

# 149

# VM

*January 1999*

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# **VM Update**

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Xephon  
27-35 London Road  
Newbury  
Berkshire RG14 1JL  
England  
Telephone: 01635 38030  
From USA: 01144 1635 38030  
E-mail: xephon@compuserve.com

## **North American office**

Xephon/QNA  
1301 West Highway 407, Suite 201-405  
Lewisville, TX 75077-2150  
USA  
Telephone: 940 455 7050

## **Editorial panel**

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# Direct console I/O in REXX

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

REXX-only-based terminal-oriented programs require a corresponding built-in REXX tool, giving fast direct console I/O without the use of additional terminal interfaces. ESAY is just such a tool – created as a REXX function as a part of the RXSYSFN function package.

ESAY is based on the faster CMS full screen console services for 3270 display terminals. It provides fast console access, using the CMS CONSOLE macro, to perform the following functions:

- Opening and closing a path.
- Writing REXX data from a position on the terminal defined by row and column number.
- Writing REXX data from a position on the terminal defined by row and column number, and generating an input field on the screen with defined length. ESAY then waits for the input and returns the entered data into the REXX variable.

ESAY is written in Assembler and runs under CMS with VM/SP Release 5.

## ESAY USAGE

To the user, ESAY appears to be like an ordinary REXX function. It is always available if the function package RXSYSFN MODULE resides on an accessible mini-disk.

ESAY is invoked as shown below:

```
ESAY(row[, col, expression [, length]])
```

where:

- ‘row’ is the row on the screen, and is between 1 and 24, or zero. If row has value of 0, then the path to the console is closed.

- ‘col’ is the column on the screen and is between 1 and 80.
- ‘expression’ is the data to be displayed.
- ‘length’ is the length of the generated input field.

The current implementation restrictions of ESAY are:

- The truncation length of ‘expression’ is 40 bytes.
- The truncation value of ‘length’ is 30 bytes.

The path must be closed before the end of the REXX EXEC and return to the CMS interactive environment. Because ESAY uses the same path name on every occasion, leaving the REXX environment without explicitly closing the path may cause problems on the next occasion that ESAY is invoked.

When the parameter ‘length’ is specified, ESAY creates an input field with a length of ‘length’ and waits for the console input. The first byte of data, returned to REXX, is the Attention Identifier (AID). Valid values of AID are shown in Figure 1.

Note: the clear key –AID X'6D'(\_)– is caught internally by ESAY and will never be passed to REXX.

ESAY only clears the terminal screen when it opens the path to the console. This means that all subsequent output to the screen will be visible, until it is overwritten.

The displayed field may be erased in the following ways:

- Overwrite the field with a field of equal length.
- Close the path to the console. However, this will erase any other fields that are displayed on the terminal.

## ESAY USAGE

Examples of ESAY usage are:

- Display help in row 24, prompt in row 7. If the user presses the PF3 key, execution is stopped.

```
ESAY(24,1,'1-Help 2-Proc 3-Quit')
```

Hex	Char	AID
7D	'	Enter
F1	1	PF 1 key
F2	2	PF 2 key
F3	3	PF 3 key
F4	4	PF 4 key
F5	5	PF 5 key
F6	6	PF 6 key
F7	7	PF 7 key
F8	8	PF 8 key
F9	9	PF 9 key
7A	:	PF 10 key
7B	#	PF 11 key
7C	@	PF 12 key
C1	A	PF 13 key
C2	B	PF 14 key
C3	C	PF 15 key
C4	D	PF 16 key
C5	E	PF 17 key
C6	F	PF 18 key
C7	G	PF 19 key
C8	H	PF 20 key
C9	I	PF 21 key
4A	[	PF 22 key
4B	.	PF 23 key
4C	<	PF 24 key
6C	%	PA 1 key
6E	>	PA 2 key
6B	,	PA 3 key
FØ	Ø	TEST

*Figure 1: Valid values of AID*

```

USER_ACTION = ESAY(7,1,'Select action',1)
IF SUBSTR(USER_ACTION, 1, 1) = '3' THEN /* PF3 selected */
DO
    ESAY(Ø)
    EXIT
END

```

- Display the title in row 9 and wait for user input; then clear the screen and display two messages in rows 3 and 4:

```
USER_ACTION = ESAY(9,9,'System a ready to start',1)
```

```

    ESAY(0)      /* clear the screen */
    ESAY(3,33,'System initialization at' TIME())
    ESAY(4,33,'X-subsystem activated at' TIME())

```

## INSTALL EXEC

```

/*********************************************
/***                                     *** /
/*** INSTALL      generate RXSYSFN MODULE   *** DG'98 ***
/***                                     *** ***
/*********************************************
/***      SIZE 00043  VER 1.0 MOD 000      ***
/*****                                         ****/
CLRSCRN
MESSAGE = 'user request'
SAY ' - Start RXSYSFN MODULE generation - reply Y or N'
PULL REPLY
IF REPLY == 'Y' THEN
  SIGNAL ERROR
  SET CMSTYPE HT
  STATE RXSYSFN MODULE A
  SAVE_RC = RC
  SET CMSTYPE RT
  IF SAVE_RC = 0 THEN
    DO
      SAY ' - RXSYSFN MODULE found on disk A'
      SAY ' - Replace RXSYSFN MODULE A - reply Y or N'
      PULL REPLY
      IF REPLY == 'Y' THEN
        SIGNAL ERROR
    END
    SET CMSTYPE HT
    SIGNAL ON ERROR
    MESSAGE = 'error when assemble' RXSYSFN
    ASSEMBLE RXSYSFN
    ERASE RXSYSFN LISTING A
    MESSAGE = 'error when load' RXSYSFN
    LOAD RXSYSFN '(' NOMAP NOLIBE
    MESSAGE = 'error when genmod' RXSYSFN
    GENMOD
    ERASE RXSYSFN TEXT A
    SIGNAL OFF ERROR
    SET CMSTYPE RT
    SAY ' - RXSYSFN MODULE generated successfully'
    EXIT
ERROR:
  SET CMSTYPE RT
  SAY ' - RXSYSFN MODULE not generated due to' MESSAGE

```

## CHECKER EXEC

```
*****  
***  
*** CHECKER           ESAY checker      *** DG'98 ***/  
***  
*****  
***   SIZE 0033  VER 1.0 MOD 000  TIME      ***/  
*****  
  
SAY 'Start ESAY checker - reply 1/Yes/'  
PULL ANS .  
IF ANS != '1' THEN  
EXIT  
SAY 'Select number of test - reply 1 or 2'  
PULL TEST .  
CLRSCRN  
ESAY(11,26,'AI ready to communicate')  
ESAY(23,1,'AI is activated identification subsystem')  
UNKNOWN = ESAY(24,1,'- Enter your identification data', 8)  
IF TEST != 2 THEN  
LIMIT = 33  
ELSE  
LIMIT = 99  
DO I = 1 TO LIMIT  
  IF TEST != 2 THEN  
    ESAY(0)  
    J = RANDOM(1,24)  
    K = RANDOM(1,80)  
    ESAY(J, K,'AI cannot communicate with 'SUBSTR(UNKNOWN,2))  
  IF TEST != 2 THEN  
    SLEEP 1 SEC  
END  
SLEEP 5 SEC  
ESAY(0)
```

## RXSYSFN ASSEMBLE

```
*****  
***  
*** RXSYSFN       REXX say instruction extension *** DG'98 ***/  
***  
*****  
***   SIZE 00253  VER 1.0 MOD 000      ***  
*****  
*  
RXSYSFN CSECT  
  USING *,12  
  LR    11,14  
  CLC   8(8,1),=CL8'LOAD'  
  BE    DONUCEXT
```

```

RET      EQU    *
        LA     15,1
        BR     11
DONUCEXT EQU    *
        LA     3,EXTS
        LA     4,12
        LA     5,EXTE
        L      Ø,TOALLOC
        LR    10,Ø
        DMSFREE DWORDES=(Ø),TYPE=NUCLEUS,ERR=RET
        LR    Ø,1
        LR    1,1Ø
        SLL   1,3
        ST    1,NUCXLEN
        LA    14,USERBGN
        LR    15,1
        LR    10,Ø
        SPKA  Ø
        MVCL  Ø,14
        LR    Ø,1Ø
        B     SETXBLK
NEXTTEXT EQU    *
        XC    NUCXLEN(4),NUCXLEN
        L     Ø,Ø(3)
        AR    Ø,1Ø
SETXBLK  EQU    *
        ST    Ø,NUCXADDR
        ST    Ø,NUCXORG
        MVC   NUCXNAME(8),4(3)
        LA    1,NUCXDCL
        SVC   2Ø2
        DC    AL4(1)
        LTR   15,15
        BNZ   RET
        BXLE  3,4,NEXTTEXT
        BR    11
EXTS     DS     ØF
USEROFF  DC     A(Ø)
USERNM   DC     CL8'RXSYSFN'
ESAYOFF  DC     A(ESAYBGN-USERBGN)
ESAYNM   DC     CL8'ESAY'
EXTE     EQU    *-12
TOALLOC  DC     A((REALEND-USERBGN+7)/8)
NUCXDCL  DS     ØF
        DC     CL8'NUCEXT'
NUCXNAME DS     CL8
NUCXSM   DC     X'ØØ'
NUCXCMWP DC     X'Ø4'
NUCXFLG   DC     X'8Ø'
USERFLG   DC     X'ØØ'
NUCXADDR DS     A

```

```

USERWORD DC A(Ø)
NUCXORG DS A
NUCXLEN DS A
LTORG
USERBGN DS ØD
LA 15,1
BR 14
DROP 12
ESAYBGN DS ØD
USING *,12
LR 11,14
LR 1Ø,Ø
USING EPLIST,1Ø
L 1,ARGLIST
LM 2,9,Ø(1)
LA 1,CXWBUF
CH 3,=H'1'
BH ORDREQ
CLI Ø(2),X'FØ'
BNE ORDREQ
SR 7,7
SR 8,8
B SETPATH
ORDREQ EQU *
LTR 7,7
BNP ERR
MVC Ø(8,1),=X'C3115D7F13114Ø4Ø'
CUTWLEN EQU *
CH 7,=H'4Ø'
BNH OKWLEN
BCT 7,CUTWLEN
OKWLEN EQU *
LA 15,8(7)
BCTR 7,Ø
STC 7,MOVETXT+1
MOVETXT MVC 8(Ø,1),Ø(6)
LTR 9,9
BNP WRTONLY
BCTR 9,Ø
LR 6,7
LR 14,8
EX 9,PACK
CVB 9,WORKA
CUTRLEN EQU *
CH 9,=H'3Ø'
BNH OKRLEN
BCT 9,CUTRLEN
OKRLEN EQU *
LA 7,Ø(1,15)
MVC Ø(2,7),=X'1D4Ø'
LA 15,2(9,15)

