



# 167

# CICS

*October 1999*

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# CICS Update

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Xephon  
27-35 London Road  
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Berkshire RG14 1JL  
England  
Telephone: 01635 38030  
From USA: 01144 1635 38030  
E-mail: info@xephon.com

## Editor

Robert Burgess

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## North American office

Xephon/QNA  
1301 West Highway 407, Suite 201-405  
Lewisville, TX 75077-2150  
USA  
Telephone: 940 455 7050

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## Cold start next time

Many sites would like the ability to set CICS to cold start the next time it loads. This requirement comes from implementing changes that need a cold start to be ‘picked up’, for example new product installs, some SIT changes, RDO changes, etc. After the systems programmer has made the changes, he needs to coordinate a cold start with the operations or operations automation areas. This could involve a CLIST change, a simple note for the operator to remember (hopefully), or some other complex system! It would be far easier if the systems programmer could simply set a switch so that CICS will cold start the next time it is loaded.

Here is a very simple system to provide just this facility. It’s simple because it must not fail – a very complex system could have been designed and created, but this would be more risky. Simple is best!

This ‘Next Cold’ system works using JCL only. No programs are needed, so it can easily be ‘enabled’ and ‘disabled’ should it ever prove to be causing a problem (again, this is very simple).

The cold start itself is achieved by REPROing the initialization record into the CICS DFHGCD (global catalog), but using the REUSE option on the REPRO (the REUSE option means that the existing data in the file is cleared and the new records being REPROed will be the only ones in the file). A delete/redefine could have been used, but this carries the risk of deleting the GCD and then not being able to recreate it (because of space problems, perhaps).

In addition, the redefine would need to be set-up so that it takes the attributes from the existing GCD, and even then there could be problems because of extents not taken into consideration – again not as simple as a REPRO REUSE.

The rest of the system is simple JCL to wrap around the IDCAMS REPRO to cold start CICS. I have used a ‘flag’ system, but other systems could be used instead. We run CICS for MVS/ESA Version 4.1 running on OS/390 Version 2.6, but this system could be altered to run with other CICS versions and operating systems.

The system works as follows:

- Did CICS shut OK? This is done by attempting to delete a flag dataset that is created at CICS shutdown – a simple IEFBR14 step after the DFHSIP step to create a ‘SHUTOK’ dataset (see below). The ‘flag’ for CICS shutting down OK is done this way because, should there be a problem in creating this dataset, the following process is skipped:
    - If no, then skip all of the following steps.
    - If yes, is cold required? This is again done by attempting to delete a ‘flag’ dataset that is created by the systems programmer to flag a ‘Cold Next’. If the dataset exists, it is deleted and RC=0 is set, if it doesn’t exist then RC=8 and all of the following steps are skipped. The delete of this dataset also ensures that the cold start is performed only once.
  - If cold is required (RC=0 from the previous step) then the REPRO is performed against the DFHGCD.
  - CICS (DFHSIP step) starts cold – the following messages are issued by CICS during start-up:
    - DFHSI1518 <region>, no control record on global catalog dataset. Cold start forced.
    - DFHSI1502I <region>, CICS start-up is cold.
  - If the DFHSIP step completes RC=0, then create the ‘SHUTOK’ dataset.

Here is the JCL:

```
//*
//**=====
//**          CHECK/DELETE SHUT OK FLAG
//**=====
//**
//SHUTCHK EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,
//          PARM=( 'DELETE ',
//                  ' ''&REGION..SHUTOK''' )
//**
//**          IKJEFT01 DATASETS
//**
//SYSTSPRT DD  SYSOUT=*
```

```

//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSSTIN DD DUMMY
//*
// IF (SHUTCHK.RC = 0) THEN
//*
//*
//*=====
//*          CHECK WHETHER COLD START REQUIRED? *
//*=====
//*
//ARCCHK EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,
//          PARM='DELETE ',
//          ' ''&REGION..COLDNEXT'' ')
//*
//*          IKJEFT01 DATASETS
//*
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSSTIN DD DUMMY
//*
// ENDIF
//*
//*
// IF (SHUTCHK.RC = 0 & ARCCCHK.RC = 0) THEN
//*
//*
//*=====
//*          RE-INIT DFHGCD TO FORCE ARCTIC START *
//*=====
//*
//ARCGCD EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//*
//*          IDCAMS DATASETS
//*
//SYSIN DD DSN=CICS.COLDINIT(REPRO),      <- REPRO INFILE(DFHINST0)
//          DISP=SHR,                      OUTFILE(DFHGCD) REUSE
//          FREE=CLOSE
//DFHINST0 DD DSN=CICS.COLDINIT(DFHINST0), <- The Standard IBM init
//          DISP=SHR,
//          FREE=CLOSE
//DFHGCD DD DSN=&REGION..DFHGCD,
//          DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
// ENDIF
//*
.
.
.
CICS Step (DFHSIP)
.

```

```

.                                          
/* 
// IF (CICSSTEP.RC = 0 & ABEND = FALSE) THEN
/*
/*
//=====
//*          FLAG CICS SHUTDOWN OK
//*=====
/*
//SHUTOK    EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//-----*
//*          SHUTOK DATASETS
//*-----*
//SHUTOK    DD   DSN=&REGION..SHUTOK,
//              DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
//              DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=0),
//              UNIT=SYSALLDA,
//*              VOL=SER=??????,
//              SPACE=(80,(1,1),RLSE),
//              FREE=CLOSE
//*
// ENDIF
//*

```

So, what else is required? A REXX EXEC or job to create the ‘Next Cold’ datasets for all the CICS regions requiring a cold start – perhaps a REXX that can scan SYS2.PROCLIB for members beginning CICST, CICSU, CICSP, etc, and then create ‘Next Cold’ datasets for each system found. Whatever it is, all that is needed is a ‘Next Cold’ dataset to cold start CICS at the next start-up (that is, if the previous shut down was OK).

Because each site will have its own way to identify CICS regions, and those needing a cold start, I have not included a system to create ‘Next Cold’ datasets – a simple IEFBR14 or ISPF create dataset will do.

The ‘side effects’ of this system mean that, by looking at the creation dates of the ‘flag’ datasets, it is possible to tell when a CICS cold start was requested but not yet done, and when a system was last shut-down (and therefore used).

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*John Lemmon  
Systems Programming  
Norwich Union (UK)*

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# CICS allocation problems and SMF exit IEFUSI

## INTRODUCTION

In our shop we run several CICS 4.1s in production, test, and development modes. The CICSs are connected to IMS/DBCTL and DB2. Since we migrated from MVS Version 5.1 to OS/390 Version 1.3, we have experienced virtual storage abends 80A/878 in the production CICS. The fetch of modules failed because of insufficient LSQA storage.

When the CICS attachment facility to DB2 starts, it allocates storage for the maximum number of threads that can be created for each transaction in the RCT. 5.5KB are allocated per active thread in the CICS high private area (LSQA, and subpools 229 and 230). The CICS–DBCTL connection also requires CICS high private area virtual storage. CICS allocates 9KB of LSQA storage and 3KB of subpool 230 storage per active thread.

To circumvent 80A/878 system abends for a JES2 environment, IBM recommends the following:

- Allocate the SWA above 16MB with the SWA=ABOVE parameter in the STCCLASS/JOBCLASS statement of the JES2PARM member (this was already done).
- Decrease the user region size for an STC or a Job, to make more space available to the system control blocks in the high private area (LSQA, SWA, and subpools 229 and 230). See *CICS/ESA Performance Guide S488ff* for more details of the CICS high private area.

There are two ways to limit program storage below 16MB in virtual storage – IEALIMIT and IEFUSI. IEFUSI is the preferred exit routine, having several advantages over IEALIMIT:

- IEFUSI is a separate load module in the link pack area. However, IEALIMIT must reside in the nucleus and so the routine must be link-edited again each time the system is IPLed with a different version of the nucleus.

- IEALIMIT can only set region values below the 16MB line, leaving values for the extended private area to be determined by the system.
- IEFUSI is easier to write and less susceptible to system changes.

To install the IEFUSI exit, it must be specified on the EXITS option of the SYS or SUBSYS parameter of the SMF PARMLIB member (SMFPRMXX). It must be re-enterable and refreshable.

The following IEFUSI exit, based on an IBM sample, is used to control the region size below and above the 16MB line and to set installation-defined data space defaults and limits.

The details of the exit are described in the source code.

## IEFUSI

```

USI      TITLE 'IEFUSI - SMF Step Initialization Installation Exit'
IEFUSI   CSECT
IEFUSI   AMODE 31
IEFUSI   RMODE ANY
SPACE 1
*****
*****
**
** IEFUSI: SMF Step Initialization Installation Exit Sample **
**
*****
*****
**
** Function:
**
** IEFUSI receives control from the initiator before each job
** step is started (prior to allocation).
**
** This exit is used to control the installation limits for
** region, GETMAIN, and data spaces.
**
** The following installation values are defined at the end of
** this module and should be tailored to the installation's needs:**
**
** . MINBELOW: Minimum region size below 16MB.
** . MAXBELOW: Maximum region size below 16MB.
** . DEFABOVE: Default and minimum region size above 16MB.
** . TSODFABV: Default and minimum region size above 16MB for TSO.**
** . MAXABOVE: Maximum region size above 16MB.
**

```

```

** . DEFDSIZ: Default data space size. **
** . MAXDSSIZ: Maximum combined data space size for Address Space.**
** . MAXDSNUM: Maximum number of data spaces for Address Space. **
**
** Operation:
**
** 1. Control region size and limits.
**
** This exit enforces installation-defined minimum, default,
** and maximum values for region size and GETMAIN limits for
** both the area below and the area above 16 megabytes.
**
** a) Handle region size and limit below 16 megabytes.
**
** - Requested region is zero.


---


** Let system handle zero region size for started tasks,
** otherwise:
**
** Set region size = (private area size) - 64KB.
** Set GETMAIN limit = private area size.
**
** - Requested region < installation minimum.


---


** Set region size = minimum region below 16MB.
** Set GETMAIN limit = region size + 64KB.
**
** - Requested region < ((private area size) - 64KB).


---


** Set region size = requested region size.
** Set GETMAIN limit = region size + 64KB.
**
** - Requested region > ((private area size) - 64KB).


---


** Set region size = (private area size) - 64KB.
** Set GETMAIN limit = private area size.
**
** - Final check: if region size > installation maximum.


---


** Accept region size > installation maximum for started
** tasks, otherwise:
**
** Set region size = installation maximum below 16MB.
** Set GETMAIN limit = region size + 64KB.
**

