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- (1) Program Number (to be filled in by SPLA) ..... 360D-04.4.012
- (2) System Type (machine) ..... S/360, S/370
- (3) Search Key ..... TSO ANALYSIS  
System measurement  
Time sharing Performance  
Simulation
- (4) Programming Language ..... PL/I, FORTRAN, BNL
- (5) Author's Name and Address ..... B.J. DiMarzio  
Bell Telephone Laboratories Inc.
- (6) Direct Inquiries to Name and Address ..... Technical Assistance  
(if different than Author) Not Currently Available
- (7) Title of Program ..... TSO Performance Analysis Routines
- (8) Submitter's Installation Membership Code..... BT
- (9) Submitter's Own Program Identification and Suffix(Optional)....
- (10) Primary Subject Code.....
- (11) Operating or Monitor System Required 360/OS MVT/TSO/TCAM 40
- (12) New or Revision Code (if revision, show prior Program Number in Item 1).. R
- (13) Year Completed.....
- (14) Date of Submittal..... 8/29/73
- (15) Documentation (number of original pages submitted)..... 154
- (16) Abstract (should contain sufficient information for a reader to determine the value of the program). Listed on the reverse side of this form are subjects which may serve as a guide for a descriptive abstract.

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### State Transaction Analysis Routine

The following change is suggested for the state transition analysis routine: sometimes TSO, and especially CPS under TSO issues a tput with the hold option (or owait condition) with the first tput.

#### Logical state 5 input cards

<u>OLD STATE</u>	<u>ENTRY CODE</u>	<u>NEW STATE</u>	<u>OUTPUT</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
.	.	.	.	
5	14	9	0	time slice end
5	3	6	0	long wait
5	41	10	0	svc
5	2	11	0	input wait
5	-34	12	0	tput end
5	29	22	1	logoff
add 5	-2	20	0	output wait
.	.	.	.	

#### Two corresponding changes

Also remember to change the first card of input, which is the number of logical states in the model, for the state program and the report histogram program.

B. J. DiMarsico  
Evaluation and Interactive Systems



Bell Laboratories

360 D 04.4.012

TSU PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS ROUTINES  
USERS GUIDE

J. F. MARANZANO  
B. J. DI MARSICO

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TSO ANALYSIS/SYSTEM MEASUREMENT/TIME-SHARING PERFORMANCE/SIMULATION

360D-04.4.012

NOTE: The abstract and documentation for this program is written for two tapes. The two tapes have been combined into one for easier dissemination by the SHARE Program Library Agency (SPLA).

The first portion of the one tape that is disseminated contains the Performance Analysis Routines and it consists of 7 files. The second portion of the tape contains the TSO Terminal Simulator program and it contains 18 files.

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**Bell Laboratories**

subject: Users Guide for the TSO Performance  
Analysis Routines

date: March 21, 1972

from: B. J. Di Marsico  
J. F. Maranzano

MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

A set of programs has been written to analyze trace tapes produced by the TSO (Time Sharing Option of OS) system. The programs are:

1. Time History Plotting Routine
2. Command Measurement Analysis Routine
3. State Transition Analysis Routine
4. Command State Transition Routine
5. Histogram Report Generation

This memorandum describes how one can use each program. It also outlines the design of each program with a description of the structure of the important arrays and their sizes.

The programs are ordered in terms of depth of analysis required; the Time History Plotting Routine provides a good first look, the Command Measurement Analysis Routine yields information about the commands recorded on the tape, and the State Transition Analysis Routine affords a detailed look at the events that make up each time sharing transaction, while the Command State Transition Routine provides a detailed analysis by command type. The Report Generation program is used with the Command State Transition Routine to produce histograms of command timings and with the State Transition Routine to provide histograms of event times and counts (e.g., response time, number of swaps, think time).

---

\* Tools for Evaluation and Maintenance of the Time Share  
Option of OS/360/370; [REDACTED]

Since all of these programs use the TSO trace tape, a brief description of its format is appropriate.

## SECTION 0

### TSO TRACE TAPE FORMAT

A TSO trace facility has been provided by IBM to allow the installation user to monitor the running of his TSO system. The trace facility may be turned on and off at selected periods to monitor important events and prevent undue recording overhead.

The trace tape (illustrated in Fig. 1) is started with a 3-word header containing the number of 3-word entries in each record, followed by a set of "normal entries", and ended with a trailer record containing the date of recording. Occasionally a "lost data" record is found on the tape that contains the number of 3-word entries lost because of a slow recording rate.

The most common entry on the trace tape, the normal entry, contains the time sharing job internal identification (TJID), an entry code indicating the cause of the event, a word of flags to further subdivide certain entry codes and the time of day recorded in timer units (26.04  $\mu$ sec per timer unit). Three of the normal entries are immediately followed by additional entries containing data that did not fit into the initial three words. These events are:

1. Command entries that are followed by the command name,
2. Logon entries that are followed by the USERID, and
3. FE serviceability entries that are followed by a variable number of 3-word groups of diagnostic data.

The normal entry codes are listed in Fig. 2 along with their meaning. Some of the more useful ones are described below.

Entry code 0 is recorded at the beginning and at the ending of each command. The difference of beginning and ending times is a measure of the response of the command.

Entry code 2 is recorded when the TJID is waiting for terminal I/O. When entry code 2 is followed by entry

code 34, it indicates completion of terminal I/O, and the difference in time is an indication of the think time of the TSO user. Since entry code 2 also indicates the number of free buffers available for terminal I/O, it is used to adjust the TCAM buffer parameters for optimal core usage.

Entry code 3 indicates that a TJID is waiting for an event other than I/O to complete before proceeding. Examples of this condition, later described as "long wait", are: WTOR, STIMER, ENQ, and WAIT macro executions.

Entry code 4 indicates that a swapped-out user is ready to run while entry codes 12 thru 19 mark the preparation for swapping, swapping, and restoring of the user after swapping.

Entry codes 41 and 42 occur in pairs and indicate that the time sharing user has lost control of the CPU because of a SVC. By counting the occurrences of these entry code pairs, the number of transient SVC's used by a particular TJID can be established. A full list of the entries codes appears in Fig. 2.

## SECTION 1

### TIME HISTORY PLOTTING ROUTINE

The Time History Plotting Routine displays the trace tape entry codes defined in the previous section in columns across the page (one column per active user). Each event is time stamped with the elapsed time (seconds.msec) since the start of the tape. The maximum number of columns (the maximum number of active users) that can be displayed is 23. The right most two columns on each page record the total number of users waiting on the ready queue. A typical page of Time History Plot Output is shown in Fig. 3.

An explanation of each possible event that can be displayed for an active user is described below:

#### A. Events on Time History Plot (Alphabetical Order)

##### a. END ASM

The end of the command (or subcommand) ASM has occurred (entry code 0)

##### b. END G 21

Signals that a TGET end of 21 characters has been completed. (TGET end means that a terminal read has been satisfied).

c. END P 7

Signals that a TPUT end of 7 characters has been completed. (TPUT end means that a terminal write has been satisfied).

d. ENQ

A enqueue wait condition (entry code 45) has occurred; the users' program is a candidate for swapping out.

e. IN

The user's program has been swapped into the foreground region. This entry signals the end of the swap-in function (entry code 17).

f. IWAIT

The user's program has gone into an input wait condition because a TGET was issued and the data was not present in the TCAM buffers. The user is either typing or thinking; his program is eligible for swap-out.

g. LOGON Z5A

Userid Z5A has logged on (entry code 25) and has been assigned the time sharing internal job identification (TJID) associated with the column in which the word LOGON appears.

h. OUT

The user's program has been swapped out of the foreground region. This entry signals the beginning of the swap-out function (entry code 14).

i. OWAIT

The user's program has gone into an output wait condition because the number of buffers depleted from the buffer pool for this user has exceeded the installation defined limit (OWAITHI). The user's program is swapped out until the number of buffers still assigned him reaches the installation defined low water mark (OWAITLO).

j. READY

The user has satisfied a waiting condition and his program is placed on a ready queue. The number of users on the ready queue is printed at the right most edge of the listing.

k. SVC 21

Twenty-one loads of transient SVCs' have occurred since the last entry code of any other type. This entry is a count of the trace tape entry code 41, 42 pairs.

m. T.S.

The user's program has exceeded a time slice value and is a candidate for swapping.

B. CONTROL CARDS

The program is written in Fortran and prints the entire tape. Therefore, the only cards necessary are the JCL to invoke the program, an FT10F001 ddcard to identify the trace tape, and an FT06F001 for printing the results.

An example of the JCL to run this program is shown in Fig. 4.

C. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

The Time History program is written in Fortran. It is capable of processing data events for 23 simultaneous users of the TSO system. The restriction of 23 users is to provide readability; the starting location of each unique user (TJID) is separated by 5 characters.

The program reads and decodes each TS trace tape entry into (1) the TJID, (2) the entry code (ICODE), and (3) the elapsed time since the start of the tape (TOD). The program uses ICODE as an index into the array REASON to access the eight character reason message to be printed. Similarly the program uses ID as an index into the array IX to access the number of spaces to position the entry on the page. These spaces are then stored into a dynamic format statement, IFMT, from which the time of day, reason, and optionally a name is printed. The name (NAME(1)) is used for LOGON entries, command starts and ends, or to contain a number to be printed for TGET, TPUT, or SVC entries.

Entry Code 1 indicating timeslice end is not associated with an ID. Therefore, the program must remember who is active in the foreground region and assign the timeslice end entry to that ID. If there is more than one foreground region there is no convenient way for the program to associate the timeslice entry correctly with the proper user. An attempt to remember which foreground user was swapped in first only solves the timeslice problem if the installation defines the same minimum timeslice value for all regions. What is needed from IBM or an installation is an associated TJID for Entry Code 1 on the trace tape.

## SECTION II

### COMMAND MEASUREMENT ANALYSIS ROUTINE

The Command Measurement Analysis Routine is used to collect and report the time and/or counts of the following events:

1. Command and subcommand usage
2. Terminal think and response time
3. Timeslice expirations
4. Task Dispatching
5. Swapping
6. Swap failures

The purpose of this routine is to provide load and usage characteristics of the TSO system.

#### A. REPORT FORMAT

The Command Measurement Routine will analyze trace tape data between user defined starting and stopping times. The user also defines those commands which he wants the program to analyze (see Control Cards for Command Measurement Analysis Routine). These user defined commands are placed in the Command Look up Table. Each unique command name is assigned an integer index (starting with one). This is done in order to minimize the storage required to identify a command. The uniqueness of names means that commands like EDIT and E will have the same index.

The program produced a data set of command timing that can be used to produce histograms for each command or sets of commands (e.g., all commands classified as trivial). The data set is made up of 30 two word

integer records. The first word is the index identifying the command, and the second word is the elapsed time of the command in modified timer units ( $M \text{ seconds} = N \text{ timer units} * 52.08/10^{**6}$ ). This data set can be sorted numerically within each index and can be used to either print the list of commands with their elapsed time value, or to produce histograms of each command. Several indices can be combined to produce data for combinations of commands. A word of warning is appropriate here. The elapsed times calculated are from command start to command end. This means that commands like EDIT will include all user think and typing time for subcommands. For commands such as EDIT, this measure is not an accurate portrayal of any response of the system. A better program to use for command response measurement in those cases would be the Command State Transition Routine.

In addition to a data set of command timings, the Command Analysis Routine also produces a set of summary reports that are explained below.

#### 1. Command Usage Statistics

A single report is generated for each unique command defined in the Command Look up Table.

The report contains the command name and three columns of data:

1. The Userid or blank (if the user logged-on before the trace tape was started).
2. The average elapsed time in seconds to process the command.
3. The count of the number of times the command was executed.

An example of four such command reports is shown in Fig. 5.

#### 2. Timer Expiration Analysis

The Timer Expiration Analysis (see Fig. 6) provides counts of the number of timeslice ends, the number of terminal waits (either IWAIT, or OWAIT), and the number of non I/O (long) waits per userid. The number of terminal waits is equivalent to the number of transactions.



If the number of timeslice ends is large compared to the number of terminal waits, then either the installation has chosen an inappropriate value for their timeslice parameter, or the installation's time sharing load contains many long running commands for which corrective action may be warranted. Non I/O wait is defined as waiting for a condition that is not tape or disk I/O (terminal I/O wait is included as a non I/O wait). The difference between the Non I/O Wait Count and Terminal Wait Count gives the number of wait conditions due to enqueueing on a device (ENQ), a write to operator with reply (WTOR), a set timer (STIMER), or a wait macro execution. Since the last three events are seldom used in a time sharing environment, the count gives some measure of the bottleneck caused by enqueueing on resources.

### 3. User Ready Report

The User Ready Report (see Fig. 6) counts the number of times a user is put on a ready queue, and the number of times a restored user has a pending non I/O wait condition. This non I/O Wait is caused because:

1. The TGET or TPUT SVC's are not resident
2. The user has two outstanding wait conditions

If the number of times a restored user has a pending wait condition is high, the installation should consider first making the TGET, TPUT SVC's (IGC0009C, IGC09301, IGC0003C) resident.

### 4. Task Dispatch Report

The Task Dispatch Report (see Fig. 7) gives the number of task switches caused by:

1. Background Tasks
2. System Tasks
3. Time Sharing Tasks
4. Wait State Tasks

The ratio of the number of Time Sharing Tasks to Background Tasks is a gross indication of the number of times that the CPU switches between foreground and background tasks.

Since each task switch generates an entry on the TSO trace tape and since task switching occurs at a high rate (measured on the 370/155 under HASP as 50 per second) these entry codes tend to cause overflowed trace buffers (lost data records). It is possible with a small modification to the trace program to omit processing these entries.

#### 5. Quiesce, Swap Out, Swap In, and Restore Reports

The swapping functions quiesce, swap out, swap in, and restore are presented as separate reports. Each report provides a column for the userid, the average time to perform the function in seconds, and a count of the number of swaps.

The Quiesce function prepares the user for swapping out and to insure that all control blocks, etc. will be correct when the user is returned to the foreground region. This is assured by purging outstanding I/O requests, dequeuing allocation requests, and general housekeeping.

Swap Out is the time to move all bytes of a program and data used by the foreground routine to the swapping device. This time will depend on the number of bytes to be swapped (swapping load), the method of swapping (serial or parallel), but mostly on the device to which the swap is taking place. Once Swap Out is completed the highest priority user on the ready queue will be swapped in. Restore then is the function of re-actuating the user's program at the point where it left off. A sample of these four reports is shown in Fig. 8.

#### 6. Response/Think Time Analysis

The final report (see Fig. 9) provides:

1. The userid
2. Average values for user think and response time in seconds
3. The average number of characters used when issuing terminal I/O
4. The average number of buffers left in the buffer pool at each terminal wait condition.
5. The number of transactions per userid.

The average values for think time and response time gives a cursory look at how the system is performing. (See State Transition Analysis Routine for more detailed examination of system performance.)

The average number of characters used in terminal I/O gives an indication of the value to choose for the TIOC buffer size (BUFSIZE).

The number of buffers left in the pool provides an indication of how the pool is being depleted. Buffer Pool depletion is controlled by the size of the pool (BUFNØ), and the maximum number of buffers each user may remove (OWAITHI). This measurement then provides a handle for choosing BUFNO and OWAITHI.

## B. CONTROL CARDS

The program is written in Fortran and is directed to analyze a certain portion of the TSO trace tape by an input card containing a starting and stopping time. The program also reads the list of user defined commands (Command Dictionary) about which statistics will be summarized.

The trace tape which is read as logical unit ten (10) is processed until the user defined end time is reached or an end of file is encountered. At that point the program analyzes the data and produces the reports.

Report output is printed on the usual Fortran output unit six (6). In addition, each command that is encountered on the tape is listed regardless of whether it is processed or rejected. Those that are processed are also individually written onto logical unit eight (8) for histogram production (see the previous section for the format of the data set).

An example of the control cards and data cards needed to process trace data collected between 12:32 p.m. and 1:20 p.m. on data set DEC31 is shown in Figure 10. The first data card gives the title that will appear on the top line of each report, (in this case the title is the date). Based on the data cards, the program will produce summaries for the ALLOCATE, ASM, CALL, EDIT and TIME commands. The raw data will be written onto an existing data set called HIST DATA on a 2314 disk pack labelled TSWRK1. (see Fig. 10 - note that a blank input card is required.)

### C. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

The Command Measurement Routine is written in Fortran with several assembler language functions for bit manipulation. The important arrays are:

1. Transfer Vector Table (ITV) dimensioned for 20 unique user-ids (each ID requires 20 words). (see Fig. 11)
2. Command Count Table (ICCT) dimensioned for 20 unique user-ids (each ID requires 120 words - 3 words per command). (see Fig. 12)
3. Quiesce, Swap Out, Swap In and Restore Arrays (IQUE, ISWØ, ISWI, IRES respectively) each dimensioned for twenty user-ids (each ID requires 3 words). (see Fig. 13)
4. Response/Think Table (IRESP) dimensioned for twenty user-ids (each ID requires 9 words). (see Fig. 14)
5. Command Dictionary (LØØKUP) dimensioned for 100 command names. (Each command name requires 3 words). (see Fig. 15)

As can be seen from above, the storage required for the arrays is dependent on the maximum number of unique user-ids that the installation expects to LOGON during a test period. For twenty user-ids the storage required for these arrays is:

ITV	20x20 = 400 words = 1600 bytes
ICCT	120x20 = 2400 words = 9600 bytes
Swapp	4*(3x20) = 240 words = 960 bytes
IRESP	9x20 = 180 words = 720 bytes
LØØKUP	100x3 = 300 words = 1200 bytes
	<u>14080 bytes</u>

To increase the number of processed users, an installation should increase the dimension of each of the above arrays, increase the DATA statements that initialize the arrays to zero, and change the variable MAXID to the chosen maximum number of unique user-ids.

To increase the number of commands in the dictionary, an installation should increase the dimension of LØØKUP, increase the zeroing DATA statement, and change MAXUP appropriately (MAXUP = 3 \* maximum number of commands). The format of these arrays is shown in Figs. 11 to 15.

The routine processes all data between the user defined starting and ending times before producing any summary reports. Each entry code is processed by a computed GØTØ statement. Those entry codes to be ignored will cause a branch to statement 80. Each entry code to be tabulated will cause a branch to statement N (where N is equal to the entry code for those entry codes greater than six and is equal to the entry code plus one for those less than or equal to six - e.g., entry code 0 branches to statement 1).

Statement 500 checks for the "end time" condition and branches to statement 1000 on such a condition. Statements 1000 to 9000 produce the summary reports.

The format statements follow a numbering convention for easy maintenance. Each format statement used to produce reports is numbered from 900 to 989. The middle digit is related to the report; whereas the last digit is a code for title (7), subtitle (9), and spacing (8). An example for the timer expiration (report number 2) is shown below:

```
927  FØRMAT(52X, 'TIMER EXPIRATION ANALYSIS')
929  FØRMAT(15X, 'USER-ID', 10X, 'NØ ØF TS ENDS', 10X,
    1  'NØ ØF TERM WAITS', 10X, 'NØ ØF NØN I/O WAITS')
928  FØRMAT(15X, A7, 15X, 17, 15X, 17, 23X, 17)
```

Two exceptions of this convention are: (1) those reports that use a common spacing format statement (Command reports (report 1) uses 958 for spacing, Swap Failures (report 6) uses 928 for spacing), (2) the Swapping reports all have the same format except for page titles which are labelled 957, 956, 955, 954.

Format statements 998, 997, 996, 995 are top of page, single space, double space, and triple space respectively.

### Subroutines

Three subroutines are used by the Command Analysis Routine. GETD is used to read records from the trace tape and deblock them for processing. This subroutine should be changed if records are blocked differently than 2048 bytes.

The function KFUNC is used to match two four byte character strings. The function is negative if the two strings matched and at least one trailing blank existed (e.g., ASM~~4~~), zero if the two strings matched and no trailing blanks (ALLØ), and positive if the match failed, blanks or not. KFUNC is used to determine when a match existed between TSO commands.

The HISTØ subroutine is used to block command data for writing to a disk file. It writes 240 byte records containing 2 word entries. Word one is the command index, and word two is the elapsed time required to process that command in modified Timer Units ( $M \text{ Timer Units} * 52.28/10^{**6} = N \text{ seconds}$ ).

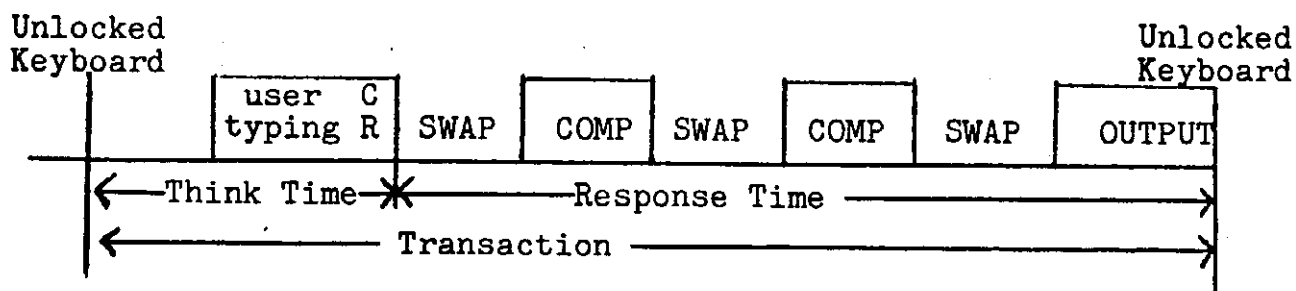
### SECTION III.

#### STATE TRANSITION ANALYSIS ROUTINE

##### A. INTRODUCTION

The State Transition Analysis Routine reads a model of a time sharing transaction and processes each entry code on the TSO trace tape according to this model. The model was first described by Mr. R. McNeill of IBM, but has been expanded to provide more detailed information.

A transaction is defined as the elapsed time between unlocked keyboard commands (e.g., READY). In a simplified form, the transaction can be divided as shown below.



For the evaluation of the TSO system it is necessary to divide the transaction further to measure the critical events and to locate system bottlenecks.

The State Transition Analysis Routine is designed to record timing and count data for each state described in the Decision State Table. This table, therefore, is the model of a Transaction under which data is analyzed. Because the routine operates on the trace tape data as specified by this table, the model can be readily changed (within some initialization restrictions) to allow the user to consider different divisions of a transaction.

As an example of one model of a transaction consider Fig. 16. In this model the different components of the transaction are represented by the states ( $\textcircled{N}$ ), while the trace tape entry codes indicating a transition from one state to another are represented by the vectors connecting the states. Notice that each state has an implied vector back to itself for all entry codes that are to be ignored. Each state is labelled with the reason the transaction has entered that state; for example, time spent in State 6 is the accumulation of all swapping out time due to time slice end. Furthermore, since the transaction is

defined as the elapsed time between "unlocked keyboards", State 2 represents the begin/end state for all transactions except logon and logoff.

Consider the hypothetical transaction described below and illustrated in Fig. 17.

The user has just received a READY message (unlocked keyboard, State 2). The user begins typing a command e.g., TIME) which is stored into buffers in the TCAM message area. The user's program (called so because it resides in the foreground region for this user but may be a system routine, e.g., the command processor) has been swapped out pending completion of the typing. When the user depresses the end-of-line key, an interrupt is generated and the user's program is made ready (State 3). Note that the accumulated time in State 2 is, therefore, the user preparation time (often called Think time). When the user's program reaches the top of the ready queue the program is swapped in (State 4) and execution begins (State 5). In the case of a simple command like TIME, no disk I/O is required and the user's program continues to execute until complete or time slice ended (State 6, State 3, State 4) after which execution continues (State 5).

Once the program has finished executing, output is sent via a TPUT macro to the TCAM buffers. The user's program is not swapped out with the initiation of terminal I/O unless there is a shortage of TCAM buffers. When a shortage occurs, the user is swapped out indicated by a terminal output wait condition (State 11).

In the normal case, however, the user's program completes the output transfer to TCAM buffers and continues executing. In this example the program will then provide the user with another READY message at which point the user is swapped out for terminal input wait (State 12) and the transaction ends.

Two important loops in the model have not yet been discussed. State 10 is entered when the user's program issues a transient SVC and cannot be swapped out until its fetch is successfully completed. Therefore, State 10 provides a count of the number of transient SVC's loads in each transaction.

The other important loop (State 7, 8, 9) in the model occurs when the user's program is put in a wait state because of enqueueing on a device (ENQ), issuing a wait



on timer macro (STIMER), issuing a write to operator with reply macro (WTOR), or issuing a WAIT macro.

Consider the more comprehensive model of Fig. 18. In this model we have separated response time into interactive response (from carriage return to first TPUT) and system response (from carriage return to IWAIT). The system response states are a replication of the interactive portion of the model; the transition from state 5 to state 12 indicates that output has been sent to the terminal (a TPUT end has occurred).

#### B. OUTPUT FORMAT

The output of the State Transition Analysis Routine is a data set that can be processed by the Report Generation program. The output data set (called Transaction Output Array) contains N entries, each of which is associated with a connecting vector leaving a state in the model. Each entry is used to accumulate time and counts of the use of that path from a state and will have the following format:

1. Accumulated elapsed time in modified timer units (1 Timer Unit =  $52.08 \times 10^{-6}$  sec) from entering the state until leaving on this vector (TRANS(N).ACCUM FIXED BINARY(31)).
2. The number of times the state was left on this vector (TRANS(N).COUNT FIXED BINARY(31)).
3. The state that the vector is leaving (TRANS(N).STATE FIXED BINARY(31)).

The time spent in a state is the summation of the times associated with the vectors leaving that State. An example of a Transaction Output Array is shown pictorially in Fig. 19.

The data set is written in variable length records (RECFM=V) and Blocksize of 1204 bytes. The Blocksize is user defined on the JCL.

#### C. CONTROL CARDS

The State Transition Analysis Routine is written in PL/I and reads the TSO trace tape between user defined start and end times. The output of the program is a data set that can be processed by the Report Generation Histogram Routine.

4. A negative entry code is used to distinguish that an entry has two meanings (entry code 2 means IWAIT (+2) and OWAIT (-2)). The negative sign is chosen when word 2 of the three word trace tape entry is negative (high order bit = 1).

A full set of the JCL and data cards (including the decision state table) for the model of Fig. 16 is described in Fig. 20. The JCL indicates that trace data recorded between 11:53 am and 1:20 pm on tape BX1028 with a data set name DEC27 will be processed. The first data card is the number of vectors, the second card is the start and stop time (Hours, Minutes), each subsequent card contains the old state, entry code, new state and output code for the model.

#### D. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

The State Transition Analysis Routine is written in PL/I and has user defined variable size arrays. The structure of the major arrays is shown below.

1. TJID Table - one entry for each unique user-id. The cell OLDSTATE will be the current pointer within the model for each TJID. The initial size of the TJID table was dimensioned for 30 unique id's (controlled by variable MAXID) and is separated into

OLDSTATE	FIXED	BINARY	(15)
LOGIC	FIXED	BINARY	(15)

The variable LOGIC is used for initialization of each TJID. The value of LOGIC indicates how far along the initialization the TJID has proceeded:

- 0 - no initialization
- 1 - an IWAIT has occurred
- 2 - initialization is complete
- 3 - a LOGON has occurred

2. Decision State Table - contains the user defined state model:

ØSTATE	FIXED	BINARY	(15)	old state
ECODE	FIXED	BINARY	(15)	entry code
NSTATE	FIXED	BINARY	(15)	new state
IØCODE	FIXED	BINARY	(15)	output code

A set of these variables exists for each vector in the model.

3. Transaction Output Table is used to collect time or count for each state in the model for each TJID. The format of this table is shown pictorially in Fig. 19. Each entry in the table is formatted as follows:

START    FIXED    BINARY (31) starting time when  
state is entered

ACCUM FIXED BINARY (31) elapsed time in state

COUNT FIXED BINARY (31) the number of times  
the state is entered

STATE FIXED BINARY (31) the state number

The program is independent of the model requested within some initialization restrictions. These restrictions are needed because a trace tape can be started at any time within a TSO work load, and occasionally "lost data" records are encountered meaning that some expected entry code may never occur. The restrictions are:

- (1) that the model start in state 1
- (2) an entry code 30 (LOGON) followed by a READY message (TPUT of 7 characters) causes transfer to state 2, and
- (3) state 2 be defined as the think time state which is initially arrived at from state 1 or by the occurrence of an entry code 2 (IWAIT) followed by an entry code 15 (Swap Out End) Combination.

These restrictions make sure that all transactions start at the same place. The code will skip all trace tape entry codes until one of the initial conditions is reached. For example if a user is in the middle of an ASM Command and the trace tape is started, the ASM command will not be processed by the program but the very next transaction (command) will. After a "lost data" record, all arrays are cleared to zero and an initial condition is again sought.

Although not advisable, the user of the program could bypass these initial conditions by modifying the code starting at the label SEARCH.

## SECTION IV.

### COMMAND STATE TRANSITION ROUTINE

#### 4. INTRODUCTION

The Command State Transition Routine is used to measure the interactive response time of classes of commands. The program uses a model (see Figs. 21 and 22) similar to the State Transition Routine, where the states of the model represent elapsed times for events, and the vectors connecting the states are trace tape entry codes.

Commands are separated into one of seven classifications each of which is assigned a pseudo entry code as defined below:

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Pseudo Entry Code</u>
1) Trivial	50
2) Non-Trivial	51
3) Data Dependent	52
4) EDIT	53
5) SAVE	54
6) TEST	55
7) EXEC	56

These classifications are chosen to provide the user with a wide diversification of data and to handle special cases (e.g., the EXEC command processes stored set of commands that can be completed without any user intervention and therefore represent one transaction).

The model works as follows. Think Time is accumulated in state 1. Once a user has typed a command and hit carriage return, he is placed upon a ready queue (State 2). When the user is swapped in, an entry code 0 with the command name is registered on the trace tape. This command name is used by the program to search a installation defined dictionary of commands. Associated with each name in the dictionary is a pseudo entry code. When a command name match is found the pseudo entry code is used in place of entry code 0.

Consider that the user typed a TIME command (classified as trivial in our dictionary, pseudo entry code 50) control in the model would pass to state 50. State 50 would be the elapsed time to process the TIME command and send output to the user since State 50 is exited by terminal I/O (TPUT or IWAIT). The addition of State 50 and State 2 times would be the interactive response time for that command. The transaction would end when a command end entry code (-50) was found. Non-trivial (51) and data dependent (52) commands work similarly.

If the command had been EDIT, control would have passed to State 53. State 53 time would be the elapsed time for the edit processor to fetch the data set under modification and to answer the user. Subsequently, each edit subcommand would cause a loop through States 4, 5, 6, 7. Since State 7 is entered when the user is swapped into the foreground region and is left on a terminal I/O the elapsed time in that state is the summation of the interactive response times for the edit subcommands. A separate loop is used when a SAVE subcommand is encountered (States 55, 10, 11, 12, 13).

The reason for separating the first EDIT answer and SAVE subcommand from the other edit trivial subcommands was that both required data set management (fetch and storing of the user's data set) and therefore are not considered trivial commands. (Looking at our data for these subcommands reinforces this definition since the time to access the data set for EDIT was an order of magnitude larger than the manipulation of the modifications into the temporary work space).

