



# 239

# CICS

October 2005

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# CICS Update

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## Published by

Xephon Inc  
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Dallas, Texas 75355  
USA

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## Subscriptions and back-issues

A year's subscription to *CICS Update*, comprising twelve monthly issues, costs \$270.00 in the USA and Canada; £175.00 in the UK; £181.00 in Europe; £187.00 in Australasia and Japan; and £185.50 elsewhere. In all cases the price includes postage. Individual issues, starting with the December 2000 issue, are available separately to subscribers for \$24.00 (£16.00) each including postage.

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*Printed in England.*

## Zapping TCTTE by using an Assembler program

As stated in the June 2005 issue of *C/CS Update* (see ‘Using POVI for zapping TCTTE’, issue 235), when terminals are stuck in ‘Being Acquired’ status for some reason, and there seems to be no way to make them operational other than recycling the CICS region, you have to zap the appropriate bits of the TCTTE in order to make the terminals operational again (without recycling the CICS region). The reason those terminals get stuck in ‘Being Acquired’ status is the inconsistency in the values at offset 1CD and 1CF of the TCTTE address, and to release the terminals from the CICS region you need to make the values at those offsets 00.

One of the ways that you can zap the appropriate bits of the TCTTE is by using POVI (Programmerless Open VTAM Interface) with Omegamon/CICS – and the source code for this POVI process was listed in the article in the June 2005 issue of *C/CS Update*. But some users are not lucky enough to have both AF/OPERATOR and Omegamon/CICS in their environment, so cannot make use of POVI. These users who do not have AF/OPERATOR or Omegamon/CICS in their environment can use an Assembler program that determines the TCTTE address of the terminal and zaps the appropriate offsets.

The source code for such a program, running under CICS TS V2.2, is listed below. The terminal ID is passed to the program as a parameter. The program first determines the address of the CSA and then, by using the address of the CSA, determines the address of the terminal and the appropriate offsets. Afterwards it displays the TCTTE address of the terminal and zaps the appropriate offsets.

### ASSEMBLER PROGRAM

\*

\* The terminal id is passed to this program as a parameter.

```

* This program displays the TCTTE address of the terminal and
* resets the values at offset "1CD" and "1CF" of this TCTTE
* as "00".
*
*
*   SYNTAX: TTTT XXXX
*           (TTTT: Transaction id)
*           XXXX: Terminal id whose TCTTE will be zapped)
*
ADDRTCT TITLE ' PGM. ZAPS TCT ENTRY '
***** CICS SUPPLIED DSECT DESCRIPTIONS - BEGIN *****
    DFHTM MF=(D,PARMLIST)
    DFHTM MF=(D,TMSTATIC)
    DFHTM MF=(D,SKTTBLE)
    DFHTM MF=(D,DIRELEM)
    DFHEJECT ,
***** CICS SUPPLIED DSECT DESCRIPTIONS - END *****
DFHEISTG DSECT ,
    DFHREGS                                REGISTER EQUATES
TCTTEAR EQU 10
TCTPFBAR EQU 11
    COPY DFHCSADS                         CSA DSECT
    COPY DFHTCTFX
    COPY DFHTCTTE
*
ADDRTCT AMODE 31
ADDRTCT RMODE ANY
ADDRTCT DFHEIENT CODEREG=(3,4,5)
RUN EQU *
***** RECEIVE TERMID *****
    MVC PARMLEN,=H'09'
    EXEC CICS RECEIVE INTO(PARMIN) LENGTH(PARMLEN)
*****
***** FIND CSA ADDRES *****
    L   R9,=F'28672'                      KCB ANCHOR (DFHKEKCB)
    CLC 2(9,R9),=C'>DFHKEKCB'          CHECK EYE CATCHER
    BNE CSAERROR
    LA  R9,560(R9)                        KCB + X'230' = DOMAIN TABLE
    CLC 2(9,R9),=C'>DFHKEDOH'          CHECK EYE CATCHER
    BNE CSAERROR
    A   R9,=F'4128'                      DFHKEDOH + X'1020' = DFHAP
    CLC 0(5,R9),=C'DFHAP'                CHECK POSITION
    BNE CSAERROR
    L   R9,16(R9)                        DFHAP + X'10' = CSA
*****
    B   ZAPTCT
*
***** INPUT PARAMETER DESC. *****
PARMLEN DS H

```

```

PARMIN   DS    ØX
TRANSID  DS    CL4
FILLER1  DS    CL1
TERMID   DS    CL4
*****
ERRORMSG DS    CL37
ENDTASK  DS    CL19
CSAERROR MVC   ERRORMSG,=CL37'ERROR IN ADDRESSING CSA, CALL SYSPROG'
            EXEC  CICS SEND FROM(ERRORMSG) ERASE
            B     RETURN
TERMERR   MVC   ERRORMSG,=CL37'ERROR IN ADDRESSING TERMINAL ID..
            EXEC  CICS SEND FROM(ERRORMSG) ERASE
            B     RETURN
*
RETURN   EXEC CICS RETURN
LTORG
*
* *****
* DISPLAY CONTENTS OF R9 *****
*
DISPLAY  ST    R9,ADDRVAL
        UNPK  MSGTEXT+2Ø(9),ADDRVAL(5)
        TR    MSGTEXT+2Ø(8),TRANSTAB
        MVC   MSGL,=H'28'
        SPACE 1
        MVC   MSGTEXT(4),TERMID
        MVC   MSGTEXT+4(16),MSGCONS
        EXEC  CICS SEND FROM(MSGTEXT) LENGTH(MSGL) ERASE
        SPACE 1
        B     RETURN
*
MSGL     DS H
MSGTEXT  DS CL4Ø
FILLER   DS ØF          FULLWORD ALIGNMENT
ADDRVAL  DS CL5
MSGCONS  DC CL19' IS LOCATED AT: '
TRANSTAB DS    ØF Ø 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
        DC    X'FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB'
        DC    X'FFFFFFFFFFBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB'
        DC    X'FFFFFFFFFFBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB'

```

```

        DC      X'FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF'*
        DC      X'FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF'*
        DC      X'FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF'*
        DC      X'F0F1F2F3F4F5F6F7F8F9C1C2C3C4C5C6'

*
* **** BEGIN ZAP ****
* **** END ZAP ****
*
ZAPTCT  DS    ØH
*
        USING DFHCSADS,R9
        DFHTM TYPE=(GETFIRST,INLINE,(R5),(TCTTEAR)),          *
                  TABLE=TCTE,ERROR=TERMERR           GET FIRST TERMID
*
CHKTRMID DS    ØH
*
        CLC  Ø(4,TCTTEAR),TERMINAL      CHECK TERMINAL
        BNE NEXTTCTE                 NO, GET NEXT TCTTE
*
RESTERM  DS ØH
        MVI  461(TCTTEAR),B'ØØ'      ZAP TCTTE OFFSETT X'1CD'
        MVI  463(TCTTEAR),B'ØØ'      ZAP TCTTE OFFSETT X'1CF'
        LR   R9,TCTTEAR
        B    DISPLAY
*
NEXTTCTE DS    ØH
*
        DFHTM TYPE=(GETNEXT,INLINE,(R5),(TCTTEAR)),          *
                  TABLE=TCTE,ERROR=TERMERR           GET NEXT TERMID
        B    CHKTRMID             GO CHECK THE TERMINAL.
*
*****
*****
***** END ZAP ****
*****
*****
END

```

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Akbank TAS (Turkey)*

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## Fly to another planet – part 2

*This month we conclude the code to create a more interesting CICS dialog and show that even CICS can be fun sometimes!*