```

```

**      b) Handle region size and limit above 16 megabytes.      **
**      - Set default extended region size.                      **
**      _____
**      Set default region size above 16MB to installation-    **
**      defined default.                                         **
**      Set special (reduced) installation-defined default    **
**      for TSO.                                               **
**      - Set minimum extended region size.                     **
**      _____
**      Use the installation-defined default extended region  **
**      size also as the minimum extended region size.        **
**      - Set maximum extended region size.                   **
**      _____
**      Allow any region size above the installation maximum  **
**      for started tasks.                                     **
**      Otherwise, enforce the installation-defined maximum   **
**      value for extended region size.                       **
**      No special TSO maximum value is required, as TSO users  **
**      cannot request a higher size than that defined in the  **
**      UADS or RACF dataset.                                **
**      - Set maximum extended GETMAIN limit.                 **
**      _____
**      Set extended GETMAIN limit equal to extended region   **
**      size.                                                 **
**      2. Control data space defaults and limits.           **
**      This exit sets the installation-defined values for   **
**      - Default data space size.                           **
**      - Maximum combined size of all data spaces owned within an  **
**          Address Space.                                 **
**      - Maximum number of data spaces that may exist at any given  **
**          time for an Address Space.                      **
**      Recovery-operation:                               **
**
```

```

** An ESTAE is set up by the calling module IEFSMFIE.          **
**                                                               **
** Register-Conventions:                                         **
**   Register      13 - Save area provided by caller. (No own save  **
**                      area is required by this sample exit).        **
**   Register      12 - Module base.                                **
**   Register      11 - Job Management Record JMR.                 **
**   Register      8 - Exit parameter list.                         **
**   Register      7 - VSM parameter area (VSMPARM).             **
**   Register      6 - RSM parameter area (RSMPARM).             **
**                                                               **
** Attributes:                                                 **
**   State:          Supervisor                                **
**   Key:            0                                         **
**   Mode:           Task                                      **
**   Amode:          31                                       **
**   Rmode:          Any                                       **
**   Type:           Reentrant                                **
**   Serialization: Enabled / Unlocked                      **
**   ASC Mode:       Primary (HASID=PASID=SASID)           **
**                                                               **
** Entry-Registers:                                           **
**   Register      0 - Irrelevant                            **
**   Register      1 - Address of the parameter list (EXTPARM)  **
**   Registers    2-12 - Irrelevant                           **
**   Register      13 - Address of standard 72 byte          **
**                      save area                               **
**   Register      14 - Return address                        **
**   Register      15 - Entry address of IEFUSI              **
**                                                               **
** Input:                                                       **
**   Register one points to the following list of addresses:  **
**     1. Address of the common exit parameter area mapped by IEFJMR.  **
**     2. Address of an eight-byte area containing the job step name.  **
**     3. Address of an eight-byte area containing the program name  **
**        from the EXEC statement.                                **
**     4. Address of an area containing the accounting information of  **
**        the EXEC statement. The first byte of the accounting infor-  **
**        mation contains the number of following accounting fields.  **
**        Each entry for an accounting field contains the length of  **
**        the field (one-byte, binary) followed by the field. A zero  **
**        in the length byte indicates an omitted field.          **
**     5. Address of the VSM parameter area that IEFUSI can use to  **
**        communicate the region and GETMAIN limits below and above  **
**        the 16 megabyte line to VSM.                          **
**     6. Address of the SRM information fullword. The first bit in  **
**        the first byte of this fullword indicates a V=R job.      **
**     7. Address of the RSM parameter area containing default and  **
**        limiting values for data spaces.                     **
**                                                               **

```

```

** Output:                                **
**                                         **
**     . A return code indicating whether job processing should    **
**         continue or should be cancelled.                         **
**                                         **
**     . Updated VSM parameter area.                               **
**                                         **
**     . Updated RSM parameter area.                               **
**                                         **
** Exit-Registers:                           **
**     Registers  0-14 - Restored to contents at entry          **
**     Register      15 - Return code                          **
**                                         **
** Return-Codes:                            **
**     0 - Job processing should continue.                      **
**     4 - Job processing should be cancelled.                 **
**                                         **
** Control-Blocks:                           **
**                                         **
**     Common Name/Use   Macro ID   Full Name                **
**     _____           _____       _____                  **
**     ASCB            R        IHAASCB  Address Space Control Block.  **
**     CVT             R        CVT      Communication Vector Table.  **
**     GDA             R        IHAGDA   VSM's Global Data Area.   **
**     JMR             R        IEFJMR   Job's Job Management Record.  **
**     OUCB            R        IRAOUCB  Resources manager User Control Block  **
**     PSA              R        IHAPSA   Prefixed Save Area.        **
**                                         **
**     (C=Create, R=Read, W=Write, D=Delete)                   **
**                                         **
** Macros-Executable:                         **
**     SAVE                                     **
**                                         **
*****                                         *****
*****                                         *****
      EJECT 1
IEFUSI  CSECT
      SAVE (14,12),,IEFUSI.&SYSDATE..&SYSTIME
      SPACE 1
      LR   R12,R15          Load base register.
      USING IEFUSI,R12        Set program base addressability.
      LR   R8,R1             Load address of parameter list.
      USING EXTPARM,R8        Set parameter list addressability.
      L    R11,EXTAEP          Load address of exit parameter area.
      USING JMR,R11          Map SMF exit parameter area to JMR.
      SPACE 1
*      WTO   'IEFUSI has become active'
*****                                         *****
* Handle region / GETMAIN limits.          *

```

```
*****
    ICM R7,15,EXTAVSMP      Fetch pointer to VSM parameter list.
    USING VSMPARM,R7        VSM parameter list addressability.
    BZ LIMRGN9               Bypass if not provided.
    ICM R1,15,EXTASRMI     Fetch pointer to SRM info. word.
    BZ LIMRGN9               Bypass if not provided.
    TM Ø(R1),X'80'          V=R job ?
    BO LIMRGN9               Bypass if V=R job.
    SPACE 1
    L R5,CVTPTR             Load address of CVT.
    USING CVTMAP,R5         Establish CVT addressability.
    L R14,CVTGDA             Load GDA address.
    L R14,GDAPVTSZ-GDA(,R14) Fetch private area size from GDA.
    DROP R5                  Release CVT base.
    SPACE 1
    L R5,PSAAOLD-PSA        Load address of our ASCB.
    USING ASCB,R5            Establish ASCB addressability.
    L R5,ASCBBOUCB          Load address of OUCB.
    DROP R5                  Release ASCB base.
    USING OUCB,R5            Establish OUCB addressability.
    LA R15,1                 Preset STC switch (R15 > Ø).
    CLC OUCBSUBN(3),=C'STC'  Is it started task ?
    BE LIMRGN                Yes, continue.
    LNR R15,R15               Preset TSO switch (R15 < Ø).
    CLC OUCBSUBN(3),=C'TSO'  Is it TSO session ?
    BE LIMRGN                Yes, continue.
    SR R15,R15                Else, set batch switch (R15 = Ø).
    DROP R5                  Release OUCB base.
    SPACE 1
*****
* Handle REGION = ØK. *
* _____ *
* STC: Let system handle REGION=ØK, otherwise: *
* . Set region size equal to system's private area size - 64KB. *
* . Set GETMAIN limit equal to system's private area size. *
*****
```

LIMRGN DS ØH  
 ICM RØ,15,VSMREGRQ Fetch requested region size.  
 BNZ LIMRGNØØ Bypass if region > Ø.  
 LTR R15,R15 Is it started task (STC) ?  
 BP LIMRGN9 Let system handle STC REGION=ØK.  
 B LIMRGNØ2 Else, go limit to private area size.

SPACE 1

\*\*\*\*\*
\* Handle REGION > ØK < installation minimum. \*
\* \_\_\_\_\_ \*
\* . Set minimum region below to installation-defined value. \*
\* . Add 64KB for the GETMAIN limit. \*
\*\*\*\*\*

```

LIMRGN00 DS  ØH
    C  RØ,MINBELOW      Region < installation minimum ?
    BNL LIMRGN01        No, bypass.
    L  RØ,MINBELOW      Else, use installation minimum for
    LR R1,RØ            region size below 16MB and
    LR R2,RØ            GETMAIN limit below 16MB.
    A  R2,K64           Add 64KB to GETMAIN limit.
    B  LIMRGN1           Go save new values.
    SPACE 1

*****
* Handle REGION < system's private area size. *
* _____
* . Set region size equal to requested region. *
* . Set GETMAIN limit equal to requested region + 64KB. *
*****

LIMRGN01 DS  ØH
    LR R1,RØ            Preset region size = req. region.
    LR R2,RØ            Preset GETMAIN limit = req. region.
    A  R2,K64           Add 64KB to GETMAIN limit.
    CR R2,R14           Is GETMAIN limit > private area ?
    BNH LIMRGN1          No, go use these values.
    SPACE 1

*****
* Handle REGION > system's private area size. *
* _____
* . Set region size equal to system's private area size - 64KB. *
* . Set GETMAIN limit equal to system's private area size. *
*****

LIMRGN02 DS  ØH
    LTR R1,R14          Fetch system's private area size.
    BZ  LIMRGN1          Bypass if zero.
    S   R1,K64           Subtract 64KB for region size.
    LR R2,R14           Set GETMAIN limit to priv. area size
    B   LIMRGN1          Go, save the new values.
    SPACE 1

*****
* Handle REGION > installation-defined maximum. *
* _____
* . STC:           Accept Region > installation-defined maximum, *
*                   with the exception of the CICS STC with the *
*                   stepname CICPRD. *
* . Batch/TSO:     Set region size to installation-defined maximum. *
*                   Set GETMAIN limit to inst. defined maximum + 64KB. *
*****


LIMRGN1 DS  ØH
    C  R2,MAXBELOW      GETMAIN limit > inst. maximum ?
    BNH LIMRGN3          No, OK
    L   R4,EXTASTPN      Load address of step name
    CLC Ø(6,R4),STEPNAME Compare stepname
    BE  LIMRGN2           Set 7.5 MB REGION Size for STC