The final loop of importance in the model is to handle the EXEC command. Since EXEC reads a prestored list of commands from the disk and processes them without user intervention, the entire execution is treated as one transaction. Furthermore, since any commands (trivial, nontrivial or data dependent) could be in the prestored list, there is no attempt to classify EXEC as belonging to any set.

#### B. OUTPUT FORMAT

The output of the Command State Transition Analysis Routine is a data set that is used by the Report Generation program to produce histograms of the commands by type; Trivial, Non-Trivial, Data Dependent, EDIT, TEST, EXEC, and SAVE under EDIT. The output data set contains N entries, each of which is associated with a vector in the model. Each entry in this Transaction Output Array is used to accumulate elapsed time in the states of the model and will have the following format:

1. Accumulated elapsed time in modified timer units (One Time Unit =  $52.08 \times 10^{-6}$  sec) for the vector (T(N).ACCUM FIXED BINARY (31)).
2. The number of times that the state was left on this vector (T(N).COUNT FIXED BINARY (31)).

3. The state that the vector is leaving (T(N).STATE  
FIXED BINARY (31)).

The time spent in a state is the summation of the times associated with the vectors leaving that state.

The program also produces a summary report that tallies the average value of the interactive response for each command encountered on the trace tape and also present in the Command Dictionary. This summary gives indications of which commands are the "heavy" command in TSO. It can also be used to verify that the user's choice of a classification for a command is correct. An example of a summary is shown as Fig. 23.

#### C. CONTROL CARDS

The Command State Transition Routine is written in PL/I and will process a TSO trace tape between user defined start and end times. The user also specifies the commands for which analysis is requested, and classifies them as trivial (50), nontrivial (51) and data dependent (52).

In addition, the user defines the model under which the commands will be processed. Because TSO processes commands inconsistently (e.g., some commands generate command end before TPUT end, others generate the codes in the opposite order; some commands end on IWAIT others end on command end) it is suggested that installations use the model given in Fig. 21 as the existing program handles the inconsistencies in command processing.

Figure 24 shows the JCL required to analyze trace data between 8:40 pm and 9:10 pm recorded as data set JAN9.W18D25 on tape BX1029. Notice that the first card (NM) is used to give the number of vectors in the model (N), and the number of commands in the user defined dictionary (M). It is followed by the start and end time card (Hours, Minutes) and then the model. (Each card represents OLD START, pseudo or real entry code, and NEW START.)

#### D. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

The Command State Transition Routine which is written in PL/I calculates the interactive response time of classes of commands. The program contains variable sized externally defined arrays. The first user supplied data card (NM) contains the number of vectors in the model (N) and the number of commands in the dictionary (M) and is used to size the arrays. The first parameter (N) is used to size the Decision State Table (DS), and the Transaction Output Array (T). The second parameter (M) is used to size the command name dictionary array DICT. The structure of these arrays is as follows.

1. The Decision State Table is used to store the model and contains elements for the old state, entry code value, and new state:

OLD	FIXED	BINARY (15)
ECODE	FIXED	BINARY (15)
NEW	FIXED	BINARY (15)

2. The Transaction Output Array is used to store data about each transaction for each USERID. It is two dimensional (N vectors by MAXID ids) and contains elements to save the starting time a state is entered, the accumulated elapsed time that the transaction remained in this state in modified timer units (1 TU =  $52.08 \times 10^{-6}$  secs), the number of times the state was left on a particular vector, and the state number:

START	FIXED	BINARY (31)
ACCUM	FIXED	BINARY (31)
COUNT	FIXED	BINARY (31)
STATE	FIXED	BINARY (31)

3. The command name dictionary is used to contain the user selected command names and user defined categories (trivial 50, non-trivial 51, data dependent 52, EDIT 53, SAVE 54, TEST 55, and EXEC 56) for each name:

NAME	CHAR (12)
ECODE	FIXED BINARY (15)

4. The TJID table is used to keep track of the current position (state) within the model for each TJID. It also is used to describe that initialization has been completed for a particular TJID:

OLD	FIXED	BINARY (15)
LOGIC	FIXED	BINARY (15)

The initialization bits in LOGIC have the following meaning:

0	no initialization
1	command start found - go to State 1
2	Logon found

5. MAXID is used to define the maximum number of TJID's to be processed in each run. It has been initialized to 30 and can be changed by an installation. Increasing MAXID will require additional memory for execution; approximately  $5 \times N$  words per ID (where N is the number of vectors and is defined as 40 for the given model).

## E. RESTRICTIONS

This program is not as flexible as the State Transition Analysis Routine because of anomalies of command handling by TSO. The program assumes that transactions will start and end in State 1. Furthermore, State 2 must be defined as the ready queue time.

The interactive response time is the elapsed time from carriage return to terminal output (TPUT). It is therefore the summation of ready queue time and the execution time (CPU and I/O) to process the command. Since State 2 (the ready queue time) is common to all execution time states (50 thru 56) the time in State 2 is added by the program to the time of the appropriate State. In order to do this the program assumes that state 2 is left on vectors that are triggered by command starts only.

With these several restrictions it is suggested that this model not be changed by the user of the program without a detailed examination of the program listing. The program does assume that certain states have predefined meaning and are connected to other specific states.

## SECTION V.

### HISTOGRAM REPORT GENERATION ROUTINE

The State Transition Analysis Routine and the Command State Transition Analysis Routine produce records of TSO transactions that are summarized by the Histogram Report Generation Routine. Each input record has N entries, one for each vector in the state diagram (see the Section on State Transition Analysis Routine). The entries contain:

1. The number of the state.
2. The accumulated elapsed time (in timer units) for the state.
3. The number of times the state was entered.

The user of the program relates states to events (e.g., Ready Queue time is time from states, 3, 8, 15, 17) and defines the histogram intervals. The program uses this information to produce the histogram picture (see Fig. 25).

## A. REPORT FORMAT

Histograms are a pictorial presentation of data values. The data is slotted into cells to give a presentation



of the distribution of the values. All data values that fit between the lower cell limit and the upper cell limit are assigned to that cell and the count for that cell is increased by one (for example a data value of 6.325 would fit in the cell 6.0 to 6.5).

Histograms for TSO data can be produced for time values (e.g., response time) or for count values (e.g., the number of SVC's). Since the report format is identical for time and count data (the units for time is seconds, count is pure numbers) the explanation below will describe only a time histogram.

The top two lines of the report provide the summarized statistics of the data:

1. Total - accumulated seconds for all occurrences of the event
2. Average - the total seconds divided by the number of transaction ( $\bar{x}$ ).
3. Standard deviation =  $\frac{1}{p-1} \left( \sqrt{\left( \sum_{i=1}^p x_i \right)^2 - \frac{\bar{x}^2}{p}} \right)$

where  $p$  = number of transactions

$x_1$  = accumulated seconds for transaction 1

$\bar{x}$  = average

4. Minimum - smallest elapsed time for any transaction
5. Maximum - largest elapsed time for any transaction

The statistics without overflow line is the same as described above except all data values which exceed the last histogram value are not included (see below for cell specifications).

The FREQUENCY line on the histogram provides the number of transactions that belong in each cell. The summation of these numbers is the total number of transactions processed.

The number of data values in each cell are represented graphically by asterisks (\*). Each asterisk is weighted (e.g., one asterisk equals 4 data values) to provide the maximum display on the page. The left hand side of the picture is labelled with the value of each asterisk.

The two lines at the bottom of the histogram are the cell limits in seconds and the percentage of transactions that fall in each cell.

The cell limit defines the maximum value for that cell; all data less than the cell limit fit into that slot. For example, the data values 5.0 to 5.999 ... fit into the cell labelled 6.0, whereas a data value of 6.0 fits into the cell labelled 7.0.

Each histogram has a underflow and an overflow cell. The underflow contains all data values less than the user defined starting value. For example, if the user defined 1.0 as the starting value, all data values less than 1.0 would be listed in the first cell (labelled 1.0). The overflow cell contains all data values greater than the user defined range. These data values are shown as the last line of asterisks on the histogram and are labelled with the interval one greater than the user defined range. (See Control Cards for Histogram Report Generation).

#### B. CONTROL CARDS

The Histogram program is written in PL/I and processes raw data from a disk data set created by the State Transition and Command State Transition Analysis Routines. The program reads from the data set identified by the TRACEOT ddcard and prints on the SYSPRINT data set. Input cards are read from the SYSIN file.

The first input card contains:

1. the number of vectors in the state diagram (N)
2. the number of histograms to be processed (M)
3. an indicator (0 for State Transition Reporting,  
1 for Command State Transition Reporting)

These values are needed to dimension the arrays for data. Subsequently there are M sets of three cards that specify parameters for each histogram.

Card 1 of the set contains the indication of the type of data (TIME or COUNT) and the title of the histogram.

'TIME' 'ENQUEUE WAIT TIME IN SECONDS - 1/7/72'

'COUNT' 'NUMBER OF ENQUEUE WAITS 1/7/72'

Card 2 of the set contains the number and states to be combined (added) to provide the histogram. As an example of a card 2 consider the calculation of the time on all ready queues which is obtained by adding the data values of states 3, 8, 15, 17. Card 2 would then have the form:

4 3,8,15,17

Card 3 of the set contains the user defined starting value, number of cells and cell interval for the histogram. If the user specified.

0.0,5.0,0.5

on Card 3 the histogram would have 5 cells plus an underflow and an overflow cell; and each cell would have a 1/2 second spacing as shown below:

	under flow							over flow
cell limit	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	

An example of the JCL and data cards required to produce two histograms (one of ready queue time, and one of SVC count) from data produced by the State Transition Routine on data set MODEL is shown in Fig. 26.

#### C. DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

The histogram program is coded in PL/I and designed to be driven from the user defined control cards. The arrays are dimensioned based on the number of histograms to be produced and the amount of data contained in each transaction (both of which are specified by the user.)

The program handles 2000 transactions (about 2 hours of trace data with 25 users) in each pass. The array called TABLE is used to hold the processed data. Each element of TABLE represents a point in a histogram (e.g., one point in the SVC count histogram is the summation of data values for state 10, 18.)

Once 2000 transactions have been processed or the input data set end of file is encountered, the data for each histogram is slotted into cells and the histogram is printed. The 2000 transaction limit can be changed by modifying the variable MAXTRAN; such a modification may require a larger region of memory for program execution.

Indicative messages are printed if errors are encountered. These messages fall into five categories:

1. NO VARIABLES OR DATA - there is no data for the states specified.
2. TOO MUCH DATA - there are more than 2000 transactions for this histogram.
3. ALL DATA UNDERFLOW - all the data values for a histogram are smaller than the user defined lower limit.
4. ALL DATA OVERFLOW - all the data values for a histogram are larger than the user defined upper limit.
5. NO STANDARD DEVIATION - all data values are identical.

#### SECTION VI.

##### TAPE KEY

This section describes how an installation compiles and creates load modules of the programs. All the previous control card sections indicate that the programs are stored on a JØBLIB dataset called TSO; the control cards in this section describe how that data set is built.

An installation should punch out the instream catalog procedure from the first file on the tape (see Fig. 27). This is used rather than starting a reader to the tape because of the differences in acceptable JOB cards at various installations.

The instream catalog procedure is used to:

- (1) create and catalog a TSO source data set (STSO) and a TSO load module data set (named TSO);
- (2) copy the source data from the tape files to the STSO data set;
- (3) assemble, compile, and link edit the programs creating load modules in the data set TSO.

This instream catalog procedure will call the standard IBM compilers and assembler:

1. assembler F
2. PL/I level F
3. Fortran H

The installation user also supplies symbolic parameters for the volume and unit for the source and load module data sets. These parameters are called SVØL, SUNIT, LVØL, LUNIT respectively. A symbolic parameter TUNIT is also used to identify the unit name of an 800 BPI, 9 track drive. The symbolic parameter SCRH defines the unit name of scratch data sets.

As an example, assume that a user wants the source data set on a 2314 with the volume serial number of PERM21, and the load module on a 3330 with the volume serial number of TSWRK, he would then execute the procedure as follows:

```
//      JOB      ...  
    instream procedure cards  
//      EXEC      TSOGEN,SVØL=PERM21,SUNIT=2314,  
//                  LVØL=TSWRK,LUNIT=3330  
/*
```

The default units for SUNIT and LUNIT are 2314, whereas TUNIT defaults to 2400, but the user must supply SVØL and LVØL. The scratch unit (SCRH) default is SYSDA.

A list of the contents of each file on the tape (which is 9 track, 800 BPI) is shown in Figure 27.

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## Tables and Figures

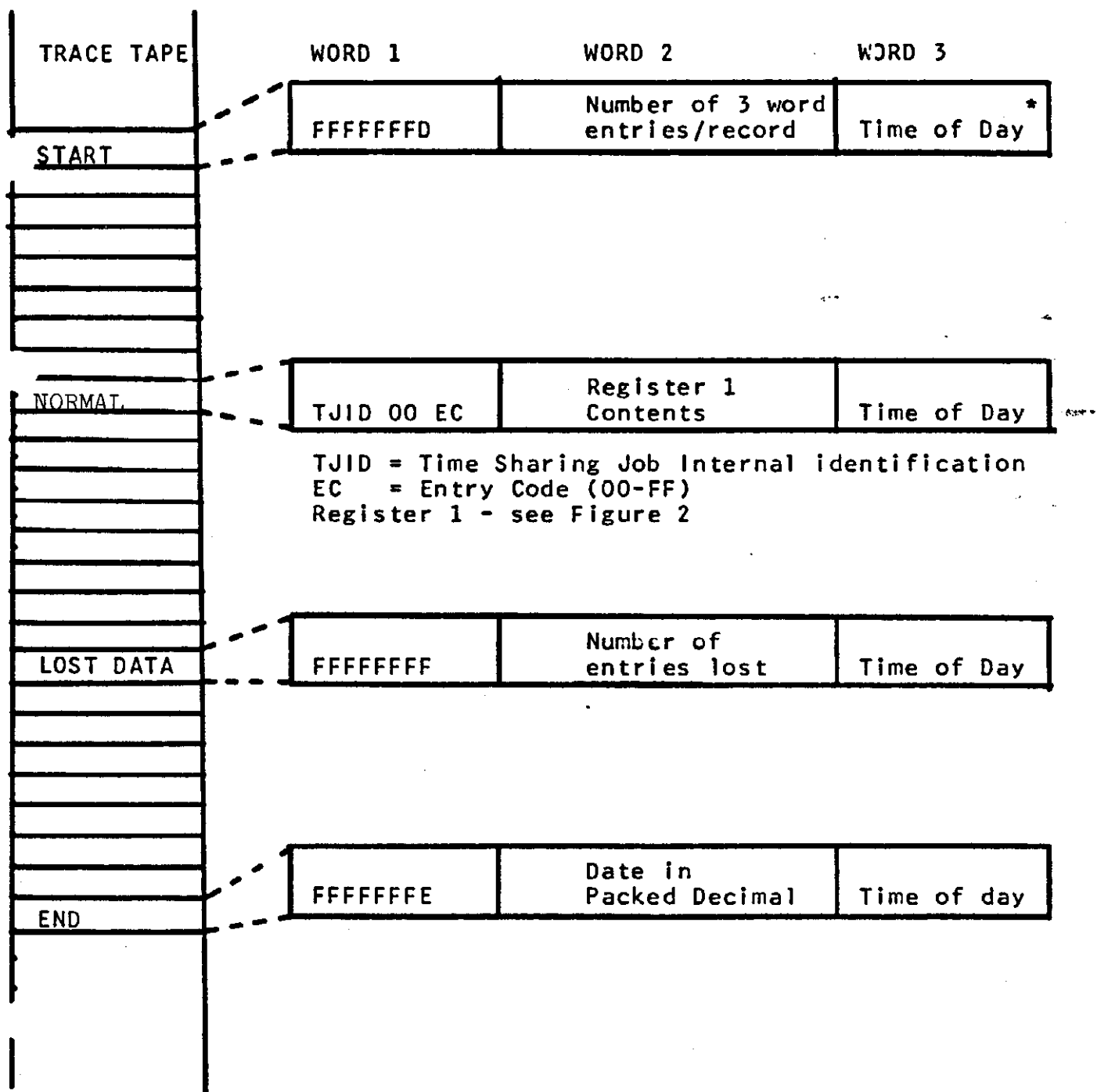


Figure 1: Trace Tape Data Format

<u>Entry Code</u>	<u>Reason for Entry</u>	<u>Register 1</u>
0	Command about to be processed	next entry is name
1	Time slice has expired	
2	User is waiting for terminal I/O. Swap him out.	Bit 0: 0=input 1=output bytes 3,4=# of free buffers
3	User's tasks in non-I/O wait.	
4	Swapped out user ready to run.	
5	Restored user is still in non-I/O wait.	
6	User is setting must complete for owned resources.	Estimated must complete time.
7	User is no longer in must complete status.	
8	A task switch to background task is being dispatched.	
9	A task switch to a system task is being dispatched.	
10	A task switch to a new t.s. task is being dispatched.	
11	A task switch has resulted in a system wait.	
12	Quiesce is started.	
13	Quiesce is complete.	
14	Swap out start.	
15	Swap out complete.	
16	Swap in start.	
17	Swap in complete.	
18	Restore is started.	
19	Restore is complete.	
20-24	Reserved.	
25	Pass Logon Information for accounting purposes.	Next entry is USERID
26	Time of day must be altered.	
27	Specify size region for specific foreground region.	Region number.
28	Reserved.	
29	Logoff, release TJID	
30	Logon, put user into region.	Region id.
31	Obtain region id for size.	Region size.
32	Swap in failed.	Bit 0: 0=logon,1=not logon.
33	Swap out failed.	
34	TGET,TPUT was satisfied.	Bit 0: 0=TGET,1=TPUT
35	Attention interrupt received.	
36	Permanent terminal I/O error.	
37	Logoff, logical disconnect.	
38-39	Reserved.	
40	Region failed.	Region ID.
41	Do not swap out user.	
42	Allow swap out of user.	
43	Logoff, update accounting.	
44	FE diagnostics.	Bits 5-7: n where 2(n+1)
45	User in enqueue wait. Swap him out.	entries follow

Figure2: Entry Code Table

Reference: IBM Manual-C 28 6698- TS0 Option Guide



TIME	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124
1425.36											END P													3
1425.37											IWAIT													3
1425.39											OUT													3
1425.51					IN																			2
1425.80					SVC	7																		2
1425.85					OUT																			2
1425.90																								3
1425.92																								3
1426.00																								2
1426.04																								2
1426.05																								2
1427.30																								2
1427.38																								3
1427.65																								3
1427.95																								3
1427.99																								3
1428.00																								3
1428.02																								3
1428.11																								4
1428.12																								4
1428.13																								3
1428.21																								3
1428.22																								3
1428.23																								3
1428.25																								3
1428.34																								2
1428.50																								3
1428.53																								3
1428.57																								3
1429.47																								4
1429.58																								5
1429.78																								5
1429.79																								5
1429.81																								5
1429.89																								4
1429.90																								4
1429.99																								4
1430.01																								4
1430.01																								4
1430.03																								4
1430.14																								3
1430.15																								3
1430.23																								3
1430.26																								3
1430.34																								3
1430.37																								3
1430.38																								3

Figure 3: Time History Example

```
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=A
//          DCB=(BLKSIZE=2048)
//          DISP=SHR,UNIT=2400,
//FT10F001 DD DSN=DEC28,VOL=SER=BX1020,
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
// EXEC PGM=TIME
//JOBLIB DD DSN=TSO,DISP=SHR
// JOB ...
```

Figure 4: JCL For Time History Plotting

# COMMAND ANALYSIS REPORT

## DELETE

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
FH	67.629	3
VIC	18.140	1

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COMMAND ANALYSIS REPORT

## EDIT

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
IBM	75.456	4
FH	38.361	2
	348.047	3

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COMMAND ANALYSIS REPORT

## EXEC

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
	9.642	1
FH	14.772	1

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COMMAND ANALYSIS REPORT

## FREE

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
VIC	41.664	1

Figure 5: Command Summary Reports

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TIMER EXPIRATION ANALYSIS

SER-ID	NO OF TS ENDS	NO OF TERM WAITS	NO OF NON I/O WAIT
IBM	2	17	23
IBM	1	10	8
FH	8	136	147
VIC	2	24	33

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USER READY REPORT

USER-ID	NO OF USER READIES	NO OF NON I/O USER READIES
IBM	25	14
IBM	11	5
FH	151	113
VIC	33	20

Figure 6: Timer Expiration Analysis & User Ready Report

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TASK DISPATCH REPORT

NO OF BG TASKS	NO OF SYSTEM TASKS	NO OF NEW TS TASKS	NO OF WAIT TASK
59607	71929	10420	74850

Figure 7: Task Dispatch Report

Figure 8: Swapping Functions

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QUIESCCE REPORT

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
	0.019	77
IBM	0.028	41
	0.022	9
IBM	0.042	23
FH	0.020	205
VIC	0.019	48
	0.017	22

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SWAP OUT REPORT

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
	0.145	76
IBM	0.215	41
	0.162	9
IBM	0.210	23
FH	0.136	204
VIC	0.146	48
	0.142	22

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SWAP IN REPORT

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
	0.279	75
IBM	0.354	44
	0.171	10
IBM	0.195	24
FH	0.141	209
VIC	0.160	48
	0.141	22

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RESTORE REPORT

USER-ID	AVERAGE TIME	COUNT
	0.005	75
IBM	0.005	44
	0.006	10
IBM	0.004	24
FH	0.006	209
VIC	0.005	47
	0.005	22

09/28/71 PAGE 19  
RESPONSE/THINK TIME ANALYSIS

USER-ID	AVERAGE THINK	AVERAGE RESPONSE	AVERAGE OUTPUT	COUNT
IBM	18.151	29.477	99.053	28
	10.798	19.826	9.155	9
	21.880	3.193	9.907	2
IBM	5.632	9.110	10.298	4
FH	16.477	4.378	23.002	80
VIC	18.711	12.643	57.852	17
	15.184	2.155	28.341	16

Figure 9: Response/Think Time Analysis

	/*
	12 32 00 13 20 00
BLANK Delimiter CARD	
	TIME
	EDIT
	E
	CALL
	ASM
	ALLØCATE
	ALLØ
	12/31/72
	//FT06FO01 DD *
	//SYSUDUMP DD SYSØUT=A
	// VØL=SER=BXX398,DCB=(BLKSIZE=2048)
	//FT10FO01 DD DSN=DEC31,DISP=SHR,UNIT=2400,
	// VØL= SER=TSWRK1
	//FT08FO01 DD DSN=HIST.DATA,DISP=ØLD,UNIT=2314,
	//FT06FO01 DD SYSØUT=A
	// EXEC PGM=CMAR
	//JØBLIB DD DSN=TSO,DISP=SHR
	// JØB...

Figure 10: Control Cards for Command Measurement Routine



TJID1	W1	W2-3	W4	W5	W6	W7	W8	W9	W10	W11	W12	W13	W14	W15	W16	W17	W18	W19	W20
TJID2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
.																			
.																			
TJIDn	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

The Transfer Vector Table has 20 words for each TJID. The values of the words are as follows:

- |       |                               |        |                            |
|-------|-------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| W1-   | alternate id or zero          | W12-   | pointer to restore table   |
| W2,3- | USERID                        | W13-   | count of terminal errors   |
| W4-   | count of t.s. end             | W14-   | pointer to command table   |
| W5-   | count of terminal waits       | W15-   | count of swap in failures  |
| W6-   | count of non-I/O waits        | W16-   | count of swap out failures |
| W7-   | count of user readies         | W17-   | pointer to response table  |
| W8-   | count of user non I/O readies | W18-20 | reserved for future use    |
| W9-   | pointer to quiesce table      |        |                            |
| W10-  | pointer to swap out table     |        |                            |
| W11-  | pointer to swap in table      |        |                            |

Figure 11: Transfer Vector Table

		word 1	word 2	word 3
Command	1	start value	accumulated diff	count
ICMD	2	"	"	"
	3	"	"	"
	4	"	"	"
	.			
	.			
	.			
	N	"	"	"

A Command Count Table (ICCT) exists for each TJID. Each entry in the table is used to record time and count information for one command. For example, to update the count for the command CALC (ICMD=4) of TJID number 19 the following code is used:

NCCT = ITV (14, 19)      Index to Command Count Table  
for ID<sub>19</sub>

$$ICCT(3, ICMD, NCCT) = ICCT(3, ICMD, NCCT) + 1$$

**Figure 12: Command Count Table**

	word 1	word 2	word 3
TJID	start value	accumulated diff	count
1	"	"	"
2	"	"	"
.			
.			
.			
N	"	"	"

Format of Quiesce table IQUE, Swap Out ISWO, Swap In ISWI,  
restore table IRES

A 3-word entry exists for each TJID. A pointer exists in the  
Transfer Vector Table (ITV) for each table. To access the  
count of Swap Outs of TJID<sub>5</sub> the following code could be used:

```

NSWO = ITV (10, 5)           Index to table for TJID5
ICOUNT = ISWO (3, NSWO)

```

Figure 13: Quiesce, Swap Out, Swap In, Restore Tables

	word 1-2	word 3
WORD 1-3	ACCOUNT	1
4-6	ALLOCATE	2
.	ALLOC	2
.	ASM	3
.	CALC	4
	CALL	5
	CANCEL	6
	COBOL	7
	COB	7
	CONVERT	8
	CON	8
	COPY	9
	DELETE	10
	.	
	.	
	.	
	WAIT	N

Command Lookup Table contains 3 words for each command.

The Command Measurement Analysis Routine uses this table to provide a unique index for each unique Command. The index, called ICMD, is then used to access a cell in the Command Count Table to accumulate time for a command.

Figure 15: Command Lookup Table

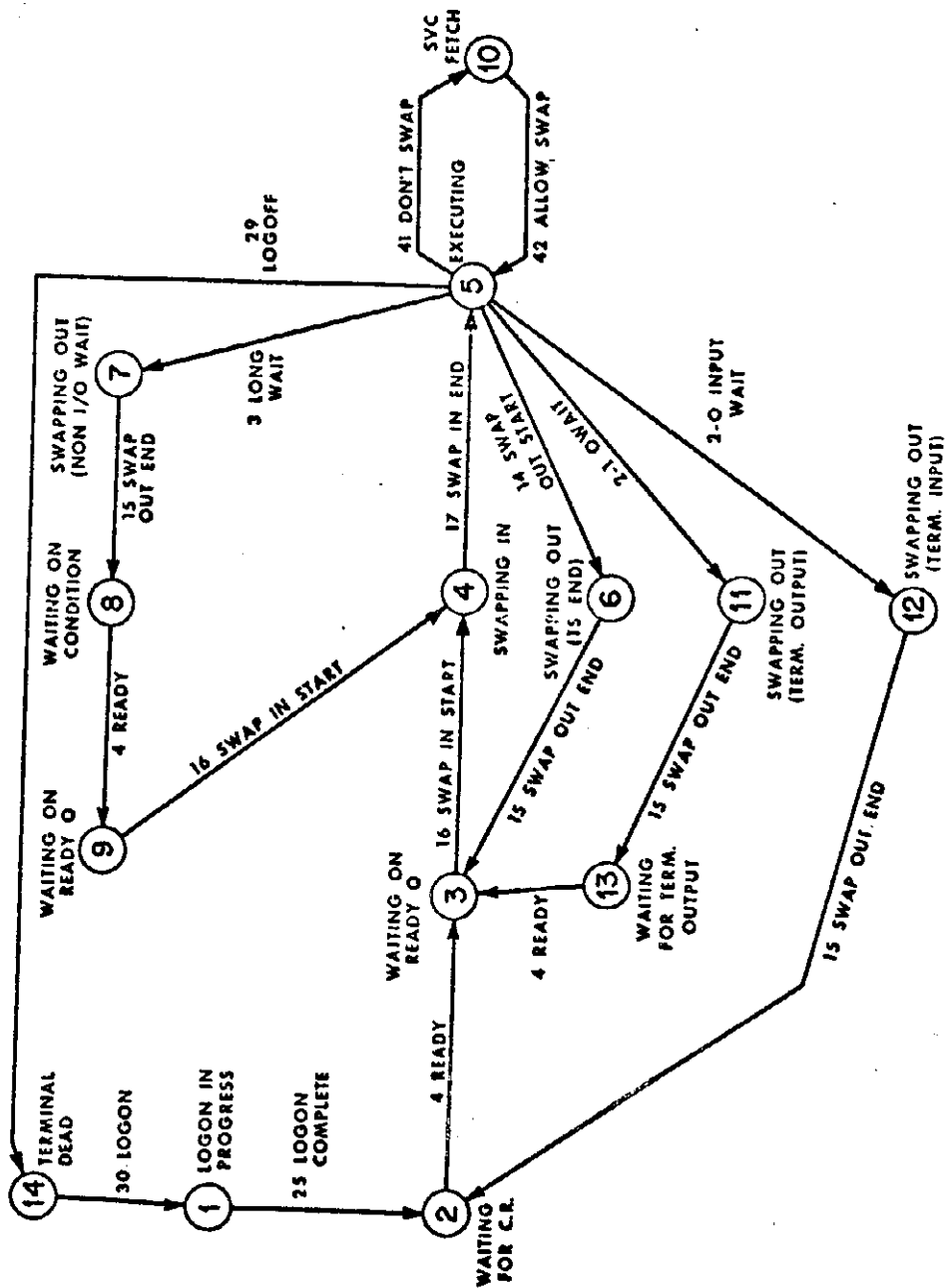


Figure 16: Model of a Transaction

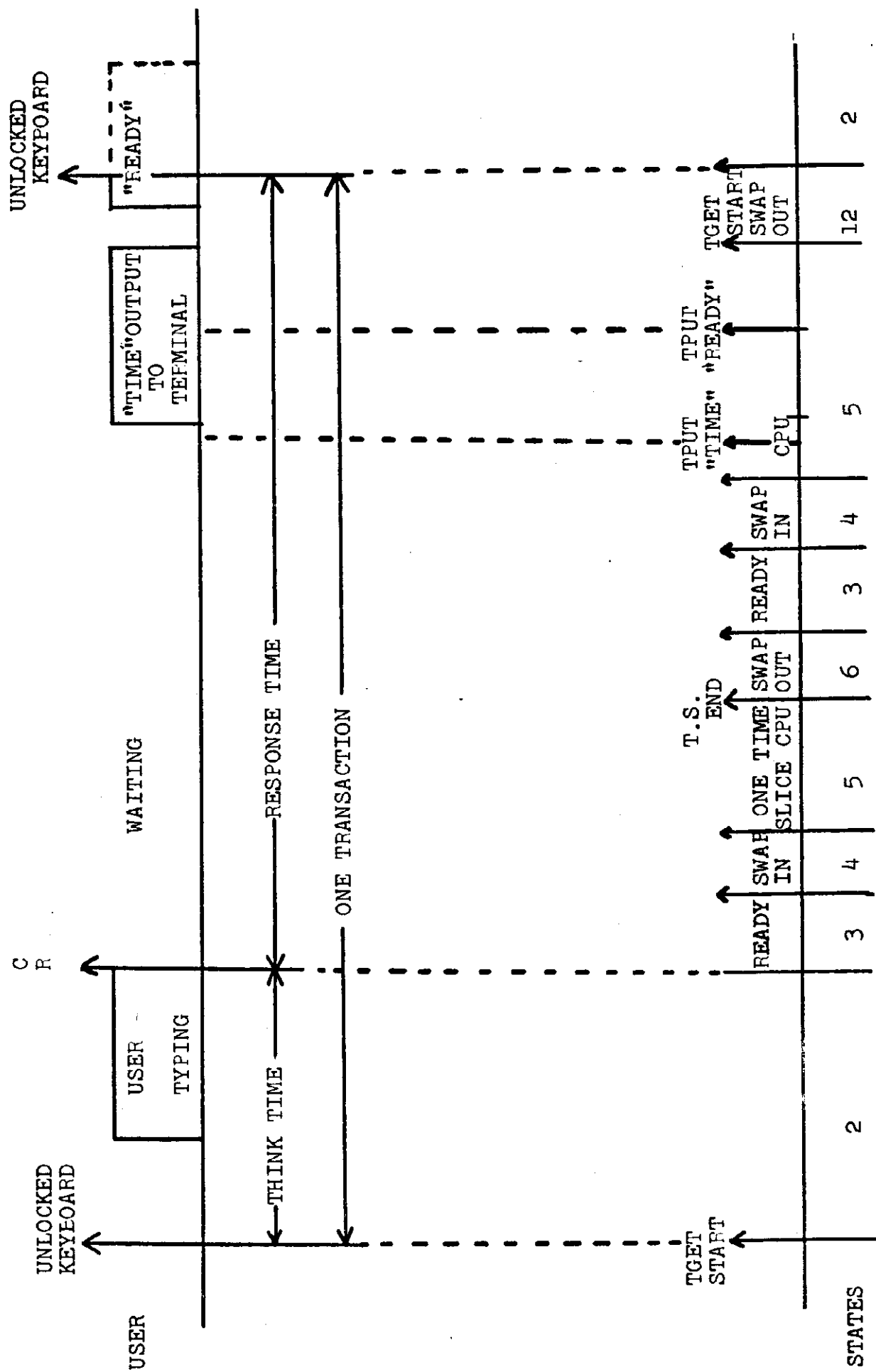


Figure 17: Example of a Transaction



	state	starting time	accumulator	count
TJID1	1	value 1	diff 1	P1
	2	value 2	diff 2	P2
	.			
	.			
	.			
	m	value m	diff m	Pm

Figure 19: Transaction Output Array



Figure 20: Control and Data for  
State Transition  
Analysis Routine

/\*

14 30 1 0

13 4 3 0

12 15 2 1

11 15 13 0

10 42 5 0

9 16 4 0

8 4 9 0

7 15 8 0

6 15 3 0

5 29 14 1

5 14 6 0

5 2 12 0

5 -2 11 0

5 3 7 0

5 41 10 0

4 17 5 0

3 16 4 0

2 4 3 0

1 25 2 0

11 53 13 20

19

//SYSIN DD \*

//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A

// DISP=SHR,DCB=(BLKSIZE=2048)

//TRACEIN DD DSN=DEC27,UNIT=2400,VOL=SER=BX1028,

// VOL=SER=TSWRK1,DCB(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204)

//TRACEOT DD DSN=MODEL,UNIT=2314,DISP=SHR,

// EXEC PGM=STAR

//JOB LIB DD DSN=TS0(STAR),DISP=SHR

// JOB ...