```

	LA	14,Ø(1,15)
	MVC	Ø(2,14),=X'1DEØ'
	LA	15,2(15)
	BCTR	9,Ø
	LA	8,2(7)
	MVI	Ø(8),C'_'
	LTR	9,9
	BZ	WRTEXT
	BCTR	9,Ø
	STC	9,MOVEPAD+1
MOVEPAD	MVC	1(Ø,8),Ø(8)
	B	WRTEXT
WRONLY	EQU	*
	SR	8,8
WRTEXT	EQU	*
	BCTR	3,Ø
	LR	14,2
	EX	3,PACK
	CVB	Ø,WORKA
	BCTR	Ø,Ø
	MH	Ø,=H'8Ø'
	BCTR	5,Ø
	LR	14,4
	EX	5,PACK
	CVB	2,WORKA
	AR	Ø,2
	LTR	Ø,Ø
	BM	LOWADDR
	B	SETADDR
LOWADDR	EQU	*
	SR	Ø,Ø
SETADDR	EQU	*
	LTR	8,8
	BE	ASIS
	AR	6,Ø
	LA	6,2(6)
	STC	6,3(1)
	SRL	6,6
	STC	6,2(1)
	NI	3(1),X'3F'
	TR	2(2,1),ADDRTAB
ASIS	EQU	*
	STC	Ø,7(1)
	SRL	Ø,6
	STC	Ø,6(1)
	NI	7(1),X'3F'
	TR	6(2,1),ADDRTAB
	LR	7,15
	LR	6,1
SETPATH	EQU	*
	LA	5,ESAYPATH

```

WRITE    EQU    *
        LTR    7,7
        BZ     CLOSEREQ
        CONSOLE WRITE,PATH=((5),4),BUFFER=((6),(7)),OPTIONS=W
        LTR    15,15
        BZ     READ
CLOSEREQ EQU    *
        CONSOLE CLOSE,PATH=((5),4)
        LTR    7,7
        BZ     READ
        CONSOLE OPEN,PATH=((5),4)
        CONSOLE WRITE,PATH=((5),4),BUFFER=((6),1),OPTIONS=EW
        B     WRITE
READ     EQU    *
        LA     9,CXRBUF
        SR     3,3
        LTR    8,8
        BNP   JUMPOVER
        CONSOLE READ,PATH=((5),4),BUFFER=((9),30)
        LTR    15,15
        BNZ   WRITE
        CLI   0(9),X'6D'
        BE    WRITE
        LA    3,1
        CH    0,=H'6'
        BL    JUMPOVER
        AR    0,9
        BCTR  0,0
        LR    3,0
        MVI   5(9),X'FF'
CUTFIELD EQU    *
        CLI   0(3),X'6D'
        BNE   THISLEN
        BCT   3,CUTFIELD
THISLEN  EQU    *
        SR    3,9
        LPR   3,3
        SH    3,=H'4'
JUMPOVER EQU    *
        LA    0,27(3)
        SRL   0,3
        LR    2,0
        DMSFREE DWORDS=(0),TYPE=USER,ERR=ERR
        L    15,SYSFUNRT
        ST   1,0(15)
        USING EVALBLK,1
        XC   EVB PAD2(4),EVB PAD2
        ST   3,EVLEN
        ST   2,EVSIZE
        BCTR 3,0
        LTR   3,3

```

```

        BZ      PFKONLY
        BM      MARKOK
        BCTR    3,0
        STC     3,MVC+1
MVC      MVC     EVDATA+1,6(9)
PFKONLY  EQU     *
MVC      MVC     EVDATA(1),0(9)
MARKOK   EQU     *
SR       15,15
ERR      EQU     *
BR       11
PACK     PACK    WORKA(8),0(0,14)
WORKA   DS      D
CXWBUF  DS      7D
CXRBUF  DS      5D
ESAYPATH DC      C'ESAY'
ADDRTAB  DC      X'40C1C2C3C4C5C6C7C8C94A4B4C4D4E4F'
              DC      X'50D1D2D3D4D5D6D7D8D95A5B5C5D5E5F'
              DC      X'6061E2E3E4E5E6E7E8E96A6B6C6D6E6F'
              DC      X'F0F1F2F3F4F5F6F7F8F97A7B7C7D7E7F'
LTORG
REALEND  EQU     *
EPLIST   DSECT
COMVERB  DS      A
BEGARGS  DS      A
EENARGS  DS      A
FBLOK    DS      A
ARGLIST  DS      A
SYSFUNRT DS      A
EVALBLK  DSECT
EVBPAD1  DS      F
EVSIZE   DS      F
EVLEN    DS      F
EVBPAD2  DS      F
EVDATA   DS      C
END      RXSYSFN

```

## ESAY PREPARATION

The INSTALL EXEC should be used to generate the RXSYSFN function package. After the successful creation of the RXSYSFN MODULE, CHECKER EXEC may be started to verify the ESAY function.

The CHECKER EXEC contains two tests, which demonstrate the use of direct console I/O.

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*Dobrin Goranov  
Information Services Co (Bulgaria)*

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## Mainframe Programming Web site

*Continuing our series of VM Web site reviews, we visit the Mainframe Programming Web site. The site, subtitled ‘Some useful links for practitioners of the craft’, can be accessed at <http://www.geocities.com/~oberoi/mainfrme.html>. If you have comments on the Web sites reviewed in this series, or suggestions for relevant sites to review, please feel free to contact the author at [gabe@acm.org](mailto:gabe@acm.org) or Xephon at any of the addresses shown on page 2.*

If you watch closely as this Web page loads, you may see the words ‘Think enterprise, think mainframe’ appear at the top left of the screen, before a space station image replaces them. The words, a good motto for the site, are on an <ALT> HTML tag and display if your browser isn’t loading images, or (with some browsers) if you hover the cursor over the image. Resources gathered and linked here by Balbir Oberoi can be valuable to VMers in the current technical and industry environment, where VM is one component – maybe central, maybe less so than in the past – in a complex enterprise computing environment.

Of the nine links grouped next to the space station, eight jump down to sections within the main page. The first, ‘General resources’, is a blend of IBM and non-IBM pages. Its first link, ‘Redbooks’, leads to a page which opens “*Redbooks, named for their red covers, are ‘how to’ books, written by very experienced IBM professionals from all over the world*”. Redbooks, excellent supplements to more formal product manuals, are often written by joint customer/IBM teams working on ‘residencies’ – intense brief research projects devoted to gathering real-world information and publishing it in time to be useful. The redbook site links to its mission statement and description:

*“IBM redbooks are developed and published by IBM’s International Technical Support Organization, the ITSO. With headquarters in Poughkeepsie (New York), the ITSO operates centres associated with key IBM development divisions in Austin, Poughkeepsie, Raleigh, Rochester, and San Jose...*

*The ITSO develops and delivers skills, technical know-how, and*

*materials to technical professionals of IBM, business partners, customers, and to the marketplace generally. ITSO's objective is to extend the understanding of IBM's products and to accelerate the deployment and exploitation of IBM solutions...*

*In 1997, ITSO introduced IBM redpieces, which are redbooks under development. The objective of redpieces is to speed up access to books that are not yet published. Consequently they are less polished and have not undergone the formal review that takes place for completed IBM redbooks."*

VM redbooks listed as being in production are *TCP/IP tutorial and technical overview*, *Exploiting recent CMS function: a user's guide to CMS application multitasking*, and *VM/ESA network computing with Java and NetREXX*. The use of the built-in search frame retrieved many screens of VM-related redbooks. The left-hand frame offers more resources, such as the 'Additional materials' link, an FTP site with downloadable material from the publications.

The next 'General resource' link finds Internet access to IBMLink, a form much more convenient than the proprietary access through which it was introduced. The first screen offers a choice of language and country; selecting United States access reveals the 'IBM public information and services main menu', offering access to diverse resources without logging on (some IBMLink applications still require log-on, available via the toolbar at the top). Information available includes the following categories:

- 10thAnniversary – the IBMLink 10th anniversary celebration.
- NewUser – new user information – for example, how to get started.
- IBMLinkPreview – an introduction and overview of this service.
- InfoLink – sales manuals, announcements, catalogs, etc. For example:
  - iSource – subscribe to IBM announcement information (ListServer).
  - PressReleases – IBM press releases.

- SalesManual – IBM hardware and software product descriptions.
- PubsCatalog – a description of IBM publications.
- IBMManuals – on-line viewable IBM public manuals.
- Education – IBM course content and scheduling information.
- OnlineOffering – IBM on-line offerings (free Java introduction).
- InfoLinkCenter – white papers, publications, and contacts.
- INews – the IBM information news facility.
- IBM-conferences – IBM international conferences go on-line!
- OrderLink – configurators, prices, and schedules:
  - OrderInfo – IBM software ordering information.
  - Schedules – product shipment and availability schedules.
- MartLink – information services:
  - TalkLink – TalkLink conferencing services.
  - Education mall – education and training mall.
- DataCenter – data centre services.

For example, clicking ‘PubsCatalog’, then ‘Search words’, then entering the keywords ‘redbook’ and ‘CD-ROM’ locates (as the eighth entry listed) ‘SK2T-2177 CDMAN IBM System/390 redbooks collection September 1998’, a CD-ROM containing all System/390-related redbooks. This offers a simple and relatively economical way to purchase and store accumulated redbook wisdom.

Other IBMLink information categories can be very useful in day-to-day data centre operation, and for researching special projects and topics.

Just below, ‘WSC flashes – Washington Systems Center, performance issues’ provides access to a unique source of information. The page,

entitled ‘Washington Systems Center FLASH home page’, begins:

*“ATSflashes are published by the Washington Systems Center to alert IBM customers and personnel of significant new technical developments and provide guidance on the installation, use, and management of IBM products.”*

Searching for VM entries yielded two screens of topics, including:

- VM support of the System/390 G4 parallel enterprise server.
- RVA considerations for running VM/ESA and OS/390.

A few links below WSC, the Oberoi page addresses ‘Enterprise connection – various IBM conference call presentations material, in PDF format’. At the time of writing, a call held just four days before was posted on the topic ‘VM customers – creative solutions for your IT challenges!’. This interesting event featured presentations by Mike Conchatre of Ducks Unlimited, Chris Williams of the SAS Institute, and Gretchen Thiele of Princeton University, describing leading-edge mission-critical applications and services provided by VM/ESA.