```

```

        LTR    R15,R15          Started task ?
        BP     LIMRGN3          Yes, honour it.

LIMRGN2 DS   ØH
        L     R1,MAXBELOW      Set region limit to inst. maximum.
        LR    R2,R1            Set GETMAIN limit to inst. maximum.
        A     R2,K64           Add 64KB to GETMAIN limit.

LIMRGN3 DS   ØH
        ST    R1,VSMRLIMB     Store REGION limit below 16MB.
        ST    R2,VSMGLIMB     Store GETMAIN limit below 16MB.
        SPACE 1

*****
* Handle extended region default values. *
* _____
* Set default region size above 16MB to installation-defined default. *
* . TSO:      Use special (reduced) TSO extended region size default. *
* . Batch/STC: Set installation default extended region size value.  *
* Use default extended region size as minimum extended region size.  *
*****  

        L     R3,TSODFABV    Preset TSO default extended region.
        LTR   R15,R15         Is it TSO ?
        BM    LIMRGN4          Yes, use TSO special default/min.
        L     R3,DEFABOVE      Else, use batch/STC default/minimum.

LIMRGN4 DS   ØH
        LR    R1,RØ            Preset max. region = req. region.
        CR    RØ,R3            Region request > inst. default ?
        BH    LIMRGN5          Yes, bypass.
        LR    R1,R3            Set installation default as minimum.
        SPACE 1

*****
* Handle extended region limits. *
* _____
* Set maximum region size above 16MB to installation-defined maximum. *
* . STC:      Allow any region size for started tasks. *
* . Batch:    Limit extended region to installation-defined batch max. *
* . TSO:      Use batch maximum value. *
*             No special TSO maximum values are required, as TSO user      *
*             cannot request more than specified in UADS or RACF.       *
*****  

        LIMRGN5 DS   ØH
        LTR   R15,R15          Is it started task ?
        BP    LIMRGN6          Yes, accept region > inst. maximum.
        C    RØ,MAXABOVE       Is region request < inst. maximum ?
        BL   LIMRGN6           Yes, OK
        L    R1,MAXABOVE       Else, set installation maximum.

LIMRGN6 DS   ØH
        ST    R1,VSMRLIMA     Store extended region limit.
        ST    R1,VSMGLIMA     Use same value for ext. GETMAIN lim.
        OI    VSMFLAGW,X'80'   Set flags "use IEFUSI limits",
        NI    VSMFLAGW,X'40'   "check if region < 16MB fits",
        OI    VSMFLAGW,X'20'   "check if region > 16MB fits".

```

```

LIMRGN9 DS 0H
    SPACE 1
*****
* Handle data space limits. *
*****
    ICM R6,15,EXTARSMP      Fetch pointer to RSM parameter list.
    BZ  LIMDS9                Bypass, if not provided.
    USING RSMPARM,R6          Set RSM parm list addressability.
    SPACE 1
*****
* Set installation-defined default data space size. *
*****
    L   R1,DEFDSSIZ        Fetch installation-defined default.
    ST  R1,RSMDFSIZ        Pass value to RSM.
    SPACE 1
*****
* Set installation-defined maximum combined size for all user key   *
* data spaces owned within an Address Space.                         *
*****
    L   R1,MAXDSSIZ        Fetch installation-defined maximum.
    ST  R1,RSMMXSIZ        Pass value to RSM.
    SPACE 1
*****
* Set installation-defined maximum number of user key data spaces   *
* that may exist at any given time for an Address Space.             *
*****
    L   R1,MAXDSNUM        Fetch installation-defined maximum.
    ST  R1,RSMMXNUM        Pass value to RSM.
LIMDS9 DS 0H
    SPACE 1
*****
*
* Return to calling program. *
*
*****
    SPACE 1
RETURN DS 0H
    LM  R14,R12,12(R13)    Restore registers at entry.
    SR  R15,R15            Set zero return code.
    BSM 0,14                Return to caller in its mode.
    SPACE 1
*****
*
* Constants. *
*
*****
K64     DC A(64*1024)      64KB constant.
    SPACE 1
*****
* Define stepname to limit region > maxbelow *

```

```
*****
STEPNAME DC      CL6'CICPRD'
DC      C'      '
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation minimum region size below the 16MB line.      *
*****
MINBELOW DC      A(1024*1024-64*1024) Set MINBELOW = 1MB - 64KB.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation maximum region size below the 16MB line.      *
* Default: MAXBELOW DC      A(8*1024*1024-64*1024)                  *
* MAXBELOW DC      A(8*1024*1024-64*1024) Set MAXBELOW = 8MB - 64KB.  *
*****
MAXBELOW DC      A(7864320-64*1024) Set MAXBELOW = 7.5MB - 64KB.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation default/minimum region size above the 16MB line.*
*****
DEFABOVE DC      A(32*1024*1024)      Set DEFABOVE = 32MB.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define TSO installation default/minimum region above the 16MB line. *
*****
TSODFABV DC      A(16*1024*1024)      Set TSODFABV = 16MB.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation maximum region size above the 16MB line.       *
*****
MAXABOVE DC      A(64*1024*1024)      Set MAXABOVE = 64MB.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation default data space size in 4KB blocks.          *
* System supplied default: 239 blocks (956KB).                         *
*****
DEFDSSIZ DC      A(956*1024/4096)     Set Inst. default = system default.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation maximum combined size for all user key data    *
* spaces owned within an Address Space in megabytes.                 *
* System supplied default: 256MB.                                       *
*****
MAXDSSIZ DC      A(4096)            Set inst. maximum to 4096MB = 4GB.
SPACE 1
*****
* Define installation maximum number of user key data spaces that may *
* exist at any given time for an Address Space.                      *
* System supplied default: 256.                                         *
*****
MAXDSNUM DC      A(64)              Set inst. maximum to 64.
```

```

        SPACE 1
*
LTORG
EJECT 1
SPACE 1
*****
* Register assignments. *
*****
R0      EQU    0
R1      EQU    1
R2      EQU    2
R3      EQU    3
R4      EQU    4
R5      EQU    5
R6      EQU    6
R7      EQU    7
R8      EQU    8
R9      EQU    9
R10     EQU   10
R11     EQU   11
R12     EQU   12
R13     EQU   13
R14     EQU   14
R15     EQU   15
        SPACE 1
*****
* Definition of IEFUSI installation exit parameter list. *
*****
EXTPARM DSECT          Pointed to by register one.
EXTAEP A             Address of SMF exit parameter area.
EXTASTPN A            Pointer to step name.
EXTAPGM A            Pointer to program name.
EXTASACI A           Pointer to step accounting info.
EXTAVSMP A           Pointer to VSM parm list (VSMPARM).
EXTASRMI A           Pointer to SRM info. fullword.
EXTARSMP A           Pointer to RSM parm list (RSMPARM).
        SPACE 1
*****
* Definition of Virtual Storage Management Parameter List (VSMPARM). *
*****
VSMPARM DSECT          Pointed to by EXTAVSMP.
VSMFLAGW F             VSM flag word
VSMREGRQ F            Region size requested.
VSMGLIMB F            GETMAIN limit below 16MB.
VSMRLIMB F            Region limit below 16MB.
VSMGLIMA F            GETMAIN limit above 16MB.
VSMRLIMA F            Region limit above 16MB.
        SPACE 1
*****
* Definition of Real Storage Management Parameter List (RSMPARM). *
*****

```

```

RSMPARM DSECT          Pointed to by EXTARSMP.
RSMDFSIZ DS   F        Default data space size in 4KB.
*
RSMMXSIZ DS   F        System default: 239 blocks (956KB).
*
RSMMXNUM DS   F        Maximum combined size for all
                       user key data spaces owned
                       within an Address Space.
System default: 256MB.
*
RSMMXNUM DS   F        Maximum number of user key
                       data spaces that may exist at any
                       given time for an Address Space.
System default: 256

SPACE 1
PRINT OFF
*****
* DSECT for Communication Vector Table (CVT). *
*****
CVT    DSECT=YES,PREFIX=YES,LIST=YES
SPACE 1
*****
* DSECT for Address Space Control Block (ASCB). *
*****
IHAASCB
SPACE 1
*****
* DSECT for Resources manager User Control Block (OUCB). *
*****
IRAOUCB
SPACE 1
*****
* DSECT for Prefixed Save Area (PSA). *
*****
IHAPSA
SPACE 1
*****
* DSECT for VSM's Global Data Area (GDA). *
*****
IHAGDA
SPACE 1
*****
* DSECT for JOB's SMF Job Management Record (JMR). *
*****
IEFJMR
PRINT ON
SPACE 1
END