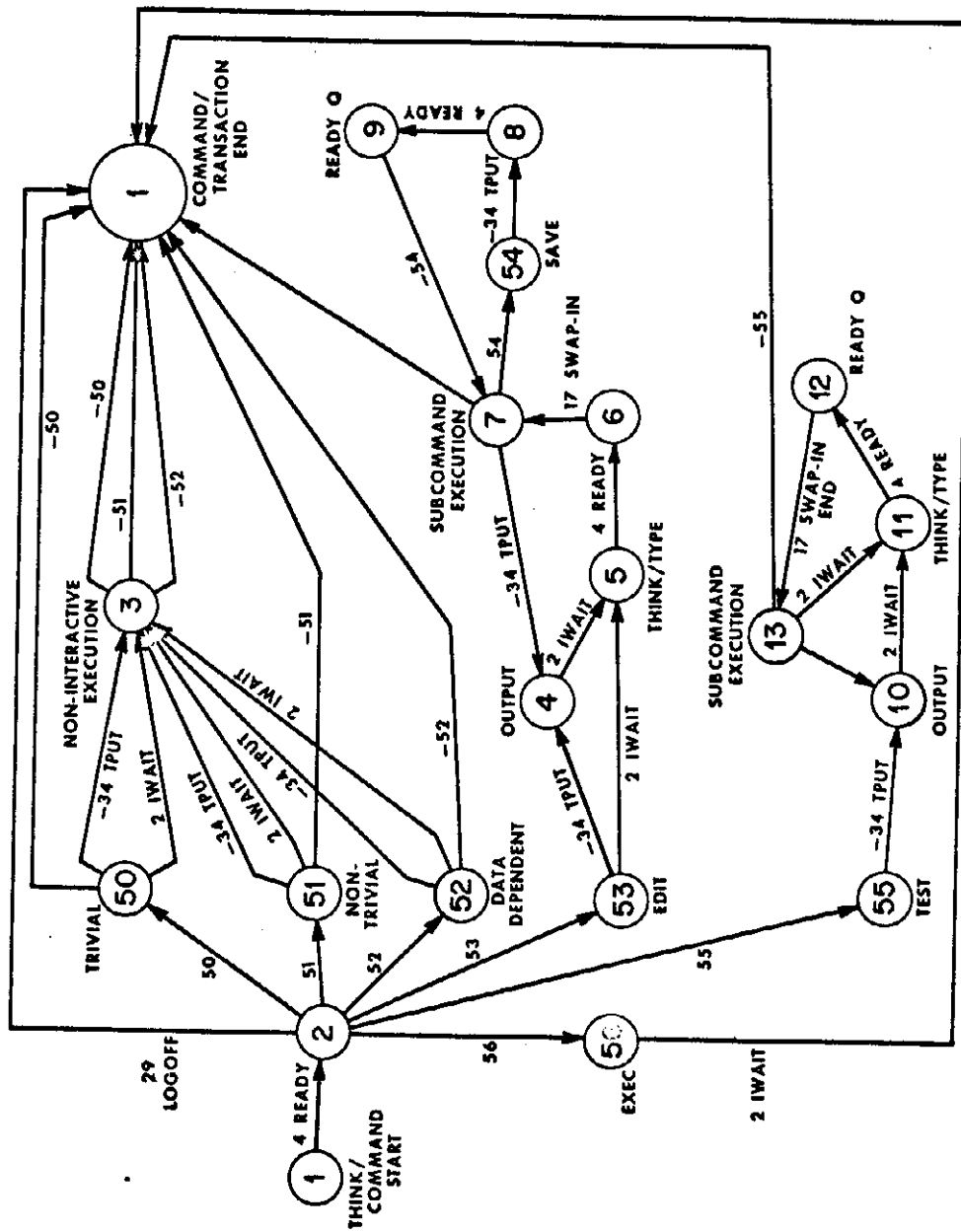


Figure 21: Command State Transition Model

<u>OLD STATE</u>	<u>ENTRY CODE</u>	<u>NEW STATE</u>
1	4	2 Think time
2	50	50 Trivial
2	51	51 Non trivial
2	52	52 Data dependent
2	53	53 EDIT
2	55	55 TEST
2	56	56 EXEC
50	-34	3 Trivial execution
50	2	3
50	-50	1
51	-34	3 Non-trivial execution
51	2	3
51	-51	1
52	-34	3 Data dependent execution
52	2	3
52	-52	1
3	-50	1
3	-51	1
3	-52	1
53	-34	4
53	2	5 EDIT
4	2	5
5	4	6
6	17	7
7	-34	4 EDIT subcommands
7	2	5
7	54	54 SAVE
7	-53	1
54	-34	8 enter for SAVE
8	4	9
9	-54	7 exit for SAVE
55	-34	10 enter for TEST
55	2	11
10	2	11
11	4	12 user ready
12	17	13
13	-34	10 TPUT or IWAIT end subcommand
13	2	11
13	-55	1 exit for EDIT
56	2	1 exit for EXEC

Figure 22: Decision State Table for Command Transaction Model

\*\*\*\*\* SUMMARY \*\*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF VECTORS=	40	NUMBER OF NAMES=	50
TIME FRAME=	19		19
GENERATED TRANSACTIONS=		159	
COMMAND NAME-PSEUDO ENTRY CODE-COUNT-AVERAGE TIME			
ACCCNT	51	0	0.00
ALLCC	51	19	1.05
ALLCCATE	51	0	0.00
ASM	52	8	60.63
CALL	52	9	0.78
CCN	52	0	0.00
CCNVERT	52	0	0.00
CCPY	52	0	0.00
D	51	10	4.57
DELETE	51	15	7.24
E	53	8	19.76
EDIT	53	31	17.28
EX	56	0	0.00
EXEC	56	19	32.37
FCRT	52	2	1.74
FREF	51	2	0.21
H	52	0	0.00
HELP	52	2	0.39
L	52	5	4.45
LIST	52	3	1.39
LISTA	51	0	0.00
LISTALC	51	0	0.00
LISTB	51	0	0.00
LISTBC	51	0	0.00
LISTC	51	0	0.00
LISTCAT	51	1	4.02
LISTC	51	0	0.00
LISTCS	51	2	2.51
LINK	52	16	20.99
LCAD	52	0	0.00
LCADGC	52	0	0.00
OPER	51	0	0.00
OPERATORC	51	0	0.00
PROF	51	0	0.00
PROFILE	51	0	0.00
PRCT	50	0	0.00
PROTECT	50	0	0.00
REN	51	0	0.00
RENAME	51	0	0.00
S	54	0	0.00
SAVE	54	32	1.21
ST	50	0	0.00
STATLS	50	0	0.00
SE	50	0	0.00
SEND	50	1	1.58
TERM	50	0	0.00
TERMINAL	50	0	0.00
TEST	55	2	1.50
TIME	50	1	2.73
USERS	50	2	1.11

Figure 23: Command State Transition Summary

Figure 24: JCL For Command State Transition Routine

```
// JOB      ....
//JOB LIB DD DSN=TSO,DISP=SHR
//MOD EXEC PGM=COMND,TIME=10,REGION=200K
//SYS PRINT DD  SYSOUT=A
//TRACE IN DD UNIT=TAPE9,DISP=OLD,VOL=SER=RX1029,DSN=JAN9.W18D25,
// LABEL=(4,BLP),DCB=(RECFM=VR,BLKSIZE=2048)
//TRACE OUT DD DSN=&MODEL,UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=(,PASS),VOL=SER=WSCR17,
// DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204),SPACE=(CYL,(3,1))
//SYS IN DD *
40 50
20 40 21 10
1 4 2
2 50 50
2 51 51
2 52 52
2 53 53
2 55 55
2 56 56
50 -34 3
50 2 3
50 -50 1
51 -34 3
51 2 3
51 -51 1
52 -34 3
52 2 3
52 -52 1
3 -50 1
3 -51 1
3 -52 1
53 -34 4
53 2 5
4 2 5
5 4 6
6 17 7
7 -34 4
7 2 5
7 54 54
7 -53 1
54 -34 8
8 4 9
9 -54 7
55 -34 10
55 2 11
10 2 11
11 4 12
12 17 13
13 -34 10
13 2 11
13 -55 1
56 2 1
'ACCOUNT' 51
'ALLOC' 51
'ALLOCATE' 51
'ASM' 52
'CALL' 52
'CON' 52
'CONVERT' 52
'COPY' 52
'D' 51
'DELETE' 51
'E' 53
```

```

'EDIT' 53
'EX' 56
'EXEC' 56
'FORT' 52
'FREE' 51
'H' 52
'HFLP' 52
'L' 52
'LIST' 52
'LISTA' 51
'LISTALC' 51
'LISTB' 51
'LISTBC' 51
'LISTC' 51
'LISTCAT' 51
'LISTD' 51
'LISTDS' 51
'LINK' 52
'LOAD' 52
'LOADGO' 52
'OPER' 51
'OPERATOR' 51
'PROF' 51
'PROFILE' 51
'PROT' 50
'PROTECT' 50
'REN' 51
'RENAME' 51
'S' 54
'SAVE' 54
'ST' 50
'STATUS' 50
'SE' 50
'SEND' 50
'TERM' 50
'TERMINAL' 50
'TEST' 55
'TIME' 50
'USERS' 50
/*
//HIST EXEC PGM=REPORT,TIME=5,REGION=200K
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//TRACE DD DSN=&MODEL,UNIT=SYSDA,VOL=SER=WSCR17,DISP=(OLD,DELETE),
//      DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204)
//SYSIN DD *
40 11 1

```

```

'TIME' 'TRIVIAL COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'

```

```

1 50
0.001,18.0,0.5

```

```

'TIME' 'NON-TRIVIAL COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'

```

```

1 51
0.01,18.0,1.0

```

```

'TIME' 'DATA-DEPEND. COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'

```

```

1 52
0.001,10.0,10.0

```

```

'TIME' 'AVG. TIME IN EXEC COMMAND(CLIST)'

```

```

1 56
0.001,14.0,10.0

```

```

'TIME' 'AVERAGE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN EDIT'

```

```

2 6,7
0.01,18.0,1.0

```

```

'TIME' 'TIME FOR EDIT TO RESPOND'

```

```

1 53
0.01,18.0,1.0

```

'TIME' 'AVG. SAVE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE IN EDIT'

1 54

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'SAVE RESPONSE TIME UNDER EDIT'

2 9,54

0.01,14.0,5.0

'TIME' 'ALL TRIVIAL RESPONSE TIMES (INCLUDES EDIT MODE)'

3 6,7,50

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'AVERAGE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN TEST'

2 12,13

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'TIME FOR TEST TO RESPOND'

1 55

0.01,18.0,1.0

/\*

TOTAL = 3044.270 AVERAGE = 4.406 STANDARD DEVIATION = 16.677 MINIMUM = 0.000 MAXIMUM = 195.878  
 TOTAL = 871.577 AVERAGE = 1.341 STANDARD DEVIATION = 1.629 EXCLUDING OVERFLOW

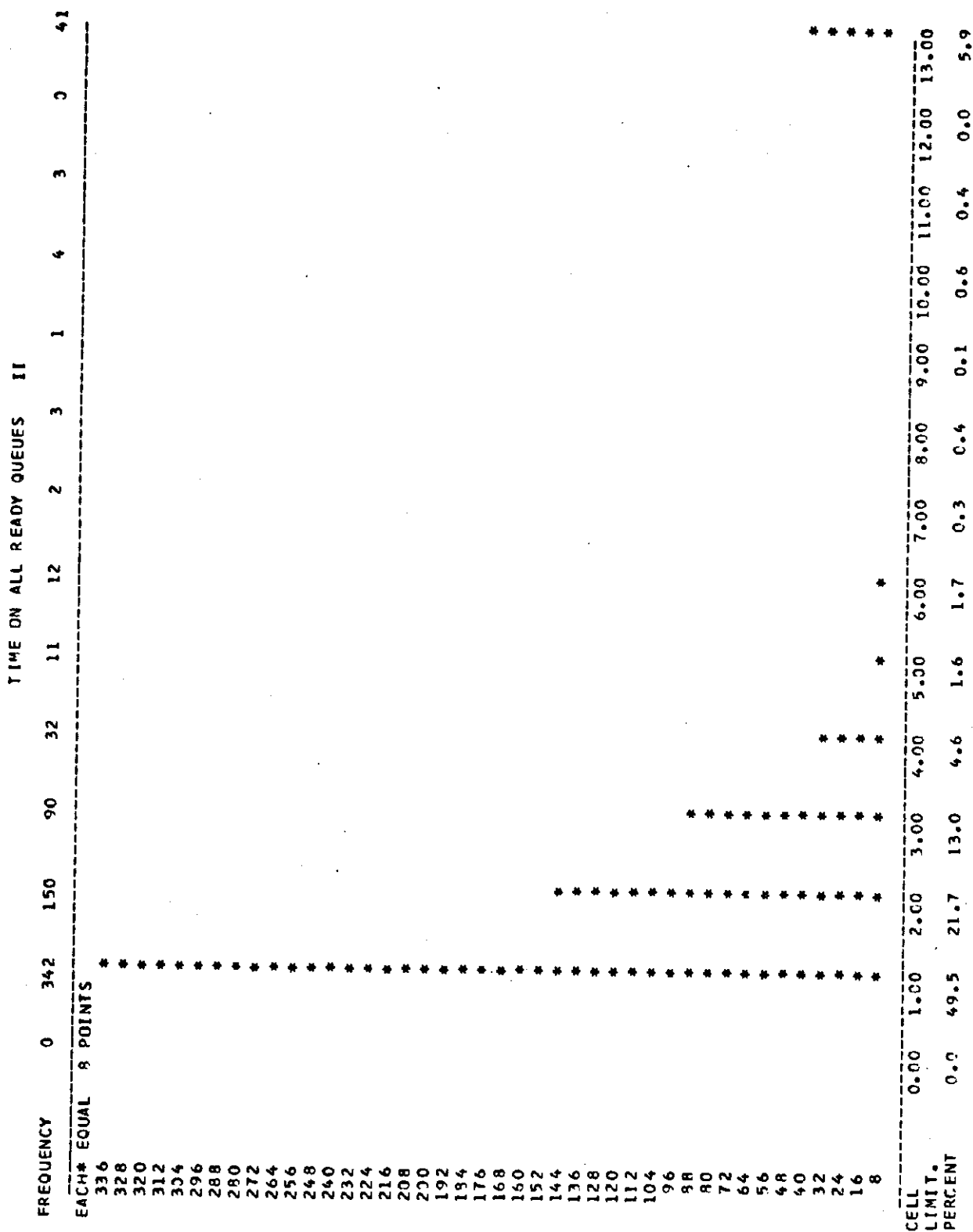


Figure 25: Histogram of Ready Queue Time



```

/*
0.0 14.0 3.0
2 10,18
'COUNT' 'NUMBER OF SVCS'
0.0 18.0 0.25
4 3,8,15,17
'TIME' 'TIME ON ALL READY QUEUES IN SECONDS'
32,2,0
//SYSIN DD *
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
// VOL=SER=TSWRK1,DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204)
//TRACEOT DD DSN=MODEL,UNIT=2314,DISP=SHR,
// EXEC PGM=REPORT
//JOB LIB DD DSN=TS0(REPORT),DISP=SHR
// JOB...
```

Figure 26: Control Cards for Report Generation

TSO  
ANALYSIS  
PGMS TAPE

{ 9 TRACK, 800 BPI  
LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=80  
Non Labelled  
Seven Files

TSOGEN
ASUB
TIME
CMAR
STAR
COMND
REPORT

Catalog Procedure to Build  
Program and Load Files

Assembler Subroutines (Source)  
for Command Measurement Analysis  
Routine

Fortran Source for Time History  
Program

Fortran Source for Command  
Measurement Analysis Routine

PL/I Source for State Transition  
Analysis Routine

PL/I Source for Command State  
Transition Analysis Routine

PL/I Source for Report Generation  
Routine

```
// JOB
//E EXEC PGM=IEBGENER,REGION=160K PUNCH OUT INSTREAM PROCEDURE
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//SYSIN DD DUMMY
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=FILE1,UNIT=2400,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
//          VOL=SER=TSØPGMS,LABEL=(1,NL),
//          DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=80)
//SYSUT2 DD SYSØUT=B
```

Figure 27: Tape Key for Analysis Programs

## APPENDIX A

- I. List of control cards and data cards for the State Transition Analysis Routine (STAR) and Report Generation Routine (REPORT) of the expanded state model shown in Figure 18.
- II. List of control cards and data cards for the Command State Transition Analysis Routine (COMND) and Report Generation Routine (REPORT) for classification of commands by type. (same as Figure 24)

(I)

```
//          JOB          ...
//JOBLIB DD DSN=TOS,DISP=SHR
//MOD EXEC PGM=STAR,TIME=10,REGION=150K
//SYSPRINT DD  SYSOUT=A
//TRACEIN DD UNIT=TAPE9,DISP=OLD,VOL=SER=BX1703,DSN=JAN9.W24
//TRACECT DD DSN=MODEL.BRI,UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=(,PASS),VOL=SER=WSCR10,
//          DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204),SPACE=(CYL,(3,1))
//SYSIN DD  *
32
11 38 12 18
1 -34 2 0
2 4 3 0
3 16 4 0
4 17 5 0
5 14 9 0
5 3 6 0
5 41 10 0
5 2 11 0
5 -34 12 0
5 29 22 1
6 15 7 0
7 4 8 0
8 16 4 0
9 15 3 0
10 42 5 0
11 15 2 1
12 3 13 0
12 14 19 0
12 41 18 0
12 2 11 0
12 -2 20 0
12 29 22 1
13 15 14 0
14 4 15 0
15 16 16 0
16 17 12 0
17 16 16 0
18 42 12 0
19 15 17 0
20 15 21 0
21 4 17 0
22 30 1 0
/*
//HIST EXEC PGM=REPORT,TIME=5,REGION=250K
//SYSPRINT DD  SYSOUT=A
//TRACECT DD DSN=MODEL.BRI,UNIT=SYSDA,VOL=SER=WSCR10,DISP=(OLD,DELETE),
//          DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204)
//SYSIN DD  *
32 16 0
'TIME' 'INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME, OHIO STATE-13.30-15.00'
9 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
0.0,18.0,0.50
'TIME' 'INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME II'
9 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
10.0,12.0,4.0
'TIME' 'SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME IN SECONDS'
19 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21
0.0,14.0,1.00
'TIME' 'SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME IN SECONDS II'
```

(I) - cont'd

```
19 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21
0.0,15.0,4.0
'TIME' 'SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME IN SECONDS' III°
19 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21
60.0,15.0,4.0
'TIME' 'USER THINK TIME IN SECONDS'
1 2
0.0,14.0,5.0
'TIME' 'TOTAL SWAPPING TIME FOR A TRANSACTION- SECONDS'
8 4,6,9,11,13,16,19,20
0.0,18.0,0.05
'TIME' 'TOTAL EXECUTION TIME IN SECONDS'
4 5,10,12,18
0.0,15.0,0.4
'TIME' 'TIME ON ALL READY QUEUES IN SECONDS'
4 3,8,15,17
0.0,18.0,0.25
'TIME' 'TIME ON ALL READY QUEUES II°
4 3,8,15,17
0.0,12.0,1.0
'TIME' 'ENQUEUE WAIT TIME IN SECONDS'
2 7,14
0.0,12.0,1.0
'COUNT' 'NUMBER OF ENQUEUE WAITS'
2 7,14
0.0,12.0,1.0
'COUNT' 'NUMBER OF TIMES ON READY Q = # OF TIMES SWAPPED'
4 3,8,15,17
0.0,14.0,1.0
'COUNT' 'NUMBER OF OUTPUT TERMINAL WAITS'
1 21
0.0,14.0,1.0
'TIME' 'WAIT TIME FOR OUTPUT TO COMPLETE IN SECONDS'
1 21
0.0,14.0,5.0
'COUNT' 'NUMBER OF SVCS'
2 10,14
0.0,14.0,3.0
/*
```

(II)

```
//          JOB      ...
//JOBLINE DD DSN=TOS,DISP=SHR
//MOD EXEC PGM=COMMD,TIME=10,REGION=200K
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//TRACE DD DSN=8VODEL,UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=(,PASS),VOL=SER=WSCR17,
//          DCP=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204),SPACE=(CYL,(3,1))
//SYSIN DD *
40 50
0P 56 10 23
1 4 2
2 50 50
2 51 51
2 52 52
2 53 53
2 55 55
2 56 56
50 -34 4
50 2 3
50 -50 1
51 -34 3
51 2 3
51 -51 1
52 -34 3
52 2 3
52 -52 1
3 -50 1
3 -51 1
3 -52 1
53 -34 4
53 2 5
4 2 5
5 4 6
6 17 7
7 -34 4
7 2 5
7 54 54
7 -53 1
54 -34 4
8 4 9
9 -54 7
55 -34 10
55 2 11
10 2 11
11 4 12
12 17 13
13 -34 10
13 2 11
13 -55 1
56 2 1
'ACCOUNT' 51
'ALLOC' 51
'ALLOCATE' 51
'ASM' 52
'CALL' 52
'CON' 52
'CONVERT' 52
'COPY' 52
'D' 51
'DELETE' 51
```

## (II) - Cont'd

```

'E' 53
'EDIT' 53
'EX' 56
'EXEC' 56
'FORT' 52
'FREE' 51
'H' 52
'HELP' 52
'L' 52
'LIST' 52
'LISTA' 51
'LISTALC' 51
'LISTB' 51
'LISTBC' 51
'LISTC' 51
'LISTCAT' 51
'LISTD' 51
'LISTDS' 51
'LINK' 52
'LOAD' 52
'LOADGO' 52
'OPER' 51
'OPERATOR' 51
'PROF' 51
'PROFILE' 51
'PROT' 50
'PROTECT' 50
'REN' 51
'RENAME' 51
'S' 54
'SAVE' 54
'ST' 50
'STATUS' 50
'SE' 50
'SEND' 50
'TERM' 50
'TERMINAL' 50
'TEST' 55
'TIME' 50
'USERS' 50
/*
//HIST EXEC PG=REPORT,TIME=5,REGION=200K
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//TRACE DD DSN=8MODEL,UNIT=SYSDA,VOL=SER=8SCR17,DISP=(OLD,DELETE),
//      DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204)
//SYSIN DD *
40 11 1
  'TIME'          'TRIVIAL COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'
1 50
0.001,10.0,0.5
  'TIME'          'NON-TRIVIAL COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'
1 51
0.01,10.0,1.0
  'TIME'          'DATA-DEPEND. COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'
1 52
0.001,10.0,10.0
  'TIME'          'AVG. TIME IN EXEC COMMAND(CLIST)'
1 56
0.001,14.0,10.0

```

(II) - Cont'd

'TIME' 'AVERAGE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN EDIT'

2 6.7

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'TIME FOR EDIT TO RESPOND'

1 53

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'AVG. SAVE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE IN EDIT'

1 54

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'SAVE RESPONSE TIME UNDER EDIT'

2 9.54

0.01,14.0,5.0

'TIME' 'ALL TRIVIAL RESPONSE TIMES (INCLUDES EDIT MODE)'

3 6.7,50

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'AVERAGE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN TEST'

2 12.13

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'TIME FOR TEST TO RESPOND'

1 55

0.01,18.0,1.0

/\*



NAME	IKJEA100	IKJEA100
VERIFY	0174	45FOC1B0,952C5003,4770C194, 58105004,43A05004,54A0C69C
REP	0174	41FO194,95085003,4740C1B0, 950B5003,4720C1B0,47FOC194

The second modification is to allow subcommands of EDIT to be included on the trace tape. Applicable to 20.1.

The trace entry is the same as that for a command except that the two high-order bits of register one are B'11' on subcommand start and B'01' on subcommand end. The remainder of the high-order byte of register one is the return code from the subcommand processor on subcommand end. The source module changed is in 360S-UT-506.

- B3 -

```
./      CHANGE NEW=PS,NAME=IKJEBEMA
./      NUMBER INSERT=YES,SEQ1=55200020,NEW1=55201000,INCR=500
*****
***
***      PATCH TO PROVIDE TRACING ON SUBCOMMAND START      ***
***
***      LA      1,X'C0'          SUBCOMMAND START CODE      WVD
***      SLL     1,24            SHIFT TO HI BYTE            WVD
***      OR      1,PTSCMREG       MERGE SUBCOMMAND NAME ADDR  WVD
***      TSEVENT PPMODE          REQUEST A TRACE             WVD
***
***      END OF PATCH TO PROVIDE TRACING ON SUBCOMMAND START ***
***
*****
./      NUMBER INSERT=YES,SEQ1=56000020,NEW1=56001000,INCR=500
***
***      PATCH TO PROVIDE TRACING ON SUBCOMMAND END          ***
***
***      LR      BRNCHREG,15      SAVE RTN CODE              WVD
***      LA      1,X'40'          SUBCOMMAND END CODE        WVD
***      OR      1,15             MERGE RETURN CODE           WVD
***      SLL     1,24            SHIFT TO HI BYTE            WVD
***      OR      1,PTSCMREG       MERGE SUBCOMMAND NAME ADDR  WVD
***      TSEVENT PPMODE          REQUEST A TRACE             WVD
***      LR      15,BRNCHREG      RTN CODE SAVED OVER PATCH   WVD
***
***      END OF PATCH TO PROVIDE TRACING ON SUBCOMMAND END   ***
***
*****
```

The third trace modification provides dummy LOGON entries for all users who are on the system when the trace writer is started. The source module changed is in 360S-CI-555.

```

./      CHANGE NEW=PS,NAME=IKJFATR1
./      DELETE SEQ1=8600,SEQ2=8620
./      NUMBER INSERT=YES,SEQ1=8590,NEW1=8591,INCR=1
*****
***
***      PATCH TO PROVIDE FAKE LOGON TRACE ENTRIES      ***
***
#5      EQU      5                      TJID AND ENTRY CODE      WVD
#4      EQU      4                      SIZE OF A TJB           WVD
#8      EQU      8                      TJB POINTER             WVD
#6      EQU      6                      PTR TO AVAIL SPACE IN BUFFER WVD
#E      EQU      14                     NUMBER OF TJB'S          WVD
#F      EQU      15                     WVD
TJBSTAT EQU      6                      WVD
TJB NJB EQU      X'80'                  "NOT IN USE" FLAG        WVD
TJBUSER EQU      28                     HOME OF USERID        WVD
*
      TIME      TU                      WVD
      L          #F,CVTTSCVT(, @2)      --> TSCVT ( @2 --> CVT)    WVD
      LH         #4,TSCVTSZU(, #F)      SIZE OF A TJB           WVD
      LH         #E,TSCVTNTJ(, #F)      # OF TJBS              WVD
      L          #8,TSCVTTJB(, #F)      --> FIRST TJB         WVD
      L          #F,228(, @3)           TRCBPTR               WVD
      L          #6,TRCNEXT(, #F)       --> AVAIL SPACE IN BUFFER WVD
      LA         #5,0                  WVD
USERLOOP TM      TJBSTAT(#8),TJB NJB    TJB IN USE?            WVD
      BO         NEXTTJB               NO - SKIP            WVD
      SLL        #5,16                 TJID TO LEFT HALF      WVD
      LA         #5,25(, #5)           ADD IN ENTRY CODE      WVD
      ST         #5,0(, #6)            PUT IN BUFFER         WVD
      SRL        #5,16                 RESET TJID             WVD
      ST         @1,4(, #6)            DATE                  WVD
      ST         @0,8(, #6)            AND TIME IN BUFFER    WVD
      MVC        12(8, #6),TJBUSER(#8) USERID TO BUFFER      WVD
      LA         #6,24(, #6)           BUMP BUFFER POINTER    WVD
NEXTTJB LA        #8,0(#4, #8)         BUMP TO NEXT TJB       WVD
      LA         #5,1(, #5)           AND NEXT TJID         WVD
      BCT        #E,USERLOOP           WVD
      ST         #6,TRCNEXT(, #F)      UPDATE TRCNEXT        WVD
***
*****

```

***** SUMMARY *****			
NUMBER OF VECTORS=	40	NUMBER OF NAMES=	50
TIME FRAME=	19		19
GENERATED TRANSACTIONS=		159	
COMMAND NAME-PSEUDO ENTRY CODE-COUNT-AVERAGE TIME			
ACCCNT	51	0	0.00
ALLCC	51	19	1.05
ALCCATE	51	0	0.00
ASM	52	8	60.63
CALL	52	9	0.78
CCN	52	0	0.00
CCNVERT	52	0	0.00
CCPY	52	0	0.00
D	51	10	4.57
DELETE	51	15	7.24
E	53	8	19.76
EDIT	53	31	17.28
EX	56	C	0.00
EXEC	56	19	32.37
FCRT	52	2	1.74
FREF	51	2	0.21
H	52	C	0.00
HELP	52	2	0.39
L	52	5	4.45
LIST	52	3	1.39
LISTA	51	C	0.00
LISTALC	51	C	0.00
LISTB	51	C	0.00
LISTBC	51	C	0.00
LISTC	51	0	0.00
LISTCAT	51	1	4.02
LISTC	51	C	0.00
LISTES	51	2	2.51
LINK	52	16	20.99
LCAD	52	0	0.00
LCADGC	52	0	0.00
OPER	51	C	0.00
OPERATER	51	C	0.00
PROF	51	C	0.00
PROFILE	51	C	0.00
PRCT	50	0	0.00
PROTECT	50	0	0.00
REN	51	0	0.00
RENAME	51	0	0.00
S	54	C	0.00
SAVE	54	32	1.21
ST	50	C	0.00
STATLS	50	C	0.00
SE	50	C	0.00
SEND	50	1	1.58
TERM	50	0	0.00
TERMINAL	50	0	0.00
TEST	55	2	1.50
TIME	50	1	2.73
USERS	50	2	1.11

Figure 23: Command State Transition Summary

Figure 24: JCL For Command State Transition Routine

```
// JOB      ....
//JOB LIB DD DSN=TSU,DISP=SHR
//MOD EXEC PGM=COMND,TIME=10,REGION=200K
//SYSPRINT DD  SYSOUT=A
//TRACEIN DD UNIT=TAPE9,DISP=OLD,VOL=SER=RX1029,DSN=JAN9.W18D25,
//  LABEL=(4,BLP),DCB=(RECFM=VR,BLKSIZE=2048)
//TRACEOUT DD DSN=&MODEL,UNIT=SYSDA,DISP=(,PASS),VOL=SER=WSCR17,
//  DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204),SPACE=(CYL,(3,1))
//SYSIN DD *
40 50
20 40 21 10
1 4 2
2 50 50
2 51 51
2 52 52
2 53 53
2 55 55
2 56 56
50 -34 3
50 2 3
50 -50 1
51 -34 3
51 2 3
51 -51 1
52 -34 3
52 2 3
52 -52 1
3 -50 1
3 -51 1
3 -52 1
53 -34 4
53 2 5
4 2 5
5 4 6
6 17 7
7 -34 4
7 2 5
7 54 54
7 -53 1
54 -34 8
8 4 9
9 -54 7
55 -34 10
55 2 11
10 2 11
11 4 12
12 17 13
13 -34 10
13 2 11
13 -55 1
56 2 1
'ACCOUNT' 51
'ALLOC' 51
'ALLOCATE' 51
'ASM' 52
'CALL' 52
'CON' 52
'CONVERT' 52
'COPY' 52
'D' 51
'DELETE' 51
'E' 53
```

'TIME' 'AVG. SAVE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE IN EDIT'

1 54

0.01,18.0,1.0

---

'TIME' 'SAVE RESPONSE TIME UNDER EDIT'

2 9,54

0.01,14.0,5.0

'TIME' 'ALL TRIVIAL RESPONSE TIMES(INCLUDES EDIT MODE)'

3 6,7,50

0.01,18.0,1.0

---

'TIME' 'AVERAGE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN TEST'

2 12,13

0.01,18.0,1.0

'TIME' 'TIME FOR TEST TO RESPOND'

1 55

0.01,18.0,1.0

---

/\*

---

---

---

## TSO TERMINAL SIMULATOR

### ABSTRACT

The TSO Terminal Simulator is a program that simulates IBM 2741 terminals attached to the Time-Sharing Option of OS/360. It can be used to provide a controlled, repeatable load for performance measurement, testing and tuning of TSO. All measurement of TSO is accomplished through the use of a companion package, the TSTRACE Analysis Routines. Documentation for the Simulator includes an Installation and Operation Guide, a Program Logic Manual, and a listing of the source code.