1

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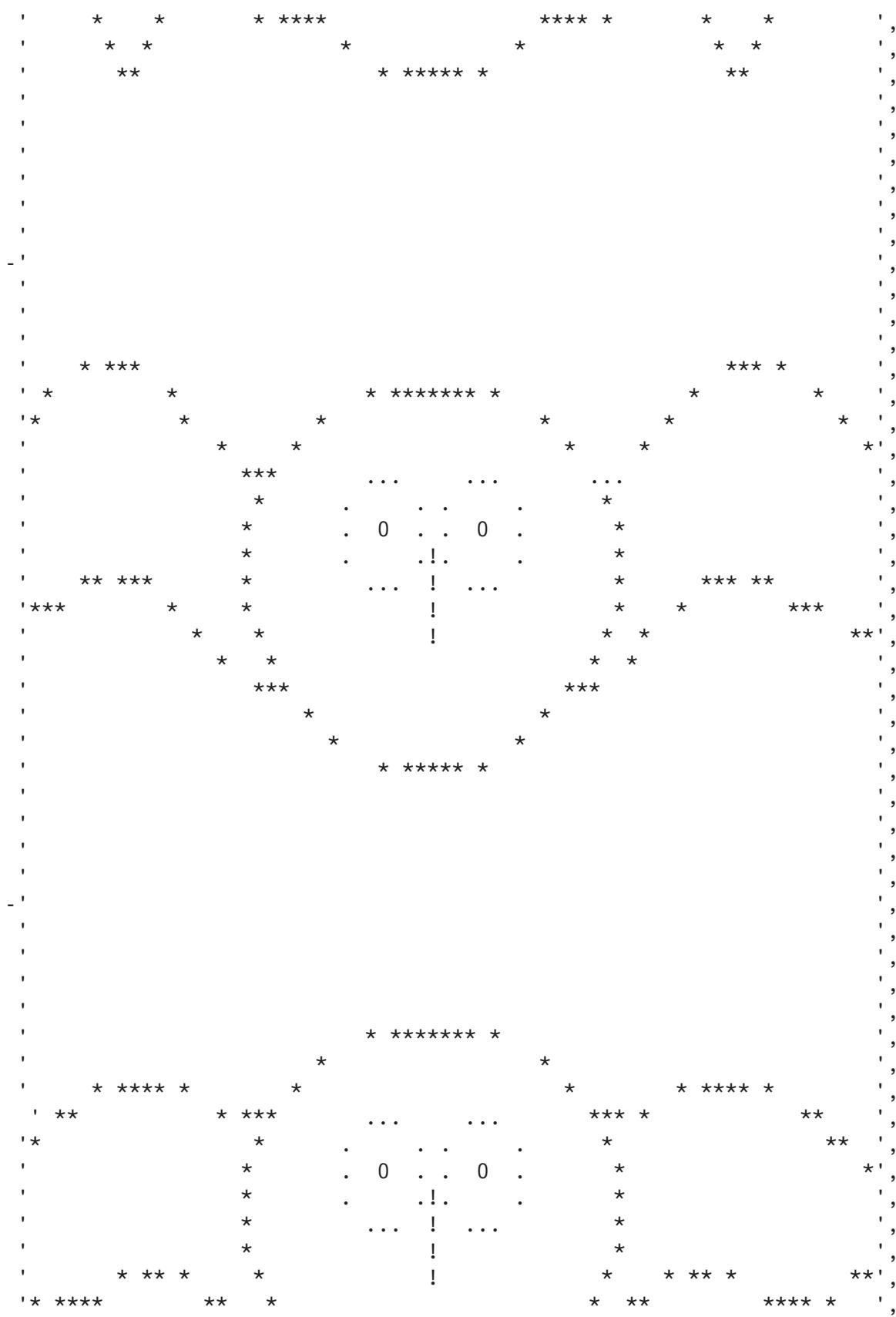
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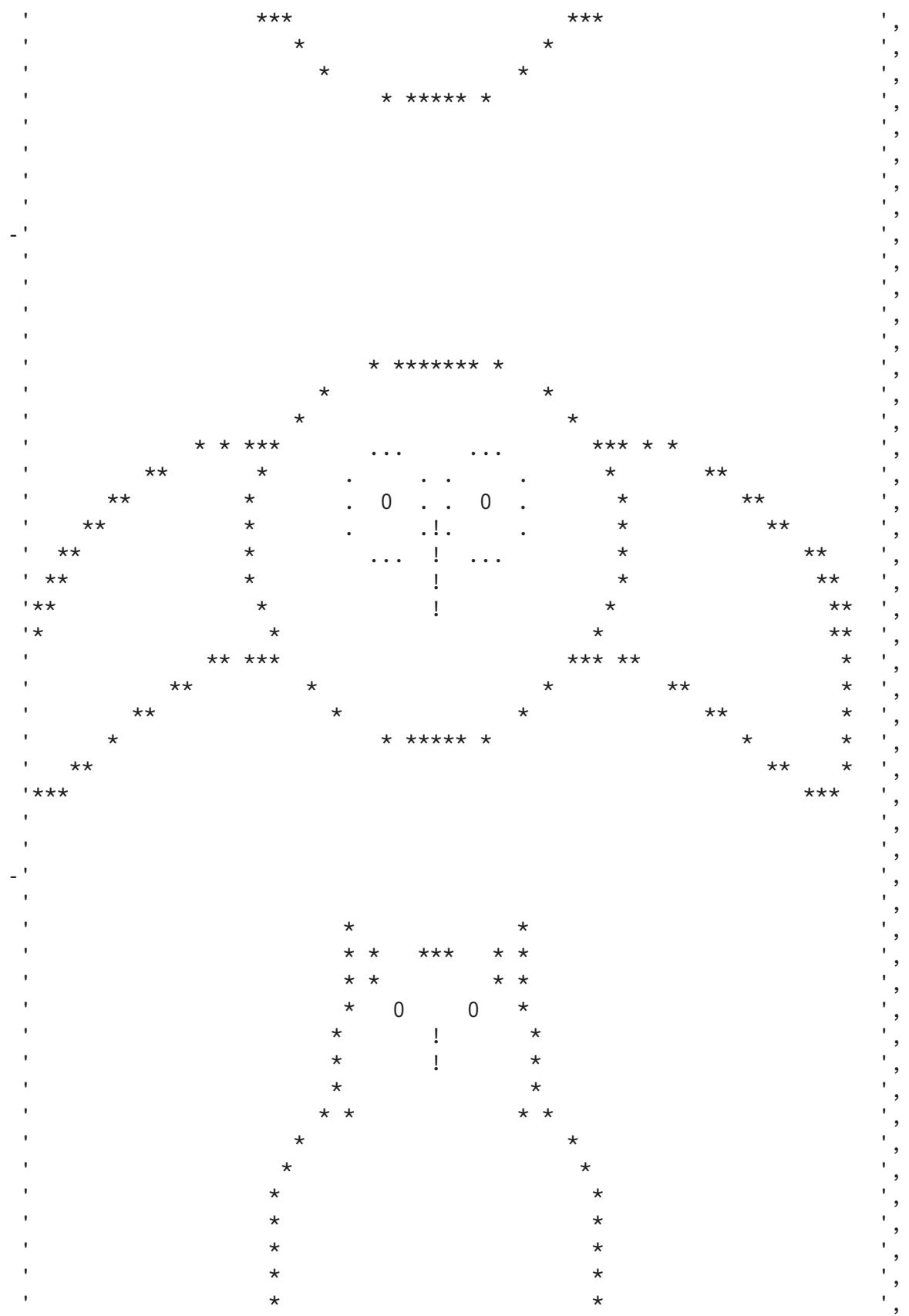
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        *          *
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        * ***** *      *
        ;      ;
        ;      ;
        ;      ;
        ;

EXEC CICS HANDLE CONDITION ENDDATA(START);
EXEC CICS RETRIEVE INTO(PARAM) LENGTH (LNG);
GOTO INIT;
/* FIRST RUN */

START:
IF EIBCALEN = Ø THEN DO;
    SUBSTR(M1RED,1,STG(M10)) = LOW(STG(M10));
    INTO = 'ØØØØØØ';
    BSO = EIBTRMID;
    IZEITO = EIBTIME;
    INT10 = 'ØØ';
    INT20 = 'ØØ';
    ANZO = 'Ø2';
    ALARMO = 'N';
    EXEC CICS SEND MAP('M1') MAPSET ('CMFLIG') ERASE;
    EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID ('FLIG') COMMAREA(MS) LENGTH(1);
END;
/* END FIRST RUN */
/* SECOND RUN */
- IF EIBAID = DFHCLEAR | EIBAID = DFHPA1 | EIBAID = DFHPA2
  THEN DO;
    EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('ML') MAPSET ('CMFLIG') MAPONLY ERASE;
    EXEC CICS RETURN;
  END;
/* */
- SUBSTR(M1RED,1,STG(M1I)) = LOW(STG(M1I));
  BS = EIBTRMID;
  EXEC CICS HANDLE CONDITION MAPFAIL(MAPFAIL);
  EXEC CICS RECEIVE MAP('M1') MAPSET ('CMFLIG');