```

## Accessing CICS control blocks in COBOL – part 2

*This month we conclude the program that examines internal CICS structures in COBOL .*

```
*  
* Indicate the domain data being shown.  
*  
    MOVE DOMAIN TO DDOMIDO  
*  
* Place the Job ID, Job Name and CICS release in the output map.  
*  
    PERFORM ADDRESS-JSAB  
    MOVE JSAB-JOBID    TO DJOBIDO  
    MOVE JSAB-JOBNAME TO DJOBNMO  
    MOVE WHAT-VERSION TO DRELO  
*  
* Determine how much data to display (maximum of 256 bytes per  
* page) and allow for short lines.  
*  
    COMPUTE WORK-LTH = (CURRENT-PAGE - 1) * 256  
    COMPUTE WORK-PTR = START-WORK + WORK-LTH  
    COMPUTE WORK-LTH = TOTAL-LTH - WORK-LTH  
    SET ADDRESS OF ANCHOR TO ADDR-PTR  
    IF WORK-LTH > 256  
        MOVE 256 TO WORK-LTH  
        MOVE 15 TO LINE-LIMIT  
        MOVE 4 TO SEG-LIMIT,  
             BYTE-LIMIT  
    ELSE  
        COMPUTE LINE-LIMIT = WORK-LTH  
                      / LENGTH OF A-LINE  
    END-COMPUTE  
    COMPUTE WORK-LIMIT = WORK-LTH  
                      - (LINE-LIMIT  
                         * LENGTH OF A-LINE)  
    END-COMPUTE  
    COMPUTE SEG-LIMIT = WORK-LIMIT  
                      / LENGTH OF A-WORD  
    END-COMPUTE  
    COMPUTE BYTE-LIMIT = WORK-LIMIT  
                      - (SEG-LIMIT  
                         * LENGTH OF A-WORD)  
    END-COMPUTE  
END-IF  
*  
* Do up to 16 lines of output.
```

```

*
      PERFORM VARYING VECTOR-IX FROM 0 BY 1
      UNTIL VECTOR-IX > 15
          CALL 'HEXMANIP' USING ADDR-PTR,
                          LENGTH-4,
                          OA-ADDR
*
*      Keep the offset relative to the start of the block.
*
      ADD 16 TO WORK-PTR
      COMPUTE WORK-OFF = (VECTOR-IX * 16)
                     + (CURRENT-PAGE - 1) * 256
      CALL 'HEXMANIP' USING WO-LOW,
                          LENGTH-3,
                          OA-OFF
*
*      Display the data in both hexadecimal and 'printable'
*      character form.
*
      MOVE A-LINE(VECTOR-IX + 1) TO OA-EBCDIC
      PERFORM VARYING IX FROM 1 BY 1 UNTIL IX > 16
          IF (OA-EBCDIC(IX:1) NOT ALPHABETIC )
          AND (OA-EBCDIC(IX:1) NOT NUMERIC   )
          AND (OA-EBCDIC(IX:1) NOT PUNCTUATION)
              MOVE '.' TO OA-EBCDIC(IX:1)
          END-IF
      END-PERFORM
*
*      Allow for short pages.
*
      EVALUATE TRUE
          WHEN (VECTOR-IX < LINE-LIMIT)
              MOVE 4 TO DATA-LIMIT,
                      WORK-LIMIT
          WHEN (VECTOR-IX = LINE-LIMIT)
              IF SEG-LIMIT = 0
              AND BYTE-LIMIT = 0
                  MOVE SPACES TO ADDRLO(VECTOR-IX + 1)
                  SUBTRACT 1 FROM LINE-LIMIT
              ELSE
                  MOVE SEG-LIMIT TO DATA-LIMIT
                  MOVE SPACES
                      TO OA-EBCDIC((SEG-LIMIT * 4) +
                                    BYTE-LIMIT +
                                    1:
                                    ((4 - SEG-LIMIT) * 4) +
                                    (4 - BYTE-LIMIT))
              END-IF
          WHEN (VECTOR-IX > LINE-LIMIT)

```

```

        MOVE SPACES TO ADDRNO(VECTOR-IX + 1)
END-EVALUATE
*
*      Allow for short lines.
*
IF VECTOR-IX <= LINE-LIMIT
    PERFORM VARYING IW FROM 1 BY 1
    UNTIL IW > DATA-LIMIT
        CALL 'HEXMANIP' USING
            A-WORD(VECTOR-IX + 1, IW),
            LENGTH-4,
            OA-DATA(IW)
    END-PERFORM
*
*      Allow for areas which are not multiple words.
*
IF BYTE-LIMIT < 4
AND DATA-LIMIT < 4
AND IW > DATA-LIMIT
CALL 'HEXMANIP' USING
    A-WORD(VECTOR-IX + 1, IW),
    BYTE-LIMIT,
    OA-DATA(IW)
END-IF
MOVE OUT-ADDR TO ADDRNO(VECTOR-IX + 1)
MOVE SPACES TO OUT-ADDR
END-IF
END-PERFORM
EXEC CICS SEND
    MAP('DETLMAP')
    MAPSET('ADDRMAP')
    ERASE
    CURSOR
    NOHANDLE
END-EXEC
.
ADDRESS-JSAB.
*
* Get access to the Job information. Note that Job Name can
* be obtained from CICS via the INQUIRE SYSTEM command, but
* the Job ID cannot be obtained from CICS.
*
SET ADDRESS OF ASCB TO PSA-ASCB-PTR
SET ADDRESS OF ASSB TO ASCB-ASSB-PTR
SET ADDRESS OF JSAB TO ASSB-JSAB-PTR
.
ADDRESS-KCB.
*
* The technique used here is based on the technique the CICS

```

```

* stub programs use to discover the location of DFHEIP. Thus
* it is unlikely that this code will need to change for a new
* release, although that cannot be guaranteed.
*
      SET ADDRESS OF TCB      TO PSA-TCB-PTR
      SET ADDRESS OF TCBEXT   TO TCB-TCBEXT-PTR
      SET ADDRESS OF AFCB     TO TCBEXT-AFCB-PTR
      SET ADDR-PTR           TO ADDRESS OF AFCB
      ADD AFCB-VLIST-LTH    TO WORK-PTR
      ADD LENGTH OF AFCB    TO WORK-PTR
      SET ADDRESS OF AFT     TO ADDR-PTR
      SET ADDRESS OF AFCS    TO AFT-AFCS-PTR
      SET ADDRESS OF KCB     TO AFCS-KCB-PTR
      .
      SEND-CONTROL.
*
* This is used to send error messages, mainly when
* the wrong key has been pressed by the user.
*
      IF INPUT-MAIN
          MOVE LOW-VALUES TO MAINMAP0
          MOVE 'Place cursor on a valid domain and press <Enter>' TO MMSGO
          MOVE DFHBMASB TO MMSGA
          MOVE -1        TO ANCHLN(1)
          EXEC CICS SEND
              MAP('MAINMAP')
              MAPSET('ADDRMAP')
              DATAONLY
              ALARM
              CURSOR
              FREEKB
          END-EXEC
      ELSE
          MOVE LOW-VALUES TO DETLMAPO
          MOVE MSG(MSGNO) TO DMSGO
          MOVE DFHBMASB TO DMSGA
          EXEC CICS SEND
              MAP('DETLMAP')
              MAPSET('ADDRMAP')
              DATAONLY
              ALARM
              FREEKB
          END-EXEC
      END-IF
      EXEC CICS RETURN
          TRANSID(EIBTRNID)
          COMMAREA(DFHCOMMAREA)
      END-EXEC
      .

```

```

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
*
* This source code takes advantage of COBOL's ability to embed
* one program within another. In this way we obtain similar
* functionality exhibited by other languages such as PL/I and
* C – the ability to call a function with parameters.
*
* This embedded program (HEXMANIP) is used to convert data
* into hexadecimal display format which is needed in several
* places in the main program for addresses as well as data.
*
PROGRAM-ID. HEXMANIP.
ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
*
* These are the various work areas required by the logic.
*
01 FILLER.
    03 IX          PIC 9(04) COMP.
    03 IH          PIC 9(04) COMP.
    03 IL          PIC 9(04) COMP.
    03 WS-HALF     PIC 9(04) COMP.
    03 FILLER REDEFINES WS-HALF.
        05 WS-HIGH   PIC X(01).
        05 WS-LOW    PIC X(01).
    03 HEX-TABLE   PIC X(16) VALUE
        '0123456789ABCDEF'.
    03 FILLER REDEFINES HEX-TABLE.
        05 HEX-CHAR   PIC X(01) OCCURS 16.

LINKAGE SECTION.
*
* This is the data to be converted to hexadecimal display format.
*
01 DATA-VALUE.
    03 WP-BYTE     PIC X(01) OCCURS 4.
*
* This is the size of the data to be converted.
*
01 VALUE-LENGTH      PIC 9(04) BINARY.
*
* This is the destination area where the
* converted data is to be placed.
*
01 VALUE-DEST        PIC X(08).

PROCEDURE DIVISION USING DATA-VALUE, VALUE-LENGTH, VALUE-DEST.
*
* Deal with one byte at a time.
*

```

```

        PERFORM VARYING IX FROM 1 BY 1 UNTIL IX > VALUE-LENGTH
*
*      Because COBOL does not have bit manipulation
*      capabilities, we must play about to get the values
*      we need to do the conversion. For each byte we need
*      to generate two hexadecimal characters. The part of
*      the value above 16 needs to be reflected in the first
*      hexadecimal digit and the part of the value below 16
*      needs to be reflected in the second hexadecimal digit.
*
        MOVE WP-BYTE(IX) TO WS-LOW
        MOVE LOW-VALUE    TO WS-HIGH
        MOVE ZERO         TO IH
        MOVE WS-HALF      TO IL
        PERFORM UNTIL IL < 16
            SUBTRACT 16 FROM IL
            ADD      1 TO IH
        END-PERFORM
        ADD 1 TO IH
        ADD 1 TO IL
        MOVE HEX-CHAR(IH)
            TO VALUE-DEST(((IX - 1) * 2) + 1:1)
        MOVE HEX-CHAR(IL)
            TO VALUE-DEST(((IX - 1) * 2) + 2:1)
        END-PERFORM
.
END PROGRAM HEXMANIP.
END PROGRAM ADDRDISP.

```

## ADDRMAP

```

ADDRMAP DFHMSD TYPE=MAP,
          MODE=INOUT,EXTATT=YES,
          CTRL=(FREEKB,FRSET),
          LANG=COBOL,
          TIOAPFX=YES
MAINMAP DFHMDF SIZE=(24,80),CURSLOC=YES
          DFHMDF POS=(1,23),
          LENGTH=35,ATTRB=(BRT,ASKIP),HIGHLIGHT=REVERSE,
          INITIAL=' '
          DFHMDF POS=(1,59),
          LENGTH=1,
          ATTRB=(ASKIP)
          DFHMDF POS=(2,23),
          LENGTH=35,ATTRB=(BRT,ASKIP),HIGHLIGHT=REVERSE,
          INITIAL=' Jerry''s Information Display '
          DFHMDF POS=(2,59),
          LENGTH=1,