A few links below, ‘Mainframe jobs – a healthy job market for mainframe skills (*Computerworld*, October 26)’ describes reassuring short and longer-term prospects for mainframers. It begins:

*“When it comes to IT pros with mainframe skills, Renee M Schneider just can’t get enough. “If you lose one in this market, that’s one too many”, says the director of staffing for corporate information systems at Ameritech Corp. The Chicago-based telecommunications giant uses multiple systems platforms, but it relies on mainframes to run a billing system tracking more than 18 million customers. To help maintain the behemoths, Schneider hired at least 350 mainframe pros last year, with no slowdown in sight.”*

And it ends by noting that 1 January 2000 will not diminish mainframe employment:

*“In fact, there may be more mainframe-related work in the future than today. Some companies are turning to mainframes as database servers, Silver says. Besides, she adds, “We are increasing, globally, our reliance on information technology. Companies will grow and*

*consolidate, and someone will have to manage and merge their systems.””*

The next link is to Eric Loriaux’s compendium of useful Web resources about MVS, VM, and VSE – a cornucopia well worth exploring. The last ‘General resource’ link is for entertainment – a wealth of variations on Murphy’s legendary law!

The next major category on the main Oberoi page is ‘Programming languages’, offering something to suit all tastes. The first link describes IBM High Level Assembler for MVS and VM and VSE Version 1.2, highlighting features and productivity benefits, and describing supported operating system versions.

The ‘HLASM Docs’ link offers a non-IBM compilation of Assembler-related links, including manuals and reference material.

The next three links offer a COBOL extravaganza:

- IBM COBOL family – covering VisualAge/COBOL, Millennium Language Extensions, etc.
- COBOL manuals – IBM bookshelves for COBOL.
- The COBOL centre – a well arranged set of pointers to COBOL-related information, including COBOL books.

The first COBOL link points to one of IBM’s main COBOL pages, which opens by describing their workstation development environment, and continues:

*“IBM COBOL provides a complete offering of compatible, cross platform, cross product compilers which support OS/2, OS/390, MVS, VM, VSE/ESA, AS/400, AIX, and Windows. IBM gives you the tools you need to tackle your COBOL Year 2000 challenge while leveraging your existing applications. IBM COBOL also provides the tools you need to amplify your program development, enabling you to position your enterprise to take advantage of tomorrow’s technologies.”*

This indicates that, contrary to some commentaries, COBOL is alive and well, and not just for Year 2000 efforts. The ‘Library’ link provides fact sheets, manuals, resource catalogs, white papers, performance tuning information, standards information, and many

items to warm the hearts of COBOL users. The second link provides – what else? – COBOL manuals, in Web-viewable format; very convenient when a quick question requires documentation not immediately available. The third link reaches an amazingly diverse set of COBOL resources – including a page with yet more links. The COBOL centre's Webmaster is described:

*“David Haertzen has personally coded over 750,000 lines of COBOL for platforms including: IBM mainframe, PCs, mini-computers, and servers. He has contributed to many successful data management projects and can supply services and seminars/training.”*

The next language link introduces Language Environment (LE), described on its overview page:

*“IBM’s Language Environment for OS/390 and VM provides a single run-time environment for C, C++, COBOL, Fortran, PL/I, and Assembler applications. Language Environment’s common library includes common services such as messages, date and time functions, math functions, application utilities, system services, and subsystem support. All of these services are available through a set of interfaces that are consistent across programming languages. You may either call these interfaces yourself, or use language-specific services that call the interfaces.”*

The main LE page puts the software in Year 2000 context:

*“Are you ready for the future? If not, Language Environment can help. Language Environment’s date and time services readily return 4-digit years and continue to process 2-digit years to accommodate the Year 2000. These date and time services conform to national language support guidelines, including full DBCS support.”*

Near the bottom of the languages group is a link to ‘PL/I – home page of the PL/I product family’. As an erstwhile PL/I programmer, I’m gratified to read this page’s message:

*“Whether you are maintaining legacy applications or eager to move to the workstation, IBM PL/I gives you:*

- *The elegance of a variety of language constructs, I/O capabilities, and selection of tools.*

- *The flexibility to design applications on the platforms you use – MVS and VM, VSE, AIX, OS/2, and Windows.*
- *The power to step up to the challenge of leveraging your existing applications while preparing for the Year 2000.”*

Other language links from Oberoi include:

- Java for OS/390 – porting of Java virtual machine to the mainframe, now available: JDK 1.1.4.
- SanFrancisco project – creating reusable components for business applications – concepts and facilities.
- Java discussions – forums about Java, all platforms (IBM Hursley).
- REXX – the REXX language page at IBM Hursley.
- NetREXX – a blend of REXX and Java to enable REXX programmers to create Java code.

The next category, ‘CICS, MQSeries, ..’ mostly doesn’t apply directly to VM systems, although of course numerous CICS systems, hosted by VSE and OS/390, run in virtual machines. However, the last link in this category, ‘MQSeries family – news, case studies, white papers, etc, about MQSeries’ lists VM/ESA as a supported system. The MQSeries pages are a little frustrating, being short of basic product information – if one doesn’t know what MQSeries is, it’s challenging to find a definition. There are, however, many resources for dedicated MQSeries users, including a pointer to IBM’s MQ magazine.

The next Oberoi category is DB2, now the brand name for IBM’s database systems spanning many computing platforms. Clicking the first link, ‘DB Management’, leads to the main DB2 page, where the pop-up menu under ‘Products’ leads to DB2 for VSE/VM, highlighting Version 5.1 and previewing Version 6, including the new QMF feature. The main DB2 page offers seminars, download material, magazines, and more.

The next category, ‘Operating systems’, stints a bit on VM links and perspective, compared with what it offers on OS/390, although it does link to IBM’s VM home page (reviewed in *VM Update*, Issue 139, March 1998). But from a positive viewpoint, this material is valuable

to VMers, because it addresses topics and resources not necessarily in the VM mainstream. The last link in this category, ‘ESA/390 Bookshelf’, offers general System/390 hardware publications, in viewable format, that might not be immediately handy when needed. For example:

- Channel-to-channel adapter.
- Common I/O-device commands.
- ESA/390 data compression.
- ESA/390 principles of operation.
- ESCON channel-to-channel adapter.
- ESCON I/O interface.
- System/360 and System/370 I/O interface channel to control unit OEMI.
- Vector operations.

The preceding hardware link segues into the System/390 category, ranging from ‘IBM’s System/390 home page’ through ‘G5 parallel enterprise servers’, ‘Parallel sysplex’, and several articles on mainframes.

In the next category, ‘User groups’, the first link, ‘IBM user groups’, is most useful to VMers. This page lists eight major user groups, located around the world, from North America to Japan. These groups have evolved to satisfy local/regional technical and logistical requirements, while giving ‘strength in numbers’ to customers dealing with IBM. Two umbrella organizations unite these regional groups: The International User Group Council (IUGC) and COMMON International. In addition, a relatively recently organized group, WAVV, is represented at [http://listserv.lehigh.edu/lists/vse-l/wavv\\_conference.shtml](http://listserv.lehigh.edu/lists/vse-l/wavv_conference.shtml) and a collection of local VM user groups can be seen at <http://www.vmers.org:81/>. Other local VM user groups around the world are hosted elsewhere.

The last category, ‘Training’, spans geographic locations, platforms, and applications. IBM training information is available for the United

States and elsewhere. Following the link leads again to IBMLink, where searching on VM classes yields 77 hits, including old standbys and new entries such as:

- TCP/IP for MVS/VM implementation.
- VM/ESA CP debugging techniques.
- VM/ESA CP structure and logic.
- Using VMSES/E for installation and service.
- Installing and tailoring your VM/ESA system.
- Learning REXX programming in CMS.
- VM/CMS fundamentals workshop.
- VM/ESA communications and connectivity.
- Productive programming with VM/CMS pipelines.
- DB2 server for VSE and VM application designer and programmer workshop.

The ‘On the campus’ link represents a relatively new IBM initiative, locating and listing colleges and universities offering classes on mainframe subjects in various countries. This effort clearly recognizes the importance of conveying mainframe awareness, skills, and perspectives to new generations of system and application programmers, and hardware/software developers and engineers. The page entitled ‘Higher education and System/390’ lists nearly 30 institutions, and solicits nominations for other sites for listing. It begins:

*“Are you a student who wants to increase your System/390-related skills? Are you an employer who wants to hire a person with these skills? In either case, this page is for you!”*

The next link, to ‘ProTech’ (Professional Technical Services), offers a relatively rare course: VM/ESA for computer operations staff. Their REXX curriculum is more ambitious, consisting of classes that include:

- REXX programming in a multi-platform environment.

- REXX in an MVS environment.
- REXX in an OS/2 environment.
- REXX in a VM environment.
- Advanced REXX programming for MVS.
- Advanced REXX programming for OS/2.
- Advanced REXX programming for VM.
- Differences in OS/2 REXX.
- Introduction to Watcom's VX-REXX.
- Hockware's VisPro/REXX.
- Advanced REXX programming.

In addition, ProTech offers a mailing list for discussing REXX and automated operations issues. The last link in this category is to technical conferences organized or co-sponsored by IBM. The VM/ESA & VSE/ESA Technical Conference is one of only two events being offered twice in 1999, in Orlando, Florida (May 24-27), and Mainz, Germany (June 14-16).

At the very bottom of the page is an almost invisible link unrelated to VM, or even directly to computers, labelled 'World newspapers'. This provides jumps to newspapers in 12 countries, from Australia to USA. No matter what your location or interests, this page enables you to find international perspectives on technology, business, sports, politics, and more.

Continuing serendipitous discovery, don't miss the 'Favourite links' link at the bottom of the newspapers page, nor the 'Languages' link, providing diverse resources for multiple languages. So this page, having delivered a wealth of mainframe resources, ends with neither bang nor whimper, neither VM nor MVS, but with interesting digressions from technology.