-MAPFAIL:
IF INTL ≠ Ø THEN DO;
  IF ZEITL ≠ Ø THEN CALL FEHLER(3,1);
  IF VERIFY(INTI,NUM) THEN CALL FEHLER(1,1);
  INT = INTIR;
  MS = '1';
END;
IF ZEITL ≠ Ø THEN DO;
  IF VERIFY(ZEITI,NUM) THEN CALL FEHLER(1,2);
  INT = ZEITIR;
  MS = '2';
END;

```

```

-           IF BSL != Ø THEN BS = BSI;
-           IF INT1L != Ø THEN DO;
-               IF VERIFY(INT1I,NUM) THEN CALL FEHLER (1,3);
-               INT1 = INT1IR;
-           END;
-           IF INT2L != Ø THEN DO;
-               IF VERIFY(INT2I,NUM) THEN CALL FEHLER(1,4);
-               INT2 = INT2IR;
-           END;
-           IF ANZL != Ø THEN DO;
-               IF VERIFY(ANZI,NUM) THEN CALL FEHLER (1,5);
-               ANZ = ANZIR;
-           END;
-           IF ALARML != Ø THEN DO;
-               IF ALARMI != 'N' &
-                   ALARMI != 'J' THEN CALL FEHLER (2,6);
-               ALARM = ALARMI;
-           END;
-           IF T1L != Ø THEN T1 = T1I;
-           IF T2L != Ø THEN T2 = T2I;
/* STARTEN DER ZEIT-TASK */
-           EXEC CICS HANDLE CONDITION TERMIDERR (FEHL4);
-           IF MS = '1' THEN EXEC CICS START TRANSID('FLIG')
-                           INTERVAL(INT)
-                           TERMID(BS)
-                           FROM (PARAM) LENGTH(LNG);
-           ELSE;
-               EXEC CICS START TRANSID('FLIG')
-                           TIME(INT)
-                           TERMID(BS)
-                           FROM (PARAM) LENGTH(LNG);
SUBSTR(MLRED,1,STG(MLO)) = LOW(STG(MLO));
EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('ML') MAPSET ('CMFLIG') DATAONLY
-                           CURSOR(EIBCPSON);
EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID ('FLIG') COMMAREA(MS) LENGTH(1);
/* ENDE SECOND RUN */
/* ZEIT - TASK */
-INIT:
ZL (*) = Ø;
ZA (*) = LOW(1);
ZO (*) = ' ';
DO J = 1 TO ANZ;
    IF ALARM = 'N' THEN
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('M2') MAPSET ('CMFLIG') ERASE
-                           MAPONLY WAIT;
    ELSE
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('M2') MAPSET ('CMFLIG') ERASE ALARM
-                           MAPONLY WAIT;
    EXEC CICS DELAY INTERVAL (INT1);

```