```

	ATTRB=(ASKIP)	*
	DFHMDF POS=(3,23),	*
	LENGTH=35, ATTRB=(BRT,ASKIP), HIGHLIGHT=REVERSE,	*
	INITIAL='	*
	DFHMDF POS=(3,59),	*
	LENGTH=1,	*
	ATTRB=(ASKIP)	*
	DFHMDF POS=(5,15),	*
	LENGTH=7,	*
	INITIAL='Job ID:'	*
MJOBID	DFHMDF POS=(5,23), ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),	*
	LENGTH=8	*
	DFHMDF POS=(5,32),	*
	LENGTH=9,	*
	INITIAL='Job Name:'	*
MJOBNM	DFHMDF POS=(5,42), ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),	*
	LENGTH=8	*
	DFHMDF POS=(5,51),	*
	LENGTH=8,	*
	INITIAL='Release:'	*
MREL	DFHMDF POS=(5,60), ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),	*
	LENGTH=4	*
	DFHMDF POS=(7,1), OCCURS=5,	*
	LENGTH=15,	*
	INITIAL='ID IX A(ANCH)'	*
	DFHMDF POS=(8,1), OCCURS=5,	*
	LENGTH=15,	*
	INITIAL='- - ____'	*
* NB	The UNPROT attribute is needed due to	
*	incorrect 3270 emulation on PCs.	
ANCHLN	DFHMDF POS=(9,1), OCCURS=40,	*
	ATTRB=UNPROT,	*
	LENGTH=15	*
MMMSG	DFHMDF POS=(23,10),	*
	LENGTH=60, ATTRB=(ASKIP,DRK)	*
DETLMAP	DFHMDI SIZE=(24,80)	*
	DFHMDF POS=(1,23),	*
	LENGTH=35, ATTRB=(BRT,ASKIP), HIGHLIGHT=REVERSE,	*
	INITIAL='	*
	DFHMDF POS=(1,59),	*
	LENGTH=1,	*
	ATTRB=(ASKIP)	*
	DFHMDF POS=(2,23),	*
	LENGTH=35, ATTRB=(BRT,ASKIP), HIGHLIGHT=REVERSE,	*
	INITIAL=' Jerry''s Anchor Display '	*
	DFHMDF POS=(2,59),	*
	LENGTH=1,	*
	ATTRB=(ASKIP)	*
	DFHMDF POS=(3,23),	*

```

        LENGTH=35,ATTRB=(BRT,ASKIP),HIGHLIGHT=REVERSE,
        INITIAL='                                     '
DFHMDF POS=(3,59),
        LENGTH=1,
        ATTRB=(ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(5,09),
        LENGTH=7,
        INITIAL='Domain:'
DDOMID  DFHMDF POS=(5,17),ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),
        LENGTH=2
DFHMDF POS=(5,20),
        LENGTH=7,
        INITIAL='Job ID:'
DJOBID  DFHMDF POS=(5,28),ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),
        LENGTH=8
DFHMDF POS=(5,37),
        LENGTH=9,
        INITIAL='Job Name:'
DJOBNM  DFHMDF POS=(5,47),ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),
        LENGTH=8
DFHMDF POS=(5,56),
        LENGTH=8,
        INITIAL='Release:'
DREL    DFHMDF POS=(5,65),ATTRB=(ASKIP,BRT),
        LENGTH=4
ADDRLN  DFHMDF POS=(7,1),OCCURS=16,LENGTH=79
DMSG    DFHMDF POS=(23,10),
        LENGTH=60,ATTRB=(ASKIP,DRK)
DFHMSD  TYPE=FINAL
END

```

## CONCLUSION

The program illustrates two essential facts:

- COBOL can use pointers in the same way as other languages such as C.
- Addressing CICS control blocks is simple if you know the structures of some basic MVS and CICS areas.

However, you should always be aware that all control structures are release-dependent and may change in future versions.

# Translating the timestamp to real time

I sometimes need to look in the SMF Records (Type 110). I've written two small programs for translating the timestamp to real time.

The input is the timestamp and the output is in the form of date/time.

You should note that, although the program works correctly, error messages will not be cleared.

## SP80

```
*****
*
* MAP FOR PROGRAM SYSTIME
*
*****
*
      PRINT NOGEN
*
*                                         MAPSET
MPSETXX  DFHMSD TYPE=MAP,
          MODE=INOUT,
          LANG=ASM,
          STORAGE=AUTO,
          TIOAPFX=YES,
          CTRL=FREKKB,
          MAPATTS=(COLOR,HIGHLIGHT),
          DSATTS=(COLOR,HIGHLIGHT)
*
*                                         MAP1
MAP1     DFHMDI SIZE=(24,80),
          LINE=1,
          COLUMN=1
*
*                                         MAP1 - HEADER
*                                         MAP1 - HEADER LINE 1
DFHMDF POS=(1,1),
          LENGTH=12,
          COLOR=BLUE,
          ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
          INITIAL='MAP1/MPSETXX'
DFHMDF POS=(1,32),
          LENGTH=12,
          COLOR=BLUE,
          ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
          INITIAL=' '
DFHMDF POS=(1,65),
          LENGTH=15,
          COLOR=BLUE,
```

```

        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
        INITIAL='CHANGE:02.06.99'
*
                                         MAP1 - HEADER LINE 3
DFHMDF POS=(3,20),
        LENGTH=36,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
        INITIAL='TRANSLATE  TIMESTAMP TO REAL TIME '
*
                                         MAP1 - INPUT LINE 7
DFHMDF POS=(7,10),
        LENGTH=17,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
        INITIAL='TOD CLOCK FORMAT='
ETOD   DFHMDF POS=(7,28),
        LENGTH=16,
        JUSTIFY=(RIGHT,ZERO),
        COLOR=RED,
        ATTRB=(UNPROT,IC),
        HIGHLIGHT=UNDERLINE
DFHMDF POS=(7,45),LENGTH=1,ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
*
                                         MAP1 - OUTPUT LINE 11
DFHMDF POS=(11,10),
        LENGTH=17,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL='TIME      =''
ESTD   DFHMDF POS=(11,28),
        LENGTH=2,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(11,31),
        LENGTH=1,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL=':'
EMIN   DFHMDF POS=(11,33),
        LENGTH=2,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(11,36),
        LENGTH=1,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL=':'
ESEC   DFHMDF POS=(11,38),
        LENGTH=2,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(11,41),
        LENGTH=1,

```

```

        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL='.'
EMIL      DFHMDF POS=(11,43),
        LENGTH=6,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(11,50),LENGTH=1,ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
*                                         MAP1 - OUTPUT LINE 23
DFHMDF POS=(13,10),
        LENGTH=17,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL='DATE'           =
ETT       DFHMDF POS=(13,28),
        LENGTH=2,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(13,31),
        LENGTH=1,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL='.'
EMM       DFHMDF POS=(13,33),
        LENGTH=2,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(13,36),
        LENGTH=1,
        COLOR=GREEN,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP),
        INITIAL='.'
EYY       DFHMDF POS=(13,38),
        LENGTH=4,
        COLOR=BLUE,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM,ASKIP)
DFHMDF POS=(13,43),
        LENGTH=1,
        ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
*                                         MAP1 - OUTPUT LINE 16
DFHMDF POS=(16,5),
        LENGTH=35,
        COLOR=YELLOW,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
        INITIAL='PLEASE GIVE ME THE TIMESTAMP '
*                                         MAP1 - OUTPUT LINE 17
DFHMDF POS=(17,5),
        LENGTH=35,
        COLOR=YELLOW,
        ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),

```

```

        INITIAL='DATE WILL BE MM.DD.YYYY      '
*
        MAP1 - ERROR LINE 23
ERROR    DFHMDF POS=(23,1),
          LENGTH=79,
          COLOR=NEUTRAL,
          ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
          JUSTIFY=(LEFT,BLANK)
*
          MAP1 - PF-KEY KEY 24
DFHMDF POS=(24,1),
          LENGTH=60,
          COLOR=BLUE,
          ATTRB=(PROT,NORM),
          INITIAL='DFUE=INPUT   F3=END '
DFHMDF POS=(24,62),LENGTH=1,ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
*
          END MAPSET
DFHMSD TYPE=FINAL
END

```

## SP801

```

TITLE 'SYSTIME)'
*
*
PRINT NOGEN
DFHEISTG DSECT
  COPY  MPSETXX
  COPY  DFHAID
  COPY  DFHBMSCA
NEWS    DS    CL79
ATTR    DS    CL2
          DS    0F
WORK    DS    CL255
MIST    DS    CL1
ENDINF  DS    CL29
CURSOR  DS    H
R8S     DS    F
DWORT   DS    D
COMREG  DSECT
  DS    CL255
  EJECT
SYTIME  DFHEIENT CODEREG=3,DATAREG=13,EIBREG=6
SYTIME  AMODE 31
SYTIME  RMODE ANY
  USING COMREG,5
  L    5,DFHEICAP
  BAL  10,CLEAR
  B    START
  DC   C'*SYTIME*V1.0*'
  DC   C'&SYSDATE*&SYSTIME*'

```

```

        DS    ØH
START  EQU   *
        CLI  COMREG,C'4'
        BNE  START1
        CLI  EIBAID,DFHPF3
        BE   *+14
        MVC  CURSOR,=H'508'
        B    SEND1
        MVC  ENDINF,=C'APPLICATION TIME WAS FINISHED'
        B    ENDE
START1 MVC  CURSOR,=H'508'
        CLC  EIBCALEN,=H'Ø'
        BH   KCHECK
        B    SEND1
SEND1  EQU   *                      1. PANEL OUT
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP('MAP1')
        MAPSET('MPSETXX')
        ERASE
        MAPONLY
        FREEKB
        MVI   WORK,C'1'
        B    CHECK
SEND2  EQU   *                      1. PANEL WAS IN ERROR
        MVI   WORK,C'2'
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP('MAP1')
        MAPSET('MPSETXX')
        FREEKB
        B    CHECK
SEND3  EQU   *                      1. PANEL WAS IN ERROR
        MVC  MAP1S(L'MAP1S),COMREG+2
        MVI   WORK,C'3'
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP('MAP1')
        MAPSET('MPSETXX')
        FREEKB
        B    CHECK
SEND4  EQU   *                      RESULT OUT
        CLI  COMREG,C'4'
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP('MAP1')
        MAPSET('MPSETXX')
        FREEKB
        B    CHECK
        EJECT
CHECK   EQU   *                      CALL TIME AGAIN
        EXEC CICS SEND CONTROL CURSOR(CURSOR)
        MVC  WORK+1(1),MIST
        MVC  WORK+2(L'MAP1S),MAP1S
        EXEC CICS RETURN
        TRANSID('TIME')
        COMMAREA(WORK)
        LENGTH(255)