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*Gabe Goldberg  
Computers and Publishing (USA)*

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## A full screen console interface – part 6

*Editor's note: this month we continue the code for the full screen console interface for Disconnected Service Machines (DSM). This article is an extensive piece of work which will be published over several issues of VM Update. It was felt that readers could benefit from the entire article and from the individual sections. Any comments or recommendations would be welcomed and should be addressed either to Xephon or directly to the author at fernando\_duarte@vnet.ibm.com.*

```
(I,00,03,'PFX      ',PREFIX),          *
(I,00,02,'REMOTE  ',REMOTE),           *
(I,00,01,'ROUTE   ',ROUTE),            *
(I,00,03,'RTE     ',ROUTE),            *
(I,00,01,'TITLE   ',TITLE),             *
(I,00,03,'TTL     ',TITLE),             *
(I,00,01,'USER    ',USER),              *
(I,00,03,'USR     ',USER)               *

SPACE
EVNTABLE CMMRD (I,00,01,'NAME      ',EVNNAME), Event options      *
(I,00,01,'COMMAND  ',EVNCMD),           *
(I,00,03,'CMD     ',EVNCMD),             *
(I,00,01,'DATE    ',EVNDATE),            *
(I,00,01,'FROM    ',EVNFROM),             *
(I,00,01,'TO      ',EVNTO),              *
(I,00,02,'TIME    ',EVNTIME),             *
(I,00,02,'FIRST   ',EVNFIRST),            *
(I,00,01,'LAST    ',EVNLAST),             *
(I,00,01,'INTERVAL ',EVNINT),             *
(I,00,03,'DAYS    ',EVNDAYS)              *

SPACE
LCLTABLE CMMRD (B,00,01,'LOCAL   ',RNDOLRS), Local options      *
(B,00,01,'GLOBAL  ',*)                   *

MSGTABLE CMMRD (I,00,01,'USER    ',MSGU),      MSG options      *
(B,00,01,'ALARM   ',MSGALARM),            *
(I,00,01,'EXIT    ',MSGE),                *
(B,00,01,'HOLD    ',MSGHOLD),              *
(I,00,01,'NAME    ',MSGN),                *
(B,00,03,'NOCASE  ',MSGCASE),             *
(B,00,03,'NODISPLAY ',MSGNODSP),          *
(I,00,02,'RELEASE  ',MSGR),                *
(I,00,02,'ROUTE   ',MSGS),                *
(B,00,02,'UNIQUE  ',MSGUNIQ+MSGHOLD),      *
(I,00,01,'LOCATE  ',MSGL)                 *
```

```

        SPACE
EDSTABLE CMMRD (B,00,02,'HIGH      ',EDSHIGH),   EDS attributes      *
          (B,00,03,'BLINK      ',EDSBLINK),           *
          (B,00,02,'REVVIDEO   ',EDSREVV),            *
          (B,00,02,'UNDERLINE  ',EDSUNDER),           *
          (B,00,01,'BLUE       ',EDSBLUE),             *
          (B,00,03,'RED        ',EDSRED),              *
          (B,00,01,'PINK       ',EDSPINK),             *
          (B,00,01,'GREEN      ',EDSGREEN),            *
          (B,00,01,'TURQUOISE ',EDSTURQ),             *
          (B,00,01,'YELLOW     ',EDSYELLO),            *
          (B,00,01,'WHITE      ',EDSWHITE)             *

        SPACE
EDSHIGH EQU B'00100000'
EDSBLINK EQU B'00001000'
EDSREVV EQU B'00010000'
EDSUNDER EQU B'00011000'
EDSBLUE EQU B'00000001'
EDSRED EQU B'00000010'
EDSPINK EQU B'00000011'
EDSGREEN EQU B'000000100'
EDSTURQ EQU B'000000101'
EDSYELLO EQU B'000000110'
EDSWHITE EQU B'000000111'

        SPACE
OPTTABLE CMMRD (I,00,03,'MSG      ',OPTM),      OPTions options      *
          (I,00,06,'MSGNOH   ',OPTM),               *
          (I,00,05,'PRINT    ',OPTP)                *

        SPACE
PFXTABLE CMMRD (B,00,01,'CLASS    ',*)          PFX options

        SPACE
USRTABLE CMMRD (I,00,01,CLASSES,0)           User options
        SPACE 3

*
*   Process Configuration commands
*
*

        SPACE 3
*   DFRecs
*   DFSIZE n
*
DFRECS EQU *                         DFRECS Define DF file size
      USING DFRECS,R9
      ST   R14,CFGCSV14
      SR   R0,R0           No table to look up
      GO   CSCSCN          Get value
      BNZ  DFRE500         Nothing found
      GO   CSCSCNVN        Check for numeric
      BNZ  DFRE600         No good, forget it

```

	SR	R0,R0	No table to look up			
	GO	CSCSCN	Check for something else			
	BZ	DFRE700	Bad news, too much			
	LR	R1,R2	Copy number of records			
	LA	R1,31(,R1)	Adjust to full 4K blocks			
	SRL	R1,5	That's 32 records per block			
	SLL	R1,5				
	C	R1,DFSZMIN	Expand if smaller than minimum			
	BNL	DFRE100				
	L	R2,DFSZDFLT	Use default if less than minimum			
	ST	R2,DFNEWTOT				
	LR	R4,R1	Copy value for message			
	MSG	0060	Let somebody know about it			
	B	DFRE900				
	SPACE					
DFRE100	ST	R1,DFNEWTOT	Store new value			
	CR	R1,R2	Was it changed?			
	BE	DFRE900				
	LR	R4,R1	Yes, copy for MSG			
	MSG	0061	Display message			
	B	DFRE900				
	SPACE					
DFRE500	MSG	0050	Missing operand			
	B	DFRE900				
	SPACE					
DFRE600	MSG	0051	Invalid operand			
	B	DFRE900				
	SPACE					
DFRE700	MSG	0052	Unexpected operand			
*	B	DFRE900				
	SPACE					
DFRE900	L	R14,CFGCSV14				
	BR	R14				
	DROP	R9				
	SPACE	3				
*	Event	Name name	Date date	From from	To to	TIme time
*		FIRst first	Last last	Interval interval		DAYs days
*		Command command				
*						
EVENT	EQU	*		EVENT Define Time Based Events		
	USING	EVENT,R9				
	USING	TMRSECT,R5				
	USING	CMDSECT,R2		CMS Commands Table		
	ST	R14,CFGCSV14				
	LA	R0,TMRSIZE		Entry size in double words		
	LINK	OBTAINT		Allocate entry		
	LR	R5,R1		Address new entry		
	SR	R0,R0		Zero option bytes		
	ST	R0,TMROPT1				

EVENSCAN	LA	R0, EVNTABLE	Address options table
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan next option
	BNZ	EVENGOOD	All done, validate entry
	LTR	R15, R15	
	BZ	EVEN100	Invalid option, display message
	MVC	CSCCOPT, CMDNAME	Save option name for messages
	LR	R4, R15	Save processing routine address
	SR	R0, R0	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan option value
	BNZ	EVEN200	Not found, display message
	LR	R15, R4	Restore address of routine
	GO		,
	B	EVENSCAN	Process option
	SPACE		Scan all options
EVENGOOD	LR	R1, R5	
	GO	CSCTMR	Copy entry address for CSCTMRVL
	BZ	EVEN900	Validate entry
	LR	R5, R1	Good news...
EVENBAD	LA	R0, TMRSIZE	Restore entry address to release
	LR	R1, R5	Something went wrong
	LINK	RELEASE	Address entry
	B	EVEN900	Release it
	SPACE		
EVEN100	MSG	0051	Invalid operand
	B	EVENBAD	
	SPACE		
EVEN200	MSG	0070	Missing option value
	B	EVENBAD	
	SPACE		
EVEN300	MSG	0053	Operand too long
	B	EVENBAD	
	SPACE		
EVEN400	MSG	0071	Invalid option value
	B	EVENBAD	
	SPACE		
EVEN500	MSG	0072	Duplicate option
	B	EVENSCAN	
	SPACE	3	
EVNNAME	EQU	*	NAME option
	LA	R0, L'TMRNAME	Option length
	CR	R0, R1	Compare with value
	BL	EVEN300	Too long
	MVC	TMRNAME, SCANUPP	Move value
	TM	TMROPT1, TMRONAME	Check for first time
	BO	EVEN500	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT1, TMRONAME	Yes, set option
	B	EVENSCAN	
	SPACE		
EVNCMD	EQU	*	COMMAND option

	LA	R0,L'TMRCMND	Option length
	L	R1,CSCBUFFE	Address end of data
EVNC100	BCTR	R1,0	
	CLI	Ø(R1),C' '	Remove trailing blanks
	BE	EVNC100	
	SR	R1,R6	Length of command - 1
	CR	RØ,R1	
	BNH	EVEN3ØØ	Command too long
	EX	R1,EVNCMVC	Move value
	LA	R1,1(,R1)	Get real command length
	STH	R1,TMRCMNDL	Store it
	OI	TMROPT1,TMROCMD	Set option
	B	EVENGGOOD	Must be last option
	SPACE		
EVNCMVC	MVC	TMRCMND(*-*),Ø(R6)	Move command
	SPACE		
EVNDATE	EQU	*	DATE option
	LA	R4,TMRDATE	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMRODATE	Check for first time
	BO	EVNDDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMRODATE	Yes, set option
	B	EVNDVAL	Validate Date
	SPACE		
EVNFROM	EQU	*	FROM option
	LA	R4,TMRFROM	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMROFROM	Check for first time
	BO	EVNDDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMROFROM	Yes, set option
	B	EVNDVAL	Validate Date
	SPACE		
EVNTO	EQU	*	TO option
	LA	R4,TMRTO	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMROTO	Check for first time
	BO	EVNDDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMROTO	Yes, set option
	B	EVNDVAL	Validate Date
	SPACE		
EVNTIME	EQU	*	TIME option
	LA	R4,TMRTIME	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMROTIME	Check for first time
	BO	EVNTDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMROTIME	Yes, set option
	B	EVNTVAL	Validate Time
	SPACE		
EVNFIRST	EQU	*	FIRST option
	LA	R4,TMRFIRST	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMROFRST	Check for first time
	BO	EVNTDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMROFRST	Yes, set option

	B	EVNTVAL	Validate Time
	SPACE		
EVNLAST	EQU	*	LAST option
	LA	R4,TMRLAST	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMROLAST	Check for first time
	BO	EVNTDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMROLAST	Yes, set option
	B	EVNTVAL	Validate Time
	SPACE		
EVNINT	EQU	*	INTERVAL option
	LA	R4,TMRINT	Address field
	TM	TMROPT2,TMROINT	Check for first time
	BO	EVNTDUP	No, warn duplicate option
	OI	TMROPT2,TMROINT	Yes, set option
	B	EVNTVAL	Validate Time
	SPACE		
EVNDAYS	EQU	*	DAYS option
	SPACE	3	
EVNDDUP	EQU	*	Date physical validation
	LR	R4,R1	Save word length
	MSG	0072	Duplicate option
	LR	R1,R4	Restore length
EVNDVAL	EQU	*	Normal entry
	LA	R0,4	Maximum length for year
	CR	R0,R1	Compare with value
	BNE	EVEN400	Invalid year
	LA	R2,0(R6,R1)	Address first byte after year
	CLI	0(R2),C'/'	It must be a "/", no spaces
	BNE	EVEN400	It is not, display error message
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric
	BNZ	EVEN400	It is not, bad news
	STH	R2,0(,R4)	Save year
	SR	R0,R0	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan next "/"
	CLI	1(R6),C' '	No spaces allowed
	BE	EVEN400	Display error message
	L	R0,ONE	Force length of one. That's "/"
	ST	R0,SCANLEN	Store for CSCSCN
	SR	R0,R0	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Get value for month
	BNZ	EVEN400	It is not there, bad news
	LA	R0,2	Maximum length for month
	CR	R0,R1	Compare with value
	BL	EVEN400	Invalid month
	LA	R2,0(R6,R1)	Address first byte after month
	CLI	0(R2),C'/'	It must be a "/", no spaces
	BNE	EVEN400	It is not, display error message
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric
	BNZ	EVEN400	It is not, bad news