```

        DO K = 1 TO 24;
        /* EULEN BILD */
        DO I = 1 TO 24;
            SUBSTR(ZO(I),5,69) = MA (K,I);
        END;
        SUBSTR ( ZO(1),7,39) =
'YOUR COMPUTER WISHES YOU A GOOD FLIGHT';
        EXEC CICS ASKTIME;
        ZWPIC = EIBTIME;
        SUBSTR(ZO(1),60,9) = ZWPIC;
        SUBSTR(ZO(1),70,03) = 'UHR';
        SUBSTR(ZO(23),28,20) = T1;
        SUBSTR(ZO(24),28,20) = T2;
        EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('M2') MAPSET ('CMFLIG') ERASE WAIT;
        EXEC CICS DELAY INTERVAL (INT1);
    END;
    EXEC CICS DELAY INTERVAL (INT2);
END;
EXEC CICS RETURN;
-FEHL4: CALL FEHLER (4,7);
-FEHLER: PROC(K,L);
    SUBSTR(M1RED,1,STG(M10)) = LOW(STG(M10));
    FMO = FEHLTAB (K);
    IF L = 1 THEN INTL = -1;
    IF L = 2 THEN ZEITL = -1;
    IF L = 3 THEN INT1L = -1;
    IF L = 4 THEN INT2L = -1;
    IF L = 5 THEN ANZL = -1;
    IF L = 6 THEN ALARML = -1;
    IF L = 7 THEN BSL = -1;
    EXEC CICS SEND MAP ('M1') MAPSET('CMFLIG') DATAONLY CURSOR;
    EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID ('FLIG') COMMAREA(MS) LENGTH(1);
END; /* FEHLER */
END; /* EULE */

```

---

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# The CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 Information Center – an update

The documentation for CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 has moved with the times, and is now presented using the latest Eclipse help system technology. Some common questions my CICS Information Development team here at Hursley get asked are:

- What's this new Eclipse Information Center?
- Is the Information Center on the Internet?
- How do I give feedback or suggestions?

In this article I'll address these questions and, with a few suitable screen captures, give you a flavour of the new world that awaits CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 Information Center users.

## WHAT'S THIS NEW ECLIPSE INFORMATION CENTER?

A wealth of information is available at your fingertips, including documentation for CICS Transaction Server and all the CICS Tools, CICS Transaction Gateway, CICS Universal Client, and REXX for CICS.

We now have a much improved search engine.

There's a *What's new* section that mirrors the information included in the traditional hardcopy *Release Guide*.

There are some new ways of grouping information to add value for the reader such as *learning paths*, *information roadmaps*, and *troubleshooting and support* with technotes.

There are lots of informative links to information across the Internet. There are links to *tutorials and demos* that offer Quick Tours on SOAP for CICS and CICSplex SM; there are more links to *service and support downloads* that include the

CICS support page, our popular SupportPac series, and fixes. Education gets a links section with *training and certification*, *online publications* (white papers, articles, and manuals), plus the campus (your source for IBM eServer and TotalStorage education). There are links to both the *IBM Redbooks* home page and the *CICS Redbooks* home page. *Third-party information* rounds out the links support information for CICS-related products (a site you should already have bookmarked!).

The meat of the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 information is grouped in *task*, *concept*, and *reference* categorizations.

There is also a library and PDFs section for those who like producing hardcopy.

Figure 1 shows what the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 Information Center home page looks like in its new

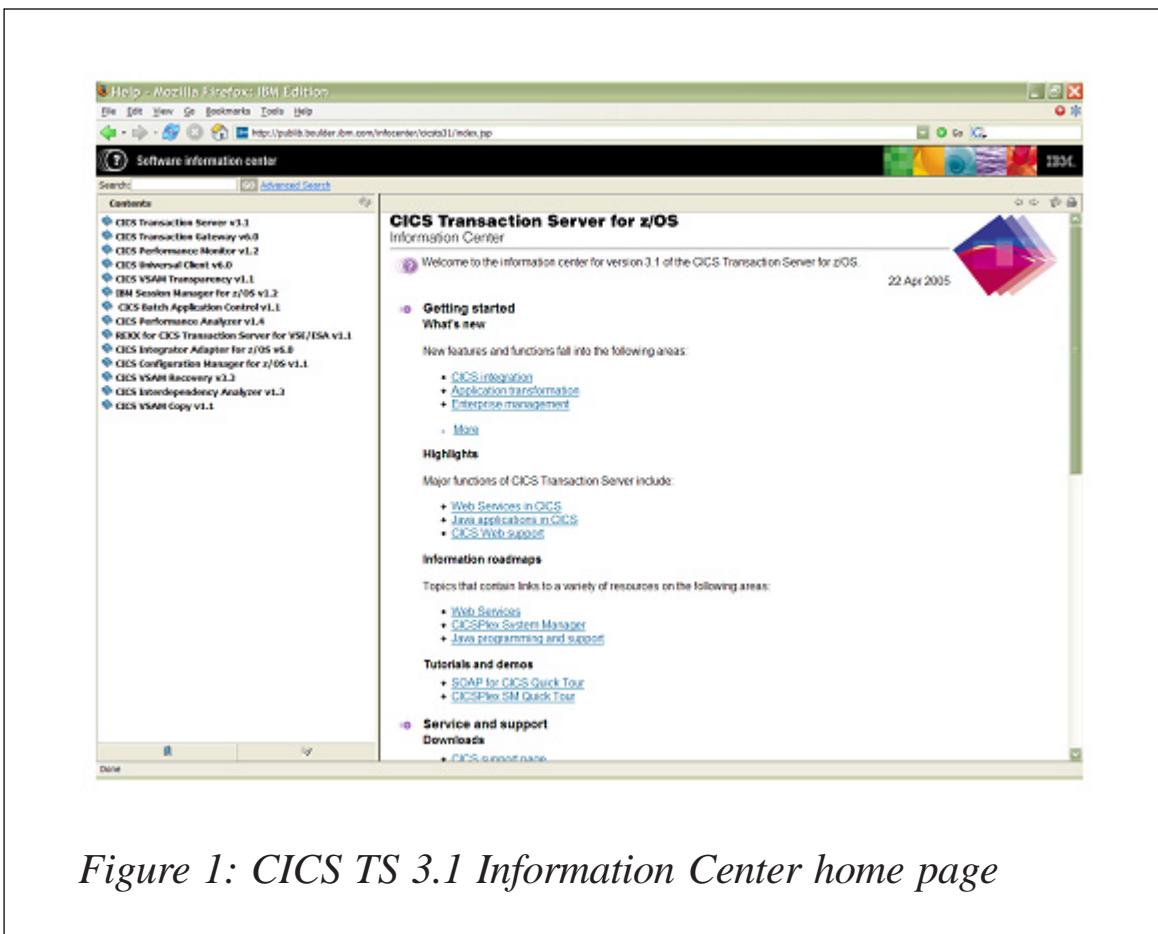


Figure 1: CICS TS 3.1 Information Center home page

IBM corporate livery.

A single click on one of the 14 plug-ins in the left-hand navigation pane will expand its contents.

The CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 *What's new* section includes everything you need to know about new functions in the release grouped by the capability themes of CICS Integration, Application transformation, and Enterprise management. There are also a few other changes that add

The screenshot shows a navigation pane titled 'Contents'. The main section is 'CICS Transaction Server v3.1', which is highlighted with a green bar. Below it is a tree view of new features:

- + Using the information center
- What's new
  - CICS integration
    - + Web services in CICS
    - + Support for HTTP client requests from CICS applications
    - + CICS Web support upgrade to HTTP/1.1
    - + General enhancements to CICS Web support
    - + Improvements to Internet security
  - Application transformation
    - + Enhanced inter-program data transfer: channels as modern-day COMMAREAAs
    - + OPENAPI Support
    - + XPLink Support
    - + Support for Language Environment conforming assembler MAIN programs
  - CICS enterprise management
    - + CICSplex SM Web User Interface enhancements
    - + Enhancements to CICSplex SM batched repository update facility
  - Other changes
    - + New installation process
    - + EXTRACT STATISTICS command
      - Support for mixed case passwords
    - + Codepage conversion changes
    - + Simplified definition of default code pages
    - + 64-Bit Addressing Toleration changes
    - Support for revoked user IDs
  - + Discontinued functions
  - + General information

*Figure 2: What's new navigation pane*

value to the product. And finally there are the functions that are discontinued in this release, such as support for OS/VS COBOL, which has caused much activity on the forums!

Figure 2 shows what the *What's new* navigation looks like.