TSO TERMINAL SIMULATOR

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION GUIDE

BELL LABORATORIES  
Holmdel, New Jersey  
March 1972

W. V. Dietrich



```

'EDIT' 53
'EX' 56
'EXEC' 56
'FORT' 52
'FREE' 51
'H' 52
'HELP' 52
'L' 52
'LIST' 52
'LISTA' 51
'LISTALC' 51
'LISTB' 51
'LISTBC' 51
'LISTC' 51
'LISTCAT' 51
'LISTD' 51
'LISTDS' 51
'LINK' 52
'LOAD' 52
'LOADGO' 52
'OPER' 51
'OPERATOR' 51
'PROF' 51
'PROFILE' 51
'PROT' 50
'PROTECT' 50
'REN' 51
'RENAME' 51
'S' 54
'SAVE' 54
'ST' 50
'STATUS' 50
'SE' 50
'SEND' 50
'TERM' 50
'TERMINAL' 50
'TEST' 55
'TIME' 50
'USERS' 50
/*
//HIST EXEC PGM=REPORT,TIME=5,REGION=200K
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//TRACE DD DSN=&MODEL,UNIT=SYSDA,VOL=SER=WSCR17,DISP=(OLD,DELETE),
//      DCB=(RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=1204)
//SYSIN DD *
40 11 1

```

```

'TIME' 'TRIVIAL COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'
1 50
0.001,18.0,0.5

```

```

'TIME' 'NON-TRIVIAL COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'
1 51
0.01,18.0,1.0

```

```

'TIME' 'DATA-DEPEND. COMMAND INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN SEC.'
1 52
0.001,10.0,10.0

```

```

'TIME' 'AVG. TIME IN EXEC COMMAND(CLIST)'
1 56
0.001,14.0,10.0

```

```

'TIME' 'AVERAGE INTERACTIVE RESPONSE TIME IN EDIT'
2 6,7
0.01,18.0,1.0

```

```

'TIME' 'TIME FOR EDIT TO RESPOND'
1 53
0.01,18.0,1.0

```

# TSO TERMINAL SIMULATOR INSTALLATION AND OPERATION GUIDE

## Introduction

This guide contains information needed to install and operate the TSO Terminal Simulator. It describes the content and format of the applicable files on the distribution tape, discusses the installation of a Type 1 SVC routine that may be required, outlines the Simulator parameters that may be modified before assembly, and discusses OS SYSGEN considerations, execution JCL and REGION requirements. The remainder of the distribution tape contains sample scripts for use with the Simulator. Detailed information about Simulator internals is contained in the TSO Terminal Simulator Program Logic Manual.

Note that the TSTRACE analysis routines can be used without the Simulator to measure a "live" TSO system. The Simulator is intended for use by system programmers to provide a controlled, artificial load for use in measuring and tuning TSO. This document is intended for the system programmer who will install and use the Simulator.

## Distribution Tape

The distribution tape is 9-track, unlabeled, ~~with two files~~. It contains 80-byte records in 1600-byte blocks. File one contains source code for the Simulator and file two contains source code for a Type 1 SVC routine needed by the Simulator to provide the initial zero protect key.

## SVC Routine

If your system has an unused Type 1 entry in SVCTABLE, change the CSECT name of the SVC routine in file two to correspond to the unused SVC number, assemble the SVC routine and link-edit it into the nucleus using the procedure described in the System Programmer's Guide, GC28-6550. For example, if the available number is 248, change the CSECT name from IGC999 to IGC248. The SVC routine, when invoked with register zero equal to zero, returns control to the point where it was invoked with a zero protect key in supervisor state. When

called with register zero negative, it returns with the problem protect key in problem state. If your system already has a user SVC routine that provides the zero-key function (such as the CPS SVC), that SVC may be used instead of the one supplied with the Simulator. A note of caution: once the SVC routine is installed, your system becomes vulnerable to accidental or deliberate destruction due to inappropriate use of protect key zero and supervisor state. This is not usually a problem as long as programmers with a mischievous or destructive streak do not learn the SVC number.

If no unused SVC number is available, the simulator may be run with protect key zero as a system task. Consult an IBM SE for assistance in installing a new system task.

### Assembling the Simulator

There are several installation-dependent parameters which may be changed before assembling the Simulator. The symbol 'USERSVC' should be EQUated to the number of the Type 1 SVC that the Simulator will use to obtain its initial zero protect key. The symbol '#TERM' sets the maximum number of terminals that may be simulated. If more than 24 terminals will be used, the EQU for '#TERM' should be set to the larger value. Up to 63 terminals can be accommodated by the Simulator. The Simulator uses another SVC number for "private" communication with its SVC filter routine. That number is specified as 129 in the EQU for 'SVCNO'. If the number 129 is in use, that EQU should be changed to any other unused number. Note that this SVC number is distinct from and unrelated to the Type 1 SVC discussed in the previous section.

The MACROS LOADCAW and TRCHEND contain MEXIT cards which may be removed to turn on tracing of CCWs and IOBs before and after simulated channel-end. These traces are useful for debugging.

### SYSGEN Considerations

If you are planning a SYSGEN, you may want to make special provisions for the Simulator. First, make sure there is an entry in SVCTABLE for the Type 1 user SVC routine discussed above. Second, you may want to generate additional UCB's so that you can simulate more terminals than are actually available. The Simulator requires a UCB for each port being simulated, but a physical device is not required. They should be generated as '2741P'. If you simulate ports for which no

device is present, you will have to start the Simulator before starting TCAM. Otherwise, the Simulator can be started while TCAM and TSO are running.

### Execution JCL

The REGION size required for running the Simulator can be computed by adding to the basic size of the Simulator (26K), 1K for each terminal being simulated plus a number of 2K blocks sufficient to hold two buffers for each script file. For example, to simulate ten terminals with each script file having a blocksize of 1680, the REGION required would be 26K plus 5K for each port, or a total of 76K.

```
//          EXEC PGM=SIMULATE,REGION=76K,PARM=25
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=BLKSIZE=1320
//IN001    DD DSN=SCRIPT1,DISP=SHR
//IN002    DD DSN=SCRIPT2,DISP=SHR
.
.
.
//IN010    DD DSN=SCRIPT10,DISP=SHR
//SYSIN    DD *
51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59,5A
/*
```

The PARM value on the EXEC card specifies the "think time" in seconds. The think time is the time period during which the simulated terminal keyboard is "unlocked". The default value is 12 seconds. The SYSPRINT DD card must specify a blocksize, and the value must be a multiple of 132. The DD cards named IN001 thru IN010 define the script datasets for the ten simulated terminals. DDNAMEs may continue in sequence through IN063 when more terminals are used. The script datasets can be either fixed (blocked) format with a logical record length of 80 bytes or variable (blocked) with a logical record length of up to 84 bytes. The card following SYSIN is a fixed-format control card that specifies the unit addresses of the ports to be simulated. The addresses must be specified as two-digit hexadecimal numbers starting in column one and separated by single blanks or commas. Up to 24 addresses may be specified on each card. Additional cards have the same format as the first unit address card. The units specified must all be on channel zero. The number of unit addresses specified determines the number of terminals to be simulated on a given run.

If real users are expected to use TSO while the Simulator is running, all of the telephones connected to ports in any TCAM line group containing a simulated port should be made busy. If any port in a given line group is being simulated, the entire line group will be unavailable to real users.

The Simulator must never be cancelled by the operator or by the system for exceeding time or line limits. If it is cancelled, it will not be able to restore the address portion of the Supervisor Call New PSW, and the system will crash as soon as the Simulator's code is overlaid by another job. Instead of cancelling, reply 'stop' to the Simulator's WTOR. After the reply is accepted, the simulator will re-issue the WTOR. The Simulator will normally stop after at most one think-time-interval. If, for some reason, it does not stop, a reply of 'dump' to the outstanding WTOR will terminate it.

### Sample Scripts

The sample scripts supplied on the distribution tape are not proported to be representative of any particular type of TSO load. They do not exercise all of the features of TSO, and they do not necessarily reflect the way Bell Laboratories uses TSO. They are provided merely as a sample of one way the Simulator can be used to load a TSO system.

There are six collections of commands, subcommands, and data (scripts). They are contained in files 3 thru 8 of the distribution tape (format: F(1600,80)). All of the scripts take about the same length of time to execute. They are designed to be "self-cleaning" in the sense that they can be run repeatedly without any intervention.

### Script Composition

Command	Number	Percent
ALLOCATE	60	30
ASM	5	2.5
CALL	5	2.5
COPY	1	0.5
DELETE	11	5.5
EDIT	24	12.0
EXEC	12	6.0
FORT	1	0.5
FREE	52	26.0
HELP	1	0.5
LINK	6	3.0
LIST	6	3.0
LOGOFF	6	3.0
LOGON	6	3.0
TEST	1	0.5
USERS	1	0.5

#### Subcommands of TEST

AT	5
GO	32
LIST	21
OFF	4
Assign value	1

#### Subcommands of EDIT

CHANGE	32
DELETE	7
FIND	15
HELP	2
INPUT	15
INSERT	5
LIST	19
RENUM	2
SAVE	23
TOP	9
UP	10
VERIFY	13
Implicit replace	5

The USERS command is a locally implemented command that lists the USERIDs of all logged-on users. The COPY and LIST commands are Program Products.

Each script has from one to three associated datasets. All except script one reference a dataset named userid.SHAKES.TEXT, which is on file nine of the distribution tape. This is a short EDIT dataset. All of the associated datasets are fixed blocked (1600,80). The association of datasets with scripts is summarized in the following table.

#### Associated Datasets

Script	File#	Dataset Name	File#
1	3	STSOZ1A.COMP.ASM	10
2	4	STSOZ2A.SHAKES.TEXT	9
		STSOZ2A.SCRIPT.FORT	11
		STSOZ2A.ZTIME.ASM	12
3	5	STSOZ3A.SHAKES.TEXT	9
4	6	STSOZ4A.SHAKES.TEXT	9
		STSOZ4A.F01.FORT	13
		STSOZ4A.F04.FORT	14
5	7	STSOZ5A.SHAKES.TEXT	9
		STSOZ5A.P03.PLI	15
		STSOZ5A.SYN.PLI	16
6	8	STSOZ6A.SHAKES.TEXT	9
		STSOZ6A.P04.PLI	17
		STSOZ6A.MUSERS.ASM	18

TSO TERMINAL SIMULATOR

PROGRAM LOGIC MANUAL

BELL LABORATORIES  
Holmdel, New Jersey  
March 1972

W. V. Dietrich



## TSO TERMINAL SIMULATOR PROGRAM LOGIC MANUAL

### Introduction

This manual describes the method of operation of a program that can provide an artificial load for a TSO system by simulating a group of IBM 2741 terminals. Flowcharts for the program are provided in Appendix A. Instructions for using the Simulator are contained in the "TSO Terminal Simulator Installation and Operation Guide".

### Method of Operation

The program simulates remote terminals by intercepting I/O requests from TCAM (Telecommunications Access Method). TCAM issues all I/O requests via EXCP and IOHALT macros. The simulator modifies the address portion of the Supervisor Call New PSW so that it points to the simulator's SVC filter routine. This routine, invoked whenever an SVC instruction is executed, tests for an SVC number of zero (EXCP) or 33 (IOHALT). If the number is one of these, the routine determines whether or not the request pertains to one of the terminals being simulated. If it does, appropriate information is stored in the simulator's tables and the SVC filter routine exits to TCAM. When the SVC is not a TCAM I/O request pertaining to a terminal being simulated, the routine passes control to the OS SVC interrupt handler.

During initialization, the simulator attaches a task that will accept a reply from the operator to terminate the run. It also issues a STAE macro specifying an exit routine that will restore the address portion of the SVC New PSW in case of an ABEND. It then increases its limit and dispatching priorities so that they are higher than TCAM's and reads control cards specifying the unit numbers of the ports to be simulated. It attaches a task (SIMTASK) to simulate the I/O for each of the ports. The main task then enters a loop during which it writes all input and output messages for the simulated ports to SYSPRINT.

The Simulator was implemented using multiple tasks because of the idiosyncracies of TCAM. In the initial implementation, a single task operated for all simulated terminals. Upon

finding an IOB address stored by the SVC filter routine, it would interpret the channel program, moving data as necessary, until a "channel end" condition was encountered. At that point it would store the necessary information in a queue in order to delay the simulation of channel end for an appropriate amount of time, and go on to the next I/O request, if any.

The nature of TCAM's channel programs, however, illustrated a basic inadequacy of this design. For example, when TCAM has data to send to the terminal, it issues an EXCP for a channel program beginning with a WRITE that has the "chained data" and "suppress transfer" bits set and a count of three. The next command is a TRANSFER-IN-CHANNEL that points back to the WRITE. Such a channel program would, of course, cause the simulator to loop endlessly (since it must run at a priority higher than TCAM) unless some special action were taken. It was necessary to suspend execution of that channel program for a short period (0.1 sec) so that TCAM could have a chance to modify the address in the TRANSFER-IN-CHANNEL command to point to a "real" WRITE command that would send the first unit of data. TCAM channel programs are, in general, not complete when they are started, and similar situations occurred in both read and write processing when the simulator would, in effect, get ahead of TCAM, interpreting channel programs that TCAM had not finished building. Since the simulator had to suspend each channel program several times before reaching channel end, meanwhile switching to process channel programs for other ports in order to simulate the parallelism of the multiplexor channel, it became clear that redesigning the simulator so that there would be a separate task for each port would greatly simplify the program logic and would provide a base from which modifications and extensions could more easily be made.

In the current implementation, each of the simulator tasks begins by obtaining and initializing a dynamic storage area and opening the DCB for its script dataset. It looks up the address of the UCB for its port, gets the associated DEB pointer from the RQE specified in the UCB, and effectively removes the link between IOS and TCAM for that terminal by replacing the Appendage Vector Table in the DEB with a list of addresses that point to a 'BR 14' instruction or a 'B 4(14)' in the case of the channel-end and abnormal-end appendages. This is done to prevent an interrupt occurring on the real port from being recognized by TCAM. It then issues an IOHALT on that UCB to terminate the operation that was outstanding from TCAM and disables the line. The SIMTASK also issues a STAE macro specifying an exit routine that will inform the

operator that the SIMTASK has ABENDED and restore the appendage vector table in TCAM's DEB so that TCAM can resume using the line group. It then proceeds to simulate the execution of the channel program specified in the IOB associated with the RQE.

Considering the communication between TCAM and one of its terminals, TCAM is always in one of three states: reading data from the terminal, writing data to the terminal, or monitoring the terminal for an ATTENTION interruption. A read operation completes when the terminal user hits RETURN. The terminal sends a circle-c and locks the keyboard. TCAM then replies with the required circle-d and writes data (if there is any to send) to the terminal. If, when the output data is exhausted, TCAM has not received a request from the foreground region to read the terminal, TCAM initiates a PREPARE command to monitor for ATTENTION. When TCAM receives a request to send output to the terminal, it issues an IOHALT macro to cancel the PREPARE and writes the data to the terminal. If the next request from the foreground region is to get data from the terminal, TCAM sends a circle-c to unlock the keyboard and then issues a PREPARE command to receive the circle-d that the terminal sends back. The PREPARE is chained to a READ-INHIBIT that reads the data from the terminal.

When it is posted by the SVC filter routine due to interception of an EXCP for its port, the SIMTASK begins to simulate the execution of the I/O request by branching to the Start I/O Appendage that was specified in the DEB for the line group. After the Start I/O appendage returns, the SIMTASK decodes the first channel command and branches to the appropriate section of code to prepare to simulate the operation requested. It then invokes the PCI appendage if the PCI flag is set in the CCW and "executes" the channel command. If command or data chaining is indicated, it proceeds similarly with the next CCW unless a short delay is necessary in order to allow TCAM to "catch up".

When a channel end condition is encountered, the SIMTASK copies any output that was sent into a buffer to be printed by the main task and then waits an appropriate length of time before branching to the Channel End appendage. If the operation was a write, the time interval in seconds is computed as 0.08 times the number of characters transmitted. This interval simulates a terminal printing rate of 12.5 characters per second, an average of the 2741 and TTY rates. In the case of a read operation, the interval is a fixed value which is supplied as a parameter to the program. This interval corresponds to the user "think time". After the

Channel End appendage returns, the SIMTASK waits until posted by the SVC filter routine when another EXCP for its port is intercepted.

In order to monitor for ATTENTION when a terminal is locked, TCAM issues a PREPARE command. The SIMTASK keeps track of whether its "terminal" is locked or unlocked. When it encounters a PREPARE and the terminal is locked, it simply waits until posted by the SVC filter routine. TCAM will issue an IOHALT macro to halt the PREPARE before it again writes to the terminal. When it is posted due to interception of the IOHALT, the SIMTASK invokes the Channel End appendage with the IOB completion code set to X'48' instead of the normal X'7F' to indicate that the PREPARE has been halted.

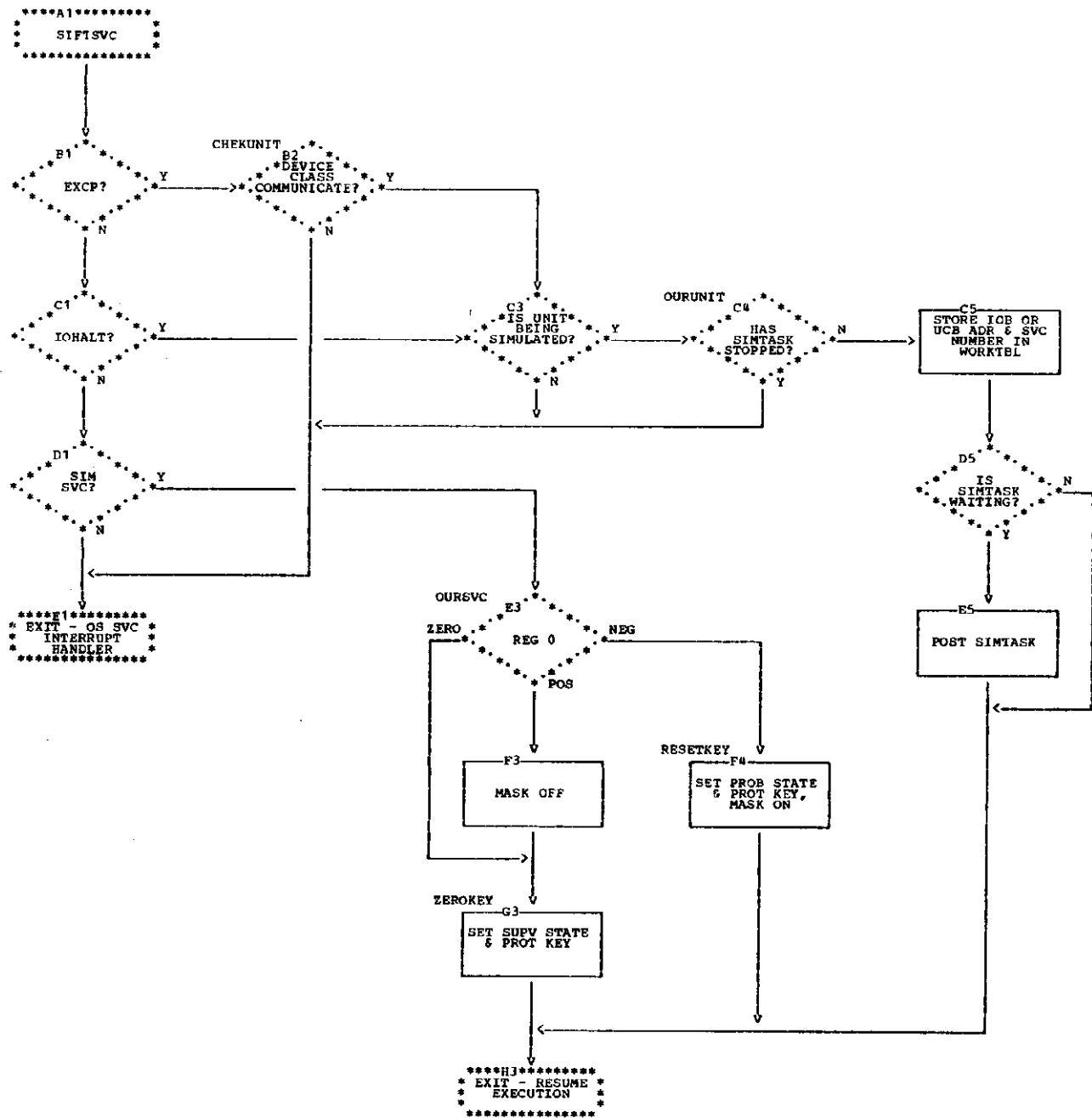
As it is now implemented, the simulator runs as a standard OS job with a non-zero protect key. It obtains a zero protect key initially through an installation-supplied SVC. Subsequently, it uses its own SVC filter routine to shift between problem and supervisor state. To eliminate the need for an initial zero-key SVC, the simulator could be run as a system task.

If real users are expected to use TSO while the simulator is running, all of the phones connected to ports in any TCAM line group containing a simulated port should be made busy. If any port in a given line group is being simulated, the entire line group will be unavailable to real users because the Appendage Vector Table in the DEB will have been modified as described above.

To stop the simulator, the operator should reply 'stop' to the WTOR issued at initialization. The simulator must never be cancelled by the operator or by the system for exceeding time or line limits. If it is cancelled, the simulator will not be able to restore the address portion of the SVC New PSW and the system will stop as soon as the simulator's code is overlaid by another job. To avoid problems in systems where HASP, ASP, or any other programs that modify the SVC New PSW are running, all such programs should be terminated in the inverse order of that in which they were started. Specifically, in a HASP environment, the simulator should be started last and stopped first. After receiving the 'stop' reply, the operator communication task will re-issue the WTOR. If, for some reason, the simulator does not stop, a reply of 'dump' will terminate it.

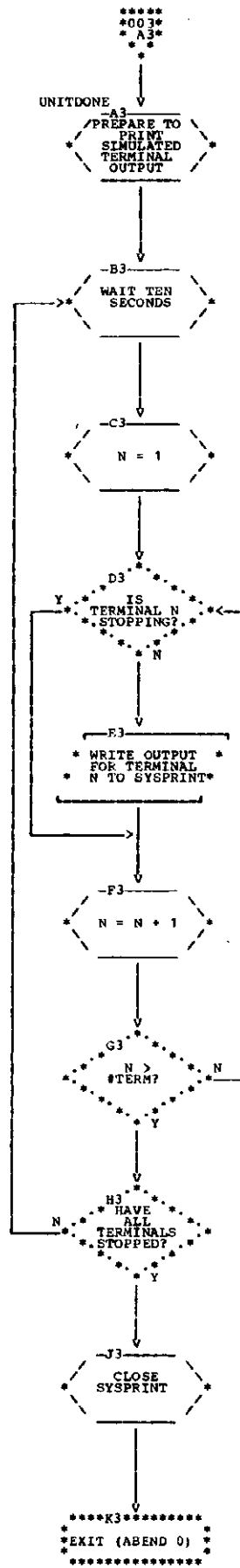
Although the simulator has been tested only with TCAM and a simple BTAM program, the simulation technique is general and

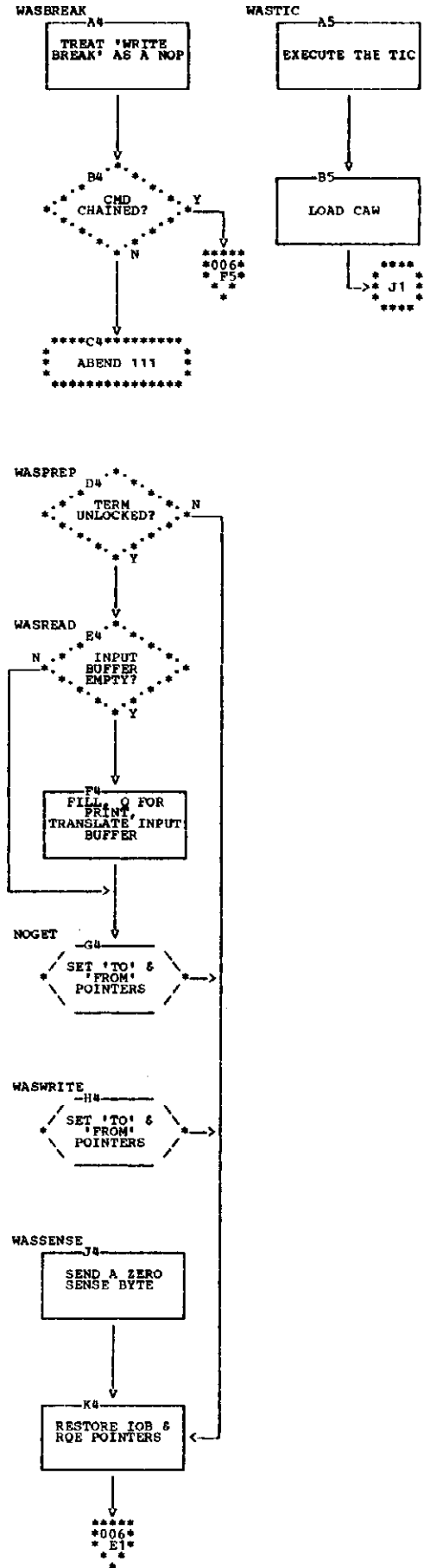
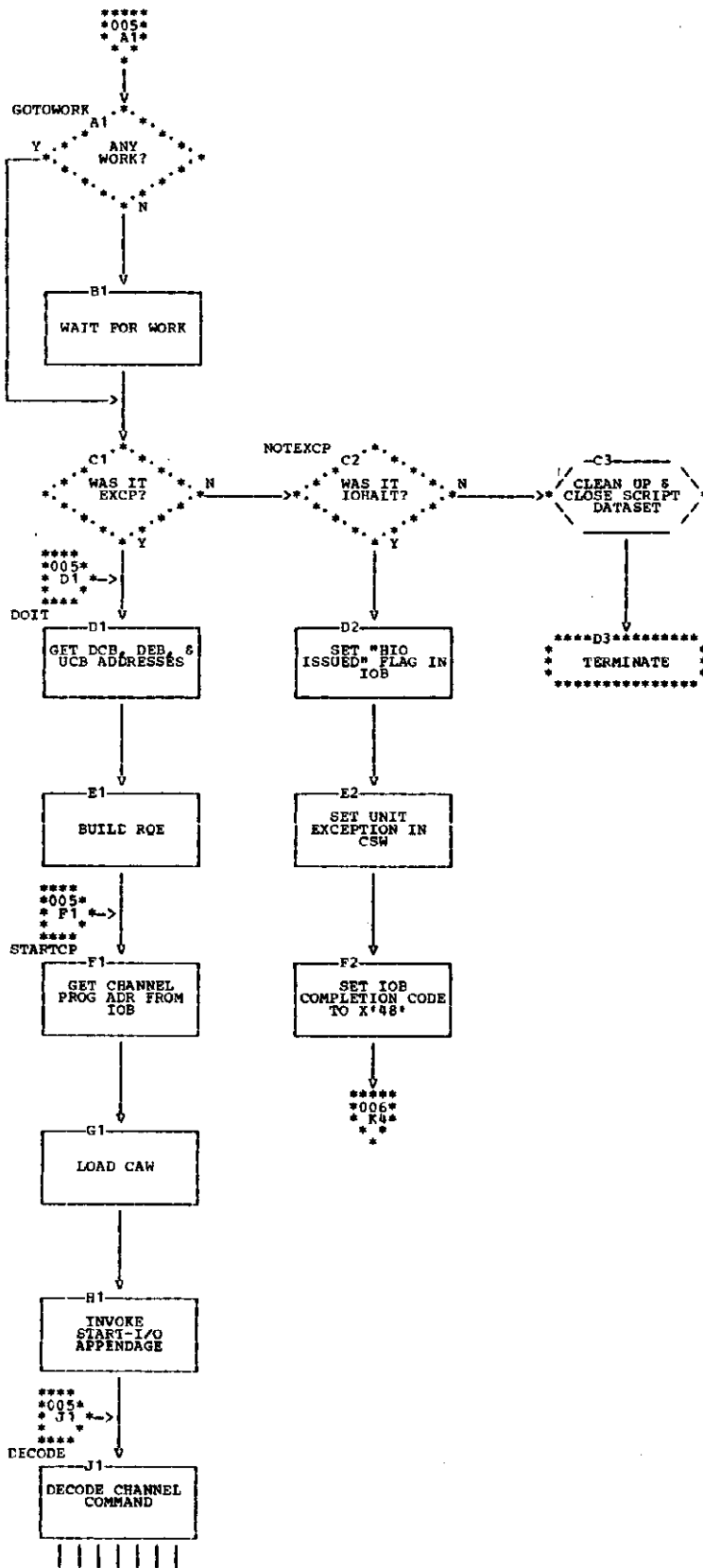
is applicable to any IBM/360 teleprocessing system which employs only EXCP and IOHALT macros for terminal communication.