	STC	R2,2(,R4)	Save month
	SR	RØ,RØ	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan next "/"
	CLI	1(R6),C' '	No spaces allowed
	BE	EVEN4ØØ	Display error message
	L	RØ,ONE	Force length of one. That's "/"
	ST	RØ,SCANLEN	Store for CSCSCN
	SR	RØ,RØ	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Get value for days
	BNZ	EVEN4ØØ	It is not there, bad news
	LA	RØ,2	Maximum length for days
	CR	RØ,R1	Compare with value
	BL	EVEN4ØØ	Invalid days
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric
	BNZ	EVEN4ØØ	It is not, bad news
	STC	R2,3(,R4)	Save days
	B	EVENSCAN	
	SPACE	3	
EVNTDUP	EQU	*	Time physical validation
	LR	R4,R1	Save word length
	MSG	ØØ72	Duplicate option
	LR	R1,R4	Restore length
EVNTVAL	EQU	*	Normal entry
	LA	RØ,4	Maximum length for hours
	CR	RØ,R1	Compare with value
	BL	EVEN4ØØ	Invalid hours
	LA	R2,Ø(R6,R1)	Address first byte after hours
	CLI	Ø(R2),C':'	It must be a ":", no spaces
	BNE	EVEN4ØØ	It is not, display error message
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric
	BNZ	EVEN4ØØ	It is not, bad news
*	CVD	R2,CFGWORK	Convert to decimal
*	OI	CFGWORK+L'CFGWORK-1,X'ØF'	Remove sign
*	UNPK	Ø(2,R4),CFGWORK	Add leading zeros if required
	STH	R2,Ø(,R4)	Save hours
	SR	RØ,RØ	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan next ":"
	CLI	1(R6),C' '	No spaces allowed
	BE	EVEN4ØØ	Display error message
	L	RØ,ONE	Force length of one. That's ":"
	ST	RØ,SCANLEN	Store for CSCSCN
	SR	RØ,RØ	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Get value for minutes
	BNZ	EVEN4ØØ	It is not there, bad news
	LA	RØ,2	Maximum length for minutes
	CR	RØ,R1	Compare with value
	BL	EVEN4ØØ	Invalid month
	LA	R2,Ø(R6,R1)	Address first byte after minutes
	CLI	Ø(R2),C':'	It must be a ":", no spaces

	BNE	EVEN400	It is not, display error message		
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric		
	BNZ	EVEN400	It is not, bad news		
*	CVD	R2,CFGWORK	Convert to decimal		
*	OI	CFGWORK+L'CFGWORK-1,X'0F'	Remove sign		
*	UNPK	2(2,R4),CFGWORK	Add leading zeros if required		
	STC	R2,2(,R4)	Save minutes		
	SR	RØ,RØ	No table to search		
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan next ":"		
	CLI	1(R6),C' '	No spaces allowed		
	BE	EVEN400	Display error message		
	L	RØ,ONE	Force length of one. That's ":"		
	ST	RØ,SCANLEN	Store for CSCSCN		
	SR	RØ,RØ	No table to search		
	GO	CSCSCN	Get value for seconds		
	BNZ	EVEN400	It is not there, bad news		
	LA	RØ,2	Maximum length for seconds		
	CR	RØ,R1	Compare with value		
	BL	EVEN400	Invalid days		
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric		
	BNZ	EVEN400	It is not, bad news		
*	CVD	R2,CFGWORK	Convert to decimal		
*	OI	CFGWORK+L'CFGWORK-1,X'0F'	Remove sign		
*	UNPK	4(2,R4),CFGWORK	Add leading zeros if required		
	STC	R2,3(,R4)	Save seconds		
	B	EVENSCAN			
	SPACE				
EVEN900	L	R14,CFGCSV14			
	BR	R14			
	DROP	R9,R5,R2			
	SPACE	3			
*	Local	node	resource	Local	Global
*	LOCAL	EQU	*	LOCAL	Define Local Resource name
	USING	LOCAL,R9			
	USING	RNDSECT,R1			
	ST	R14,CFGCSV14			
	TM	CFGOPTS,CFGLOCAL			Is it the first one
	BO	LOC400			No, too bad
	BAS	R14,ADDRSRCE			Add entry to RND Table
	BNZ	LOC900			Something went wrong
	LA	RØ,LCLTABLE			Address table to search
	GO	CSCSCN			Do it
	BNZ	LOC200			Nothing found, that's OK
	LTR	R15,R15			Is it a valid option
	BNZ	LOC100			
	SR	R6,R1			No, back-up last word
	B	LOC200			Validate will detect it
	SPACE				
LOC100	LA	RØ,RNDOLRS			Check for Local option

	CR	R0,R15	
	BNE	LOC200	It is Global...
	L	R1,RNDPTR	Address new (first) entry
	OI	RNDOPT1,RNDOLRS	Set Local resource option
LOC200	BAS	R14,VALRSRCE	Validate entry created
	BNZ	LOC900	Something went wrong
	OI	RNDOPT1,RNDOLCL	Remember this a local entry
	OI	CFGOPTS,CFGLOCAL	Set option
	MVC	CSCLOCAL,RNDNODE	Copy local APPC/VM Node name
	B	LOC900	
	SPACE		
LOC400	MSG	0080	Repeated Local statement
*	B	LOC900	
	SPACE		
LOC900	L	R14,CFGCSV14	
	BR	R14	
	DROP	R9,R1	
	SPACE	3	
*	MSG		
*	Message	Attributes Hold NoDisplay NoCase Unique Alarm	
*		User user-id Name name Release name Route user-id	
*		Exit name Locate mask	
*			
MSG	EQU	*	MSG Build Message Table
	USING	MSG,R9	
	ST	R14,CFGCSV14	
	USING	MSGSECT,R5	MSG Message Table
	USING	CMDSECT,R2	CMS Commands Table
	LA	R0,MSGSIZE	Entry size in double words
	LINK	OBTAIN	Allocate entry
	LR	R5,R1	Address new entry
	XC	MSGSECT(MSGSIZEB),MSGSECT	Clear to zeros
	MVI	MSGARBCH,CFGARBCH	Move default arbitrary character
	MVI	MSGANYCH,CFGANYCH	Move also default any character
MSGSCAN	LA	R0,MSGTABLE	Address options table
	GO	CSCSCN	Scan next option
	BNZ	MSGGOOD	All done, validate entry
	LTR	R15,R15	
	BZ	MSG100	Not found, check EDS attributes
	CLI	CMDTYPE,C'B'	Is it a "B" type entry
	BNE	20(,R15)	No, execute routine
	IC	R0,MSGOPTS	Yes, load option byte
	OR	R0,R15	Add new option
	STC	R0,MSGOPTS	Store it back
	B	MSGSCAN	Scan all options and attributes
	SPACE		
MSG100	LA	R0,EDSTABLE	Address attributes table
	GO	CSCCNSC	Check EDS attributes
	LTR	R15,R15	
	BZ	MSG200	Invalid option, display message

	IC	R0,MSGATTR	Yes, load attribute byte
	OR	R0,R15	Merge new attribute
	STC	R0,MSGATTR	Store it back
	B	MSGSCAN	Scan all options and attributes
	SPACE		
MSGGOOD	CLI	MSGUSER,X'00'	User option is required
	BE	MSG300	We don't have one, bad news
	L	R0,MSGMASKE	Mask is also required
	LTR	R0,R0	
	BZ	MSG400	Not there, more bad news
	L	R1,MSGPTR	Link new entry with MSG pointer
	ST	R5,MSGPTR	
	ST	R1,MSGFWD	
	B	MSG900	
	SPACE		
MSGBAD	LA	R0,MSGSIZE	Something wrong
	LR	R1,R5	
	LINK	RELEASE	Release entry
	B	MSG900	
	SPACE		
MSG200	MSG	0051	Invalid operand
	B	MSGBAD	
	SPACE		
MSG300	MSG	0090	User option is missing
	B	MSGBAD	
	SPACE		
MSG400	MSG	0091	Locate option is missing
	B	MSGBAD	
	SPACE	3	
MSGU	EQU	*	USER option
	LA	R4,MSGUSER	Address field to process
	B	MSGMOVE	Do it
MSGS	EQU	*	ROUTE option
	OI	MSGOPTS,MSGORTE	Set Route option
	LA	R4,MSGROUTE	Address field to process
	B	MSGMOVE	Do it
	SPACE		
MSGN	EQU	*	NAME option
	LA	R4,MSGNAME	Address field to process
	B	MSGMOVE	Do it
	SPACE		
MSGR	EQU	*	RELEASE option
	OI	MSGOPTS,MSGORLSE	Set Release option
	LA	R4,MSGRLSE	Address field to process
	B	MSGMOVE	Do it
	SPACE		
MSGE	EQU	*	EXIT option
	OI	MSGOPTS,MSGOEXT	Set Exit option
	LA	R4,MSGEXIT	Address field to process
*	B	MSGMOVE	Do it