Learning paths have been created in the Information Center to help you learn about a functional area of CICS. Learning paths are a set of topics that should be read in sequence.

There are a couple of learning paths in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 Information Center – one for Channels (the modern-day alternative to traditional CICS COMMAREAAs) and one for installing CICSplex SM to use the WUI.

Each learning path contains a list of the steps in the path so that you can move to any topic in the path. Some topics also

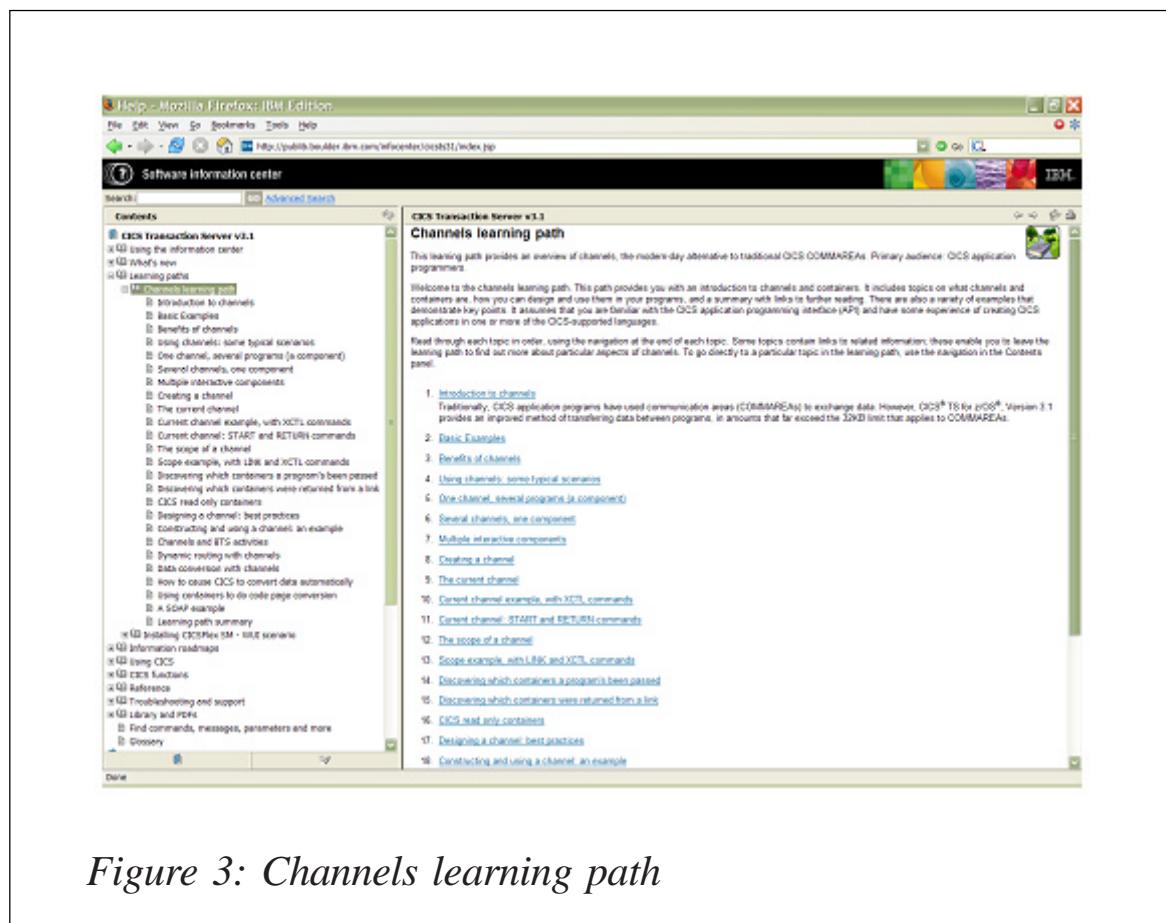
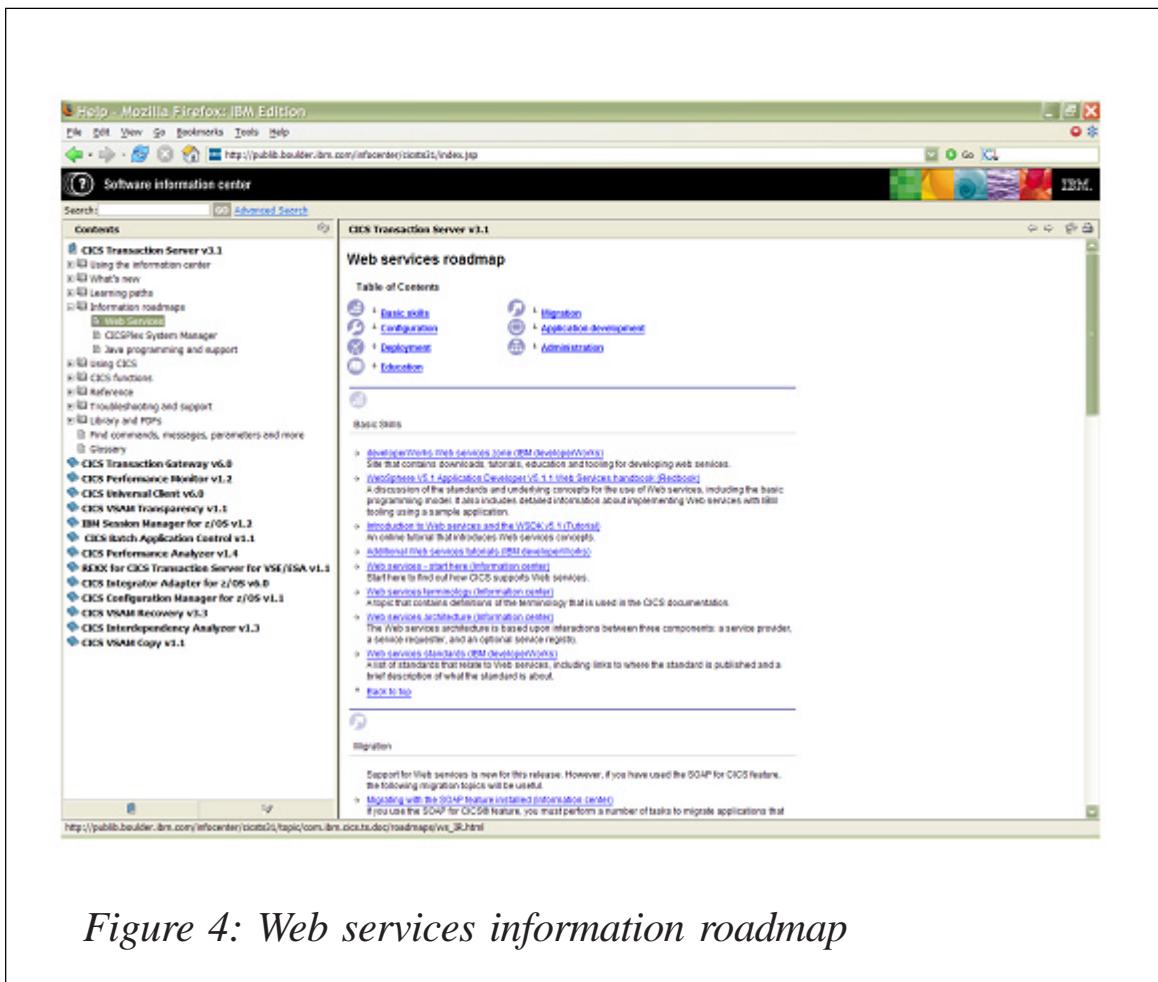


Figure 3: Channels learning path

contain links to more detailed information, so you can move off the path at any point. There is an icon (a book on a tree-lined road) in the top right-hand corner that shows when you are on the path. If the icon disappears when you click a link, you are off the path! The final topic in a learning path is a summary containing links to further reading.

Figure 3 shows what the Channels learning path looks like. Information roadmaps provide a comprehensive set of links with guidance to information from a variety of sources. There



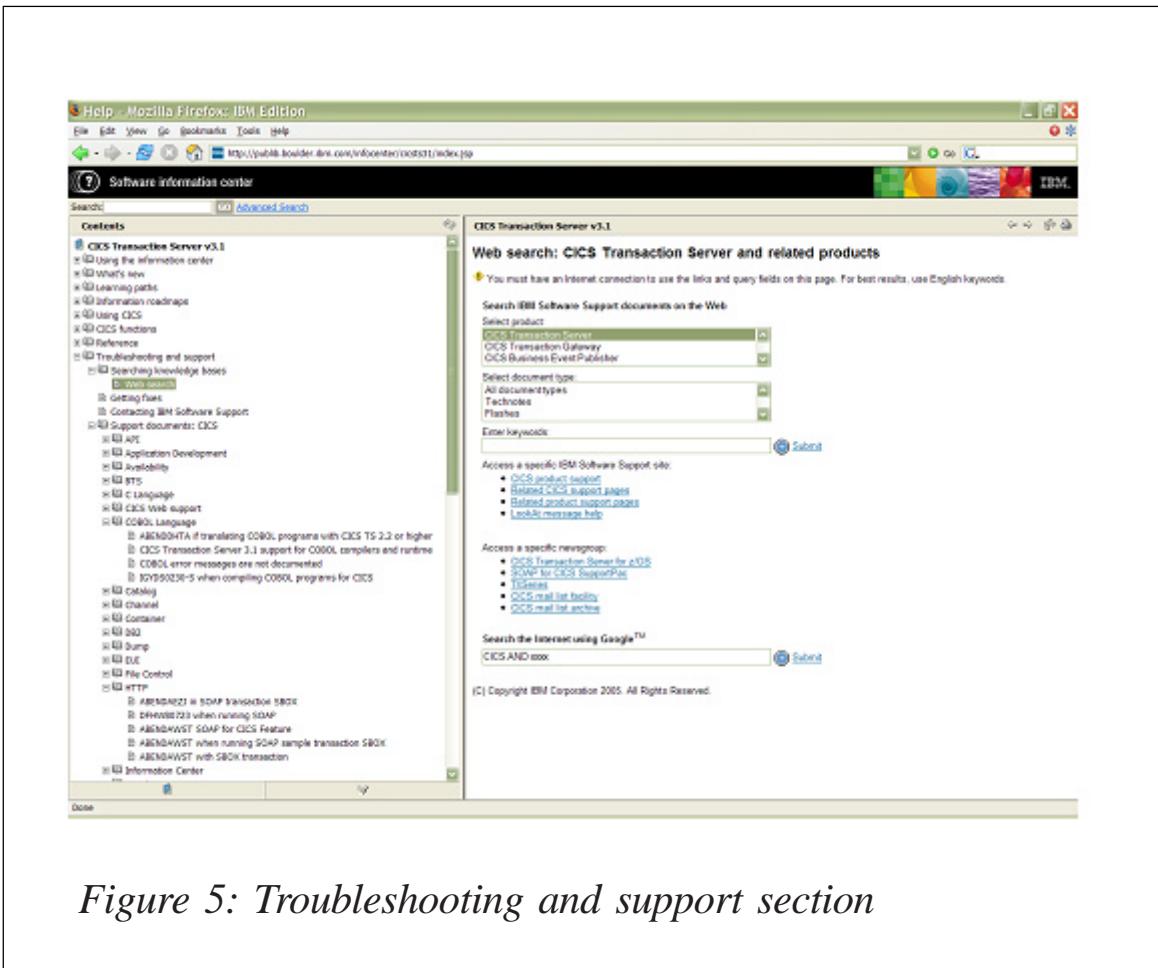
*Figure 4: Web services information roadmap*

are three information roadmaps in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 Information Center—Web services, CICSPlex System Manager, and Java programming and support. This style of information is available in many IBM

Information Centers across a whole range of products.

Figure 4 shows what the Web services information roadmap looks like.

The troubleshooting and support section is a self-help resource including instructions for searching knowledge bases, downloading fixes, and getting support from IBM. You might have heard this referred to as the e-support plug-in. For added convenience, this section includes copies of relevant technotes



*Figure 5: Troubleshooting and support section*

and other support documents that have been published on the CICS Support Web site. These documents are included in any Information Center search you might undertake. If you have an Internet connection, you can also search live Web-based support resources by using the customized query fields in the

Web search topic.

Figure 5 shows what the troubleshooting and support section looks like.

Search gets an upgrade! An oft called for requirement was to highlight the search argument in the topics that were found, something the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 2 Information Centers did not provide. The box in which to enter your search argument can be found at the top left of the header. Search results appear in the left-hand navigation

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the CICS Transaction Server v3.1 Software Information Center. The URL in the address bar is <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts1/index.jsp>. The page title is "Software Information center". On the left, there is a sidebar titled "Search Results" containing a list of search results related to "web services". Some of the results include: "Invoking a Web service from a CICS program", "Using the CICS Web services assistant to deploy a service requester application", "What is a Web service?", "Using the Web service binding file", "Web services roadmap", "How Web services can help your business", "Web services in CICS", "Interfacing with service provider and requester applications", "Using a Web service from an application deployed with the Web services assistant", "Web Services Report", "Getting started with Web services", "CICSFixes SM support", "Creating a service provider application from a Web service description", "The Web service architecture", "Planning a service requester application", "Configuring your CICS system for Web services", "How CICS supports Web services", "Creating a service requester application from a Web service description", "How an application is invoked in a service provider", "Web service statistics", "Planning for Web services", "SOAP messages and the replication data structure", "The CICS Web services assistant", "Planning a service provider application", "CICS resources for Web services", "Support for Web Services Atomic Transaction", "Migration and coexistence", "Web service resource definitions", "Web services terminology", "Creating a service provider application from a data structure", "The Web service description", "Changes to CICS external", "Interpreting Web and TCP/IP statistics", "INVOKING WEBSERVICE", "INVOKING WSRV", "Validating SOAP messages", and "Working with WSRV". The main content area displays the topic "Invoking a Web Service from a CICS program". The topic page includes a brief description, two bullet points under "Related topics", and a "Parent topic" link. The footer of the page shows the URL [http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts1/topic/com.ibm.cics.ts.doc/dlwse/concepts/applications/dlwse\\_app20.htm?resultof=web+services+service](http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts1/topic/com.ibm.cics.ts.doc/dlwse/concepts/applications/dlwse_app20.htm?resultof=web+services+service).

Figure 6: 100% hit for ‘web services’

pane. You can toggle between the *Contents* and *Search* results by using, respectively, the ‘book’ and ‘torch’ icons in the footer. A word of warning: the default search will look at all the 14 plug-ins in the Information Center, so you could get

results back from CICS Transaction Gateway, CICS tools, etc. Should you wish to trim down the plug-ins searched, click **Advanced search** (to the right of the GO button) and deselect the plug-ins you wish to exclude.