```

```

KCHECK EQU   *                      CHECK KEY
PCLEAR CLI   EIBAID,DFHCLEAR      CLEAR-KEY ?
                  BNE   PENTER        NO
                  B     SEND3
PENTER  CLI   EIBAID,DFHENTER    ENTER-KEY ?
                  BNE   PKEY3         NO
                  B     DCHECK
PKEY3   CLI   EIBAID,DFHPF3     PF3-KEY ?
                  BNE   PKEYXX        NO
                  MVC   ENDINF,=C'APPLICATION TIME WAS FINISHED'
                  B     ENDE
PKEYXX  EQU   *
                  MVI   ATTR,DFHRED
                  MVC   NEWS(L'NEWS1),NEWS1
                  B     FEHL
                  EJECT
DCHECK   EQU   *                      CHECK PANEL
                  EXEC CICS HANDLE CONDITION MAPFAIL(NOMAP)
                  EXEC CICS RECEIVE MAP('MAP1')
                  MAPSET('MPSETXX')
                  EXEC CICS ASKTIME
                  B     PRTOD
                  EJECT
PRTOD   EQU   *                      CHECK TIME OF DAY
                  TRT   ETODI,TAB01
                  BNZ   PRTODF
                  B     TOD
                  SPACE
PRTODF  EQU   *                      ERROR
                  MVC   NEWS(L'NEWS3),NEWS3
                  MVC   CURSOR,=H'508'
                  MVI   ATTR,DFHRED
                  B     FEHL
                  SPACE
TOD     EQU   *                      WORK WITH TIME OF DAY
                  XR    7,7
                  XR    11,11
                  LA    7,8
                  LA    8,DWORT
                  LA    9,ETODI
                  LA    12,TAB02
                  SPACE
TODL    EQU   *                      WORK OF SLIP
                  BAL   10,TODU
                  LA    8,1(0,8)
                  LA    9,2(0,9)
                  BCT   7,TODL
                  B     TODM
                  SPACE
TODU    EQU   *                      16 BYTE ===> 8 BYTE

```

	IC	11,Ø(Ø,9)	
	IC	11,Ø(11,12)	
	SLL	11,4	
	STC	11,WORK	
	IC	11,1(Ø,9)	
	IC	11,Ø(11,12)	
	STC	11,WORK+1	
	MVN	WORK(1),WORK+1	
	MVC	Ø(1,8),WORK	
	BR	1Ø	
	SPACE		
TODM	EQU	*	TOD MACRO
	STCKCONV STCKVAL=DWORT,		
	CONVVAL=WORK,		
	TIMETYPE=DEC,		
	DATETYPE=DDMMYYYY		
	LTR	15,Ø	-
	BZ	TODA	-
	MVC	NEWS(L'NEWS4),NEWS4	-
	MVC	CURSOR,=H'5Ø8'	-
	MVI	ATTR,DFHRED	
	B	FEHL	
	SPACE		
TODA	EQU	*	PROCESS RESULT
	LA	7,12	LOAD SLIP
	LA	9,WORK	
	LA	8,WORK	
	LA	8,2Ø(Ø,8)	
	ST	8,R8S	
	XR	11,11	
	SPACE		
TODA1	EQU	*	
	BAL	1Ø,TODA2	
	LA	9,1(Ø,9)	
	LA	8,2(Ø,8)	
	BCT	7,TODA1	
	B	TODA3	
	SPACE		
TODA2	EQU	*	12 BYTE ==> 24 BYTE
	IC	11,Ø(Ø,9)	
	SRL	11,4	
	IC	11,Ø(11,12)	
	STC	11,Ø(Ø,8)	
	IC	11,Ø(Ø,9)	
	SLL	11,28	
	SRL	11,28	
	IC	11,Ø(11,12)	
	STC	11,1(Ø,8)	
	BR	1Ø	
	SPACE		

```

TODA3   EQU   *                                PROCESS OUTPUT
        XC    MAP10(MAP1E-MAP10),MAP10
        L     8,R8S
        MVC   ESTDO,0(8)                      HOUR
        MVC   EMINO,2(8)                      MINUTE
        MVC   ESECO,4(8)                      SECOND
        MVC   EMIL0,6(8)                      MILLISECOND
        LA    8,16(0,8)
        MVC   ETTO,0(8)                      DAY
        MVC   EMM0,2(8)                      MONTH
        MVC   EYY0,4(8)                      YEAR
        B    SEND4
        EJECT
CLEAR   EQU   *                                CLEAR NEWS
        MVI   NEWS,X'40'
        MVC   NEWS+1(L'NEWS-1),NEWS
        BR   10
FEHL    EQU   *
        XC    MAP10(MAP1E-MAP10),MAP10
        MVC   ERRORC(1),ATTR
        MVC   ERROR0(L'ERROR0),NEWS
        EXEC  CICS SEND CONTROL CURSOR(CURSOR)
        B    SEND2
SPACE
NOMAP   EQU   *
        MVI   ATTR,DFHRED
        MVC   NEWS(L'NEWS2),NEWS2
        B    FEHL
        EJECT
ENDE   EQU   *
        EXEC  CICS SEND
              FROM(ENDINF)
              LENGTH(29)
              ERASE
        EXEC  CICS RETURN
        EJECT
        DS    0F
NEWS0   DC    C'IT WAS MISCELLANEOUS ERRORS BY INPUT !'
NEWS1   DC    C'MISTAKE PF-KEY'
NEWS2   DC    C'WHERE IS THE INPUT ?'
NEWS3   DC    C'WRONG CHARACTER IN TOD (0-F ONLY)'
NEWS4   DC    C'MACRO-ERROR STCKCONV'
        DS    0F
TAB01   EQU   *                                TABLE TO CHECK TOD-FIELD
        DC    129AL1(*+1-TAB01)
        DC    X'000000000000'
        DC    58AL1(*-TAB01)
        DC    X'000000000000'
        DC    41AL1(*-TAB01)
        DC    X'00000000000000000000000000'
        DC    6AL1(*-TAB01)

```

```

DS      0F
TAB02  EQU   *
TABLE TO TRANSLATE TOD-FIELD
DC      X'F0F1F2F3F4F5F6F7F8F9C1C2C3C4C5C6'
DC      113AL1(*-*)
DC      X'0A0B0C0D0E0F'
DC      58AL1(*-*)
DC      X'0A0B0C0D0E0F'
DC      41AL1(*-*)
DC      X'00010203040506070809'
DC      6AL1(*-*)
LTORG
END    SYTIME

```

---

*Joachim Hoffmann  
Systems Programmer (Germany)*

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## ESDS DTB and emergency restart made simple

Dynamic Transaction Backout (DTB) backs out the modifications made to recoverable files when a transaction abends or following a User Syncpoint Rollback. Emergency restart backs out the modifications made to recoverable files following a CICS crash. Files are recovered to the state they were in at the beginning of a Logical Unit of Work (LUW).

### THE PROBLEM

The VSAM ESDS files (and the BDAM one) do not support ‘delete’ and so you need to use the CICS exits XDBFERR and XRCFCER to ‘logically’ delete the record to be rolled back.

### THE SOLUTION

The two exits presented here (XDBFERR and XRCFCER) are similar. They have been written to facilitate the logical delete and, using a simple table, allow you to determine:

- The VSAM ESDS files on which to perform this logical delete function.

- The hexadecimal configuration of the flag to be used to mark the record as logically deleted.
- The flag displacement in the record, or alternatively, if you wish, to extend the flag for the entire length of the record.

For the selected files, the exit programs signal the operation performed on the master terminal queue.

## EXIT XDBFERR

```
*ASM XOPTS(NOEDF)
*ASM XOPTS(NOEPILOG)
      TITLE  'MACRO DEFINITIONS'
      MACRO          MACRO HEADER
      CXID  &MEMBER,&R=    PROTOTYPE STATEMENT
      AGO   .PGNAME
.PGNAME ANOP
.*          THIS VARIABLE FOR TIME AND DATE STAMPING
      LCLC  &VMTMDT      TIME/DATE STAMP
      LCLC  &RELEASE      VERSION
.*          AIF  (T'&R NE '0').SETR
&RELEASE   SETC  '0101'
      AGO  .DROP
.SETR     ANOP
&RELEASE   SETC  '&R'
      SPACE 1
.DROP     ANOP
      PUSH PRINT
      PRINT GEN
*****
      DC  C'*',C' '
      DC  C'PROGRAM NAME:'
      DC  CL8'&MEMBER' NAME
      DC  C' ',C'*',C' '
      DC  C'PROGRAM VERSION:'
      DC  CL4'&RELEASE'
      DC  C' '
      DC  C'*',C' '
      SPACE
      DC  C'ASSEMBLY TIME(HH.MM):'
&VMTMDT  SETC  '&SYSTIME'
      DC  C'&VMTMDT'      ASSEMBLY TIME (HH.MM) AND
      DC  C' '
      DC  C'ASSEMBLY DATE(MM/DD/YY):'
```

```

&VMTMDT SETC '&SYSDATE'
          DC C'&VMTMDT'           DATE (MM/DD/YY) SAME AS LISTING
*****
          POP PRINT
          MEXIT
          MEND
*=====
MACRO
*
*
*
CSNAME &NAME
GBLC &CSECT
AIF ('&NAME' EQ '').NONAME
&CSECT SETC '&NAME'
AGO .SC
.NONAME ANOP
&CSECT SETC '&SYSECT'
.SC ANOP
PUSH PRINT
PRINT GEN
*=====
*
*
*
CSNAME DC CL8'&CSECT'
*
*
*
*=====
POP PRINT
MEND
PRINT GEN
*****
*
* DYNAMIC TRANSACTION BACKOUT FILE ERROR EXIT *
*
*****
*
* READ RECOVERY AND RESTART GUIDE
*
*
*
* REGISTER DETAIL:
* R1 ADDRESS OF EXIT PARAMETER-LIST DFHUEPAR
* R13 ADDRESS OF STD REGISTER SAVE AREA (ALSO IN FIELD UEPEPSA)
* R14 CONTAIN THE ADDRESS OF RETURN POINT
* R15 ENTRY ADDRESS OF EXIT PROGRAM JUST ENTERED
*
DFHUEXIT TYPE=EP, ID=XDBFERR
*
COPY DFHDBRDS
*
```

```

        COPY DFHFCTDS
*
DFHEISTG DSECT
SAVEREGS DS    5A
RC      DS    F
MSG     DS    ØCL64
CSECT   DS    CL8,CL1
FLNAME  DS    CL8,CL1
ERCODE  DS    CL2,CL1
ERCODE2 DS    CL2,CL1
MSGF1   DS    CL12
FUNCTION DS    CL2,CL1
ACTION   DS    CL26
*
RØ      EQU  Ø
R1      EQU  1
R2      EQU  2
R3      EQU  3
R4      EQU  4
R5      EQU  5
R6      EQU  6
R7      EQU  7
R8      EQU  8
R9      EQU  9
R1Ø    EQU  1Ø
R11    EQU  11
R12    EQU  12
R13    EQU  13
R14    EQU  14
R15    EQU  15
EIBREG EQU  R8
CODEREG EQU  R9
DATAREG EQU  R12
RUEPAR  EQU  R7
RDLR    EQU  R6
FCTDSBAR EQU  R1
RWKR1   EQU  R1
RWKR2   EQU  R2
RWKR1Ø  EQU  R1Ø
RWKR11  EQU  R11
RWKR14  EQU  R14
RWKR15  EQU  R15
*
        USING DFHUEPAR,RUEPAR
        USING DFHDBRDS,RDLR
*
XDBFERRP DFHEIENT CODEREG=(CODEREG),DATAREG=(DATAREG),EIBREG=(EIBREG)
XDBFERRP AMODE 31
XDBFERRP RMODE ANY
          B      ACXID