	SPACE		
MSGMOVE	SR RØ,RØ	No table to search	
	MVC CSCCOMM,CMDNAME	Save option name for messages	
	GO CSCSCN	Scan data	
	BNZ MSGV1ØØ	Not found	
	LA RØ,8	Check length	
	CR RØ,R1		
	BL MSGV2ØØ	Greater than 8, invalid	
	MVC Ø(8,R4),SCANUPP	Move data into required field	
	B MSGSCAN		
	SPACE		
MSGV1ØØ	MSG ØØ92	Missing user value	
	B MSGBAD		
MSGV2ØØ	MSG ØØ93	Value greater than 8 bytes	
	B MSGBAD		
	SPACE		
MSGL	EQU *	LOCATE option. Must be LAST	
	MVC CSCCOMM,CMDNAME	Save option name for messages	
	LA R6,1(R1,R6)	Mask starts one byte after key	
	C R6,CSCBUFFE	Anything left	
	BH MSGL5ØØ	No, it is missing	
	L R1,CSCBUFFE	Address end of mask	
	SR R1,R6	Calculate length	
	LA RØ,L'MSGMASK	Maximum accepted	
	CR RØ,R1		
	BL MSGL6ØØ	Too long	
	BCTR R1,Ø	Prepare to EXecute	
	EX R1,MSGLMVC	Move mask	
	TM MSGOPTS,MSGCASE	NoCase option?	
	BZ MSGL1ØØ		
	EX R1,MSGLTR	Yes, translate mask to uppercase	
MSGL1ØØ	LA RØ,MSGMASK+1(R1)	End address	
	ST RØ,MSGMASKE	Store	
	B MSGGOOD		
	SPACE		
MSGL5ØØ	MSG ØØ92	Missing Locate value	
	B MSGBAD		
	SPACE		
MSGL6ØØ	MSG ØØ94	Locate Mask too long	
	B MSGBAD		
	SPACE		
MSGLMVC	MVC MSGMASK(*-*),Ø(R6)	Move mask	
MSGLTR	TR MSGMASK(*-*),CSCUPP	Translate to uppercase	
	DROP R5,R2		
	SPACE		
MSG9ØØ	L R14,CFGCSV14		
	BR R14		
	DROP R9		
	SPACE 3		

```

* Options MSG MSGNOH
*
OPTIONS EQU *           OPTIONS Define Global processing options
    USING OPTIONS,R9
    ST R14,CFGCSV14
    LA RØ,OPTTABLE          Address options table
    GO CSCSCN               Scan option
    BNZ OPT500               Nothing found, need at least one
OPT100  LTR R15,R15      Check for valid option
    BZ OPT600               Not valid
    GO , Execute processing routine
OPT200  LA RØ,OPTTABLE   Address options table again
    GO CSCSCN               Scan next option
    BZ OPT100               Found it, process it
    B OPT900               Nothing left, all done
    SPACE
OPTM    EQU *           MSG MSGNOH options
    MVC CSCMSGC,SCANUPP     Move it
    BR R14
    SPACE
OPTP    EQU *           PRINT option
    OI CSCFLG01,MSGPRINT   Set Print option
    BR R14
    SPACE
OPT500  MSG 0050         Missing operand
    B OPT900
    SPACE
OPT600  MSG 0054         Invalid operand
    B OPT200               Check all operands
    SPACE
OPT900  L R14,CFGCSV14
    BR R14
    DROP R9
    SPACE 3
*
* Prefix k User-id Class nn Attributes
*
PREFIX EQU *           PREFIX Build Prefix Table
    USING PREFIX,R9
    USING PFXSECT,R1        PFX Prefix Table
    ST R14,CFGCSV14
    SR RØ,RØ               No table to look up
    GO CSCSCN               Get prefix
    BNZ PREF400              Not there
    LA RØ,1                 Check prefix length
    CR RØ,R1
    BNE PREF500             Not one, invalid
    MVC CFGPREF,SCANUPP     Save prefix for now
    SR RØ,RØ
    GO CSCSCN               Get User-id

```

	BNZ	PREF600	Not there, display message
	LA	RØ,8	Maximum length for user-id
	CR	RØ,R1	
	BL	PREF610	Too long
	MVC	CFGUSER,SCANUPP	Save User-id
	MVI	CFGATTR,X'ØØ'	Clear attribute byte
	MVI	CFGCLASS,X'ØØ'	Clear class byte
PREF1ØØ	LA	RØ,PFXTABLE	Address options table
	GO	CSCSCN	Search for class
	BNZ	PREF3ØØ	Nothing, done
	LTR	R15,R15	Only class for now
	BZ	PREF2ØØ	No good, try EDS attributes
	SR	RØ,RØ	
	GO	CSCSCN	Get class number
	BNZ	PREF7ØØ	Class value is missing
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Make sure it is numeric
	BNZ	PREF71Ø	Non-numeric class
	LA	RØ,PFXCLMIN	Compare with minimum
	CR	RØ,R2	
	BH	PREF72Ø	Out of valid range
	LA	RØ,PFXCLMAX	Compare with maximum
	CR	RØ,R2	
	BL	PREF72Ø	
	LA	RØ,1	Set last bit of RØ
	SR	R1,R1	Clear R1
	SRDL	RØ,Ø(R2)	Set correct bit of R1
	STC	R1,CFGCLASS	Save class for now
	B	PREF1ØØ	Keep on scanning statement
	SPACE		
PREF2ØØ	LA	RØ,EDSTABLE	Address table to search
	GO	CSCSCNSC	
	LTR	R15,R15	Is it valid?
	BZ	PREF8ØØ	No, display error message
	IC	RØ,CFGATTR	Get attribute byte
	OR	RØ,R15	Merge new attribute
	STC	RØ,CFGATTR	Store it back
	B	PREF1ØØ	Check all attributes
	SPACE		
PREF3ØØ	LA	RØ,PFXSIZE	Prefix table entry length
	LINK	OBTAIN	Allocate storage
	L	R2,PFXPTR	Add it to list
	ST	R1,PFXPTR	Make it first entry
	ST	R2,PFXFWD	Chain it with previous first
	MVC	PFXPREF,CFGPREF	Move Prefix
	MVC	PFXATTR,CFGATTR	Move Attribute
	MVC	PFXCLASS,CFGCLASS	Move Class
	MVC	PFXUSER,CFGUSER	Move User-id
	B	PREF9ØØ	Done
	SPACE		

```

PREF400 MSG 0050 Missing prefix
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF500 MVC 2(L'DOTS,R6),DOTS Prefix not one byte long
          MSG 0100
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF600 LA   R6,CFGPREF Missing user-id
          MSG 0101
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF610 MSG 0053 User-id is too long
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF700 MSG 0102 Class value is missing
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF710 MSG 0051 Non-numeric class
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF720 MSG 0103 Class is out of valid range
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF800 L   R2,SCANLEN Invalid attribute
          MSG 0051
          B PREF900
          SPACE
PREF900 L   R14,CFGCSV14
          BR  R14
          DROP R9,R1
          SPACE 3
*   Remote node resource
*
REMOTE EQU * REMOTE Define Remote Resource name
        USING REMOTE,R9
        ST  R14,CFGCSV14
        BAS R14,ADDRSRCE Add entry to RND Table
        BNZ REM900 Something went wrong
        BAS R14,VALRSRCE Validate entry created
        BNZ REM900 Something went wrong
        LR   R2,R1 Save RND entry address
        LA   R0,RNDBUFSZ Length of Send/Receive buffers
        LINK OBTAINP Allocate Send buffer
        ST   R1,RNDSBUFF-RNDSECT(,R2) Save Send buffer address
        LA   R0,RNDBUFSZ
        LINK OBTAINP Allocate Receive buffer
        ST   R1,RNDRBUFF-RNDSECT(,R2) Save Receive buffer address
        OI   CFGOPTS,CFGRMTE Set option
        B    REM900

```

```

        SPACE
REM900  L    R14,CFGCSV14
        BR    R14
        DROP   R9
        SPACE  3
* RTE
* Route  name   node1 user1   node2 user2...
*
ROUTE   EQU   *
        USING ROUTE,R9
        USING RTESECT,R5
        ST    R14,CFGCSV14
        SR    RØ,RØ          No table to look up
        GO    CSCSCN         Get Route name
        BNZ   ROUT6ØØ        Nothing found, display error
        LA    RØ,8            Check user length
        CR    RØ,R1
        BL    ROUT7ØØ        Too long, display error message
        MVC   CFGNAME,SCANUPP Save name for now
        SR    R4,R4           Counter for Node / User pairs
ROUT1ØØ  SR    RØ,RØ
        GO    CSCSCN         Get Node name
        BNZ   ROUTGOOD        Not found
        LA    RØ,8            Maximum node length is 8 bytes
        CR    RØ,R1
        BL    ROUT7ØØ        Too long, bad news
        MVC   CFGNODE,SCANUPP Save Node name
        SR    RØ,RØ
        GO    CSCSCN         Get User name
        BNZ   ROUT8ØØ        Not found, node without user
        LA    RØ,8            Check user length
        CR    RØ,R1
        BL    ROUT7ØØ        Too long, display error message
        MVC   CFGUSER,SCANUPP Save user name
        LA    R4,1(,R4)       Increment counter
        L     R1,RTEPTR      Search Route table
ROUT2ØØ  LTR   R5,R1
        BZ    ROUT3ØØ        End of table, allocate new entry
        L     R1,RTEFWD      Address next entry
        CLC   RTENAME,CFGNAME Check name
        BNE   ROUT2ØØ        No good, check next entry
        CLI   RTECNT,RTEMAX  Is entry full?
        BNL   ROUT2ØØ        Yes, check another one
        B     ROUT4ØØ        Add Node / User to this entry
        SPACE
ROUT3ØØ  LA    RØ,RTESIZE Entry length in double words
        LINK  OBTAIN        Allocate entry
        LR    R5,R1           Address new entry
        MVI   RTECNT,X'ØØ'   Current number of Node / User
        MVC   RTENAME,CFGNAME Copy Route name

```

	L	R1,RTEPTR	Add new allocated entry to list
	ST	R5,RTEPTR	Make it the first
	ST	R1,RTEFWD	Chain with old first
ROUT400	SR	R1,R1	Required by next IC
	IC	R1,RTECNT	Number of current Node / Users
	LA	R0,1(,R1)	Increment
	STC	R0,RTECNT	Store new value
	SLL	R1,4	Calculate offset (16 bytes each)
	LA	R1,RTENODE(R1)	Address Node / User pair
	MVC	Ø(L'RTENODE,R1),CFGNODE	Copy Node and User names
	MVC	L'RTENODE(L'RTEUSER,R1),CFGUSER	
	B	ROUT100	
	SPACE		
ROUTGOOD	LTR	R4,R4	Anything found?
	BNZ	ROUT900	Yes, everything is fine
	SPACE		
ROUT600	MSG	ØØ5Ø	No, missing operand
	B	ROUT900	
	SPACE		
ROUT700	MSG	ØØ53	Operand too long
	B	ROUT900	
	SPACE		
ROUT800	MSG	Ø11Ø	Node without corresponding User
*	B	ROUT900	
	SPACE		
ROUT900	L	R14,CFGCSV14	
	BR	R14	
	DROP	R9,R5	
	SPACE	3	
*     TTL			
*     Title     title			
*			
TITLE	EQU	*	TITLE Build Title line
	USING	TITLE,R9	
	ST	R14,CFGCSV14	
	SR	R0,R0	No table to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Address first non blank
	BNZ	TITL800	Nothing found, clear title
	L	R1,CSCBUFFE	Address end of data (title)
TITL100	BCTR	R1,Ø	
	CLI	Ø(R1),C' '	Remove trailing blanks
	BE	TITL100	
	CR	R6,R1	Unnecessary test, anything left?
	BH	TITL800	No, should never happen
	SR	R1,R6	Length of title - 1
	LA	R0,L'CFGTTL-1	Compare with maximum
	CR	R0,R1	
	BNL	TITL200	It is valid
	MSG	Ø12Ø	It is too long, display warning
	LA	R1,L'CFGTTL-1	Truncate title