Figure 6 shows what the 100% hit for ‘web services’ looks like.

The meat of the documentation can be found in the three sections – *Using CICS*, *CICS functions*, and *Reference*. The sections are based on the task/concept/reference categorization that began in earnest with the Version 2 Information Centers.

The *Using CICS* section contains: Planning, Installing, Migrating, Setting up the system, Designing applications, Developing applications, Using Java applications, Running applications, Customizing, Administering, The CICSplex, Securing, Improving performance, and Diagnosing problems.

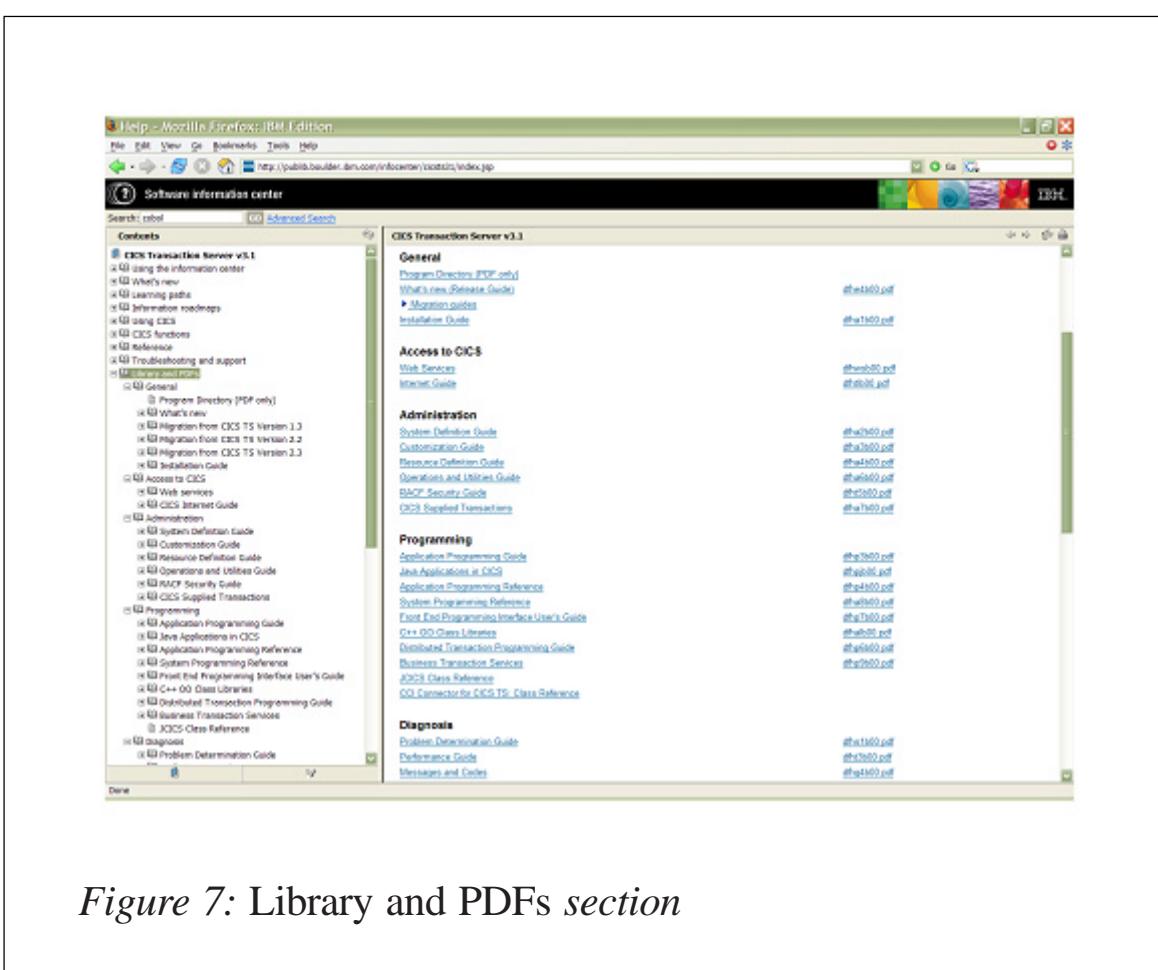


Figure 7: Library and PDFs section

The *CICS function* section contains: Application programming, Web services, Web interfaces, Java applications in CICS, Network services, Database services, External interfaces, Customization, System management, Performance and monitoring, Security, and Recovery and restart.

The *Reference* section contains: CICS-supplied transactions, Application programming interfaces, System definition, Resource definitions, System programming, Customization, CICS statistics, Trace, and CICS utilities.

And finally there is the *Library and PDFs* section. Here you can find HTML and PDF versions of the ‘books’ on the left and right of the main pane respectively. Select the book title for the HTML version, and the file name with the .pdf extension for the PDF.

Should you wish to download a PDF file, right-click on the link to the PDF (or tab to the link and press Shift-F10), and select **Save Target As** or **Save link as**.

Figure 7 shows how some of this section looks – only some because there are too many books to get them all on one screen capture.

Enjoy.

## IS THE INFORMATION CENTER ON THE INTERNET?

Is the Information Center on the Internet? The answer is a big yes.

The CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 3.1 Information Center is at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts31/index.jsp>.

And, for your convenience, the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Version 2 Information Centers have been migrated to use the latest Eclipse technology.

You can find them at:

- <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts23/index.jsp>
- <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts22/index.jsp>.

The URLs will stay constant and the content will always be the latest refresh. The information at these sites is the unlicensed version (so no *Diagnosis Reference* or *Data Areas*). Unfortunately, there is no local bookmarks facility at these sites.

### **HOW DO I GIVE FEEDBACK OR SUGGESTIONS?**

Whatever your thoughts on the CICS Information Center I welcome your comments. And yes, we do get praise from time to time on topics of information that readers think hit the spot. So don't hold back; if you think something is really great, let us know.

You can e-mail me ([missenp@uk.ibm.com](mailto:missenp@uk.ibm.com)), talk to any of my team at the various conferences around the world, or use the feedback form link at the bottom of the Information Center welcome page.

Here's the link: <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/cicsts31/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.cics.ts.doc/prod/feedback.html>.

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IBM Hursley (UK)*

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## **Presenting CICS DB2 resource statistics from SMF 110 records**

CICS statistics are the simplest tool for monitoring CICS resources and overall CICS performance. The information

they contain can be used for performance tuning and capacity planning. Statistics are collected during CICS online processing in five ways – as interval, end-of-day, requested, requested reset, and unsolicited statistics. They are written to System Management Facility (SMF) dataset records of type 110, subtype 002, that can be later processed and analysed by some offline tools (utility DFHSTUP, user written programs, Tivoli Decision Support).

This article describes an application designed to present the subset of information collected by type 110, subtype 002 SMF records, that deal with CICS DB2 resource statistics. Some information about the same area of interest could also be gained by using the DSNC DISP STAT command, but not all. Although the DFHSTUP utility gives the same information, this application presents the data in a more descriptive form.

CICS statistics SMF type 110 records consist of three components – SMF header, SMF product section, and CICS data section. The SMF header describes the system that creates the output. The SMF product section identifies the subsystem to which the statistics relate; in this case; the CICS region. The SMF header and product section format is given in the SDFHMAC library in macro DFHSMFDS. The statistics data section consists of one or more statistics data records with different formats, except for the common format of the first five bytes. A description of the CICS DB2 resource statistics data section is given in macro DFHD2RDS in the SDFHMAC library.

My application consists of:

- SMFST67 – application start-up REXX EXEC.
- SMFST67P – main input panel.
- SMFST67R – main REXX EXEC.

The required parameters on the main input panel are CICS applid, CICS load module library, SMF dataset names, and the date frame (given in the form yyyy/mm/dd). As input, some

or all of the SYS1.MANx datasets or cumulative SMF dataset could be given, depending on the period for which the report is needed. The main input panel is shown below:

```
----- CICS DB2 RESOURCE STATISTICS -----  
  
CICS applid      ===> PTEST29  
  
CICS load library ===> CICSTS22.CICS.SDFHLOAD  
  
SMF data set 1    ===> IPOSADV.SMF DUMPW  
  
SMF data set 2    ===>  
  
SMF data set 3    ===>  
  
Date From: ===> 2005/08/04  
  
To: ===> 2005/08/04
```

The main REXX EXEC generates a job that consists in two steps. In the first step, records of type 110 for a specified period are extracted from the chosen SMF datasets and placed in a temporary dataset. This is then input to the DFHJUP utility. In the second step, records are further filtered to include only subtype 002 for the given CICS applid. An example of the JCL is given below:

```
//SYSADMX JOB MSGCLASS=X,REGION=4M,NOTIFY=SYSADM  
//*****  
//** STEP 1 - UNLOAD THE SMF DATA SET CONTAINING CICS DATA  
//*****  
//SMFDUMP EXEC PGM=IFASMFDP  
//INDD1   DD DSN=IPOSADV.SMF DUMPW,DISP=SHR,AMP='BUFSP=65536'  
//OUTDD1  DD DSN=&&TEMP,DISP=(NEW,PASS),  
//           SPACE=(CYL,(50,1)),UNIT=SYSDA  
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*  
//SYSIN   DD *  
          INDD(INDD1,OPTIONS(DUMP))  
          OUTDD(OUTDD1,TYPE(110))  
          DATE(2005215,2005215)  
/*  
//*****  
//** STEP 2 - DFHJUP SELECT RECORDS  
//*****
```

Resource statistics - resource information							
DB2Entry name	Plan name	PlanExit name	Auth id	Auth type	Account records	Thread wait	Thread priority
ENAR01	ARH10100	N/A	N/A	USERID	TXID	YES	N/A
ENAU01	AUTOMATP	N/A	N/A	USERID	TXID	YES	N/A
ENDB02	DB2TEST	N/A	N/A	USERID	TXID	YES	N/A
ENDB201	DSN8CP0	N/A	N/A	USERID	NONE	POOL	N/A
ENDB202	DSN8CQ0	N/A	N/A	USERID	TXID	YES	N/A

Figure 1a: Excerpt from a summary report

Resource statistics - request information

DB2Entry name	Call count	Signon count	Partial signon count	Commit count	Abort count	Single phase	Thread reuse	Thread terms	Thread waits/overflows
ENAR01	1254	4	1	0	0	433	0	433	0
ENAU01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENDN05	1098	289	3	0	0	468	0	468	0
ENDN06	555	87	1	0	0	93	0	93	0
ENDN07	37	2	2	0	0	15	0	15	0
ENDN08	962	73	0	0	0	98	0	98	0
ENDN09	675	51	1	62	0	64	0	126	0
END001	7603	13	11	0	0	24	0	24	0
ENTR58	1036	258	75	86	0	303	0	389	0

*Figure 1b: Excerpt from a summary report*

Resource statistics - performance information									
DB2Entry name	Thread limit	Thread current	Thread HWM	Pthread limit	Pthread current	Pthread HWM	Task current	Task HWM	Task total
ENAR@1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	433
ENAU@1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENBA23	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	258	0
ENBA24	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	26	0
ENBA25	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENDN@4	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	13	0
ENDN@5	3	0	2	0	0	0	2	468	0
ENIN11	10	0	4	0	0	0	4	11193	0
ENJP@1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	110	0
ENKA@1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	517	0
ENKA@2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	103	0

Figure 1c: Excerpt from a summary report

```

//RECSEL EXEC PGM=DFHJUP
//STEPLIB DD DSN=CICSTS22.CICS.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=&&TEMP,DISP=(OLD,PASS)
//SYSPRINT DD DSNAME=SYSADM.SMF110.PRIV,DISP=(NEW,CATLG),
//           SPACE=(CYL,(200,20),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA,
//           DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=27930)
//SYSIN DD *
OPTION PRINT OFFSET=23,FLDTYP=X,VALUE=0002,FLDLEN=2,COND=M
OPTION PRINT OFFSET=47,FLDTYP=C,VALUE=PSTEST29,FLDLEN=8,COND=E
END
/*

```

After submitting the generated job, wait for notification of its completion, and then press the PF3 key, the SMFST67R REXX EXEC continues to format output from the DFHJUP utility. The generated summary report for CICS DB2 resource statistics comprises three sections – resource, request, and performance information. The resource information gives details of attribute settings for each DB2ENTRY. The request information reports how many and which types of request have been performed against each DB2ENTRY. The performance information gives detailed thread statistics for each DB2ENTRY. Excerpts from summary report are shown in Figures 1a, b and c.

If the message from SMFST67R REXX EXEC is ‘No records found’ when SYS1.MANx datasets are used, the CEMT PERFORM STATISTICS DB2 command can be executed to initiate the immediate writing of CICS DB2 statistics to the SMF datasets, rather than wait for the current statistics-gathering interval to expire.

## SMFST67

```

/* rex */
Address ISPEXEC 'select panel(SMFST67P)'

```

## SMFST67P

```

)ATTR
% TYPE(TEXT)
[ TYPE(TEXT) INTENS(LOW)
< TYPE(INPUT) CAPS(ON)

```

```

+ TYPE(TEXT) INTENS(LOW)
! TYPE(OUTPUT) INTENS(LOW) CAPS(OFF)
)BODY DEFAULT(]*;)EXPAND($$)
%-$-$- CICS DB2 RESOURCE STATISTICS -$-$-[