```

```

ACXID CXID XDBFERR,R=0001
      DS 0H
      LR RUEPAR,R1 SAVE PARAMETER LIST ADDRESS
*
      EXEC CICS ADDRESS EIB(EIBREG)
*
      MVI MSG,C' '
      MVC MSG+1(L'MSG-1),MSG
      ICM RWKR1,B'1111',UEPEXN ADDRESS OF EXIT NUMBER
      BZ CONTINUE
      CLI 0(RWK1),XDBFERR WRONG EXIT NUMBER
      BNE CONTINUE
      ICM RDLR,B'1111',UEPDLOGR LOAD ADDRESS OF DYNAMIC LOG RECORD
      BZ CONTINUE
      MVC CSECT,CSNAME
      MVC FLNAME,DBRFID
      MVI FLNAME+L'FLNAME,C'-
      UNPK ERCODE2(L'ERCODE2+1),DBRERRCD(2)
      TR ERCODE2,TABEX-240
      MVI ERCODE2+L'ERCODE2,C'-
      ICM RWKR1,B'1111',UEPFCRSP
      BZ NOERCODE
      UNPK ERCODE(L'ERCODE+1),0(2,RWK1)
      TR ERCODE,TABEX-240
NOERCODE DS 0H
      MVI ERCODE+L'ERCODE,C'-
*
      ICM FCTDSBAR,B'1111',UEPFCTE FCT ADDRESS
      BZ CONTINUE
      TM DBRERRCD,DBFEWA VSAM DELETE ERROR ?
      BZ CONTINUE
* The record read from the restart dataset is a WRITE ADD, the record
* is read using GET UPDATE. For VSAM ESDS datasets, no delete function
* exists. Because DFHDBP does not attempt to delete the record that has
* been added, it is possible to MARK the existing record on file
* according to application-dependent logic (see table TABFILE1). The
* record version is addressed by UEPFDATA field. To reapply the record,
* specify return code UERCRTTRY. UEPFLEN points to a field containing the
* length of the record.
      L RWKR2,=A(TABFILE1) USER DATA/SET TABLE
FILE1  DS 0H
      CLC 0(8,RWKR2),FCTDSID DATA SET NAME
      BE FLAGDS
      LA RWKR2,L'TABFILE1(RWKR2)
      CLI 0(RWKR2),X'FF'
      BE CONTINUE
      B FILE1
FLAGDS DS 0H
      TM 11(RWKR2),X'80' OC OR RESET RECORD FOR TOTAL LENGTH?

```

```

BZ    OCR
ICM  RWKR11,B'1111',UEPFLEN GET ADDRES OF RECORD LENGTH
BZ    CONTINUE
L    RWKR11,Ø(RWKR11) GET RECORD LENGTH
ICM  RWKR1Ø,B'1111',UEPFDATA BEGIN OF DATA ADDRESS
BZ    CONTINUE
LR    RWKR14,RWKR1Ø   FROM ADDRESS IS ZERO
SR    RWKR15,RWKR15   ZERO LENGTH.THE TO ADDRESS IS FILLED
*      WITH PADDING BYTE
*      ICM  RWKR15,B'1000',1Ø(RWKR2) MOVE MARK FIELD IN REGISTER AS
*          PADDING BYTE
MVCL  RWKR1Ø,RWKR14   PUT MARK FIELD INTO RECORD
B    APPLY           RETURN WITH RETRY OPTION
OCR   DS    ØH
      LH    RWKR15,8(RWKR2) FLAG DISPLACEMENT IN THE RECORD
      ICM  RWKR11,B'1111',UEPFLEN GET LENGTH OF RECORD
      BZ    CONTINUE
      CR    RWKR15,RWKR11
      BH    CONTINUE
      L    RWKR1Ø,UEPFDATA BEGIN OF DATA ADDRESS
      AR    RWKR15,RWKR1Ø
      MVC  Ø(1,RWKR15),1Ø(RWKR2) MARK RECORD AS DELETED
APPLY  DS    ØH
      LA    RWKR15,UERCRTRY
      MVC  ACTION,=CL26'Reapply the record'
      B    RETURN
IGNORE  DS    ØH
      LA    RWKR15,UERCBYPP
      MVC  ACTION,=CL26'Ignore - backout failure'
      B    RETURN
CONTINUE DS    ØH
      LA    RWKR15,UERCNORM
      MVC  ACTION,=CL26'Continue - backout failure'
RETURN  DS    ØH
      CLC   CSECT,CSNAME
      BNE   RETURNF
      ST    RWKR15,RC
      UNPK  FUNCTION(L'FUNCTION+1),RC+L'RC-1(2)
      TR    FUNCTION,TABEX-24Ø
      MVC   MSGF1,=CL12'Return code:'
*
      EXEC  CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('CSMT') FROM(MSG)           *
             LENGTH(=Y(L'MSG)) NOHANDLE
*
      L    RWKR15,RC
RETURNF DS    ØH
      DFHEIRET RCREG=15
      LTORG
      SPACE
TABFILE1 DS    ØXL12

```

```

* DATA SET NAME
* DISPLACEMENT MARK FIELD
* MARK FIELD
* MARK BYTE: BYTE Ø=OFF OR MARK FIELD FOR LENGTH 1
*           BYTE Ø=ON  MOVE MARK FIELD FOR RECORD LENGTH
*
* THE FOLLOWING TABLE ELEMENT IS USED FOR A VSAM FILE ESDS
* WITH FCT NAME "filename", MARKED FOR LOGICAL DELETE AT
* DISPLACEMENT Ø WITH X'FF'
        DC    CL8'filename',H'Ø',X'FF',X'ØØ'
*
* THE FOLLOWING TABLE ELEMENT IS USED FOR A VSAM FILE ESDS
* WITH FCT NAME "filenam2", MARKED FOR LOGICAL DELETE AT
* DISPLACEMENT 1ØØ WITH X'ØØ'
        DC    CL8'filenam2',H'1ØØ',X'ØØ',X'ØØ'
*
* THE FOLLOWING TABLE ELEMENT IS USED FOR A VSAM FILE ESDS
* WITH FCT NAME "filenam3". THE RECORD IS FILLED WITH "*"
*
        DC    CL8'filenam3',H'Ø',C'*',X'8Ø'
*
* END OF TABLE
        DC    X'FF'
TABEX    DC    C'Ø123456789ABCDEF'
CSNAME
END    XDBFERRP

```

## EXIT XRCFCER

```

TITLE  'MACRO DEFINITIONS'
MACRO
CXID  &MEMBER,&R=          MACRO HEADER
AGO   .PGNAME             PROTOTYPE STATEMENT
.PGNAME ANOP
.*
.*      THIS VARIABLE FOR TIME AND DATE STAMPING
LCLC  &VMTMDT            TIME/DATE STAMP
LCLC  &RELEASE            VERSION
.*
.*
AIF  (T'&R NE '0').SETR
&RELEASE  SETC 'Ø1Ø1'
AGO   .DROP
.SETR  ANOP
&RELEASE  SETC '&R'
SPACE 1
.DROP  ANOP
PUSH PRINT
PRINT GEN

```

```
*****
DC    C'*',C' '
DC    C'PROGRAM NAME:'
DC    CL8'&MEMBER' NAME
DC    C' ',C'*',C' '
DC    C'PROGRAM VERSION:'
DC    CL4'&RELEASE'
DC    C' '
DC    C'*',C' '
SPACE
DC    C'ASSEMBLY TIME(HH.MM):'
&VMTMDT SETC  '&SYSTIME'
DC    C'&VMTMDT'           ASSEMBLY TIME (HH.MM) AND
DC    C' '
DC    C'ASSEMBLY DATE(MM/DD/YY):'
&VMTMDT SETC  '&SYSDATE'
DC    C'&VMTMDT'           DATE (MM/DD/YY) SAME AS LISTING
*****
POP    PRINT
MEXIT
MEND
*=====
MACRO
*
*
CSNAME &NAME
GBLC  &CSECT
AIF ('&NAME' EQ '').NONAME
&CSECT SETC  '&NAME'
AGO   .SC
.NONAME ANOP
&CSECT SETC  '&SYSECT'
.SC    ANOP
PUSH  PRINT
PRINT GEN
*=====
*
*
*
CSNAME DC    CL8'&CSECT'
*
*
*
*=====
POP    PRINT
MEND
*ASM XOPTS(NODEF)
*ASM XOPTS(NOEPILOG)
PRINT GEN
* XRCFCER FILE ERROR EXIT FOR RESOURCE BACKOUT OR RECOVERY AT
* EMERGENCY RESTART (DFHFCBP - FILE CONTROL BACKOUT)
*****
```

```

TITLE 'CUSTOMER INFORMATION CONTROL GLOBAL  U S E R   E X I T'
*****
* * * * *          U S E R   E X I T          * * * * *
* * * * *          FILE ERROR           * * * * *
*****
* SPECIFIC INFORMATION ON USER EXIT:
* IF THE USER WANTS FWA VERSION TO BE REAPPLIED, RETURN SHOULD BE MADE
* THROUGH A B Ø(,R14).
* IF THE USER DOES NOT WANT THIS BUT WOULD RATHER BYPASS THE
* OPERATION, RETURN SHOULD BE MADE THROUGH A RETURN CODE 4
*
*
* REGISTER DETAIL:
* R1 ADDRESS OF EXIT PARAMETER-LIST DFHUEPAR
* R13 ADDRESS OF STD REGISTER SAVE AREA (ALSO IN FIELD UEPEPSA)
* R14 CONTAIN THE ADDRESS OF RETURN POINT
* R15 ENTRY ADDRESS OF EXIT PROGRAM JUST ENTERED
*
        DFHUEXIT TYPE=EP, ID=XRCFCER
*
        COPY DFHFBODS
*
        COPY DFHFCTDS
*
DFHEISTG DSECT
RC      DS      F
MSG     DS      ØCL64
CSECT   DS      CL8,CL1
FLNAME  DS      CL8,CL1
ERCODE  DS      CL2,CL1
ERCODE2 DS      CL2,CL1
MSGF1   DS      CL12
FUNCTION DS      CL2,CL1
ACTION   DS      CL26
*
RØ      EQU    Ø
R1      EQU    1
R2      EQU    2
R3      EQU    3
R4      EQU    4
R5      EQU    5
R6      EQU    6
R7      EQU    7
R8      EQU    8
R9      EQU    9
R1Ø    EQU    1Ø
R11    EQU    11
R12    EQU    12
R13    EQU    13