TITL200	EX	R1,TITLMVC	Move title to work area
	LA	R1,1(,R1)	Get real length
	ST	R1,SCRTTLL	Store it for CSCBLD
	LA	R0,CFGTTL	Address title work area
	ST	R0,SCRTTL	Store it
	B	TITL900	
		SPACE	
TITL800	SR	R0,R0	Nothing found on Title statement
	ST	R0,SCRTTLL	Zero title length field
*	B	TITL900	
		SPACE	
TITL900	L	R14,CFGCSV14	
	BR	R14	
	DROP	R9	
		SPACE	
TITLMVC	MVC	CFGTTL(**-**),0(R6)	Move title to work area
		SPACE 3	
*	USR	User-id	Classes n1 n2 n3 n4 n5 n6...
*	User		
*			
USER	EQU	*	USER Build User Table
	USING	USER,R9	
	USING	USRSECT,R1	
	ST	R14,CFGCSV14	
	SR	R0,R0	No table to look up
	GO	CSCSCN	Get user-id
	BNZ	USER500	Not found, bad news
	LA	R0,8	Check length, maximum is 8
	CR	R0,R1	
	BL	USER600	Too long
	MVC	CFGUSER,SCANUPP	Save user-id
	LA	R0,USRTABLE	Address User Options table
	SR	R4,R4	Clear work register for classes
	GO	CSCSCN	
	BNZ	USER300	Nothing, default is class 00
	LTR	R15,R15	Is it valid
	BZ	USER650	No, display error message
USER100	SR	R0,R0	No more tables to search
	GO	CSCSCN	Get next class
	BNZ	USER300	Nothing, all done
	GO	CSCSCNVN	Check if numeric
	BZ	USER200	
	LA	R0,1	It is not, check if a single **
	CR	R0,R1	Start with length one
	BNZ	USER700	No, display error message
	CLI	SCANUPP,C'*'	Length is good, now the contents
	BNE	USER700	Forget it, it is bad
	X	R4,FFFFFF	Reverse all classes
	B	USER100	Keep validating everything
		SPACE	

USER200	LA R0,32	Check if in the range 01-32
	CR R0,R2	
	BL USER800	No, too high
	LTR R2,R2	
	BNP USER800	Too low
	LA R0,1	Set last bit from R0
	SR R1,R1	Clear R1
	SRDL R0,0(R2)	Now shift to class position
	XR R4,R1	Set or reset class
	B USER100	Get next class
	SPACE	
USER300	LA R0,USRSIZE	USR entry length in double words
	LINK OBTAIN	Allocate storage
	L R2,USRPTR	Get current USR pointer
	ST R1,USRPTR	Store new value
	ST R2,USRFWD	Chain new entry
	ST R4,USRCCLASS	Store classes
	MVC USRNAME,CFGUSER	Move user id
	B USER900	
	SPACE	
USER500	MSG 0050	Missing user-id
	B USER900	
	SPACE	
USER600	MSG 0053	Operand too long
	B USER900	
	SPACE	
USER650	MSG 0051	Invalid option
	B USER900	
	SPACE	
USER700	MSG 0130	Invalid non numeric class
	B USER100	
	SPACE	
USER800	MSG 0131	Invalid out of range class
	B USER100	
	SPACE	
USER900	L R14,CFGCSV14	
	BR R14	
	DROP R9,R1	
	SPACE 3	
	CSCDATA	
	CSCDS (CCH,RDF,CMD,PFX,USR,MSG,RTE,RND,TMR)	
	FSCBD	
	FSTD	
	REGEQU	
	END	

*Editor's note: this article will be continued next month.*

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*Fernando Duarte  
Analyst (Canada)*

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# Displaying ‘pseudo-graphics’ – part 2

*This month we conclude the article to display data with graphics in the same way as on a PC .*

## GRAPH2 EXEC

This is the program to display two Y-axis.

```
/* GRAPH2: display data in graphical format using 2 y-coord.          */
maximum1 = Ø;      /* max. datavalue for Y1                      */
maximum2 = Ø;      /* max. datavalue for Y2                      */
minimum1 = Ø;      /* min. datavalue for Y1                      */
minimum2 = Ø;      /* min. datavalue for Y2                      */
average1 = Ø;      /* average for Y1                           */
average2 = Ø;      /* average for Y2                           */
count1  = Ø;      /* number of values in Y1                     */
count2  = Ø;      /* number of values in Y2                     */
y1ctrl  = '(';    /* Control character for Y1 data (ea=1)     */
y1char  = 'X';    /* Character for Y1 data        (ea=Ø)       */
y2ctrl  = ')';    /* Control character for Y2 data (ea=1)     */
y2char  = '+';    /* Character for Y2 data        (ea=Ø)       */
ovctrl  = '/';    /* Control character for overlay (ea=1)   */
ovchar  = '*';    /* Character for overlay      (ea=Ø)       */
/* does the terminal support extended attributes? yes: ea=1 */
ea = bitand(substr(diag('8C'),1,1), '40'x) = '40'x;
if c2d(substr(diag('8C'),5,2)) < 32
then
do;
iosk = 'PFØ3';
say 'Screen is too small. Must be at least 32 lines.';
signal exit;
end;

*****
* Get data from calling EXEC:                                     *
* X.      data for x-axis                                     *
* Y1.    first data area for y-axis                            *
* Y2.    second data area for y-axis                           *
* Y1TITLE title for first data area                         *
* Y2TITLE title for second data area                         *
* NBR    number of first displayed data item of Y1. and Y2.* *
* CLEAR  CLEAR or NOCLEAR screen before output (IOS327Ø)  *
* TITLE  panel title                                         *
* PF     which key definitions to include from PF IOS327Ø *
* MESSAGE Display this text in the message line             *
```

```

* MAXY1    YES = Use maximum Y1 value of complete stem      *
*          to calculate Y1 axis and not only current page.   *
* MAXY2    YES = Use maximum Y2 value of complete stem      *
*          to calculate Y2 axis and not only current page.   *
* HIGHY1   Highest value to be displayed on the Y1 axis.    *
* HIGHY2   Highest value to be displayed on the Y2 axis.    *
* LOWY1    Lowest value to be displayed on the Y1 axis.     *
* LOWY2    Lowest value to be displayed on the Y2 axis.     *
* ATTRY1   Colour attributes for the Y1 data values        *
* ATTRY2   Colour attributes for the Y2 data values        *
* ATTROV   Colour attributes for overlaying data values   *
* ATTRAY1  Colour attributes for the Y1 average line       *
* ATTRAY2  Colour attributes for the Y2 average line       *
* ALINEY1  'NO' = don't display average line for Y1.      *
* ALINEY2  'NO' = don't display average line for Y2.      *
*****
```

```

'VMFE2E GET X. Y1. Y2. Y1TITLE Y2TITLE NBR CLEAR TITLE PF',
'MESSAGE MAXY1 MAXY2 HIGHY1 HIGHY2 LOWY1 LOWY2',
'ATTRY1 ATTRY2 ATTROV ATTRAY1 ATTRAY2 ALINEY1 ALINEY2';
upper maxy1 maxy2 aliney1 aliney2;
/* Set default or user defined attributes for data values */
if attry1 ~= 'ATTRY1' & attry1 ~= ' '
  then attry1 = '.jx Set Ctl (' attry1;
  else attry1 = '.jx Set Ctl ( Hig=reverse Col=blu';
if attry2 ~= 'ATTRY2' & attry2 ~= ' '
  then attry2 = '.jx Set Ctl )' attry2;
  else attry2 = '.jx Set Ctl ) Hig=reverse Col=yel';
if attrov ~= 'ATTROV' & attrov ~= ' '
  then attrov = '.jx Set Ctl /' attrov;
  else attrov = '.jx Set Ctl / Hig=reverse Col=gre';
if attray1 ~= 'ATTRAY1' & attray1 ~= ' '
  then attray1= '.jx Set Ctl <' attray1;
  else attray1= '.jx Set Ctl < Hig=default Col=blu';
if attray2 ~= 'ATTRAY2' & attray2 ~= ' '
  then attray2= '.jx Set Ctl >' attray2;
  else attray2= '.jx Set Ctl > Hig=default Col=yel';
/* create header line */
if ea
  then
    do;
      header = 'FF'x substr(y1title,1,37);
      if y2title ~= ' ' & y2title ~= 'Y2TITLE'
        then header = header right(strip(y2title),37) 'FF'x;
    end;
  else
    do;
      header = y1char substr(y1title,1,37);
      if y2title ~= ' ' & y2title ~= 'Y2TITLE'
        then header = header right(strip(y2title),37) y2char
```

```

        end;
/* calculate maximum and average values for Y1. */
if maxy1 = 'YES'
then
do;
  from = 1;
  count = y1.Ø;
end;
else
do;
  from = nbr;
  count = 59;
end;
do i = from for count;
  if datatype(y1.i) = 'NUM'
  then
    do;
      maximum1 = max(maximum1,y1.i);
      minimum1 = min(minimum1,y1.i);
      average1 = average1 + y1.i;
      count1 = count1 + 1;
    end;
  end;
/* calculate maximum and average values for Y2. */
if maxy2 = 'YES'
then
do;
  from = 1;
  count = y2.Ø;
end;
else
do;
  from = nbr;
  count = 59;
end;
do i = from for count;
  if datatype(y2.i) = 'NUM'
  then
    do;
      maximum2 = max(maximum2,y2.i);
      minimum2 = min(minimum2,y2.i);
      average2 = average2 + y2.i;
      count2 = count2 + 1;
    end;
  end;
/* Calculate upper and lower limit for the Y1 axis */
if datatype(lowy1) ≠ 'NUM'
  then lowy1 = Ø;
if datatype(highy1) ≠ 'NUM'
  then highy1 = maximum1;

```

```

/* Calculate upper and lower limit for the Y2 axis */
if datatype(lowy2) ~= 'NUM'
  then lowy2 = 0;
if datatype(highy2) ~= 'NUM'
  then highy2 = maximum2;
/* calculate stepwidth for the Y1 axis */
step1 = (highy1-lowy1) / 23;
if count1 > 0
then
  do;
    average1 = average1/count1;
    avgline1 = trunc(average1/step1+.999);
  end;
/* calculate stepwidth for the Y2 axis */
step2 = (highy2-lowy2) / 23;
if count2 > 0
then
  do;
    average2 = average2/count2;
    avgline2 = trunc(average2/step2+.999);
  end;
c. = ' ';
/* draw y-axis and description */ */
/* Y-values <= 99999 are displayed with 2 decimals */
/* Y-values > 99999 are displayed without decimals */
v. = ' |'copies(' ',59)'|';
do i = 1 to 23;
  /* description Y1 axis */
  if highy1 > 99999
    then v.i = format(step1*i+lowy1,8,0)v.i;
    else v.i = format(step1*i+lowy1,5,2)v.i;
  /* description Y2 axis */
  if highy2 > 99999
    then v.i = v.i format(step2*i+lowy2,8,0);
    else v.i = v.i format(step2*i+lowy2,5,2);
end;
/* + on the upper corner of the y1 axis means that */
/* values have been truncated due to highy1.          */
if maximum1 > highy1
then
  do;
    v.23 = overlay('+',v.23,9);
    c.23 = overlay('#',c.23,9);
  end;
/* + on the upper corner of the y2 axis means that */
/* values have been truncated due to highy2.          */
if maximum2 > highy2
then
  do;
    v.23 = overlay('+',v.23,71);