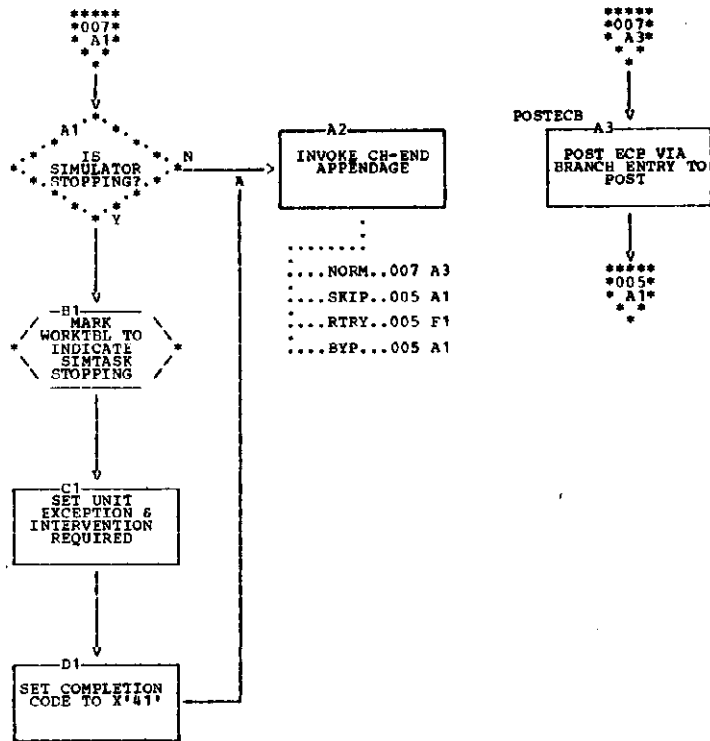
APPENDIX A  
 TERMINAL SIMULATOR  
 OUTPUT PROCESSING

PAGE 003  
 02/09/72









## SIM

## EXTERNAL SYMBOL DICTIONARY

PAGE 1  
16.59 3/20/72

TYPE ID ADDR LENGTH LC ID

PC 01 000000 000000  
SD C2 CCCCCC 000A1CWORKTBL LD C003B4 C2  
SIMECB LD 000154 02  
FREEQ LD 001278 09  
PRTBL LD 000214 C2  
DELAY LD 00127C 05  
STOPFLAG LD C01280 C5  
UNITABLE LD 0002B8 C2UCHLOCK EK 03  
STOPFLAG ER 04CLAY ER 05  
SMTASK ER 06AVISAVE ER 07  
FREEQ ER 08SMTASK SD C5 00CA40 000B1C C5  
UCHLOOK LD 0C118C 05  
AVISAVE LD 001248

BLFPOOL EK CA

WORKTBL ER CB

SIMECB ER CC

PRTBL LR CD

UNITABLE ER CE

BUFPCCL SD 0F 001610 004B10

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
2 *					TSO TERMINAL SIMULATOR - WRITTEN BY W. V. DIETRICH - 11/71		60.00
3 *					201-949-3135		70.00
4 *					ROOM 2F-416		80.00
5 *					BELL LABORATORIES		90.00
6 *					HCLMODEL N J 07733		100.00
7 *							110.00
8 *							120.00
9 *							130.00
10 *					REQUIRES AN INSTALLATION-SUPPLIED SVC TO SET SUPV STATE		140.00
11 *					AND PROTECT KEY ZERO.		150.00
12 *					THIS PROGRAM MUST NEVER BE CANCELLED.		160.00
13 *					INSTEAD, REPLY 'STOP' OR 'DUMP' TO TERMINATE.		170.00
14 *					SEE PAGE 5 FOR ASSEMBLY PARAMETERS		180.00

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
16	MACRO						200.00
17	AREADEF						210.00
18	AREA						220.00
19	SAVE						230.00
20	DECK						240.00
21	WORKSLOT						250.00
22	ECRACR						260.00
23	RQE						270.00
24	RQEUCB						280.00
25	RQEICR						290.00
26	RQEDEB						300.00
27	CCWSAVE						310.00
28	CCWOP						320.00
29	CCWDAD						330.00
30	CCWFLAGS						340.00
31	CCWCD						350.00
32	CCWCC						360.00
33	CCWSLI						370.00
34	CCWSKIP						380.00
35	CCWPCI						390.00
36							400.00
37	CCWCCUNT						410.00
38	BINTVL						420.00
39	TC						430.00
40	FROM						440.00
41	CCUNT						450.00
42	TERMSTAT						460.00
43	LOCKED						470.00
44	TERMNC						480.00
45	INLEFT						490.00
46	INREAL						500.00
47	INEUF						510.00
48	OUTCOUNT						520.00
49	OUTBUF						530.00
50	PRINT						540.00
51	DEBACK						550.00
52	CCR						560.00

LOCATION DATA GOES TO  
LOCATION DATA COMES FROM  
COUNT FOR MOVE  
TERMINAL STATUS BYTE  
INDICATES KEYBOARD LOCKED  
EBCDIC TERMINAL NUMBER  
NUMBER OF BYTES LEFT TO BE READ  
NUMBER OF BYTES ALREADY READ  
CURRENT LENGTH OF OUTPUT

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
53	TRACEPTR DS				A		570.00
54	TRAREA DS				CL256		580.00
55	AREASIZE EQU				*-AREA		590.00
56					MEND		600.00
57					MACRO		610.00
58	ELCC				BUFFERS EN		620.00
59					LCLA EI,&J		630.00
60	EJ				SETA EN		640.00
61	ELCC				CS OF		650.00
62	.LOOP				ANOP		660.00
63					DC A(*+160)		670.00
64					DS 156X		680.00
65	EI				SETA EI+1		690.00
66					AIF (EI LT &J).LOOP		700.00
67					DC A(0) END OF CHAIN		710.00
68					DS 156X		720.00
69					MEND		730.00
70					MACRO		740.00
71	ELCC				INVDKAPG ETYPE,&JUMP		750.00
72					LCLA EOFF,EI		760.00
73					AIF (*ETYPE' EQ 'SIO').SIO		770.00
74					AIF (*ETYPE' EQ 'PCI').PCI		780.00
75					AIF (*ETYPE' EQ 'CEND').CEND		790.00
76					MNOTE 12,'INVALID APPENDAGE TYPE SPECIFIED'		800.00
77					MEXIT		810.00
78	.CEND				ANOP		820.00
79	EOFF				SETA EOFF+4		830.00
80	.PCI				ANOP		840.00
81	ECFF				SETA EOFF+4		850.00
82	.SIO				ANOP		860.00
83	EOFF				SETA EOFF+4		870.00
84	ELCC				L 15,AVTSAVE+EOFF	ADR OF APPENDAGE	880.00
85					BALR 14,15		890.00
86	J				ANOP		900.00
87	EI				SETA EI+1		910.00
88					AIF (EI GT N*EJUMP).GO		920.00
89					B EJUMP(EI)		930.00
90					AGO		940.00
91	.GO				ANOP		950.00
92					MEND		960.00
93					MACRO		970.00
94	ELCC				LOADCAW EADR		980.00
95	ELCC				LA 5,EADR		990.00
96					MVC CC%SAVE,0(5)		1000.00
97					MEXIT REMOVE THIS CARD TO TURN ON TRACING		1010.00
98					TRINIT		1020.00
99					ST 5,0(,10)		1030.00
100					MVC 0(1,10),UCBUA(7)		1040.00
101					MVC 4(8,10),0(5)		1050.00
102					LA 10,12(,10)		1060.00
103					ST 10,TRACEPTR		1070.00
104					MEND		1080.00
105					MACRO		1090.00

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADCR1	ADCR2	SYMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
53	TRACEPTR DS	A				570.00	
54	TRAREA DS	CL256				580.00	
55	AREASIZE EQU	*-AREA				590.00	
56		MEND				600.00	
57		MACRO				610.00	
58	ELCC	BUFFERS EN				620.00	
59		LCLA EI,&J				630.00	
60	&J	SETA EN				640.00	
61	ELCC	DS OF				650.00	
62	.LOOP	ANOP				660.00	
63		DC A(160)				670.00	
64		DS 156X				680.00	
65	EI	SETA EI+1				690.00	
66		AIF (EI LT &J).LOOP				700.00	
67		DC A(0) END OF CHAIN				710.00	
68		DS 156X				720.00	
69		MEND				730.00	
70		MACRO				740.00	
71	ELCC	INVOKAPG ETYPE,&JUMP				750.00	
72		LCLA EOFF,EI				760.00	
73		AIF (ETYPE' EQ 'SIU').SID				770.00	
74		AIF (ETYPE' EQ 'PCI').PCI				780.00	
75		AIF (ETYPE' EQ 'CEND').CEND				790.00	
76		NOTE 12, 'INVALID APPENDAGE TYPE SPECIFIED'				800.00	
77		MEXIT				810.00	
78	.CEND	ANOP				820.00	
79	EOFF	SETA EOFF+4				830.00	
80	.PCI	ANOP				840.00	
81	ELCC	SETA EOFF+4				850.00	
82	.SID	ANOP				860.00	
83	EOFF	SETA EOFF+4				870.00	
84	ELCC	L 15,AVTSAVE+EOFF			ADR OF APPENDAGE	880.00	
85		BALR 14,15				890.00	
86	.J	ANOP				900.00	
87	EI	SETA EI+1				910.00	
88		AIF (EI GT N'EJUMP).GO				920.00	
89		B EJUMP(EI)				930.00	
90		AGO .J				940.00	
91	.GO	ANOP				950.00	
92		MEND				960.00	
93		MACRO				970.00	
94	ELCC	LOADCAM EADR				980.00	
95	ELCC	LA 5,EADR				990.00	
96		MVC CCHSAVE,0(5)				1000.00	
97		MEXIT REMOVE THIS CARD TO TURN ON TRACING				1010.00	
98		TRINIT				1020.00	
99		ST 5,0(,10)				1030.00	
100		MVC 0(1,10),UCBUA(7)				1040.00	
101		MVC 4(8,10),0(5)				1050.00	
102		LA 10,12(,10)				1060.00	
103		ST 10,TRACEPTR				1070.00	
104		MEND				1080.00	
105		MACRO				1090.00	

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE	STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
106	ELCC				RESETKEY			1100.00
107	ELCC				LH	O,=H'-1'		1110.00
108					SVC	SVCNO		1120.00
109					MEND			1130.00
110					MACRO			1140.00
111	ELCC				TERMSTAT	ENEW=, &LOCKED=, &UNLKED=		1150.00
112	ELCC				DS	OH		1160.00
113					AIF	('&LOCKED' NE ' ').LKD		1170.00
114					AIF	('&UNLKED' NE ' ').UNL		1180.00
115					AGC	.N		1190.00
116	.LKD				TM	TERMSTAT, LOCKED		1200.00
117					BO	&LOCKED		1210.00
118					MEXIT			1220.00
119	.UNL				TM	TERMSTAT, LOCKED		1230.00
120					BZ	&UNLKED		1240.00
121					MEXIT			1250.00
122	.N				AIF	('&NEW' EQ ' ').NN		1260.00
123					AIF	('&NEW' EQ 'LOCKED').LOCK		1270.00
124					NI	TERMSTAT, 255-LOCKED		1280.00
125					MEXIT			1290.00
126	.LOCK				CI	TERMSTAT, LOCKED		1300.00
127	.NN				ANOP			1310.00
128					MEND			1320.00
129					MACRO			1330.00
130	ELCC				TRCHEND	&C		1340.00
131					LCLC	&CC		1350.00
132	ELCC				DS	OH		1360.00
133					MEXIT	'&C'		1370.00
134	ELCC				SETC	'&C'		1380.00
135					AIF	(T'&C NE 'C').S		1390.00
136	ELCC				SETC	'FF'		1400.00
137	.S				ANOP			1410.00
138					TRINIT			1420.00
139					ST	2,0(,10)		1430.00
140					MVI	0(10),X'&CC'		1440.00
141					MVC	4(36,10),0(2)		1450.00
142					LA	10,40(,10)		1460.00
143					ST	10,TRACEPTR		1470.00
144					MEND			1480.00
145					MACRO			1490.00
146	ELCC				TRINIT			1500.00
147					LA	11,TRAREA		1510.00
148					L	10,TRACEPTR		1520.00
149					SR	10,11		1530.00
150					CH	10,=AL2(1,TRAREA-39)		1540.00
151					RL	*+12		1550.00
152					LA	10,TRAREA		1560.00
153					ST	10,TRACEPTR		1570.00
154					L	10,TRACEPTR		1580.00
155					MEND			1590.00
156					MACRO			1600.00
157	ELCC				ZEROKEY			1610.00
158	ELCC				LA	0,0		1620.00

REMOVE THIS CARD TO TURN ON TRACING

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1 /DDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
159				SVC SVCNO		1630.00
160				MEND		1640.00
161				MACRO		1650.00
162	ELCC			ZKOFF		1660.00
163	ELCC			LA 0.1		1670.00
164				SVC SVCNO		1680.00
165				MEND		1690.00

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1 / ADDR2	SIMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
000J57	167 *			BEFORE ASSEMBLY, CHANGE '999' ON THE FOLLOWING CARD		1710.00
	168 *			TO THE NUMBER OF YOUR "ZEROKEY" USER SVC		1720.00
	169 USERSVC			EQU 999		1730.00
000U18	171 *			IF MORE THAN 24 TERMINALS ARE TO BE SIMULATED,		1750.00
	172 *			SPECIFY THE LARGER NUMBER IN THE FOLLOWING EQU -		1760.00
	173 #TERM			EQU 24 SETS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TERMINALS		1770.00
000081	175 *			IF THE SVC NUMBER 129 CONFLICTS WITH A LOCAL USER SVC,		1790.00
	176 *			CHANGE THE FOLLOWING EQU TO ANY OTHER UNUSED NUMBER		1800.00
	177 SVCNO			EQU 129 SVC USED TO INVOKE THE SVC FILTER ROUTINE		1810.00
	178 *			TO CHANGE KEY, STATE, & MASK		1820.00



LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
CCCC00				160 SIM	CSECT		1840.00
000004				181 UCBCA	EQ 4		1850.00
000005				182 UCEUA	EQ 5		1860.00
000028				183 PRCLDPSW	EQ X*28*		1870.00
000020				184 SVOLDPSW	EQ X*20*		1880.00
000060				185 SVNEWPSW	EQ X*60*		1890.00
000030				186 MCCLDPSW	EQ X*30*		1900.00
000010				187 TCBPKF	EQ X*10*		1910.00
000014				188 IUBCCBPT	EQ X*14*		1920.00
000020				189 ICBUCBX	EQ X*20*		1930.00
000020				190 DCBDEBAD	EQ X*20*		1940.00
000020				191 DCBUCRAC	EQ X*20*		1950.00
000020				192 SIFTSVC	SI	SAVE R14	1960.00
000004	05E0			193 BALR	14,0	HANG ON	1970.00
000004				194 USING	*14		1980.00
000006	9500 0023			195 CLI	SVOLDPSW+3,0	WAS IT AN EXCP?	1990.00
000004	4780 0082			196 BE	CHEKUNIT	YES	2000.00
000006	9521 0023			197 CLI	SVOLDPSW+3,33	WAS IT IOHALT?	2010.00
000012	4780 0068			198 BE	CHEKIUH	YES	2020.00
000016	9581 0023			199 CLI	SVOLDPSW+3, SVCNO	WAS IT OUR SVC?	2030.00
00001A	47J0 0026			200 BE	OURSVC	YES	2040.00
00001E	0207 0030			201 MVC	MCOLDPSW(8),OSSVCNEW		2050.00
000024	58E0 0028			202 L	14,PROLDPSW	RESTORE 14	2060.00
000028	6200 0030			203 LPSW	MCOLDPSW	LET OS HAVE THE SVC	2070.00
00002C	1200			205 OURSVC	LTR 0,0	RO HAS THE CODE	2090.00
00002E	4740 0040			206 BL	RESETKEY	NEG-15, RESETKEY	2100.00
000032	4780 0034			207 BE	ZEROKEY	ZERO GIVES ZEROKEY MASKED ON	2110.00
000036	5200 0020			208 MVI	SVOLDPSW+0	PUS GIVES ZEROKEY MASKED OFF	2120.00
00003A	5204 0021			209 ZEROKEY	SVOLDPSW+1,4	ZERO KEY, SUPV STATE	2130.00
00003E	5800 0028			210 L	14,PROLDPSW	RESTORE 14	2140.00
000042	8200 0020			211 LPSW	SVOLDPSW	RESUME	2150.00
000046	50F0 0020			213 RESETKEY	ST	SAVE ANOTHER REG	2170.00
00005A	5810 0010			214 L	15,16	--> CVT	2180.00
00004L	58FC F000			215 L	15,01,15	--> TCBS	2190.00
000052	58F0 F004			216 L	15,41,15	CURRENT TCB	2200.00
000056	43F0 F01C			217 IC	15,TCBPKF(1,15)	GET TCB PROTECT KEY	2210.00
00005A	42F0 0021			218 STC	15,SVOLDPSW+1		2220.00
00005E	92FF 0020			219 MVI	SVOLDPSW,X*FF*	INSURE MASKED ON	2230.00
000062	9605 0021			220 CI	SVOLDPSW+1,5	MERGE IN PROB-STATE BIT	2240.00
000066	58EF 0028			221 LM	14,15,PROLDPSW	RESTORE REGS	2250.00
00006A	8200 0020			222 LPSW	SVOLDPSW	RESUME	2260.00
00006E	5CF0 0020			224 CHEKICH	ST	SAVE ANOTHER REG	2280.00
000072	18F1			225 LR	15,1	UCB ADR TO 15	2290.00
000074	9500 F004			226 CLI	UCBCHA(15),0	MPX CHANNEL?	2300.00
000078	4770 0006			227 BNE	GCS	NO, QUIT	2310.00
00007C	9007 L27A			228 STM	0,2,SVCSAVE	SAVE MORE REGS	2320.00
000080	4120 0000			229 LA	2,0		2330.00
000084	47F0 0006			230 B	CHEK03		2340.00
000088	50F0 0020			232 CHEKUNIT	ST	SAVE ANOTHER REG	2360.00

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ACCR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
00008C	58F0 1014	00014		233	L 15, IOBDCBPT(,1)	--> DCB	2370.00
000090	58F0 F02C	00020		234	L 15, DCBDEBAD(,15)	--> DEB	2380.00
000094	58F0 F020	00020		235	L 15, DEBUCBAD(,15)	--> UCB	2390.00
000098	5540 FC12	00012		236	CLI 18(15),X'40'	IS DEVICE CLASS COMM??	2400.00
00009C	4770 E0D6	000DC		237	BNE GOS	NO, QUIT	2410.00
0000A0	9002 E27A	00280		238	STM 0,2,SVCSAVE	SAVE MORE REGS	2420.00
0000A4	58F0 1014	00014		239	L 15, IOBDCBPT(,1)	--> DCB	2430.00
0000AB	58F0 F02C	00020		240	L 15, DCBUEBAD(,15)	--> DEB	2440.00
0000AC	4120 0000	00000		241	LA 2,0	CLEAR FOR IC	2450.00
0000B0	4320 1020	00020		242	IC 2, IOBUCBX(,1)	GET INDEX TO UCBAD	2460.00
0000B4	8920 0002	00002		243	SLL 2,2	MAKE IT A WORD INDEX	2470.00
0000B8	58F2 FC20	00020		244	L 15, DEBUCBAD(2,15)	GET PROPER UCB ADR	2480.00
0000BC	CC00 F005	E202 00005		245	EQU *	IS THIS ONE OF THE SIM UNITS?	2490.00
0000C0	4720 CCE4	00CEA		246	TRT UCBAL(1,15),UNITABLE	YES, BRANCH	2500.00
0000C4	0207 0030	E272 00030		247	BC 2,CURUNIT		2510.00
0000C8	9812 E27E	00284		248	MVC MCOLDPSW(8),OSSVCNEW		2520.00
0000CC	98EF 0028	00C28		249	LM 1,2,SVCSAVE+4	RESTORE REGS	2530.00
0000D4	8200 0030	00030		250	LM 14,15,PROLDPSW	MORE REGS	2540.00
0000D8	E282	00288		251	LPSW MCOLDPSW	LET CS HAVE THE EXCP	2550.00
0000E0	0207 0030	E272 00030		253	L 2,SVCSAVE+8		2570.00
0000E4	98EF 0028	00028		254	MVC MCOLDPSW(8),OSSVCNEW		2580.00
0000E8	8200 0030	00030		255	LM 14,15,PROLDPSW		2590.00
0000EC	8200 0030	00030		256	LPSW MCOLDPSW	LET OS HAVE IT	2600.00
0000EA	5810 E27E	00284		258	EQU *		2620.00
0000EE	41F2 E3AE	00384		259	L 1,SVCSAVE+4	RESTORE IOB PTR	2630.00
0000F0	95FF F000	00000		260	LA 15,WORKTBL(2)		2640.00
0000F4	4780 E0D2	000D8		261	CLI 0(15),255	IS THE SIMTASK STOPPED?	2650.00
0000FA	5012 E3AE	00384		262	BE IGNORE	YES - GIVE THIS TO CS	2660.00
0000FE	43F0 0023	00023		263	ST 1,WORKTBL(2)	LOG WORK TO DO	2670.00
000102	42F2 E3AE	00384		264	IC 15,SVOLDPSW+3	GET SVC NUMBER	2680.00
000106	41F2 E14E	00154		265	STG 15,WORKTBL(2)	STORE WITH IOB ADR	2690.00
00010A	9180 F000	00154		266	LA 15,TIMECH(2)	--> TASK'S ECB	2700.00
00010E	4710 E118	0011E		267	TM 0(15),X'80'	IS SIM WAITING?	2710.00
000112	5820 E282	00288		268	BC POSTSIM	YES, GO POST	2720.00
000116	58EF 0028	00028		269	L 2,SVCSAVE+8	RESTORE 2	2730.00
00011A	8200 0020	00020		270	LM 14,15,PROLDPSW		2740.00
00011E	9030 E286	0028C		271	LPSW SVOLDPSW	RESUME EXECUTION	2750.00
000122	41A0 0000	00000		273	STM 3,13,SVCSAVE+12	SAVE THEM ALL	2770.00
000126	41B2 E14E	00154		274	LA 10,0	COMPLETION CODE	2780.00
00012A	58C2 E1AE	001B4		275	LA 11,TIMECH(2)	ECB ADR	2790.00
00012E	58FC CC10	0001C		276	L 12,SIMTCB(2)	TCB ADR	2800.00
000132	58F0 F098	00058		277	L 15,16	--> CVT	2810.00
000136	C5EF			278	L 15,152(,15)	POST BRANCH ENTRY ADR	2820.00
000138	58CD E148	00280		279	DROP 14	GO TO POST	2830.00
00013C	58FF 0028	00028		280	BALR 14,15	NEW BASE	2840.00
000140	6200 0020	00020		281	USING *,14	RESTOR REGS	2850.00
				282	LM 0,13,SVCSAVE		2860.00
				283	LM 14,15,PROLDPSW		2870.00
				284	LPSW SVOLDPSW	RESUME EXECUTION	2880.00

LCC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT F150C170 3/20/72

285 DROP 14 2890.00

000144

287 USING #,15

288 STAEX ZERDKEY 2910.00

289+STAEX LA 0,0 2920.00

290+ SVC SVCNO

291 MVC SVNEWPSW(8),DSSVCNEW

292 LA 15,0 2930.00

293 BR 14 2940.00

294 DROP 15 2950.00

000144 4100 0000

000148 0A81

00014A D207 006C F134 C0060 0027B

000150 41F0 0000 00000

000154 07FE

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1 ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
000158			296	ENTRY DS	WORKTBL,SIMECB,FREQ,PRIBL,DELAY,STOPFLAG,UNITABLE	2980.00
000154			297	OF EQU *-4		2990.00
000156	0000000000000000		298	SIMECB DC (#TERM)F'0'	ECB'S FOR SIM TASKS	3000.00
000154			299	DC *-4		3010.00
000158			300	SIMTCB EQU *-4	TCB ADDRESSES CF SIM TASKS	3020.00
000158			301	DS (#TERM)F		3030.00
000214			302	PRIBL EQU *-4	POINTERS TO PRINT QUEUES	3040.00
000218	0000000000000000		303	DC (#TERM)A10		3050.00
000274			304	ENCPRTBL EQU *-4		3060.00
000276	0000000000000000		305	US SVCNEW DC 0'0'	US SVC NEW PSW SAVED HERE	3070.00
000280	0000000000000000		306	SVCSAVE DC 14F'0'	SAVE REGS HERE	3080.00
000288	0000000000000000		307	UNITABLE DC 64F'0'	FILLED IN AT INITIALIZATION	3090.00
000384			308	WORKTBL EQU *-4	DUMMY ORIGIN	3100.00
000388	0000000000000000		309	DC (#TERM)F'0'	WORKTBL SPACE	3110.00
000414			310	ENDCWRK EQU *-4		3120.00

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
CC0008				345 TIC	EQU 08		
CC0002				350 REACBIT	EQU 02		3350.00
CC0001				351 WRITERIT	EQU 01		3360.00
CC0006				352 PREP	EQU 06		3370.00
				353	AREADEP		3380.00
CC0000				354+AREA	DSECT		3390.00
CC0003				355+SAVE	DS	18F	
CC0048				356+DECKW	DS	D	
CC0050				357+WORKSLCT	DS	A --> OUR SLOT IN WORKIPL	
CC0054				358+ECBADR	DS	A --> OUR ECB	
CC0058				359+RCE	CS	OF	
CC0058				360+RQEUCB	DS	F	
CC005C				361+RQEIOB	DS	F	
CC0060				362+RQEDEB	DS	F	
CC0064				363+CCWSAVE	DS	OCL8	
CC0064				364+CCWOP	DS	C	
CC0065				365+CCWDAD	DS	AL3	
CC0068				366+CCWFLAGS	DS	X	
CC0060				367+CCWCC	EQU	X*80*	
CC0040				368+CCWCC	EQU	X*40*	
CC0020				369+CCWSLT	EQU	X*20*	
CC001C				370+CCWSKIP	EQU	X*10*	
CC0008				371+CCWPCI	EQU	X*08*	
CC0069				372+	DS	X	
CC006A				373+CCWCCUNT	DS	H	
CC006C				374+BITVL	DS	F	
CC0070				375+TO	DS	A LOCATION DATA GOES TO	
CC0074				376+FRCM	DS	A LOCATION DATA COMES FROM	
CC0078				377+CULNT	DS	H COUNT FOR MOVE	
CC007A				378+TERMSTAT	DS	X TERMINAL STATUS BYTE	
CC0080				379+LOCKED	EQU	X*80* INDICATES KEYBOARD LOCKED	
CC0078				380+TERMNO	DS	CL3 EBCDIC TERMINAL NUMBER	
CC007E				381+INLEFT	DS	H NUMBER OF BYTES LEFT TO BE READ	
CC0080				382+INREAD	DS	H NUMBER OF BYTES ALREADY READ	
CC0082				383+INLEUF	DS	CL80	
CC0002				384+LUTCCUNT	DS	H CURRENT LENGTH OF OUTPUT	
CC0004				385+DUITBLF	DS	CL256	
CC0104				386+PRINT	DS	A	
CC0108				387+ECRADR	DS	A	
CC010C				388+DCB	DS	CL96	
CC023C				389+TRACEPTR	DS	A	
CC0240				390+THAREA	DS	CL256	
CC0340				391+AREASIZE	EQU	*-AREA	
CC0000				392 SIN	CSECT		3400.00

F150C170 3/20/72

LUC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

```

000498 USING *,15
000498 47F0 F00A 394 SAVE (14,12),*
00049C 05 395 SIMGO
00049C 357+ 396+SIMGO
00049D E2C804C7D6 397+ DC AL(15)
0004A2 50EC D0CC 398+ DC CL5+SIMGO+ IDENTIFIER
0004A8 18BD 399+ STM 14,12,12(13) SAVE REGISTERS
0004AB 41D0 F2B8 400 LR 11,13
0004AC 50DC RC08 401 LA 13,SAVEAREA
0004B0 50B0 D004 402 ST 13,8(,11)
0004B4 58C0 F528 403 ST 11,4(,13)
0004B5 404 L 6,=A(SIMECB)
0004B6 405 DROP 15
0004B7 406 USING SIMECB,6
0004B8 581C 1C00 407 L 1,0(,1)
0004BC 4820 1000 408 LH 2,0(,1)
0004C0 1222 409 LTR 2,2
0004C2 4780 6356 410 BZ NUPARM
0004C6 4130 63C7 411 LA 3,PARM+3
0004CA 1B32 412 SR 3,2
0004CC C820 413 BCTR 2,0
0004CE 4420 63BE 414 EX 2,MVPARM
0004D2 0512 415 EQU OSSVCHEN
0004D8 6124 6124 00278 416 XC DWORD(5),D4CRD
0004DB F224 6129 63C4 0027D 417 PACK DWORD+5(3),PARM(5)
0004DE 4F10 6124 418 CVB 1,DWORD
0004E2 5820 6880 419 L 2,=V(DELAY)
0004E6 5C1C 2C00 420 ST 1,0(,2)
0004EA 421 NOPARM EQU *
0004EA 422 IDENTIFY EP=OPCOM,ENTRY=OPCOM
0004EA 423+ BAL 0,*+12 LOAD EP SYMBOL ADDR
0004EE C6C7C3D6D4404040 424+ DC CL8+OPCOM+ EP SYMBOL
0004F6 4110 62C4 425+ LA 1,OPCOM LOAD PARAMETER REG 1
0004FA CA25 426+ SVC 41 ISSUE IDENTIFY SVC
0004FC 12FF 427 LTR 15,15
0004F7 4780 63CA 428 BZ LOOK
000502 429 AGENU 111,DUMP
000502 430+ DS OH
000502 0700 431+ CNUP 0,4
000504 47F0 63B8 432+ B *+8 BRANCH AROUND CONSTANT
000508 80 433+ DC AL(128) DUMP/STEP CODE
00050C CC06F 434+ DC AL3(11) COMPLETION CODE
00050C 5810 63B4 435+ L 1,*-4 LOAD CODES INTO REG 1
000510 0A00 436+ SVC 13 LINK TO ABEND ROUTINE
000512 D200 J0CC 1CC2 00000 000C2 437 MVPARM
000518 F0F0F0F0F0 438 PARM
000518 439 LOOK
00051E 440+IDCK DS OH
00051E 41F0 63D4 441+ LA 15,IHB0012 LOAD 15 WITH LIST ADDR
000522 47F0 FC34 442+ B 52(0,15) AROUND LIST.
000528 00J000544 443+IHB0012 DS OF SUP. PARAM. LIST
00052C CC 444+ DC A(*+28) ADDRESS OF SYMB NAME
00052D C000J0 445+ LC AL(10) NU Hierarchy
00052D C000J0 446+ DC AL3(10) DCB ADDRESS

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20021

LCS1

LCS1

J0052D C000J0

F150CT70 3/20/72

LOC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