```

```

R14      EQU    14
R15      EQU    15
EIBREG   EQU    R8
CODEREG  EQU    R9
DATAREG  EQU    R12
RUEPAR   EQU    R7
RDLR     EQU    R6
FCTDSBAR EQU    R1
RWKR1    EQU    R1
RWKR2    EQU    R2
RWKR10   EQU    R10
RWKR11   EQU    R11
RWKR14   EQU    R14
RWKR15   EQU    R15
*
        USING DFHUEPAR,RUEPAR
        USING DFHFBODS,RDLR
*
XRCFCERP DFHEIENT CODEREG=(CODEREG),DATAREG=(DATAREG),EIBREG=(EIBREG)
XRCFCERP AMODE ANY
XRCFCERP RMODE ANY
        B      ACXID
        CXID  XRCFCER,R=0001
ACXID   DS    0H
        LR    RUEPAR,R1 SAVE PARAMETER LIST ADDRESS
*
        EXEC  CICS ADDRESS EIB(EIBREG)
*
        MVI   MSG,C' '
        MVC  MSG+1(L'MSG-1),MSG
        ICM  FCTDSBAR,B'1111',UEPFCTE
        BZ   CONTINUE
        MVC  CSECT,CSNAME
        MVC  FLNAME,FCTDSID FILE IDENT
        MVI  FLNAME+L'FLNAME,C'-
        ICM  RWKR1,B'1111',UEPERR
        BZ   NOERCOD
        UNPK ERCODE2(L'ERCODE2+1),0(2,RWKR1)
        TR   ERCODE2,TABEX-240
        MVI  ERCODE2+L'ERCODE2,C'-
NOERCOD DS    0H
        ICM  RWKR1,B'1111',UEPFCRSP
        BZ   NOERCODE
        UNPK ERCODE(L'ERCODE+1),0(2,RWKR1)
        TR   ERCODE,TABEX-240
        MVI  ERCODE+L'ERCODE,C'-
NOERCODE DS    0H
        MVI  ERCODE+L'ERCODE,C'-
        L    RWKR1,UEPERR
        TM   0(RWKR1),TBFLEWA VSAM DELETE ERROR ?

```

BZ CONTINUE

\*

\* The record read from the restart dataset is a WRITE ADD, the record  
\* is read using A GET UPDATE. For VSAM ESDS datasets, no delete  
\* function exists. Because DFHFCBP does not attempt to delete the  
\* record added, it is possible to MARK the existing record on  
\* the file according to application-dependent logic (see table  
\* iTABFILE1). The record version is addressed by UEPFDATA field. To  
\* reapply the record, specify return code UERCTRY. UEPFLEN points to  
\* a field containing the length of the record.

\*

	L	RWKR2,=A(TABFILE1) USER DATA/SET TABLE
	L	FCTDSBAR,UEPFCTE
FILE1	DS	ØH
	CLC	Ø(8,RWKR2),FCTDSID DATA SET NAME
	BE	FLAGDS
	LA	RWKR2,L'TABFILE1(RWKR2)
	CLI	Ø(RWKR2),X'FF'
	BE	CONTINUE
	B	FILE1
FLAGDS	DS	ØH
	TM	11(RWKR2),X'80' OC OR RESET RECORD FOR TOTAL LENGTH?
	BZ	OCR
	ICM	RWKR11,B'1111',UEPFLEN GET ADDRESS OF RECORD LENGTH
	BZ	CONTINUE
	L	RWKR11,Ø(RWKR11) GET RECORD LENGTH
	ICM	RWKR1Ø,B'1111',UEPFDATA BEGIN OF DATA ADDRESS
	BZ	CONTINUE
	LR	RWKR14,RWKR1Ø FROM ADDRESS IS ZERO
	SR	RWKR15,RWKR15 ZERO LENGTH.THE TO ADDRESS IS FILLED
	ICM	RWKR15,B'1000',1Ø(RWKR2) MOVE MARK FIELD IN REGISTER AS
	MVCL	RWKR1Ø,RWKR14 PUT MARK FIELD INTO RECORD
	B	APPLY RETURN WITH RETRY OPTION
OCR	DS	ØH
	LH	RWKR15,8(RWKR2) FLAG DISPLACEMENT IN THE RECORD
	ICM	RWKR11,B'1111',UEPFLEN GET LENGTH OF RECORD
	BZ	CONTINUE
	CR	RWKR15,RWKR11
	BH	CONTINUE
	L	RWKR1Ø,UEPFDATA BEGIN OF DATA ADDRESS
	AR	RWKR15,RWKR1Ø
	MVC	Ø(1,RWKR15),1Ø(RWKR2) MARK RECORD AS DELETED
APPLY	DS	ØH
	LA	RWKR15,UERCTRY
	MVC	ACTION,=CL26'Reapply the record'
	B	RETURN
IGNORE	DS	ØH
	LA	RWKR15,UERCBYP
	MVC	ACTION,=CL26'Ignored - backout failure'
	B	RETURN

```

CONTINUE DS    0H
          LA    RWKR15,UERCNORM
          MVC   ACTION,=CL26'Continue - backout failure'
RETURN   DS    0H
          CLC   CSECT,CSNAME
          BNE   RETURNF
          ST    RWKR15,RC
UNPK    FUNCTION(L'FUNCTION+1),RC+L'RC-1(2)
TR     FUNCTION,TABEX-240
MVC    MSGF1,=CL12'Return code:'

*
EXEC   CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('CSMT') FROM(MSG)           *
LENGTH(=Y(L'MSG)) NOHANDLE
*
L      RWKR15,RC
RETURNF DS    0H
DFHEIRET RCREG=15
LTORG
TABFILE1 DS    0XL12
* DATA SET NAME
* DISPLACEMENT MARK FIELD
* MARK FIELD
* MARK BYTE: BYTE 0=OFF OR MARK FIELD FOR LENGTH 1
*             BYTE 0=ON  MOVE MARK FIELD FOR RECORD LENGTH
*
* THE FOLLOWING TABLE ELEMENT IS USED FOR A VSAM FILE ESDS
* WITH FCT NAME "filename", MARKED FOR LOGICAL DELETE AT
* DISPLACEMENT 0 WITH X'FF'
DC     CL8'filename',H'0',X'FF',X'00'
*
* THE FOLLOWING TABLE ELEMENT IS USED FOR A VSAM FILE ESDS
* WITH FCT NAME "filenam2", MARKED FOR LOGICAL DELETE AT
* DISPLACEMENT 100 WITH X'00'
DC     CL8'filenam2',H'100',X'00',X'00'
*
* THE FOLLOWING TABLE ELEMENT IS USED FOR A VSAM FILE ESDS
* WITH FCT NAME "filenam3". THE RECORD IS FILLED WITH "*"
*
DC     CL8'filenam3',H'0',C'*',X'80'
*
* END OF TABLE
DC     X'FF'
TABEX  DC    C'0123456789ABCDEF'
CSNAME
END   XRCFCERP

```

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*Giuseppe Rallo  
Senior Technical Analyst  
Consulent (Italy)*

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Forté has announced the availability of its Transaction Adapter for OS/390, part of the Fusion EAI suite. This is the first EAI offering that supports access to CICS/ESA and IMS subsystems directly from components running on System/390, eliminating the need for intermediate middleware and gateways and allowing users to take advantage of the mainframe's superior performance for EAI applications.

For further information contact:  
Forté Software, 1800 Harrison Street, 24th Floor, Oakland, CA 94612, USA.  
Tel: (510) 869 3400.  
Forté Software, St James' House, Oldbury, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8SA, UK.  
Tel: (01344) 482100.  
URL: <http://www.forte.com>.

\* \* \*

Landmark Systems has announced Version 1.1 of The Monitor (TMON) for MQSeries, including better integration with TMON for CICS/ESA. This allows information and views from both mainframe and distributed applications to be presented together.

Installation and configuration are now easier, while the MVS Queue Manager Security Management feature displays MQSeries security switches and provides the ability to alter user-ids, time-out intervals, and refresh security.

Among the improvements is an Automatic Dead Letter Queue Processor with a rules-driven design. This reduces manual intervention and enables critical messages to

be handled differently from non-critical messages.

There is also improved integration with MQControl and Message Management Facility Agents for management of MQSeries on distributed platforms while adding message management for all MQControl-supported platforms.

The software integrates with all other Landmark products, and provides the same look and feel across the rest of the range.

For further information contact:  
Landmark Systems, 12700 Sunrise Valley Drive, Reston, Virginia 20191-5804, USA.  
Tel: (703) 464 1300.  
URL: <http://www.landmark.com>.

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*CICS '99*, Xephon's leading independent forum for CICS performance and management specialists, takes place at the Millennium Chelsea Hotel, London on 8-9 December. This is the sixth annual conference that Xephon has run for CICS users; this year's multi-stream event focuses on e-commerce and Web enablement, as well as core mainframe performance issues.

*CICS Update* subscribers can attend *CICS '99* at the special rate of £555 plus £64.75 VAT. For further details, phone 01635 33823 or visit Xephon's Events page at [www.xephon.com/zevent.html](http://www.xephon.com/zevent.html).

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