'QUOTE''TEST',NEW''QUOTE''TEST
*****
***   THE 'STDEF' MACRO INSTRUCTIONS, ABOVE, WERE CUT FROM SOURCE ***
***   'YEAR2KR' AND PASTED THERE.                                   ***
*****
```

```

PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE ALL @/##%-WRITTEN TO DATE-WRITTEN'
PUNCH ' ISREDIT CHANGE ALL @/##%-COMPILED TO DATE-COMPILED'
PUNCH ' ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL DATE-WRITTEN.'
PUNCH ' ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL DATE-COMPILED.'
PUNCH ' EXIT CODE(0)'
END

```

JCL FOR ASSEMBLING MODULES

The following JCL assembles module YEAR2KE which produces the ISPF EDIT macro YEAR2K. The JCL assumes that the source for the module is in the partitioned dataset YEAR2K.SOURCE.LIBRARY. To obtain EDIT macro YEAR2KR, simply edit it and issue the following EDIT command:

```

c all year2k year2kr

//SYST002L JOB , 'KEITH NICAISE', NOTIFY=SYST002, REGION=1024K,
//          CLASS=A, MSGLEVEL=(1,1), MSGCLASS=X
//*-----*//
//* ASSEMBLE 'YEAR2KE' TO PRODUCE EDIT MACROS TO SCAN FOR
//* POTENTIAL YEAR 2000 PROBLEM STRINGS OF SOURCE PROGRAMS.
//*-----*//
//S1 EXEC ASMHC,
//      PARM.C=(NOOBJECT, 'XREF(SHORT)', DECK, TERM, ALIGN,
//      'LINECOUNT(55)')
//C.SYSLIB DD DSN=SYS1.MACLIB, DISP=SHR
//C.SYSPUNCH DD DSN=YEAR2K.PUNCH, DISP=OLD
//C.SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//C.SYSTEM DD SYSOUT=*
//C.SYSIN DD DSN=YEAR2K.SOURCE.LIBRARY(YEAR2KE), DISP=SHR

```

GENERATED YEAR2K ISPF EDIT MACRO

```

ISREDIT MACRO (HELP) NOPROCESS
ISPEXEC CONTROL ERRORS RETURN
IF &HELP = ? THEN DO
    ISPEXEC DISPLAY PANEL(YEAR2KP)
    EXIT
END
ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL
ISREDIT FIND 1 68 ALL PREFIX "AGE"
ISREDIT FIND 1 68 ALL WORD "AGE"
ISREDIT FIND 1 66 ALL PREFIX "BIRTH"
ISREDIT FIND 1 66 ALL WORD "BIRTH"
ISREDIT FIND 1 63 ALL "CALENDAR"
ISREDIT FIND 1 64 ALL "CENTURY"
ISREDIT FIND 1 65 ALL "CSADAT"
ISREDIT FIND 1 65 ALL "CSAEID"

```

```

ISREDIT FIND 1 65 ALL "CSAJYD"
ISREDIT FIND 1 67 ALL PREFIX "DATE"
ISREDIT FIND 1 67 ALL WORD "DATE"
ISREDIT FIND 1 68 ALL "DMY"
ISREDIT FIND 1 64 ALL "GREGJUL"
ISREDIT FIND 1 62 ALL "GREGORIAN"
ISREDIT FIND 1 64 ALL "JULGREG"
ISREDIT FIND 1 65 ALL "JULIAN"
ISREDIT FIND 1 68 ALL "MDY"
ISREDIT FIND 1 65 ALL "MMDDYY"
ISREDIT FIND 1 63 ALL "SCHEDULE"
ISREDIT FIND 1 66 ALL WORD "TODAY"
ISREDIT FIND 1 67 ALL "YEAR"
ISREDIT FIND 1 68 ALL "YDD"
ISREDIT FIND 1 69 ALL PREFIX "YM"
ISREDIT FIND 1 69 ALL SUFFIX "YM"
ISREDIT FIND 1 69 ALL WORD "YM"
ISREDIT FIND 1 68 ALL "YMD"
ISREDIT FIND 1 69 ALL "YY"
ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL DATE-WRITTEN.
ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL DATE-COMPILED.
EXIT CODE(0)

```

GENERATED YEAR2KR ISPF EDIT MACRO

```

ISREDIT MACRO (HELP) NOPROCESS
ISPEXEC CONTROL ERRORS RETURN
IF &HELP = ? THEN DO
    ISPEXEC DISPLAY PANEL(YEAR2KRP)
    EXIT
END
ISREDIT CHANGE ALL DATE-WRITTEN TO @/##%-WRITTEN
ISREDIT CHANGE ALL DATE-COMPILED TO @/##%-COMPILED
ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL
ISREDIT CHANGE 1 72 ALL WORD "SPACE" "C' '"
ISREDIT CHANGE 1 72 ALL "ZERO" "LOW-VALUE"
ISREDIT CHANGE 1 72 ALL "XYZ-DATE" "XYZ-NEW-DATE"
ISREDIT CHANGE 1 72 ALL "XYZ-YY" "XYZ-CCYY"
ISREDIT CHANGE 1 72 ALL "QUOTE'TEST" "NEW'QUOTE'TEST"
ISREDIT CHANGE ALL @/##%-WRITTEN TO DATE-WRITTEN
ISREDIT CHANGE ALL @/##%-COMPILED TO DATE-COMPILED
ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL DATE-WRITTEN.
ISREDIT EXCLUDE ALL DATE-COMPILED.
EXIT CODE(0)

```

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MVS news

Sterling Software has announced the delivery of new capabilities for SAMS:Vantage for MVS. SAMS:Vantage delivers automation, interactive reporting, analysis and predictive modelling capabilities, and provides device-specific information across multiple RAID storage subsystems.

SAMS:Vantage's new scripting language and wizards make the automation capabilities easier to use. The system can now automatically find and fix the exact storage problem, down to the data set level, in one step. It can also take an incremental approach, making an unlimited number of passes, each using increasingly complex criteria, to find and fix problems. The SAMS:Vantage HSMPlus component now supplements IBM's DFSMSHsm with more efficient monitoring of DFSMSHsm functions. Pricing begins at \$13,310 for Group 30.

Sterling Software Inc, Storage Management Division, 11050 White Rock Road, Ste 100, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670-6095, USA,
Tel: (916) 635 5535
Fax: (916) 635 5604 or
Sterling Software (UK) Ltd, 1 Longwalk Road, Stockley Park, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB11 1DB.
Tel: (0181) 867 8000
Fax: (0181) 867 8001.

* * *

Prince Software has announced Release 3.0 of Translate 2000, an automated COBOL renovation product which now incorporates WinExpress.

TRANSLATE 2000 combines the functions of program scanning, logic analysis and automated repair and is available for MVS-based systems

For further information contact:
Prince Software, 3 Pearl Ct, Allendale, NJ 07401, USA.
Tel: (201) 934 0022
Fax: (201) 934 0220.

* * *

AMI Software has announced its Automated Compliance Testing (ACT) suite of testing software tools designed to complete remediation and testing of MVS applications for the year 2000. The ACT suite consists of a series of modules, each of which addresses a specific area of year 2000 compliance. The ACT software tools facilitate the identification of date fields within data and provide a facility to migrate them back and forth synchronously to make sure they are year 2000 compliant.

For further information contact:
AMI Software Limited, Fernlea House, Newby, Penrith, Cumbria, CA10 3EX, UK.
Tel: (01931) 714053
Fax: (01931) 714054.

* * *



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