```

000530 C0000000      447+ DC A(0) ECB ADDRESS
000534 C0000000      448+ DC A(0) GSPV VALUE OR GSPL ADR
000538 C0000000      449+ DC A(0) SHSPL OR SHSPV
00053C 02          450+ DC AL1(2) SET ROLLOUT BITS RORI
00053D C00000      451+ DC AL3(0) LTRX ROUT. ADDRESS RORI
000540 0000      452+ DC AL2(0) DPMOD VALUE
000542 CC          453+ DC AL1(0) LPMOD VALUE
000543 CC          454+ DC AL1(0)
000544 L007C3D6D4404040      455+ DC CL8'DPCOM' EP SYMBOL
00054C C0000000      456+ DC A(0) ADDRESS OF JSCB
000550 0000000000000000      457+ DC A(0,0) .NO STAT PARM LIST OR EXIT ADDR. 20021
000558 C0000000      458+ DC A(0) .NO TASKLIB. 20021
00055C CA2A          459+ SVC 42 ISSUE ATTACH SVC
00055E 0700          460 STAE STAEX
000560 4510 6418      461+ CNDP 0,4 .
000564          462+ BAL 1,*+12 . PUT LIST ADDR IN REG1 AND BR AROUND
00056A 00          463+ IH00013 EQU *
00056C 00          464+ DC AL1(0) .
00056E 000144      465+* DC AL3(STAEX) .
000568 C0000000      466+ DC A(0) .
00056C 1800      467+ SR 0,0 .
00056E 4111 0000      468+ LA 1,0(1) .
000572 CA3C          469+ SVC 60 .

```

3730.00

ESTAB. FULL WD. 8QLND. ALIGN.

PURGE AND ASYNCH

STAE EXIT ROUTINE ACOR.

SPACE FOR PARM LIST ADDR

INDICATE CREATE OPTION

MAKE REG1 POS. XCTL=NO

ISSUE STAE SVC

472 \* INVOKE INSTALLATION-SUPPLIED SVC TO OBTAIN ZERC PROTECT KEY 3750.00

```

474 LA 0,0 REMOVE THESE TWO CARDS 3770.00
475 SVC USERSVC IF RUNNING AS A SYSTEM TASK 3780.00

```

\*\*\* ERROR \*\*\*

```

000574 4100 0000      476 LA 0,0 REMOVE THESE TWO CARDS 3770.00
000578 C000      475 SVC USERSVC IF RUNNING AS A SYSTEM TASK 3780.00
00057A          *** ERROR ***
00057C 8000 6884      477 SSM =A(0) MASK I/O OFF WHILE WE CHANGE PRTY 3800.00
000580 5810 0010      478 L 1,16 3810.00
00058C 5810 1000      479 L 1,0(1,1) 3820.00
000592 5810 1004      480 EQU 116 3830.00
000596 0201 1022      481 EQU 12 3840.00
00059C 5820 1084      482 EQU 34 3850.00
0005A0 5830 2074      483 EQU 132 3860.00
0005A4 1513      484 EQU 160 3870.00
0005A8 4780 645C      485 L 1,16 3880.00
0005AC 47F0 644C      486 L 1,0(1,1) 3890.00
0005B0 47F0 644C      487 L 1,4(1,1) 3900.00
0005B4 47F0 644C      488 L 1,4(1,1) 3910.00
0005B8 47F0 644C      489 L 1,4(1,1) 3920.00
0005BC 47F0 644C      490 L 1,4(1,1) 3930.00
0005C0 47F0 644C      491 L 1,4(1,1) 3940.00
0005C4 47F0 644C      492 L 1,4(1,1) 3950.00
0005C8 47F0 644C      493 L 1,4(1,1) 3960.00
0005CC 47F0 644C      494 L 1,4(1,1) 3970.00
0005D0 47F0 644C      495 L 1,4(1,1) 3980.00
0005D4 47F0 644C      496 L 1,4(1,1) 3990.00
0005D8 47F0 644C      497 L 1,4(1,1) 4000.00

```

UN-HOOK OUR TCB FROM CHAIN

LOOK FOR SPOT TO INSERT OUR TCB

START WITH TOP TCB

LUC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
00058E	47F0 6480	(05D4		498	B TNEXT		4010.00
0005C2	5840 200C	(000C		499	L 4,TCB(T01,2)		4020.00
0005C6	1244			500	LTR 4,4		4030.00
0005C8	4780 6480	(05C4		501	BZ TNEXT	--> T10T	4040.00
0005CC	9504 4000			502	CL1 0(4),C*H*	ANY T10T?	4040.00
0005D0	4770 648A	00000		503	BNE SF0UND	NC, SKIP AHEAD	4050.00
0005D4	1832			504	LR 3,2	MASTER SCHEDULER?	4060.00
0005D6	5820 2074	(0074		505	L 2,TCB(TCB,2)	NO - FOUND SPOT	4070.00
0005DA	47F0 646E	(05C2		506	B SLOOP	SAVE TCB ADDR	4080.00
0005DE				507	EQV *	CHAIN TO NEXT TCB	4090.00
0005E0	5010 3074	(0C74		508	ST 1,TCB(TCB,3)	TCB(R3) --> TCB(R2)	4100.00
0005E2	5020 1074	(0074		509	ST 2,TCB(TCB,1)	WE ARE NEW SUCCESSOR TO TCB(R3)	4110.00
0005E6	4800 689A	(C5EE		510	RESETKEY	OUR SUCCESSOR IS TCB(R2)	4120.00
0005EA	0A81			511+	LH 0,H*-1*	BACK TO PROBLEM STATE	4130.00
0005EC	581C 6888	(C9DC		512+	SVC SVCND		
0005F0	4500 64A8	(05FC		513	L 1,V(SIMTASK)		4140.00
0005F4	E2C904E3C1E2D24C			514	IDENTIFY EP=SIMTASK,ENTRY=(1)		4150.00
0005FC	0A29			515+	BAL 0,*+12 LOAD EP SYMBOL ADDR		
000600	C700			516+	DC CL8,SIMTASK, EP SYMBOL		
000604	4510 64B4	00608		517+	SVC 41 ISSUE IDENTIFY SVC		4160.00
000608	EC			518	OPEN (SYSIN)		
00060C	CC6F0			519+	CNOP 0,4		
000610	0A13			520+	BAL 1,*+8 LOAD REG1 W/LIST ADDR.		
000614	511C 65CC	C072C		521+	DC AL1(128) OPTION BYTE		4170.00
000618	4710 64CE			522+	DC AL3(SYSIN) DCB ADDRESS		4180.00
00061C				523+	SVC 19 ISSUE OPEN SVC		4190.00
000620				524	TM SYSIN+48,X*10*	OPEN OK?	
000624				525	BO INUK		
000628				526	ABEND 213,DUMP		
000632				527+	DS OH		
000636	0700			528+	CNOP 0,4		4200.00
000640	47F0 64C8	C061C		529+	B *+8 BRANCH AROUND CONSTANT		4210.00
000644	EC			530+	DC AL1(128) DUMP/STEP CODE		4220.00
000648	0000C5			531+	DC AL3(213) COMPLETION CODE		4230.00
000652	5819 64E4	E0818		532+	L 1,*+4 LOAD WORDS INTO REG 1		4240.00
000656	0A0D			533+	SVC 13 LINK TO ABEND ROUTINE		4250.00
000660				534	EQV *		
000664	588C 688C	C09E0		535	L 8,V(AVTSAVE)		4260.00
000668	4120 6164	C02B8		536	LA 2,UNITABLE		4270.00
000672	4130 0004	C0004		537	LA 3,4		4280.00
000676	414C C00C	C0CCC		538	LA 4,0		4290.00
000680				539	GET SYSIN		4300.00
000684	4110 659C	C06F0		540	1,SYSIN LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		4310.00
000688	58F0 1030	C003C		541+	L 15,48(0,1) LOAD GET ROUTINE ADDR.		4320.00
000692	05F4			542+	BALR 14,15 LINK TO GET ROUTINE		4330.00
000696	0C4A 10CC 689E C0000 009F2			543	OC 0(75,1),=75X*EO*		
000700	0C4A 10CC 6564 C0000 C06B8			544	TR 0(75,1),TRTAB		
000704	1851			545	LR 5,1		
000708	F212 6592 5C0C 0C6E6 00000			546	PACK UNIT(2),0(3,5)		4260.00
000712	4340 6592	C0CE6		547	IC 4,UNIT		4270.00
000716	1244			548	LTR 4,4		4280.00
000720	478C 640E	00632		549	BZ REACCTL		4290.00
000724	4734 2000	C0CCC		550	STC 3,0(4,2)	GO READ NEXT CARD	4300.00







LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	
000788				655	UNITDUNE EQU *	
				656	CLOSE SYSIN	
000789				657+	CNOP 0,4	
000788	4510 666C			658+	BAL 1,*+8 BRANCH AROUND LIST	
00078C	80		007CC	659+	DC AL(128) OPTION BYTE	
00078D	0006F0			660+	DC AL3(SYSIN) DCB ADDRESS	
0007C0	0A14			661+	SVC 20 ISSUE CLOSE SVC	
				662	OPEN (SYSPRINT,(OUTPUT))	
0007C2	0700			663+	CNOP 0,4	
0007C4	4510 6678		007CC	664+	BAL 1,*+8 LOAD REG1 W/LIST ADDR.	
0007C8	8F			665+	DC AL(143) OPTION BYTE	
0007C9	CC688C			666+	DC AL3(SYSPRINT) DCB ADDRESS	
0007CC	0A13			667+	SVC 19 ISSUE OPEN SVC	
0007CE	511C 6768	CC88C		668	TW SYSPRINT+48,X*10*	OPEN OK?
0007D2	4710 6692		007E6	669	BO PROK	YES
				670	ABEND 313,DUMP	
0007D6				671+	DS OH	
0007D8	0700			672+	CNOP 0,4	
0007D8	47FC 668C		007E0	673+	B *+8 BRANCH AROUND CONSTANT	
0007D0	8C			674+	DC AL(128) DUMP/STEP CODE	
0007D0	000139			675+	DC AL3(313) COMPLETION CODE	
0007E0	5810 6688		007D0	676+	L 1,*-4 LOAD CODES INTO REG 1	
0007E4	CAVD			677+	SVC 13 LINK TO ABEND ROUTINE	
0007E6				678	PROK	
0007E6	5890 6850		009E4	679	EQU 9,V(FREEQ)	
0007EA	4140 0004		00004	680	LA 4,4	INCREMENT
0007EE	4150 6120		00274	681	LA 5,ENDPRIBL	COMPARAND
				682	PRPR	
0007F2	4110 6734		00888	683+PRPR	LA 1,TENSEC LCAD PARAMETER REG 1	
0007F6	4100 0011		00011	684+	LA 0,17(0,0) LOAD FLAG BYTE	
0007FA	8900 0018		00018	685+	SEL 0,24(0) SHIFT TO HI-ORDER BYTE	
0007FE	0A2F			686+	SVC 47 ISSUE STIMER SVC	
000800	92FF 673C	00884		687	MVI DONEFLAG,255	INITIALIZE TO 'ALL DONE'
000804	4130 60C4		00004	688	LA 3,PRIBL+4	INDEX
000808	5870 1090		00000	689	SCANPR	GET PRIBL ENTRY
00080C	1277			690	LTR 7,0(,1)	ANY POINTER?
00080E	4780 6704		00858	691	BZ CHECKSTOP	NC - NO MORE TERMINALS
000812	1887			692	LR 8,7	SAVE ADR OF PRINT Q BASE
000814	95FF 31A0	001A0		693	CLI WORKBL-PRIBL(3),255	IS THE SIMTASK STOPPED?
000818	4780 6700		00854	694	BE NXTENTRY	YES - DON'T TRY TO PRINT
00081C	9200 6730	00884		695	MVI DONEFLAG,0	NOT DONE YET
000820	587C 7C0C		00000	696	L 7,0(,7)	GET PRINT QUEUE
000824	1277			697	LTR 7,7	ANY WORK?
000826	478C 67C0		00854	698	BZ NXTENTRY	NO
00082A	41F0 0000		00000	699	LA 15,0	
00082E	50F0 8000		00000	700	ST 15,0(,8)	UN-HOOK THE QUEUE
				701	PR	
000832	4110 6738		0088C	702+PR	PUT SYSPRINT,4(7)	
000834	4107 00C4		00004	703+	LA 1,SYSPRINT LOAD PARAMETER REG 1	
00083A	58FC 1C30		0003C	704+	LA 0,4(7) LOAD PARAMETER REG 0	
00083E	051F			705+	L 15,48(0,1) LOAD PUT ROUTINE ADDR.	
00084C	588C 7C00		00000	706	BALR 14,15 LINK TO PUT ROUTINE	
000844	6203 7C0C	90CC 00000	00000	707	L 8,0(,7)	NEXT PREC
					MVC 0(4,7),0(9)	HACK FREEQ TO THIS PREC

4610.00  
4620.00

4630.00

4640.00  
4650.00  
4660.004670.00  
4680.00  
4690.00  
4700.00  
4710.004720.00  
4730.00  
4740.00  
4750.00  
4760.00  
4770.00  
4780.00  
4790.00  
4800.00  
4810.00  
4820.00  
4830.00  
4840.00  
4850.00  
4860.004870.00  
4880.00

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00084A	5070	9000	00000	708	ST	7,0(,91	HOOK THIS PREC. TO FREEQ	4890.00
00084E	1278			709	LTR	7,8	ANY NEXT?	4900.00
000850	4770	66DE	00832	710	BNZ	PR	YES	4910.00
000854	8734	6684	00808	711	NXTENTRY	3,4,SCANPR		4920.00
000858	5830	6670	009C4	712	CHEKSTCP	3,=V(STOPLAG)		4930.00
00085C	9500	3000	00000	713	CLI	0(3),0	ARE WE STOPPING?	4940.00
00086C	4780	665E	007F2	714	BE	PRPR	NO	4950.00
000864	5511	3C0C	0000C	715	CLI	0(3),X*11*	ARE WE DUMPING?	4960.00
000868	4780	6720	00874	716	BE	KILL	YES	4970.00
00086C	9500	673C	00884	717	CLI	DONEFLAG,0	IS ANY TASK STILL RUNNING?	4980.00
000870	4780	669E	007F2	718	BE	PRPR	YES	4990.00
				719	CLOSE	(SYSPRINT)		5000.00
000874				720*	CNOP	0,4		
000874	4510	6728	0087C	721+KILL	BAL	1,*+8 BRANCH AROUND LIST		
000878	80			722+	DC	AL1(128) OPTION BYTE		
000875	00088C			723+	DC	AL3(SYSPRINT) DCB ADDRESS		
00087C	0A14			724+	SVC	20 ISSUE CLOSE SVC		
				725	ABEND	0		
00087E				726+	DS	OH		5010.00
00087E	4110	0000	00000	727+	LA	1,0 LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
000882	CA00			728+	SVC	13 LINK TO ABEND ROUTINE		
000884	CC00			729	DONEFLAG	DC	H*0*	5020.00
000886	0000							
000888	CC0003E8			730	TENSEC	EC	F*1000*	5030.00
				731	SYSPRINT	DCB	DDNAME=SYSPRINT,DSORG=PS,MACRF=IPM,RECFM=FB,LRECL=132	5040.00

DATA CONTROL BLOCK

OF 'O' ORIGIN ON WORD BOUNDARY

# DIRECT ACCESS DEVICE INTERFACE

BU1600 FCAC, DVTBL  
A(0) KEYLE, DEVT, TR8AL

## COMMON ACCESS METHOD INTERFACE