```

```

        c.23 = overlay('#',c.23,71);
    end;
/* draw average line for Y1. */
if averagel > lowy1 & averagel < highy1 & aliney1 != 'NO'
then
do;
    v.avgline1 = overlay('A'repeat('-',58),v.avgline1,10);
    c.avgline1 = overlay(repeat('<',59),c.avgline1,10);
end;
/* draw average line for Y2. */
if average2 > lowy2 & average2 < highy2 & aliney2 != 'NO'
then
do;
    v.avgline2 = overlay(repeat('-',58)'A',v.avgline2,11);
    c.avgline2 = overlay(repeat('>',59),c.avgline2,11);
end;
/* draw Y1 data values */
k = 0;
do i = nbr for 59;
    k = k + 1;
    if datatype(y1.i) = 'NUM' & y1.i > lowy1
    then
        do;
            j = trunc((min(y1.i,highy1)-lowy1)/step1+.999);
            do ii = 1 to j;
                /* Display character or colour */
                if ea
                    then c.ii = overlay(y1ctrl,c.ii,k+10,1);
                    else v.ii = overlay(y1char,v.ii,k+10,1);
            end;
        end;
    end;
/* draw Y2 data values */
k = 0;
do i = nbr for 59;
    k = k + 1;
    if datatype(y2.i) = 'NUM' & y2.i > lowy2
    then
        do;
            j = trunc((min(y2.i,highy2)-lowy2)/step2+.999);
            do ii = 1 to j;
                if (ea = 1 & substr(c.ii,k+10,1) = y1ctrl) |
                    (ea = 0 & substr(v.ii,k+10,1) = y1char)
                    then
                        /* Display overlay character or colour */
                        if ea
                            then c.ii = overlay(ovctrl,c.ii,k+10,1);
                            else v.ii = overlay(ovchar,v.ii,k+10,1);
            end;
        end;
    end;

```

```

        if ea
            then c.ii = overlay(y2ctrl,c.ii,k+10,1);
            else v.ii = overlay(y2char,v.ii,k+10,1);
        end;
    end;
end;
/* draw X axis */
b1 = '           copies('----+',6)'|';
/* + on the lower corner of the y1 axis means that */
/* values have been truncated due to lowy1.          */
if lowy1 > minimum1
then
do;
    v.1 = overlay('+',v.1,9);
    c.1 = overlay('#',c.1,9);
end;
/* + on the lower corner of the y2 axis means that */
/* values have been truncated due to lowy2.          */
if lowy2 > minimum2
then
do;
    v.1 = overlay('+',v.1,71);
    c.1 = overlay('#',c.1,71);
end;
zf1 = nbr+9;
zf2 = nbr+19;
zf3 = nbr+29;
zf4 = nbr+39;
zf5 = nbr+49;
zf6 = nbr+58;
b2 = '           ';
if nbr <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.nbr,7)'   ';
if zf1 <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.zf1,7)'   ';
if zf2 <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.zf2,7)'   ';
if zf3 <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.zf3,7)'   ';
if zf4 <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.zf4,7)'   ';
if zf5 <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.zf5,7)'   ';
if zf6 <= x.0
    then b2 = b2||center(x.zf6,7);
if ea
    then pname = 'GRAPHE';
    else pname = 'GRAPHM';
/* Display panel */
call ios pname '*';

```

```

*****
* Return values to calling EXEC:          *
*   IOSK    pressed key (IOS3270)        *
*   IOSC    Cursor position rrcce      *
*   ZINPUT last entered command in cmdline *
*   CLEAR  NOCLEAR as set by IOS subroutine  *
*****
exit:   'VMFE2E SET IOSK IOSC ZINPUT CLEAR';
return;

*****
* IOS - Show the Panel *
*****
ios:
'NUCXLOAD IOS3270';
parse upper arg i1 i2 .;
wer = userid();
date = date('E');
time = time();
pname = i1
'IOS3270' i1 '( PA2 SUBSET' cursor clear ')'
clear = 'NOCLEAR';
if rc = 1 | rc = 2 | rc = 3 | rc = 5
  then
    do;
      say 'The panel' i1 'is not available.';
      say 'Please press the ENTER key';
      'CP SLEEP';
      exit;
    end;
  cursor = '0001';
  message = ' ';
  if IOSK = 'PF03'
    then
      if i2 = '*'
        then return;
      else signal value strip(i2);
  if IOSK = 'PF01'
    then
      do;
        'IOS3270' i1 'IOSHELP (' clear;
        signal 'IOS';
      end;
    if input = ''
      then return;
    input = strip(input,'T');
    upper input;
    interpret 'input';
    message = 'Returncode' rc 'from' input;
    zinput = input;

```

```
input = '';
signal 'IOS';
```

## GRAPHE IOS3270

Panel for screens with extended attributes.

```
.jx Set Ctl ~ Col=red Typ=unp
.jx Set Ctl # Col=red Typ=(unp skip)
.jx Set Normal Col=blu
.TCJ -
Company Name %&TITLE.
&PNAME
-----%&DATE-&TIME -----
.TC
.&pf
.mcj ????????
.ch26
.&attr1
.&attr2
.&attrv
.&attray1
.&attray2
.cjx set mask
(
)
.&header
.mcj ?
.cjx set mask
.&c.23
.&v.23
.cjx set mask
.&c.22
.&v.22
.cjx set mask
.&c.21
.&v.21
.cjx set mask
.&c.20
.&v.20
.cjx set mask
.&c.19
.&v.19
.cjx set mask
.&c.18
.&v.18
.cjx set mask
.&c.17
.&v.17
```

```
.cjx set mask
.&c.16
.&v.16
.cjx set mask
.&c.15
.&v.15
.cjx set mask
.&c.14
.&v.14
.cjx set mask
.&c.13
.&v.13
.cjx set mask
.&c.12
.&v.12
.cjx set mask
.&c.11
.&v.11
.cjx set mask
.&c.10
.&v.10
.cjx set mask
.&c.9
.&v.9
.cjx set mask
.&c.8
.&v.8
.cjx set mask
.&c.7
.&v.7
.cjx set mask
.&c.6
.&v.6
.cjx set mask
.&c.5
.&v.5
.cjx set mask
.&c.4
.&v.4
.cjx set mask
.&c.3
.&v.3
.cjx set mask
.&c.2
.&v.2
.cjx set mask
.&c.1
.&v.1
.jx Set Ctl ( off
.jx set ctl ) off
```

```

.jx Set Ctl / off
.jx Set Ctl < off
.jx Set Ctl > off
.&b1
.&b2
.v &PZEILE .CL29
.&PZEILE
-----&WER-----
.CH3
&MESSAGE
.CN
==>-75&INPUT

```

## GRAPHM IOS3270

Panel for screens without extended attributes.

```

.TCJ
Company Name      %&TITLE.
&PNAME
-----%&DATE-&TIME -----
.TC
.&pf
.mcj      :
.&header
.&v.23
.&v.22
.&v.21
.&v.20
.&v.19
.&v.18
.&v.17
.&v.16
.&v.15
.&v.14
.&v.13
.&v.12
.&v.11
.&v.10
.&v.9
.&v.8
.&v.7
.&v.6
.&v.5
.&v.4
.&v.3
.&v.2
.&v.1
.&b1

```

```

.&b2
.v &PZEILE .CL29
.&PZEILE
-----&WER-----
.CH3
&MESSAGE
.CN
==>-75&INPUT

```

## PF IOS3270

### Definition of PF keys.

```

*****
* DEFINITION OF PF-KEYS: *
* PF3 = END, PF7 = PREVIOUS PAGE, PF8 = NEXT PAGE *
*****
;EONLY
.YBHC % % QUIT
PF1= 2= 3=END 4= 5= 6= 7= 8= 9= 10= 11= 12=
;EFIRST
.YBHC % % QUIT % % % <
PF1= 2= 3=END 4= 5= 6= 7= 8=NXT 9= 10= 11= 12=
;EMIDDLE
.YBHC % % QUIT % % < <
PF1= 2= 3=END 4= 5= 6= 7=PRV 8=NXT 9= 10= 11= 12=
;ELAST
.YBHC % % QUIT % % <
PF1= 2= 3=END 4= 5= 6= 7=PRV 8= 9= 10= 11= 12=
;EEND

```

*Thomas Rupp  
Vorarlberger Illwerke AG (Austria)*

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Why not share your expertise and earn money at the same time? *VM Update* is looking for REXX EXECs, macros, program code, etc, that experienced VMers have written to make their life, or the lives of their users, easier. We will publish it (after vetting by our expert panel) and send you a cheque when the article is published. Articles can be of any length and can be sent or e-mailed to Robert Burgess at any of the addresses shown on page 2. Why not call now for a free copy of our *Notes for contributors*?

# VM news

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IBM has announced Release 3 of DITTO/ESA, its storage media and data maintenance utility solution for the VM, VSE, and MVS environments. Enhancements include additional tape support, more POWER spool services, and VSE External Security Manager.

For further information contact your local IBM representative.

\* \* \*

Sterling Software has announced enhancements to its VM:Webgateway for Web-enabling mainframe applications, with new releases of each of the VM:Webgateway components.

New features of VM:Webgateway Web server Release 2.2 include expired password handling, SSL client certificate support, and mediomap support.

The new version also creates an accounting record that documents resource consumption for access to the legacy application via a browser. Any accounting package can process this record and include it for tracking the use of Web site resources.

There is also enhanced publishing tool support, allowing the Webmaster to use desktop publishing tools to manage content. BFS support enables Webmasters to publish content, including facilities such as FrontPage themes and wizards, which must reside in BFS.

VM:Webgateway CGI Extension Release 1.3 includes extended attribute support and

new chapters of the tutorial, providing step-by-step instructions on Web-enhancing a full-screen application.

VM:Webgateway OfficeVision Interface Release 1.4 includes enhancements to the management of nicknames and distribution lists, the display of Internet message headers, and the faster display of a user's inbox. There is also a 3270-like OV/VM interface, enabling a user to work with all of OV/VM through a 3270-like interface, using a browser.

For further information contact:  
Sterling Software, 1800 Alexander Bell Drive, Reston, VA 22091, USA.

Tel: (703) 264 8000.

Sterling Software, 64 London Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 5AS, UK.

Tel: (0118) 975 0055.

URL: <http://www.vm.sterling.com>.

\* \* \*

Microsoft has announced Exchange Connector for OfficeVision/VM, providing a messaging connection between Microsoft Exchange and IBM OfficeVision/VM and PROFS. In addition, the connector also supports sending both files and notes to Exchange from CMS.

For further information contact:  
Microsoft, One Microsoft Way, Redmond, WA 98052-6399, USA.

Tel: (206) 882 8080.

Microsoft, Microsoft Place, Winnersh Triangle, Wokingham, Berks, RG11 5TP, UK.

Tel: (01734) 270001.