```

DC  ALL(01) BUFG
DC  AL3(1) BUFCB
DC  AL2(0) BUFL
DC  BL2'0100000000000000' DSURG
DC  A(1) IORAD

```

## FOUNDATION EXTENSION

DC 8L1'00000000\* BFTEK,BFLN,HIARCHY  
DC AL3(1) EDDAU  
DC BL1'10010000\* KECFM  
DC AL3(0) EXLST

FOUNDATION BLOCK

\*+252

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LUC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

0008B4 E2E8E2D7C9C9D5E3

0008C0 02

0008D0 CC

0008E0 0050

CL8'SYSPRINT' DONAME

BL1'00000010' DFLGS

BL1'00000000' IFLG

BL2'0000000001010000' MACR

DC

DC

DC

DC

759+

760+

761+

762+

BSAM-BPAM-QSAM INTERFACE

BL1'00000000' KER1

AL3(1) CHECK, GERR, PERR

A(1) SYNAD

H'0' CIND1, CIND2

AL2(0) BLKSIZE

F'0' WCPU, WCPL, OFFSR, OFFSW

A(1) IOBA

AL1(0) NCP

AL3(1) E0BR, E0BAD

DC

DC

DC

DC

DC

DC

DC

DC

DC

764\*\*

766+

767+

768+

769+

770+

771+

772+

773+

774+

776\*\*

QSAM INTERFACE

0008D8 0000C0C1

0008E0 0000

0008F0 0084

000900 CC

000910 C000C1

000920 C0000000

000930 C000C0C1

DC

DC

DC

DC

DC

AL2(132) LRECL

BL1'00000000' EROPT

AL3(1) CNTRL

F'0' PRECL

A(1) EOB

A(1) RECAD

H'0' QSWS

AL2(132) LRECL

BL1'00000000' EROPT

AL3(1) CNTRL

F'0' PRECL

A(1) EOB

778+

779+

780+

781+

782+

783+

784+

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1 / DDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
00080C	47FC F00C		786 ABENDX	SAVE (14,8),*		
0008F0	06	0000C	787 ABENDX	B 12(0,15) BRANCH AROUND ID		5060.00
0008F1	C1C2C5D5C4E7		788+	DC ALI(6)		
0008F7	CC		789+	DC CL6 ABENDX* IDENTIFIER		
0008F8	90E8 D00C		790+	STM 14,8,12(13) SAVE REGISTERS		
0008FC	0560		791	RALR 6,0		5070.00
0008FE			792	USING *.6		5080.00
0008FE	5880 1000		793	L 8,00(1,1)	GET BASE FOR AREA	5090.00
00090C			794	USING AREA,8		5100.00
00090C	4500 6CF2		795	CH 0,=H*12*	IS THE PARM AREA THERE?	5110.00
00090B	4770 600E		796	BNE STOROK	YES	5120.00
00090A	1882		797	LK 8,2	PARM LIST ADR IN 2 IF NO STORAGE	5130.00
00090C			798	EQU *		5140.00
00090C	5820 8050		799	L 2,WORKSLOT	--> WORKIBL SLOT	5150.00
000910	52FF 200C	00000	800	MVI 0(2),255	INDICATE TASK STOPPED	5160.00
000914	5830 8060		801	L 3,RJEDEB		5170.00
000916	1233		802	LTR 3,3	ANY DEB POINTER?	5180.00
00091A	4780 6044		803	BZ	NO	5190.00
00091E	5840 301C		804	L 4,28(1,3)	--> APPENDAGE VECTOR TABLE	5200.00
000922	D503 6C0A	F000 00908	805	CLC =A(01,0(15))	IS AVTSAVE GOOD?	5210.00
000926	4780 6C44		806	BE NUREST	NC	5220.00
00092C	58F0 60E2		807	L 15,=VIAVTSAVE)		5230.00
00092C	4100 0000		808	ZEROKEY		5240.00
000934	0A81		809+	LA 0,0		
000936	0213 4000	F000 00000	810+	SVC SVCNO	RESTORE THE A.V.T	5250.00
00093C	4800 60F0		811	MVC 0(20,4),0(15)		5260.00
000940	0A81		812	RESETKEY		
000942	D23E 8004	6072 00C04	813+	LH 0,=H*-1*		
000948	0202 8CF2	8078 000F2	814+	SVC SVCNO		
00094C	F234 81C8	1004 001C8	815 NUREST	MVC OUTBUF(63),OPMSG		5270.00
000954	5820 60EA		816	MVC OUTBUF(30(3),TERMNO	PLT TERMINAL # IN MSG	5280.00
000958	90E7 81C8	2000 001C8	817	UNPK OUTBUF(55(9),4(5,1))	COMPL CODE	5290.00
00095E	4110 80D4		818	L 2,=A(HEXTAB)		5300.00
000962	CA23		819	IR OUTBUF(55(8),0(2))	TRANSLATE TO HEX	5310.00
000964	98E8 D00C		820	WTO ,MF=(E,OUTBUF)		5320.00
000968	41F0 0000		821+	LA 1,OUTBUF LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
00096C	07FE		822+	SVC 35 ISSUE SVC		
000970			823	RETURN (14,8),RC=0	NO RETRY	5330.00
000974	E2C9D4FCF0FC540		824+	LM 14,8,12(13) RESTORE THE REGISTERS		
000978	003F		825+	LA 15,0(0,0) LOAD RETURN CODE		
000980			826+	BR 14 RETURN		
000984			827	OPMSG WTO 'SIM0001 TASK FOR TERMINAL XXX ABENDED - COMPL CODE XXXXXXXX'*	5340.00	
000988			828+UPMSG	,MF=L	5350.00	
000990			829+	OF		
000994			830+	AL2(1H80043-*) MESSAGE LENGTH		
000998			831+	DC B'0000000000000000' MCSFLAGS FIELD		
001000			832+1H80043	DC C'SIM0001 TASK FOR TERMINAL XXX ABENDED - CCPL CODE XXXX		
001004			833	XXXXX' MESSAGE		
001008			834	EQU *		
001012			835	SLCP		
001016			836	DC *-X'FO'		5360.00
001020			837	EQU		5370.00
001024			838	DC C'0123456789ABCDEF'		5380.00

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SOURCE STATEMENT

5390.00

LTORG

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT
0C09C0				836	
CC09C0	C0000154			837	=A(SIMECB)
0009C4	00000000			838	=V(STOPFLAG)
0C09C8	40404040			839	=CL4, 1
0009CC	E2E3D6D7			840	=C*STOP
0009D0	C4E4C4D7			841	=C*DUMP
0C09D4	C000CC00			842	=V(DELAY)
0009D8	C0000000			843	=A(0)
0C09DC	C0000000			844	=V(SIMTASK)
CC09E0	C000CC00			845	=V(AVTSAVE)
0009E4	00000000			846	=V(FREQ)
0C09E8	C00008C0			847	=A(NEXTAB)
CC09EC	FFFF			848	=X*FFFF
0009EE	FFFF			849	=H*-1
CC09F0	000C			850	=H*12
0009F2	E0E0E0E0E0E0E0			851	=75X*E0

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1 / ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
000A40			853	SIMTASK CSECT		
			854	SAVE (14,12)		5410.00
			855+	DS OH		5420.00
000A40			856+	STM 14,12,12(13) SAVE REGISTERS		
000A40	90EC D00C		857	BALR 6,C		5430.00
000A40	0500		858	USING #,6		5440.00
000A40			859	GETMAIN R, LV=AREASIZE		5450.00
			860+	CNUP 0,4		
000A40	0700		861+	BAL 1, #+8 BRANCH AROUND LENGTH		
000A40	451C 60CA		862+	DC A(AREASIZE) LENGTH		
000A40	0000C340		863+	L 0,0(1,0) LOAD LENGTH		
000A40	5801 0000		864+	SVC 10 ISSUE GETMAIN SVC		
000A40	CACA		865	LR 8,1		5460.00
000A40	1881		866	LR 11,13		5470.00
000A40	4100 8000		867	LA 13,SAVE		5480.00
000A40	5000 8008		868	ST 13,8(,11)		5490.00
000A40	5050 8004		869	ST 11,SAVE+4		5500.00
000A40	411C 0C00		870	LA 1,0		5510.00
000A40	5820 8018		871	L 2,24(,11)	RESTORE ENTRY REG 1	5520.00
000A40	411C 200C		872	IC 1,0(,2)	GET THE TERMINAL INDEX	5530.00
000A40	5820 6B52		873	L 2,=V(WORKTBL)	--> WORKTBL SLCT	5540.00
000A40	4121 2000		874	LA 2,0(1,2)		5550.00
000A40	5C20 8C5C		875	ST 2,WORKSLOT		5560.00
000A40	5820 6B56		876	L 2,=V(SIMECB)		5570.00
000A40	4121 2000		877	LA 2,0(1,2)	--> OUR ECB	5580.00
000A40	5C20 8C54		878	ST 2,ECBAOR		5590.00
000A40	4130 8104		879	LA 3,PRINT		5600.00
000A40	5820 6B5A		880	L 2,=V(PRTBL)		5610.00
000A40	5031 2000		881	ST 3,0(1,2)	PUT PTR TO PRINT Q IN PRTBL	5620.00
000A40	9200 807A		882	MVI TERMSTAT,0	INITIALIZE TERMSTAT BYTE	5630.00
000A40	4120 0000		883	LA 2,0		5640.00
000A40	5020 8104		884	ST 2,PRINT		5650.00
000A40	5020 8104		885	ST 2,RQEDEB		5660.00
000A40	5020 824C		886	LA 2,TRAREA		5670.00
000A40	4120 824C		887	SI 2,TRACEPTR		5680.00
000A40	4120 0000		888	LA 2,0		5690.00
000A40	4020 8C8C		889	STH 2,INREAD		5700.00
000A40	4020 807E		890	STH 2,INLEFT		5710.00
000A40	4020 807E		891	STH 2,OUTCOUNT		5720.00
000A40	011CE		892	MVC DCB,PROTOCB		5730.00
000A40	5830 8018		893	L 3,24(,11)	RESTORE ENTRY REG 1	5740.00
000A40	5820 6B5E		894	L 2,=V(UNINITABLE)		5750.00
000A40	1832		895	SR 3,2	OFFSET IN UNINITABLE IS DEVICE ADR	5760.00
000A40	8810 0002		896	SRL 1,2 CONVERT TERMINAL INDEX TO TERMINAL NUMBER		5770.00
000A40	4110 8C48		897	CVD 1,DECWK		5780.00
000A40	960F 804F		898	DI DECWK+7,X*OF*		5790.00
000A40	F321 807B		899	UNPK TERMNO,DECWK+6(2)	TERMINAL NUMBER IN CHAR FORM	5800.00
000A40	0202 8206		900	MVC DCB+42(3),TERMNO	SUFFIX TERM NO TO DDNAME	5810.00
000A40	1813		901	LR 1,3	DEVICE ADR TO R1	5820.00
000A40	41FC 673A		902	LA 15,UCBLOOK		5830.00
000A40	4550 673A		903	BAL 14,UCBLOOK	GET UCB ADR	5840.00
000A40	5010 8058		904	ST 1,RQEUCB	SAVE FOR LATER	5850.00
000A40	4120 810C		905	LA 2,DCB		5860.00



LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	FL50CT70	3/20/72
000AF8	5C20 8108	0010E		906	ST 2,DCBADR		5870.00
000AF9	5C20 8108	0010E		907	MVI DCBADR,X'80'		5880.00
000B0C	0208 8240 67F6	00240		908	MVC TRAREA(12),STAE LIST	END OF LIST INDICATOR	5890.00
				909	STAE ,PARAM=(8),MF=(E,TRAREA)	MOVE IN STAE PARAM LIST	5900.00
000B0E	4110 8240	00240		910+	LA 1,TRAREA LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
000B0F	5C81 0004	000C4		911+	ST (8),4(1)	MODIFY LIST - PARAM ADDR	
000B10	0A3C			912+	SR 0,0	INDICATE CREATE OPTION	
				913+	SVC 60	ISSUE STAE SVC	5910.00
000B12	4110 8108	001C8		914	OPEN ,MF=(E,DCBADR)		
000B16	CA13			915+	LA 1,DCBADR LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
000B18	9110 820C			916+	SVC 19 ISSUE OPEN SVC	OPEN OK?	5920.00
000B1C	4710 60E2	0020C		917	TM DCB+48,X'10'		5930.00
000B20	4110 6414	00E5A		918	BO DPUK		5940.00
000B24	5010 820C			919	LA 1,FAKEGET		5950.00
000B28				920	ST 1,DCB+48		5960.00
000B2E	5820 8058	00C5E		921 CPCK	ECU *	SUBSTITUTE GET RTNE_ADR	5970.00
000B30	4830 2014	00014		922	L 2,RQEUCB		5980.00
000B34	1233			923	LH 3,20(,2)	GET RQE ADR FROM UCB	5990.00
000B38	4780 616A	00B8C		924	LTR 3,3	ANY RQE?	6000.00
000B3C	4920 3002	00C02		925	BZ GOTOWORK	NO - CAN'T FIND DEB	6010.00
000B3E	4770 616A	00B8C		926	CH 2,2(,3)	DGES RQE --> UCB?	6020.00
000B40	58F0 3004	00C04		927	BNE GOTOWORK	NO - BAD RQE	6030.00
000B42	50F0 805C	0005C		928	L 15,4(,3)	GET IUB ADR FROM RQE	6040.00
000B44	5840 3008	00C08		929	ST 15,RQEIOB	SAVE FOR LATER	6050.00
000B46	5850 401C	00C1C		930	L 4,8(,3)	GET DEB ADR FROM RQE	6060.00
000B48				931	L 5,28(,4)	--> A V T	6070.00
000B4E	4100 0000	00C0C		932	ZEROKEY		
000B52	0A61			933+	LA 0,0		
000B54	0213 500C	6816 00000		934+	SVC SVCND	MAKE APPENDAGES DUMMY	6080.00
000B58	5800 8004	00C04		935	MVC 0(20,5),SIMAVT		6090.00
000B5C	5840 8018	00018		936	L 11,SAVE+4	GET ENTRY REG 1	6100.00
000B62	435C 4C00	00C0C		937	L 4,24(,11)	SAVE	6110.00
000B64	9200 4000	00000		938	IC 5,0(,4)	CLEAR BYTE IN UNITABLE	6120.00
				939	MVI 0(4),0	SU WE CAN HALT THE I/O	6130.00
000B6A	1812			940	INITIALT (2)		
000B6C	0A21			941+	LK 1,2 LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
				942+	SVC 33 20002	WAIT FOR HALT	6140.00
000B6E	4110 615E	00B44		943	STIMER WAIT,BINTVL=TWOSEC		
000B72	4100 0011	00011		944+	LA 1,TWOSEC LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
000B76	55C0 0C18	00018		945+	LA 0,17(,0) LOAD FLAG BYTE		
000B7A	0A2F			946+	SEL 0,24(0) SHIFT TO HI-ORDER BYTE		
000B7C	5820 805C	0005C		947+	SVC 47 ISSUE STIMER SVC		
000B80	5830 2C1C	00C1C		948	L 2,RQEIOB	GET IOB ADR	6150.00
000B84	41F0 6162	00B4E		949	L 11,16(,2)	SAVE CH PROG PTR	6160.00
000B88	50F0 2C10	00010		950	LA 15,DISABLE	--> DISABLE COMMAND	6170.00
				951	ST 15,16(,2)	PLT PTR IN IOB	6180.00
				952	EXCP (2)	DISABLE THE LINE	6190.00
000B8C	1812			953+	LK 1,2 LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
000B8E	CA00			954+	SVC 0 ISSUE SVC FOR EXCP		
000B90	420C 4C00	00C0C		955	STC 5,0(,4)	RESTORE	6200.00
000B94	5000 2010	00010		956	ST 11,16(,2)	RESTORE CH PROG_PTR	6210.00
				957	RESETKEY		6220.00
000B98	4600 6BAE	015F4		958+	LH 0,=H'-1'		

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LOC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

000B9C	0A81			959+	SVC	SVCNO		
000B9E	47F0 615E			960	B	DOIT		6230.00
000BA2	0000		000E4					
000BA4	000000C8			961	TWOSEC	DC	F'200'	6240.00
000BA8				962	LS	OD		6250.00
000BAE	2F00000000000000			963	DISABLE	DC	X'2F',7X'00'	6260.00

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	FL50C170	3/20/72
000000	5830 8050	00050		965	GOTCWRK L	3,WORKSLOT	
000004	5820 3000	00000		966	L	2,0(,3)	6280.00
000008	1222			967	LTR	2,2	6290.00
000012	4770 618E	00004		968	BZ	FOUNDWK	6300.00
000016	5810 8054	00054		969	L	1,ECBADK	6310.00
000020	5020 1000	00000		970	ST	2,0(,1)	6320.00
000024	4110 1000			971	WAIT	1,ECB=(1)	6330.00
000028	4100 0001	00000		972+	LA	1,0(0,1) CLEAR HIGH BYTE OF REG	6340.00
000032	0001	00001		973+	LA	0,1 LOAD PARAMETER REG Q	
000036	0001			974+	SVC	1 LINK TO WAIT ROUTINE	
000040	5820 3000	00000		975	L	2,0(,3)	
000044	5500 3000			976	FOUNDWK	CLI	0(3),0
000048	4770 6234			977	BNE	NOTEXCP	
000052	4140 0000	00000		978	LA	4,0	6380.00
000056	5040 3000	00000		979	ST	4,0(,3)	6390.00
000060	5840 2014	00014		980	DOIT	4,1UBDCBPT(,2)	6400.00
000064	5830 4020	00020		981	L	3,DCRDEBAD(,4)	6410.00
000068	4170 0000	00000		982	LA	7,0	6420.00
000072	4370 2020	00020		983	IC	7,IOBUCB(,2)	6430.00
000076	4570 0002	00002		984	SLL	7,2	6440.00
000080	5877 3020	00020		985	LA	7,DEBUCBAD(7,3)	6450.00
000084	4140 4000	00000		986	LA	4,0(,4)	6460.00
000088	4130 3000	00000		987	LA	3,0(,3)	6470.00
000092	4170 7000	00000		988	LA	7,0(,7)	6480.00
000096	5070 8058	00058		989	ST	7,RQE	6490.00
000100	5020 8050	00050		990	ST	2,RQE+4	6500.00
000104	5030 8060	00060		991	ST	3,RQE+8	6510.00
000108	5850 2010	00010		992	STARTCP	EQU *	6520.00
000112	4150 5000	00000		993	L	5,16(,2)	6530.00
000116	4207 5064	00064		994	LOADCAN	0(,5)	6540.00
000120	4100 0001	00001		995+	LA	5,0(,5)	
000124	4100 0001	00001		996+	MVC	CC,SAVE,0(5)	
000128	4100 0001	00001		997	ZKOFF		
000132	4100 0001	00001		998+	LA	0,1	6550.00
000136	4100 0001	00001		999+	SVC	SVCNO	
000140	4100 0001	00001		1000	NI	1(2),X,7F*	6560.00
000144	4100 0001	00001		1001	MVI	16(2),0	6570.00
000148	4100 0001	00001		1002	INVOKAPG	SIO,(DECODE,CENDSKIP)	6580.00
000152	4100 0001	00001		1003+	L	15,AVTSAVE+4	
000156	4100 0001	00001		1004+	BALR	14,15	
000160	4100 0001	00001		1005+	B	DECODE	
000164	4100 0001	00001		1006+	B	CENLSKIP	
000168	4100 0001	00001		1007	LA	2,0	
000172	4100 0001	00001		1008	TRT	CCMUP(1),CCOPTBL	6590.00
000176	4100 0001	00001		1009	BZ	BADCCW	6600.00
000180	4100 0001	00001		1010	B	*(2)	6610.00
000184	4100 0001	00001		1011	B	WASREAD	6620.00
000188	4100 0001	00001		1012	B	WASWRITE	6630.00
000192	4100 0001	00001		1013	B	WASPREP	6640.00
000196	4100 0001	00001		1014	B	WASENABL	6650.00
000200	4100 0001	00001		1015	B	WASOISAB	6660.00
000204	4100 0001	00001		1016	B	WASTIC	6670.00
000208	4100 0001	00001		1017	B	WASSENSE	6680.00
000212	4100 0001	00001		1018	B	WASSENSE	6690.00

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
000C6C	47F0 63CA				B WASNOP 20		6700.00
000C7C	47F0 63CA				B WASSAD 24		6710.00
000C74	47F0 62A6				B WASBREAK 13		6720.00
000C78	0000			1022	BALCCW DC H'0'		6740.00
000C7A	5521 3000			1024	NOTEXCP CLI 0(3),33	WAS IT IOHALT?	6760.00
000C7E	4780 627C	000CC		1025	BE IOHALT	YES	6770.00
000C82	95FF 300C	00000		1026	CLI 0(3),255	WAS IT A 'STOP'	6780.00
000C86	4780 6254			1027	BE QUIT		6790.00
000C8A				1028	ABEND 123,DUMP		6800.00
000C84	0700			1029+	DS OH		
000C8C	47F0 624E			103C+	CNOP 0,4		
000C90	8C			1031+	B **8 BRANCH AROUND CONSTANT		
000C94	00007B			1032+	DC AL1(128) DUMP/STEP CODE		
000C98	5810 624A			1033+	DC AL3(123) COMPLETION CODE		
000C9A	0A00			1034+	L 1,*-4 LOAD CODES INTO REG 1		
000C9C				1035+	SVC 13 LINK TO ABEND ROUTINE		
000C9E				1036	EQU *		6810.00
000CA0	58DC 8004			1037 *	ABEND 256,DUMP		6820.00
000CA4	47F0 6266			1038	CLOSE MF=(E,DCBADR)		6830.00
000CA8	0000340			1039+	LA 1,DCBADR LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
000CAC	5800 6262			1040+	SVC 20 ISSUE CLOSE SVC		
000CB0	1818			1041	L 13,SAVE+4		6840.00
000CB2	4111 00C0			1042	FREEMAIN R,LV=AREASIZE,A=(8)		6850.00
000CB6	8ADA			1043+	CNOP 0,4		
000CA4	47F0 6266			1044+	B **8 BRANCH AROUND LENGTH		
000CA8	0000340			1045+	DC ATAREASIZE) LENGTH		
000CAC	5800 6262			1046+	L 0,*-4 LOAD LENGTH		
000CB0	1818			1047+	LK 1,8 LOAD AREA ADDRESS		
000CB2	4111 00C0			1048+	LA 1,0(1) CLEAR THE HIGH ORDER BYTE		
000CB6	8ADA			1049+	SVC 10 ISSUE FREEMAIN SVC		6860.00
000CB8	58EC D00C			1050	RETURN (14,12),RC=0		
000CBC	41F0 0000			1051+	LM 14,12,12(13) RESTORE THE REGISTERS		
000CC0	07FE			1052+	LA 15,0(0,0) LOAD RETURN CODE		
000CC2	4110 8C58			1053+	BR 14 RETURN		
000CC6	4120 0000			1055	LA 1,RQE		6880.00
000CCA	5020 3C00			1056	LA 2,0		6890.00
000CCE	5820 805C			1057	ST 2,0(1,3)	CLEAR WORKLBL SLOT	6900.00
000CD2	5830 8060			1058	L 2,RQE108		6910.00
000CD6	4100 0C01			1059	L 3,RQEDEB		6920.00
000CEA	0A81			1060	ZKOFF GET ZERO KEY SO WE CAN		6930.00
000CEC	5680 2001			1061+	LA 0,1		
000CE8	9601 200C			1062+	SVC SVCNO		6940.00
000CE4	9248 2004			1063	OI 1(2),X'90'	INDICATE HID ISSUED IN IOFLAG2	6950.00
000CE8	47F0 62D8			1064	UI 12(2),X'01'	SET UNIT EXCEPTION IN CSW	6960.00
000CEA				1065	MVI 4(2),X'48'	SET COMPL CODE FOR HALTED I/O	6970.00
000CEB				1066	B DOCLND	GO DO THE CH END APG	

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LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	
000CEC				1068	WASBREAK EQU *	
000CEC	4110 8058	00058		1069	LA 1,RQE	6990.00
000CFC	5820 805C	0005C		1070	L 2,RQE+4	7000.00
000CF4	9140 8068	00068		1071	TM CCWFLAGS,CCWCC	7010.00
000CF8	4710 8098	000FC		1072	BO CCYES	7020.00
000CFC				1073	ABEND 111,DUMP	7030.00
000CFC				1074+	DS OH	7040.00
000CFC				1075+	CNOP 0,+4	
000CFC	47F0 62BE	000C4		1076+	B **8 BRANCH AROUND CONSTANT	
000CFC	80			1077+	DC AL(128) DUMP/STEP CODE	
000CFC	00006F			1078+	DC AL3(111) COMPLETION CODE	
000D04	5810 62BA	000CC		1079+	L 1,*-4 LOAD CODES INTO REG 1	
000D08	CACD			1080+	SVC 13 LINK TO ABEND ROUTINE	
000D0A				1082	WASPREP TERMSTAT UNLKED=WASREAD	7060.00
000D0A	5180 8C7A	0007A		1083+WASPREP	DS OH	
000D0E	4780 62E2			1084+	TM TERMSTAT,LOCKED	
000D12	47F0 63CA	00E10		1085+	BZ WASREAD	
000D12				1086	B WASSAD	7070.00
000D16	5850 5C00	000C0		1088	WASTIC L 5,0(1,5)	
000D1A	4150 5C0C	00000		1089	LOADCAW 0(1,5)	7090.00
000D1E	D207 8064	500C 00064		1090+	LA 5,0(1,5)	7100.00
000D24	47F0 61F8	0003E		1091+	MVC CCWSAVE,0(5)	
000D24				1092	B DECODE	7110.00
000D28	48F0 807E	0007E		1094	WASREAD EQU *	
000D2C	12FF			1095	LH 15,INLEFT	7130.00
000D2E	4720 63B2	000F8		1096	LTR 15,15	7140.00
000D32	5820 6632	01278		1097	BP NOGET	7150.00
000D36	47F0 61F2	200C 01276		1098	L 2,FREQ	7160.00
000D36				1099	MVC FREQ,0(12)	7170.00
000D36				1100	USING PREG,2	7180.00
000D3C	4800 6BAE	015F4		1101	RESETKEY	7190.00
000D40	0AB1			1102+	LH 0,*-1*	7200.00
000D42	4100 8000	00000		1103+	SVC SVCNO	
000D46	4110 0002	000C2		1104	LA 13,SAVE	
000D4A	0A08			1105	TIME DEC	7210.00
000D50	5003 6048	00048		1106+	LA 1,2(0,0) LOAD 1 TO SPECIFY UNIT	7220.00
000D50	2007 2007	68B4 00007		1107+	SVC 11 ISSUE TIME SVC	
000D56	0E03 2007	8048 00007		1108	ST 0,DLCWK	7230.00
000D5C	0202 2004	807B 000C4		1109	MVC PRTIME,=X'40212C7A20207A2020*	7240.00
000D62	9240 2010	00010		1110	ED PRTIME,DECKW	7250.00
000D66	0276 2011	201C 00011		1111	MVC PRTERM,TERMNO	7260.00
000D6C	5100 8108	00108		1112	MVI PRFILL,C*	7270.00
000D70	1810			1113	MVC PRBUF,PRFILL	7280.00
000D72	58F0 1030	0003C		1114	L 12,CCBACK	7290.00
000D72				1115	GET (12)	7300.00
000D72				1116+	LK 1,12 LOAD PARAMETER REG 1	
000D72				1117+	L 15,48(0,1) LOAD GET ROUTINE ADDR.	

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LOC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	7310.00
000076	05EF			1118*	BALR 14,15 LINK TO GET ROUTINE	
000077	9180 6200	00200		1119	GETBACK	
000078	4710 6346			1120	TM DCB+36,X'80.	
000079	48E0 1000			1121	BO FIXED	
000080	4110 1004			1122	LH 14,0(,1)	
000081	47F0 635C			1123	LA 1,4(,1)	
000082	41F0 104F			1124	B LAST SKIP AHEAD	
000083	41E0 0C50			1125	LA 15,791,1)	
000084	4770 635C			1126	LA 14,80	
000085	47E0 634E			1127	CLL 0(15),C	
000086	47F0 6370			1128	BNE LAST	
000087	47E0 634E			1129	BCTR 15,0	
000088	47F0 6370			1130	BCT 14,MEASURE	
000089	47E0 634E			1131	LTR 14,14	
000090	47F0 6370			1132	BZ NUMOVE	
000091	47E0 634E			1133	BCTR 14,0	
000092	47F0 6370			1134	EX 14,MOVEIN	
000093	47E0 634E			1135	EX 14,MOVEPR	
000094	47F0 6370			1136	LA 14,1(,14)	
000095	47E0 634E			1137	LA 15,3(,14)	
000096	47F0 6370			1138	STH 15,INLEFT	
000097	47E0 634E			1139	LA 15,INBUF+1(14)	
000098	47F0 6370			1140	MVC 0(2,15),X'FEFF	
000099	47E0 634E			1141	MV1 INBUF,X'FD	
000100	47F0 6370			1142	LA 14,2(,14)	
000101	47E0 634E			1143	EX 14,XLATE	
000102	47F0 6370			1144	LA 15,PRINT	
000103	47E0 634E			1145	L 14,PRINT	
000104	47F0 6370			1146	LTR 14,14	
000105	47E0 634E			1147	BZ FEND	
000106	47F0 6370			1148	LR 15,14	
000107	47E0 634E			1149	L 14,0(,14)	
000108	47F0 6370			1150	B FLOOP	
000109	47E0 634E			1151	ST 14,0(,2)	
000110	47F0 6370			1152	ST 2,0(,15)	
000111	47E0 634E			1153	STH 14,INREAD	
000112	47F0 6370			1154	EQU *	
000113	47E0 634E			1155	L 1,0(,5)	
000114	47F0 6370			1156	LA 1,0(,1)	
000115	47E0 634E			1157	ST 1,TO	
000116	47F0 6370			1158	LH 15,INREAD	
000117	47E0 634E			1159	LA 1,INBUF(15)	
000118	47F0 6370			1160	ST 1,FROM	
000119	47E0 634E			1161	EQU *	
000120	47F0 6370			1162	WASAC	
000121	47E0 634E			1163	WASENABL EQU *	
000122	47F0 6370			1164	WASISAB EQU *	
000123	47E0 634E			1165	WASNEP EQU *	
000124	47F0 6370			1166	L 2,RQE+4	
000125	47E0 634E			1167	LA 1,RQE	
000126	47F0 6370			1168	B SETCOUNT	
000127	47E0 634E			1169	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000128	47F0 6370			1170	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000129	47E0 634E			1171	ST 1,TC	
000130	47F0 6370			1172	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000131	47E0 634E			1173	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000132	47F0 6370			1174	ST 1,TC	
000133	47E0 634E			1175	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000134	47F0 6370			1176	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000135	47E0 634E			1177	ST 1,TC	
000136	47F0 6370			1178	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000137	47E0 634E			1179	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000138	47F0 6370			1180	ST 1,TC	
000139	47E0 634E			1181	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000140	47F0 6370			1182	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000141	47E0 634E			1183	ST 1,TC	
000142	47F0 6370			1184	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000143	47E0 634E			1185	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000144	47F0 6370			1186	ST 1,TC	
000145	47E0 634E			1187	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000146	47F0 6370			1188	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000147	47E0 634E			1189	ST 1,TC	
000148	47F0 6370			1190	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000149	47E0 634E			1191	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000150	47F0 6370			1192	ST 1,TC	
000151	47E0 634E			1193	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000152	47F0 6370			1194	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000153	47E0 634E			1195	ST 1,TC	
000154	47F0 6370			1196	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000155	47E0 634E			1197	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000156	47F0 6370			1198	ST 1,TC	
000157	47E0 634E			1199	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000158	47F0 6370			1200	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000159	47E0 634E			1201	ST 1,TC	
000160	47F0 6370			1202	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000161	47E0 634E			1203	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000162	47F0 6370			1204	ST 1,TC	
000163	47E0 634E			1205	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000164	47F0 6370			1206	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000165	47E0 634E			1207	ST 1,TC	
000166	47F0 6370			1208	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000167	47E0 634E			1209	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000168	47F0 6370			1210	ST 1,TC	
000169	47E0 634E			1211	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000170	47F0 6370			1212	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000171	47E0 634E			1213	ST 1,TC	
000172	47F0 6370			1214	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000173	47E0 634E			1215	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000174	47F0 6370			1216	ST 1,TC	
000175	47E0 634E			1217	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000176	47F0 6370			1218	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000177	47E0 634E			1219	ST 1,TC	
000178	47F0 6370			1220	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000179	47E0 634E			1221	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000180	47F0 6370			1222	ST 1,TC	
000181	47E0 634E			1223	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000182	47F0 6370			1224	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000183	47E0 634E			1225	ST 1,TC	
000184	47F0 6370			1226	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000185	47E0 634E			1227	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000186	47F0 6370			1228	ST 1,TC	
000187	47E0 634E			1229	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000188	47F0 6370			1230	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000189	47E0 634E			1231	ST 1,TC	
000190	47F0 6370			1232	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000191	47E0 634E			1233	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000192	47F0 6370			1234	ST 1,TC	
000193	47E0 634E			1235	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000194	47F0 6370			1236	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000195	47E0 634E			1237	ST 1,TC	
000196	47F0 6370			1238	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000197	47E0 634E			1239	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000198	47F0 6370			1240	ST 1,TC	
000199	47E0 634E			1241	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000200	47F0 6370			1242	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000201	47E0 634E			1243	ST 1,TC	
000202	47F0 6370			1244	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000203	47E0 634E			1245	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000204	47F0 6370			1246	ST 1,TC	
000205	47E0 634E			1247	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000206	47F0 6370			1248	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000207	47E0 634E			1249	ST 1,TC	
000208	47F0 6370			1250	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000209	47E0 634E			1251	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000210	47F0 6370			1252	ST 1,TC	
000211	47E0 634E			1253	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000212	47F0 6370			1254	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000213	47E0 634E			1255	ST 1,TC	
000214	47F0 6370			1256	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000215	47E0 634E			1257	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000216	47F0 6370			1258	ST 1,TC	
000217	47E0 634E			1259	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000218	47F0 6370			1260	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000219	47E0 634E			1261	ST 1,TC	
000220	47F0 6370			1262	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000221	47E0 634E			1263	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000222	47F0 6370			1264	ST 1,TC	
000223	47E0 634E			1265	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000224	47F0 6370			1266	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000225	47E0 634E			1267	ST 1,TC	
000226	47F0 6370			1268	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000227	47E0 634E			1269	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000228	47F0 6370			1270	ST 1,TC	
000229	47E0 634E			1271	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000230	47F0 6370			1272	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000231	47E0 634E			1273	ST 1,TC	
000232	47F0 6370			1274	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000233	47E0 634E			1275	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000234	47F0 6370			1276	ST 1,TC	
000235	47E0 634E			1277	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000236	47F0 6370			1278	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000237	47E0 634E			1279	ST 1,TC	
000238	47F0 6370			1280	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000239	47E0 634E			1281	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000240	47F0 6370			1282	ST 1,TC	
000241	47E0 634E			1283	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000242	47F0 6370			1284	LA 1,OUTBUF(1)	
000243	47E0 634E			1285	ST 1,TC	
000244	47F0 6370			1286	LH 1,OUTCOUNT	
000245	47E0 634E			12		

LUC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
000E28	5810 5000		00000	1171	L 1,0(,5)		
000E2C	5C10 8074		00074	1172	ST 1,FRUM	CCW DATA ADR	7830.00
000E30	47F0 63CA		00E1C	1173	B WASNOP		7840.00
							7850.00
000E34	58FC 5000		00000	1175	WASSENSE L 15,0(,5)		
				1176	ZKOFF	GET CCM DATA ADR	7870.00
000E38	4100 0001		00001	1177+	LA 0,1	GET ZERO KEY	7880.00
000E3C	0A81			1178+	SVC SVCNU		
000E3E	9200 F000	00000		1179	MVI 0(15),0	SEND A ZERO SENSE BYTE	7890.00
000E42	47F0 63CA		00E10	1180	B WASNOP		7900.00

LOC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 SYMT SOURCE STATEMENT F150C170 3/20/72

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000E46 41F0 6414 00E5A 1182 EOF LA 15,FAKEGET 7920.00
000E4A 43EC 820C 0020C 1183 IC 14,DCB+48 7930.00
000E4E 50F0 820C 0020C 1184 ST 15,DCB+48 7940.00
000E52 42E0 820C 0020C 1185 STC 14,DCB+48 7950.00
000E56 41E0 6332 00D78 1186 LA 14,GETBACK 7960.00
000E5A 4110 6B42 01588 1187 FAKEGET LA 1,=CL80,SEND **SCRIPT COMPLETE** 7970.00
000E5E 07FE 1188 BR 14 7980.00

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SAVE FLAGS  
 REPLACE GET\_RTIME ADR  
 RESTORE

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000E60 D200 8083 1000 CCC83 0C0CC 1190 MOVEIN MVC INBUF+1(0),0(1) 8000.00
000E66 D200 2011 1000 00011 00000 1191 MOVEPR MVC PRBUF(0),0(1) 8010.00
000E6C DC00 8082 693B 000B2 01381 1192 XLATE TR INBUF(0),XLUTAB 8020.00

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LOC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 SYMT SOURCE STATEMENT				F150C170 3/20/72	
000E72	9508 8064	000064	1194 EXCCW	CLI CCWOP, TIC	
000E76	4770 6442	000E88	1195	BAE NOTTIC	IS CURRENT CCW A TIC?
000E7A	5850 5000	000000	1196	L 5,0(,5)	NO
			1197	LOADCWA 0(,5)	EXECUTE THE TIC
000E7E	4150 5000	000000	1198+	LA 5,0(,5)	
000E82	D207 8064	5000 000064	1199+	MVC CCWSAVE, 0(5)	
000E88	58F0 8C7C	000000	1200	L 15, TO	UPDATE TO
000E8C	4AF0 8078	000000	1201	AH 15, COUNT	
000E90	50F0 8070	000000	1202	ST 15, TO	
000E94	58F0 8074	000000	1203	L 15, FROM	AND FROM POINTERS
000E98	4AF0 8078	000000	1204	AH 15, COUNT	
000E9C	50F0 8C74	000000	1205	ST 15, FROM	
000E9E	58F0 5000	000000	1206	L 15,0(,5)	CCW DATA ADR
000EA4	41F0 F000	000000	1207	LA 15,0(,15)	
000EA8	9102 8064	000064	1208	TM CCWOP, READBIT	
000EAC	4710 6472	000E88	1209	BU RESETTO	
000E80	50F0 8074	000000	1210	ST 15, FROM	FOR WRITE, FROM=CCW CAD
000E84	47F0 6476	000E8C	1211	B SETCOUNT	
000E88	50F0 8070	000000	1212	ST 15, TO	FOR READ, TO=CCW CAD
000E8C	D201 8078	806A 000078	1213	MVC COUNT, CCW COUNT	SET COUNT FOR MOVE
			1214	ZKOFF	
000E82	4100 0001	000001	1215+	LA 0,1	
000E84	CAB1	000000	1216+	SVC SVCNU	
000E88	58F0 2000	000000	1217	ST 15,12(,2)	SET SECOND HALF OF CSW
000E8C	43F0 2008	000008	1218	IC 15,8(,2)	SAVE IOBFLAG3
000E90	41E0 5008	000000	1219	LA 14,8(,5)	UPDATE COMMAND ADR
000E94	5000 2008	000000	1220	ST 14,8(,2)	FOR FIRST HALF OF CSW
000E98	42F0 2008	000008	1221	STC 15,8(,2)	RESTORE
000E9C	5108 8C68	000068	1222	TM CCWFLAGS, CCWPCI	
000E9E	4780 64A8	000000	1223	BZ XFER	IS PCI BIT IN CCW ON?
000EA4	9260 2000	000000	1224	MVI 13(2), X'80'	NO, SKIP PCI APG
000E88	D200 0041	2005 000041	1225	MVC 65(7), 9(2)	SET PCI FLAG IN CSW
			1226	INVDKAPG PCI	COPY CSW TO LOW CORE
000EE8	58F0 68CA	01250	1227+	L 15, AVTSAVE+8	ADR LF APPENDAGE
000EF2	0BFF	000064	1228+	DALR 14,15	
000EF4	9506 8064	000000	1229	CLI CCWOP, PREP	WAS CCW A PREPARE?
000EF8	4780 64CA	000064	1230	BE TESTPREP	YES
000EFC	9103 8064	000064	1231	TM CCWOP, READBIT+WRITEBIT	WAS CCW READ OR WRITE?
000F00	4740 64DC	000000	1232	BM ROR	YES
000F04	41FC 0000	000000	1233	LA 15,0	
000F08	40F0 200E	000000	1234	STH 15,14(,2)	
000F0C	47F0 658E	000000	1235	B TESTCC	CLEAR CSW COUNT
			1236	TESTPREP TERMSTAT UNLKED=ROR	OTHERWISE DONE WITH THIS ONE
000F10		00007A	1237+TESTPREP	DS OH	
000F1C	9180 8C7A	000000	1238+	TM TERMSTAT, LOCKED	
000F14	4760 64DC	000000	1239+	BZ ROR	
000F18	4ECC 8BAE	000000	1240	RESETKEY	
000F1C	0AB1	000000	1241+	LH 0, F'-1'	
000F1E	47F0 616A	000000	1242+	SVC SVCNO	
			1243	B GUTWORK	
000F22	58F0 8C7C	000000	1245	ROR	
000F26	58F0 8074	000000	1246	L 15, TO	
				L 14, FROM	

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LOC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

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000F2A 48D0 8078      (0078 1247 LH 13,COUNT      8460.00
000F2E 08D0          1248 BCTR 13,0        8470.00
000F30 9501 8064      00064 1249 CLI CCWOP,01      8480.00
000F34 478C 6502      (0F48 1250 BE MOVEIT      8490.00
000F38 9110 8068      C0068 1251 TM CCWFLAGS,CCWSKIP  8500.00
000F3C 4710 6506      (0F4C 1252 BO CUXFER      8510.00
000F40 550C 8064      00064 1253 CLI CCWOP,PREP  8520.00
000F44 4780 6506      (0F4C 1254 BE CUXFER      8530.00
000F48 4400 67EE      01234 1255 MOVEIT      8540.00
000F50 4710 655C      C0064 1256 CUXFER      8550.00
000F54 48F0 807E      (007E 1257 B0 WRITE#      8560.00
000F58 50F0 200C      (007E 1258 LH 15,INLEFT  8570.00
000F5C 48F0 8078      (007E 1259 ST 15,12(,2)  8580.00
000F60 48F0 8078      (007E 1260 SH 15,COUNT      8590.00
000F64 48F0 8078      (007E 1261 ST 15,INLEFT  8600.00
000F68 48F0 8078      (007E 1262 BWP EOT      8610.00
000F70 48F0 8078      (007E 1263 LH 15,INREAD      8620.00
000F74 48F0 8078      (007E 1264 AH 15,COUNT      8630.00
000F78 48F0 8078      (007E 1265 ST 15,INREAD      8640.00
000F80 48F0 8078      (007E 1266 CKCHAINY LA 15,0 8650.00
000F84 48F0 8078      (007E 1267 ST 15,12(,2)  8660.00
000F88 48F0 8078      (007E 1268 CLI CCWFLAGS,X'90' 8670.00
000F90 48F0 8078      (007E 1269 BE DELAYIT      8680.00
000F94 48F0 8078      (007E 1270 CLI CCWFLAGS,X'A8' 8690.00
000F98 48F0 8078      (007E 1271 DE DELAYIT      8700.00
000F9C 48F0 8078      (007E 1272 CKCHAIN TM CCWFLAGS,CCWCD 8710.00
000FA0 48F0 8078      (007E 1273 BZ TESTCC NO 8720.00
000FA4 48F0 8078      (007E 1274 NEXTCCM LOADCAN 8(,5) 8730.00
000FA8 48F0 8078      (007E 1275 NEXTCCM LA 5,8(,5)
000FAC 48F0 8078      (007E 1276 MVC CCWSAVE,0(15)
000FAE 48F0 8078      (007E 1277 B EXCCW      8740.00

000FA2 48F0 8002      (00D2 1278 WRITE#      8760.00
000FA6 48F0 8078      (0078 1280 AH 15,COUNT      8770.00
000FAA 48F0 8078      (00D2 1281 ST 15,OUTCOUNT      8780.00
000FAE 48F0 8003      (00D3 1282 LA 15,OUTBUF-1(15) 8790.00
000FB2 951F F000      (00D3 1283 CLI 0(15),X'IF' 8800.00
000FB6 4770 652E      (0CF7 1284 BAE CKCHAINY NUPE 8810.00
000FB8 4770 652E      (0CF7 1285 TERMSTAT NEW=UNLKED RECD UNLOCKED STATUS 8820.00
000FBA 947F 807A      (0CF7 1286 DS OH
000FBE 4770 652E      (0CF7 1287 NI TERMSTAT,255-LOCKED
000FB8 4770 652E      (0CF7 1288 B CKCHAINY

000FC2 48F0 806A      0006A 1290 ECT      8830.00
000FC6 58DC 200C      (000C 1291 L 15,CCWCOUNT      8850.00
000FCA 18F0      (000C 1292 SR 13,12(,2)  8860.00
000FCC 50FC 200C      (000C 1293 ST 15,13      8870.00
000FCE 50FC 200C      (000C 1294 TERMSTAT NEW=LOCKED 8880.00
000FC0      (000C 1295 DS OH      8890.00
000FDC 96H0 807A      (007A 1296 CI TERMSTAT,LOCKED
000FD0 9140 8068      (0068 1297 MVI 12(1),X'01'
000FD4 4780 6508      (0068 1298 TESTCC TM CCWFLAGS,CCWCC 8900.00
000FD8 4780 6508      (0068 1299 BZ UCEND      8910.00
000FDE 4780 6508      (0068 1299 BZ UCEND      8920.00

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LUC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
000FDC	415C 5008			1300 CCYES	LOADCAW 8(,5)		
000FE0	D207 8064	00008		1301+CCYES	LA 5,8(,5)		8930.00
000FE6	47F0 61F8	000C4	000CC	1302+	MVC CC=SAVE,0(5)		
		00C3E		1303	B DECODE		8940.00
					GO DECODE CHAINED COMMAND		
					TO NEXT CCW		

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
000FEA	41F0 000A	0000A		1305	DELAYIT LA 15,10	BASIC DELAY IS 0.1 SEC	8960.00
000FEE	9101 8064	00064		1306	TM CCWOP,WRITEBIT		8970.00
000FF2	4780 658A	01CCC		1307	BZ DELSKIP	SKIP ADDITIONAL DELAY IF NOT WR	8980.00
000FF6	48E0 806A	0006A		1308	LH 14,CCWCOUNT		8990.00
000FFA	85C0 0003	00C03		1309	SLL 14,3	LENGTH OF OUTPUT TIMES 8	9000.00
000FFE	1AFE			1310	AR 15,14	IS ADDITIONAL DELAY	9010.00
001J00	50F0 806C	0006C		1311	ST 15,BINTVL		9020.00
001J04	41D0 8000	00000		1312	LA 13,SAVE		9030.00
001J08	4110 806C	0006C		1313	STIMER WAIT,BINTVL=BINTVL		9040.00
001J0C	4100 0C11	00C11		1314+	LA 1,BINTVL LOAD PARAMETER REG 1		
001C10	8900 0018	00C11		1315+	LA 0,17(0,0) LOAD FLAG BYTE		
001C14	CA2F	00018		1316+	SLL 0,24(0) SHIFT TO HI-ORDER BYTE		
001016	4110 8058	00C5E		1317+	SVC 47 ISSUE STIMER SVC		9050.00
00101A	47F0 654E	00F94		1318	LA 1,RQE		9060.00
				1319	B NEXTCCW		

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	SIMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
00101E	43F0 20C8			1321	QEND		
00101E	43F0 20C8	00008		1322	IC	* 15,8(,2)	9080.00
00102E	41E0 5008	00008		1323	LA	14,8(,5)	9090.00
00102E	50L0 2008	00008		1324	ST	14,8(,2)	9100.00
00102A	42F0 2008	00008		1325	STC	15,8(,2)	9110.00
00102E	927F 2004	00004		1326	MVI	4(2),X,7F	9120.00
00103E	9103 8064	00064		1327	TM	CCWOP,READBIT*WRITEBIT	9130.00
00103E	4710 66EC			1328	BO	CENDNUM	9140.00
00103A	4E00 66AE			1329	RESETKEY	YES - DO CH END NOW	9150.00
00103E	0A81			1330+	LH	0,=F--1*	9160.00
001040	0501 6EB2	80E2 015F8		1331+	SVC	SVCNU	
001046	4760 66B8			1332	CLC	=AL2(0),OUTCOUNT	9170.00
00104A	5820 6B32			1333	BNL	NO	9180.00
00104E	0203 6B32	2000 0127B		1334	L	2,FREQ	9190.00
001054	4110 0002			1335	MVC	FREQ,0(2)	9200.00
00105A	5000 8048			1336	TIME	DEC	9210.00
00105E	0203 2007	6B00 00007		1337+	LA	1,2(0,0) LOAD 1 TO SPECIFY UNIT	
00106A	0E08 2007	8C48 00007		1338+	SVC	11 ISSUE TIME SVC	
00106E	0202 2004	8C7B 00004		1339	ST	0,DECK	9220.00
001070	9240 2010	00010		1340	MVC	PRTIME,X*6C21207A20207A2020*	9230.00
001074	0276 2011	201C 00011		1341	EC	PRTIME,DECK	9240.00
00107A	48F0 80D2			1342	MVC	PRTIME,TERMNO	9250.00
00107E	06F0			1343	MVI	PRFILL,C*	9260.00
00108C	44F0 67E2			1344	MVC	PRBUF,PRFILL	9270.00
00108A	44F0 67E8			1345	LH	15,OUTCOUNT	9280.00
00108E	0201 80D2	6B82 000E2		1346	BLTR	15,0	9290.00
00108E	41F0 8104			1347	EX	15,MVOUT	9300.00
001092	58E0 8104			1348	EX	15,XLO	9310.00
001096	4780 666C			1349	MVC	OUTCOUNT,=AL2(0)	9320.00
00109C	16FE			1350	LA	15,PRINT	9330.00
0010A2	47F0 6650			1351	L	14,PRINT	9340.00
0010A6	50E0 2000			1352	LTR	14,14	9350.00
0010AA	5020 FC00			1353	BZ	FEDD	9360.00
0010AE	9102 8064			1354	FR	15,14	9370.00
0010B2	4710 6688			1355	L	14,0(,14)	9380.00
0010B6	4810 806A			1356	B	FLOPP	9390.00
0010BA	8910 0003			1357	ST	14,0(,2)	9400.00
0010BE	4110 100A			1358	ST	2,0(,15)	9410.00
0010C2	5010 806C			1359	TM	CCWOP,READBIT	9420.00
0010C6	4110 806C			1360	BC	REALLY	9430.00
0010CA	47FC 665C			1361	LH	1,CCWOCOUNT	9440.00
0010CC	4110 6B36			1362	SLL	1,3	9450.00
0010D2	4100 8000			1363	LA	1,10(,1)	9460.00
0010D6	41C0 0C11			1364	ST	1,0INTVL	9470.00
0010DA	8500 0018			1365	LA	1,0INTVL	9480.00
0010DE	0A2F			1366	B	CENDWAIT	9490.00
0010E0	41C0 0C11			1367	LA	1,DELAY	9500.00
0010E4	8500 0018			1368	LA	13,SAVE	9510.00
0010E8	41C0 0C11			1369	CENDWAIT	STIMER WAIT,BINTVL=(1)	9520.00
0010EC	8500 0018			1370	CENDWAIT	DS	
0010F0	41C0 0C11			1371+	LA	0,17(0,0) LOAD FLAG BYTE	
0010F4	8500 0018			1372+	SLL	0,24(0) SHIFT TO HI-ORDER BYTE	
0010F8	0A2F			1373+	SVC	47 ISSUE STIMER SVC	

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LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	SIM1	SOURCE STATEMENT	
0010E0	4110 8058	00058		1374	LA 1,RQE	9530.00
0010E4	5820 805C	0005C		1375	L 2,RQEIOB	9540.00
				1376	ZKOFF ,	9550.00
0010E8	4100 0001	000C1		1377+	LA 0,1	
0010EC	0A81			1378+	SVC SVCNO	9560.00
0010EE	9500 683A			1379	CLI STOPFLAG,0	9570.00
0010F2	4760 6608	01280		1380	BE NOSTOP	9580.00
0010F5	9603 200C	0000C		1381	OI 12(2),X*03*	9590.00
0010FA	5640 200C	00002		1382	OI 2(2),X*40*	9600.00
0010FE	9241 2004	00004		1383	MVI 4(2),X*41*	9610.00
001102	58F0 8050	00050		1384	L 15,WORKSLOT	9620.00
001106	52FF F000	00000		1385	MVI 0(15),255	9630.00
00110A	58F0 301C	0001C		1386	L 15,28(,3)	9640.00
00110E	0501 58A2	6802 015E8		1387	CLC =A(01,AVTSAVE	9650.00
001114	4760 6608	0111E		1388	BE NOCCOD	9660.00
001118	B213 F000	6802 00000		1389	MVC 0(20,15),AVTSAVE	9670.00
00111E				1390	CCWOP,PREP	9680.00
001122	4780 66EC	00064		1391	BE SLI	9690.00
001126	9120 8068	00068		1392	TM CCWFLGS,X*20*	9700.00
00112E	5640 200D	0000D		1393	SLI	9710.00
001132				1394	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9720.00
001136	4150 0000	0000C		1395	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9730.00
00113A				1396	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9740.00
00113E	58FC 680E			1397	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9750.00
001140	47F0 670A			1398	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9760.00
001144	47F0 6728			1399	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9770.00
001148	47F0 6736			1400	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9780.00
00114C	47F0 672C			1401	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9790.00
001150				1402+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9800.00
001154	41A0 007F			1403	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9810.00
001158	58A0 0018			1404+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9820.00
00115C	58C0 3000			1405+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9830.00
001160	58F0 0010			1406+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9840.00
001164	58FC F058			1407+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9850.00
001168	05EF			1408+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9860.00
16A	47F0 672C			1409+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9870.00
5E				1410	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9880.00
				1411	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9890.00
				1412+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9900.00
				1413	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9910.00
				1414	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9920.00
				1415	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9930.00
				1416	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	9940.00
				1417	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1418	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1419	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1420	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1421	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1422	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1423+	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1424	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1425	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	
				1426	SET INCORRECT LENGTH BIT	

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LCC OBJECT CODE ADDR1 ADDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT

001172			1427+	DS	OH		
001172			1428	ARCUND	EQU	*	
			1429		RESETKEY		
001172	4800	68AE	015F4	1430+	LH	O, H, -1,	9950.00
001176	0A81		14314	SVC	SVCND		9960.00
001178	47F0	616A	00EBC	1432	B	GOTOWORK	
						BACK TO CHECK QUEUE	9970.00
							9990.00
00117C			1434	DOAGAIN	TRCHEND	F8	
00117C	47F0	61CE	00C14	1435+DCAGAIN	DS	OH	
				8	STARTCP		10000.00

LCC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150CT70	3/20/72
000024				1438	CVTILK1 EQU X'24'		10020.00
000028				1439	CVTILK2 EQU X'28'		10030.00
				1440	ENTRY UCBLCK		10040.00
				1441	USING *,15		10050.00
001180							
001180	58C0 0010			1442	UCBLCK L 12,16		10060.00
001184	58B0 C024			1443	L 11, CVTILK1(1,12)		10070.00
001188	9500 5007	00007		1444	CLI 7(11),0		10080.00
00118C	4760 F018			1445	BE BYTE		10090.00
00119C	5248 FC32	C1182		1446	MVI ICINST,X'48'		10100.00
001194	9203 F031	01181		1447	MVI SRLINST+3,3		10110.00
001198	41A0 0000			1448	LA 10,0		10120.00
00119C	42A0 B0C0			1449	IC 10,0(1,11)		10130.00
0011A0	41AA B000			1450	LA 10,0(10,11)		10140.00
0011A4	5850 C028			1451	L 9, CVTILK2(1,12)		10150.00
0011A8	18C1			1452	LR 12,1		10160.00
0011AA	54C0 F46C			1453	N 12,=A(X'F0')		10170.00
0011AE	85C0 C0G4			1454	SRLINST SRL 12,4		10180.00
0011B2	43C0 A000			1455	ICINST IC 12,0(12,10)		10190.00
0011B6	5410 F470			1456	N 1,=A(15)		10200.00
0011BA	1AC1			1457	AR 12,1		10210.00
0011BC	89C0 0001			1458	SLL 12,1		10220.00
0011CC	481C 9CC0			1459	LH 1,0(12,9)		10230.00
0011C4	07FE			1460	BR 14		10240.00
				1461	OKOP 15		10250.00

--> CVT  
 --> UCB LOOKUP TABLE  
 HALFWORD OR BYTE TABLE?  
 CHANGE IC TO LH  
 CHANGE SRL 12,4 TO SRL 12,3  
 CLEAR FOR IC  
 GET K  
 --> CONTROLLER PART OF TABLE  
 --> UCB ADR TABLE  
 CONTROLLER NUMBER  
 GET L  
 DEVICE NUMBER  
 UCB ADR



LCC CBJECT CODE ADDR1 "DDR2 STMT SOURCE STATEMENT F150CT70 3/20/72

1463 PRETCB DCB DUNAME=IN000,DSORG=PS,MACRF=(GL),EODAD=EOF 10270,00

## DATA CONTROL BLOCK

1465\*\*  
1466\*\*0011C6 0000  
0011C8

1467\*PROTCB DC OF\*0\* ORIGIN ON WORD BOUNDARY

1469\*\* DIRECT ACCESS DEVICE INTERFACE

0011C8 0000000000000000  
001108 CCCCCCCC1471\* DC BL16\*0\* FOAD,DVTBL  
1472\* DC A(0) KEYLE,DEVT,TRBAL

## COMMON ACCESS METHOD INTERFACE

1474\*\*

0011CC 00  
001100 CCCCCC  
0011E0 0000  
0011E2 4000  
0011E4 CCCCCC011476\* DC AL1(0) BUFNO  
1477\* DC AL3(1) BUFCH  
1478\* DC AL2(0) BUFL  
1479\* DC BL2\*0100000000000000\* DSORG  
1480\* DC A(1) IOBAD

1482\*\* FOUNDATION EXTENSION

0011E8 CC  
0011E9 000E46  
0011EC 00  
0011ED CCCCCC1484\* DC BL1\*00000000\* 8FTEK,BFLN,HIARCHY  
1485\* DC AL3(EOF) EOCAD  
1486\* DC BL1\*00000000\* RECFM  
1487\* DC AL3(0) EXLST

1489\*\* FOUNDATION BLOCK

0011F0 C905F0F0F0404040  
0011F8 C2  
0011F9 00  
0011FA 48001491\* DC CL8\*IN000\* DUNAME  
1492\* CC BL1\*00000010\* OFLGS  
1493\* DC BL1\*00000000\* IFLG  
1494\* DC BL2\*0100100000000000\* MACK

1496\*\* BSAM-BPAM-QSAM INTERFACE

0011FC 00  
0011FD CCCCCC  
001200 000000001  
001204 0000  
001206 C000  
001208 00000000  
00120C 000000001  
001210 CC  
001211 00000011498\* DC BL1\*00000000\* RERI  
1499\* DC AL3(1) CHECK, GERR, PEKR  
1500\* DC A(1) SYNAD  
1501\* DC H\*0\* CIND1, CIND2  
1502\* DC AL2(0) BLKSIZE  
1503\* DC F\*0\* WCPG, WCPL, OFFSR, OFFSW  
1504\* DC A(1) IUBA  
1505\* DC AL1(0) NCP  
1506\* DC AL3(1) E0BR, E0BAD

1508\*\* QSAM INTERFACE

001214 CCCCCC01  
001218 0000  
00121A CCCC  
00121C 001510\* DC A(1) RECAD  
1511\* DC H\*0\* QSWs  
1512\* DC AL2(0) LRECL  
1513\* DC BL1\*00000000\* EROPT

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[illegible]

LEC	OBJECT CODE	ACCRL	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	F150C170	3/20/72
001451	01C3C5C6C9CACCCEFD1D2010101000101			1566	DC X'01C3C5C6C9CACCCEFD1D2010101000101	DO-DF **00**	P18 10710.00
				1567	J K L M N O P Q R BS		P18 10720.00
001461	C101A5A6A5A5AACAFA			1568	DC X'0101A5A6A5A5AACAFA1B2C10101010101	E0-EF	10730.00
				1569	S T U V W X Y Z		10740.00
001471	15020407C80B000E1013010101165B1F			1570	DC X'15020407C80B000E1013010101165B1F	F0-FF	10750.00
				1571	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		10760.00
001481				1572	EQL *		10770.00
001481	4840F148F2484BF3F44840F548F6F748			1573	DC X'4840F148F2484BF3F44840F548F6F748	00-0F	10780.00
001491	F8484BF94BF07B484B484B484B484B5E			1574	DC X'F8484BF94BF07B484B484B484B484B5E	10-1F	10790.00
0014A1	7C404B614BA2A34B44A4A54BA64B48A7			1575	DC X'7C404B614BA2A34B44A4A54BA64B48A7	20-2F	10800.00
0014B1	46A3A94B484B484B6B			1576	DC X'46A3A94B484B484B6B484B484B484B	30-3F	10810.00
0014C1	6C404B514B32534B			1577	DC X'6C404B514B32534B484B484B484B	40-4F	10820.00
0014D1	404B3994B484B4E4E5B			1578	DC X'404B3994B484B4E4E5B4C484C7C48	50-5F	10830.00
0014E1	4B5C814B824B4B83			1579	DC X'4B5C814B824B4B83484B484B868748	60-6F	10840.00
0014F1	88404B894B484B4B48			1580	DC X'88404B894B484B4B485F4B4B4B4B4B	70-7F	10850.00
001501	48407E4B4C4E4B5E			1581	DC X'48407E4B4C4E4B5E7A48486C4B7D6E48	80-8F	10860.00
001511	5C4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B			1582	DC X'5C4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B	90-9F	10870.00
001521	4A404B4C4B4E4E4E4E4E			1583	DC X'4A404B4C4B4E4E4E4E4E4E4E4E4E	A0-AF	10880.00
001531	4E4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B			1584	DC X'4E4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B	B0-BF	10890.00
001541	6D4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B			1585	DC X'6D4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B	C0-CF	10900.00
001551	4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B			1586	DC X'4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B	D0-DF	10910.00
001561	4B4E4C148C24B484B4B4B			1587	DC X'4B4E4C148C24B484B4B4B4B4B4B4B	E0-EF	10920.00
001571	C84B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B			1588	DC X'C84B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B4B	F0-FF	10930.00
				1589	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F		10940.00
001588	E2C5C5C44070E2C3			1590	LTORG		10950.00
001588	00000000			1591	=CL80 SEND **SCRIPT COMPLETE**		
001588	00000000			1592	=V(WORKTBL)		
001588	00000000			1593	=V(SIMECB)		
001588	00000000			1594	=V(PRTBL)		
001588	00000000			1595	=V(UNITABLE)		
001588	00000000			1596	=A(0)		
001588	00000000			1597	=A(X'F0')		
001588	00000000			1598	=A(15)		
001588	00000000			1599	=H1-1		
001588	00000000			1600	=X'FEFF'		
001588	00000000			1601	=AL2(0)		
001588	00000000			1602	=X'4021207A20207A2020'		
001588	00000000			1603	=X'6021207A20207A2020'		
000J00				1604	DSECT		10960.00
000C00				1605	PREC		10970.00
000C00				1606	PRCHAIN		10980.00
000C00				1607	PRTERM		10990.00
000007				1608	PRTIME		11000.00
000010				1609	PRFILL		11010.00
000011				1610	PRBUF		11020.00
001610				1611	CSECT		11030.00
				1612	PRINT NOGEN		11040.00
				1856	BUFFERS 120		11050.00
					END SIMGO		

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POS.ID	REL.ID	FLAGS	ADDRESS
02	02	08	000425
02	02	CC	00C42E
02	02	CC	00C52E
02	02	08	000565
02	02	08	00C6C5
02	02	CC	00C66C
02	02	CC	00C6EC
02	02	CC	00C711
02	02	08	00C7BC
02	02	08	00C7C9
02	02	08	00C875
02	02	CC	00C8C0
02	02	CC	00C9E8
02	02	CC	00C6CC
02	03	1C	00C5C4
02	04	1C	00C9D4
02	05	1C	00C9DC
02	06	1C	00C9E0
02	07	1C	00C9E4
02	08	1C	00C120
05	02	08	00C1E9
05	09	08	00C125C
05	09	CC	00C126C
05	09	CC	00C1264
05	09	CC	00C1268
05	09	CC	00C126C
05	09	1C	00C1278
05	0B	1C	00C15D8
05	0C	1C	00C15DC
05	0C	1C	00C15E0
05	0E	1C	00C15E4
0F	0F	CC	00C161C
0F	0F	CC	00C168C
0F	0F	CC	00C175C
0F	0F	CC	00C17FC
0F	0F	CC	00C1B90
0F	0F	CC	00C153C
0F	0F	CC	00C15DC
0F	0F	CC	00C1A7C
0F	0F	CC	00C1B1C
0F	0F	CC	00C1B80
0F	0F	CC	00C1C50
0F	0F	CC	00C1CFC
0F	0F	CC	00C1D90
0F	0F	CC	00C1E30
0F	0F	CC	00C1EDC
0F	0F	CC	00C1F7C
0F	0F	CC	00C2C1C
0F	0F	CC	00C2C8C
0F	0F	CC	00C215C
0F	0F	CC	00C21FC
0F	0F	CC	00C225C
0F	0F	CC	00C233C

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PCS.ID	REL.ID	FLAGS	ADDRESS
0F	0F	0C	00230C
0F	0F	0C	002470
0F	0F	0C	002510
0F	0F	0C	00258C
0F	0F	0C	002650
0F	0F	0C	0026F0
0F	0F	0C	00275C
0F	0F	0C	002830
0F	0F	0C	0028D0
0F	0F	0C	00297C
0F	0F	0C	002A10
0F	0F	0C	002A8C
0F	0F	0C	002B5C
0F	0F	0C	002BF0
0F	0F	0C	002C5C
0F	0F	0C	002D3C
0F	0F	0C	002E00
0F	0F	0C	002E7C
0F	0F	0C	002F10
0F	0F	0C	002F80
0F	0F	0C	003C5C
0F	0F	0C	0030F0
0F	0F	0C	003190
0F	0F	0C	00323C
0F	0F	0C	0032DC
0F	0F	0C	00337C
0F	0F	0C	00341C
0F	0F	0C	0034E0
0F	0F	0C	00355C
0F	0F	0C	0035FC
0F	0F	0C	003650
0F	0F	0C	00373C
0F	0F	0C	0037DC
0F	0F	0C	003870
0F	0F	0C	00391C
0F	0F	0C	003980
0F	0F	0C	003A50
0F	0F	0C	003AFC
0F	0F	0C	003B90
0F	0F	0C	003C30
0F	0F	0C	003CDC
0F	0F	0C	003D70
0F	0F	0C	003E1C
0F	0F	0C	003EDC
0F	0F	0C	003F50
0F	0F	0C	003FFC
0F	0F	0C	00409C
0F	0F	0C	004130
0F	0F	0C	0041DC
0F	0F	0C	004270
0F	0F	0C	004310
0F	0F	0C	00438C
0F	0F	0C	004450

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POS.ID	REL.ID	FLAGS	ADDRESS
0F	0F	CC	0044F0
0F	0F	CC	00459C
0F	0F	CC	004630
0F	0F	CC	0046D0
0F	0F	CC	00477C
0F	0F	CC	004810
0F	0F	CC	00488C
0F	0F	CC	00495C
0F	0F	CC	0049F0
0F	0F	CC	004A5C
0F	0F	CC	004B3C
0F	0F	CC	004BD0
0F	0F	CC	004C7C
0F	0F	CC	004D10
0F	0F	CC	004DB0
0F	0F	CC	004E5C
0F	0F	CC	004EF0
0F	0F	CC	004F90
0F	0F	CC	00503C
0F	0F	CC	0050D0
0F	0F	CC	00517C
0F	0F	CC	00521C
0F	0F	CC	0052B0
0F	0F	CC	00535C
0F	0F	CC	0053FC
0F	0F	CC	005490
0F	0F	CC	00553C
0F	0F	CC	0055DC
0F	0F	CC	005670
0F	0F	CC	00571C
0F	0F	CC	0057B0
0F	0F	CC	005850
0F	0F	CC	0058FC
0F	0F	CC	005990
0F	0F	CC	005A30
0F	0F	CC	005ADC
0F	0F	CC	005B70
0F	0F	CC	005C10
0F	0F	CC	005C8C
0F	0F	CC	005D50
0F	0F	CC	005DFC
0F	0F	CC	005E5C
0F	0F	CC	005F3C
0F	0F	CC	005FDC
0F	0F	CC	006070

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## SYMBOL LEN VALUE CEFN REFERENCES

WTERM	00001	000018	00173	0299	0301	C303	0309	
ABFNCH	00004	0000EC	00787	1524				
AREA	00001	000000	00354	0391	0754			
AREASIZE	00001	000340	CC351	0862	1045			
ARCUND	00001	001172	01428	1420	1424			
AVTSAVE	00004	001248	01528	1003	1227	1387	1389	1404 1527
BADCCW	00002	000078	01022	1005				
BINTVL	00004	000060	00374	1311	1314	1364	1365	
BUFF4	00004	001272	01531	1529	1529	1529		
BR14	00002	001270	01530	1529	1529			
BUFFCCL	00001	001610	01610					
BYPASS	00001	001172	01425	1409				
BYTE	00004	001198	01448	1445				
CCOPTBL	00016	001281	01536	1008				
CCACC	00001	000040	00368	1071	1298			
CCWCC	00001	000080	00367	1272				
CCWCCCLNT	00002	00006A	00373	1213	1290	1308	1361	
CCWOD	00003	000065	00365					
CCWFLAGS	00001	000068	00366	1071	1222	1251	1268	1270 1272 1298 1394
CCWUP	00001	000064	00364	1008	1194	1208	1229	1231 1249 1253 1256 1306 1327 1359 1392
CCWPLI	00001	000008	00371	1222				
CCWSAVE	00008	000064	00363	0556	1091	1199	1276	1302
CCWSKIP	00001	000010	00370	1251				
CCWSLI	00001	000020	00365					
CCYES	00004	000000	01301	1072				
CENDNJK	00001	001132	01358	1328				
CENDUNE	00001	001150	01410	1406				
CENOSKIP	00001	001162	01421	1006	1407			
CENDNAT	00002	001006	01370	1366				
CERKILF	00004	000066	00224	0158				
CERKSTCF	00004	000058	00712	0691				
CERKUNIT	00004	000083	00232	0156				
CERKJ	00001	000000	00245	0230				
CERKJAIN	00004	000000	01272					
CERKJAIN	00004	000074	01266	1284	1268			
CERKJAIN	00002	000078	00377	1201	1204	1213	1247	1260 1264 1280
CVTHEAD	00001	0000A0	00493	0497				
CVTILK1	00001	000024	01438	1442				
CVTILK2	00001	000028	01439	1451				
DCB	00008	000000	00388	0892	0900	0917	0920	1119 1183 1184 1185
DCBADR	00004	000008	00387	0506	0507	1035	1114	
DCBCEAD	00001	000020	00190	0234	0240	0581		
DCBUCBAD	00001	000020	00191	0235	0244	0585		
DECCCE	00004	000030	01007	1005	1052	1303		
DECCW	00008	000048	00350	0597	0598	0899	1108	1110 1339 1341
DELAY	00004	001270	01533	0256	1367			
DELAYIT	00004	0000EA	01305	1265	1271			
DELSKIP	00004	001000	01311	1307				
DISABLE	00001	0000A0	00563	0560				
DCAGAIN	00002	001170	01435	1408				
DECCER	00004	001110	01392	1066				
DOIT	00001	000064	00980	0560				
DELEFLAG	00002	000054	00729	0687	0695	0717		







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## REFERENCES

SYMBOL LEN VALUE DEFA

SYMBOL	LEN	VALUE	DEFA	REFERENCES
SIMECB	00001	000154	00298	0266 0275 0290 0512 0810 0814 0934 0959 0999 1062 1103 1178 1216 1242 1331 1378
SIMGC	00004	000498	00356	1856
SIMTASK	00001	000A40	00853	
SIMTCB	00001	000164	00300	0276 0572
SLI	00001	001132	01397	1392 1395
SLOCP	00004	000502	00499	0506
SRLINST	00004	0011AE	01454	1447
STAELIST	00001	001230	01522	0508
STAEX	00004	000144	00289	0466
STARTCP	00001	000014	00952	1436
STOPFLAG	00001	001260	01534	0296 1375
STOPT	00004	000486	00344	0335
STURCK	00001	000900	00758	0756
SVCNC	00001	000001	00177	0199 0290 0512 0810 0814 0934 0959 0999 1062 1103 1178 1216 1242 1331 1378
SVCSAVE	00004	000280	00306	1431
SVCNPSW	00001	000000	00185	0228 0238 0245 0253 0259 0269 0273 0282
SVGLDPSW	00001	000020	00184	0291 0477 0478
SYSIN	00004	0000F0	00600	0155 0157 0195 0208 0209 0211 0218 0219 0220 0222 0264 0271 0284
SYSPRINT	00004	000000	00735	0522 0524 0540 0660
TCHLMP	00001	000022	00481	0666 0668 0702 0723
TCHCIC	00001	000084	00482	0488
TCHPKF	00001	000010	00187	0489
TCHTCP	00001	000074	00479	0217 0455 0495 0505 0508 0509
TCHTIC	00001	000000	00480	0450
TCHSEC	00004	000000	00750	0499
TERMNO	00003	000078	00380	0683
TERMSTAT	00001	00007A	00378	0816 0855 0900 1111 1342
TESTEC	00004	0000D4	01258	0882 1084 1238 1287 1296
TESTPREP	00002	000F10	01237	1235 1273
TFCLND	00006	000500	00495	1230
TIC	00001	000000	00349	0492 1194
TLECP	00004	0005A0	00450	1194
TNEXT	00002	000504	00504	0454
TR	00004	000070	00375	0496 0501 1170 1200 1202 1212 1245
TRACFTR	00004	000230	00389	1152 1170
TRAREA	00256	000240	00390	0807 0908 0910
TRTAB	00001	0000B8	00651	0886
TWUSEC	00004	0000A4	00901	0544
UCBCHA	00001	000000	00161	0944
UCBLUCK	00004	001180	01442	0226 0503 1440
UCBUA	00001	000005	00162	0502
UNIT	00002	000000	00591	0246
UNITABLE	00004	000208	00307	0547 0548
UNITCNE	00001	000788	00655	0256 0536
USERSVC	00001	000307	00165	0618
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	0475
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1020
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1015
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1014
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1018
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1013
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1011
WASHREAR	00001	000000	01068	1015

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## SYMBOL LEN VALUE DEFN REFERENCES

WASSENSE	00004	CCCL34	01175	1017
WASTIC	00004	000016	01088	1016
WASWRITE	00004	CCCL1C	01168	1012
WORKSLUT	00004	000050	CC357	C795
WCKTRL	00001	000384	00308	0875 0965 1384
WRITER	00004	CCCF42	01279	0263 0265 0256 C693
WRITERIT	00001	CC0001	CC351	1257 1256 1306 1327
WTOR	00004	000420	00321	1231 0341 0343 0345
WTURECB	00004	000494	00347	0324 0331 0333
XFER	00004	000EF4	01229	1223
XFERI	00006	001234	01519	1255
XLATE	00006	00000C	01192	1142
XLO	00006	00122E	01518	1346
XLCTAB	00001	001381	01540	1192
XLIAS	00001	001481	01572	1518
ZEPCKEY	00004	00003A	00205	0207

SIM

DIAGNOSTICS

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SYMT ERROR CODE MESSAGE

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475 IEU020 NEAR OPERAND COLUMN 8---INVALID IMMEDIATE FIELD

1 STATEMENT FLAGGED IN THIS ASSEMBLY

8 WAS HIGHEST SEVERITY CODE

\*STATISTICS\* SOURCE RECORDS (SYSIN) = 1101 SOURCE RECORDS (SYSLIB) = 4825

\*OPTIONS IN EFFECT\* LIST, ACDECK, NULCAD, ACRENT, XREF, NOTEST, ALGN, US, NOTERM, LINECNT = 53

2050 PRINTED LINES