[

+CICS applid      ===><Z      [
+CICS load library ===><Z      [
+SMF data set 1   ===><Z      [
+SMF data set 2   ===><Z      [
+SMF data set 3   ===><Z      [
+Date From:      ===><Z      [
+To:              ===><Z      [

<Z[

)INIT
.ZVARS = '(APPLID CICSload MAN1 MAN2 MAN3 DateFrom DateTo ZCMD)'
.CURSOR = APPLID
VGET (APPLID CICSload MAN1 MAN2 MAN3 DateFrom DateTo) SHARED
&APPLID = PTEST29
&CICSload = CICSTS22.CICS.SDFHLOAD
&MAN1 = SYS1.MAN1
&MAN2 = SYS1.MAN2
&MAN3 = SYS1.MAN3
&DateFrom = &ZDATESTD
&DateTo = &ZDATESTD
)PROC
VER (&APPLID,NONBLANK)
VER (&CICSload,NONBLANK)
VER (&MAN1,NONBLANK)
VER (&DateFrom,PICT,'9999/99/99')
VER (&DateTo,PICT,'9999/99/99')
VPUT (APPLID CICSload MAN1 MAN2 MAN3 DateFrom DateTo) SHARED
&ZSEL = TRANS(TRUNC(&ZCMD,'.')
               ' ','CMD(SMFST67R)')
               '*', '?')
)END

```

## SMFST67R

```
/* REXX */  
/* SMFST67R: INTERPRET DB2 ENTRY STATISTICS from SMF 110 RECORDS */  
/* ***** */  
Address ISPEXEC "CONTROL ERRORS RETURN "  
Address ISPEXEC ,  
    "VGET (APPLID CICSload MAN1 MAN2 MAN3 DateFrom DateTo) SHARED"  
NUM_OF_DAYS.1 = 31  
NUM_OF_DAYS.3 = 31  
NUM_OF_DAYS.4 = 30  
NUM_OF_DAYS.5 = 31  
NUM_OF_DAYS.6 = 30  
NUM_OF_DAYS.7 = 31  
NUM_OF_DAYS.8 = 31  
NUM_OF_DAYS.9 = 30  
NUM_OF_DAYS.10 = 31  
NUM_OF_DAYS.11 = 30  
NUM_OF_DAYS.12 = 31  
yyyy = Substr(DateFrom, 1, 4)  
mm = Substr(DateFrom, 6, 2)  
dd = Substr(DateFrom, 9, 2)  
If yyyy // 400 <> 0 & yyyy // 4 = 0 Then /* leap year? */  
    NUM_OF_DAYS.2 = 29  
Else  
    NUM_OF_DAYS.2 = 28  
ddd = 0  
Do i = 1 To mm - 1  
    ddd = ddd + NuM_OF_DAYS.I  
End  
ddd = ddd + dd  
If ddd < 100 Then yyyydddfrom = yyyy || "0" || ddd  
Else yyyydddfrom = yyyy || ddd  
yyyy = Substr(DateTo, 1, 4)  
mm = Substr(DateTo, 6, 2)  
dd = Substr(DateTo, 9, 2)  
If yyyy // 400 <> 0 & yyyy // 4 = 0 Then  
    NUM_OF_DAYS.2 = 29  
Else  
    NUM_OF_DAYS.2 = 28  
ddd = 0  
Do i = 1 To mm - 1  
    ddd = ddd + NuM_OF_DAYS.I  
End  
ddd = ddd + dd  
If ddd < 100 Then yyyydddto = yyyy || "0" || ddd  
Else yyyydddto = yyyy || ddd  
count = 0  
NUMERIC DIGITS 50
```

```

userid    = userid()
tick      = '""'
jcldsn   = tick||userid||".SMFUTIL.PRIV"||tick
If sysdsn(jcldsn) = 'OK' Then
  Address TSO "alloc fi(jcl) da("jcldsn") shr "
Else
  Address TSO "alloc fi(jcl) da("jcldsn") new ",
    " dsorg(ps) space(1,1) tracks",
    " lrecl(80) blksize(27920) recfm(f b)"
queue "//"||userid||"X JOB MSGCLASS=X,REGION=4M,NOTIFY="||userid
queue //*****STEP 1 - UNLOAD THE SMF DATASET CONTAINING CICS DATA"
queue //*****STEP 2 - DFHJUP SELECT RECORDS"
queue //SMFDUMP EXEC PGM=IFASMFDP"
queue //INDD1      DD DSN="||MAN1||",DISP=SHR,AMP=(BUFSP=65536)"
Address TSO "execio 6 diskw jcl"
If MAN2 != "" Then Do
  queue //INDD2      DD DSN="||MAN2||",DISP=SHR,AMP=(BUFSP=65536)"
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskw jcl"
End
If MAN3 != "" Then Do
  queue //INDD3      DD DSN="||MAN3||",DISP=SHR,AMP=(BUFSP=65536)"
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskw jcl"
End
queue //OUTDD1     DD DSN=&&TEMP,DISP=(NEW,PASS),"
queue //           SPACE=(CYL,(50,1)),UNIT=SYSDA"
queue //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
queue //SYSIN      DD *
queue "      INDD(INDD1,OPTIONS(DUMP))"
Address TSO "execio 5 diskw jcl"
If MAN2 != "" Then Do
  queue "      INDD(INDD2,OPTIONS(DUMP))"
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskw jcl"
End
If MAN3 != "" Then Do
  queue "      INDD(INDD3,OPTIONS(DUMP))"
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskw jcl"
End
queue "      OUTDD(OUTDD1,TYPE(110))"
queue "      DATE("||yyyymmddfrom||","||yyyymmddto||")"
queue "/*"
Address TSO "execio 3 diskw jcl"
queue //*****STEP 3 - DFHJUP SELECT RECORDS"
queue //RECSEL EXEC PGM=DFHJUP"
queue //STEPLIB DD DSN="||CICSload||",DISP=SHR"
queue //SYSUT1   DD DSN=&&TEMP,DISP=(OLD,PASS)"
queue //SYSPRINT DD DSNAME="||userid||".SMF110.PRIV,DISP=(NEW,CATLG),"

```

```

queue "/*           SPACE=(CYL,(200,20),RLSE),UNIT=SYSDA,"
queue "/*           DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=27930)"
queue //SYSIN DD *
queue "OPTION PRINT OFFSET=23,FLDTYP=X,VALUE=0002,FLDLEN=2,COND=M"
queue "OPTION PRINT OFFSET=47,FLDTYP=C,VALUE=""||APPLID||,
      ",FLDLEN=8,COND=E"
queue "END"
queue "/*"
queue //"
Address TSO "execio 15 diskw jcl"
Address TSO "execio 0 diskw jcl(finis"
Address TSO "free fi(jcl)"
Address ISPEXEC "Edit Dataset("jcldsn")"
Address TSO "Delete "jcldsn
indsn = tick||userid||".SMF110.PRIV"||tick
outdsn = tick||userid||'.SMF67.PRIV'||tick
If sysdsn(outdsn) = 'OK' Then
  Address TSO "alloc fi(indd2) da("outdsn") shr "
Else
  Address TSO "alloc fi(indd2) da("outdsn") new ",
    " dsorg(ps) space(6000,1000) tracks release",
    " recfm(F B) lrecl(312) blksize(27768)"
Address TSO "alloc fi(indd1) da("indsn") shr"
Address TSO "delstack"
next:
Do Forever
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
  If rc = 2 Then Leave
  Pull inrec
  If Index(inrec, 'DFHJC4531') > 0 Then Leave
  If Substr(inrec, 3, 6) = "000000" Then Do
    lrec = X2D(Substr(inrec, 12, 4))
    Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
    If rc = 2 Then Leave
    Pull inrec
    If Index(inrec, 'DFHJUP - JOURNAL PRINT') > 0 Then Do
      Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
      If rc = 2 Then Leave
      Pull inrec
    End
    offd = X2D(Substr(inrec, 25, 4))
    ld = X2D(Substr(inrec, 31, 4))
    ldgom = 0
    srec = (offd % 32) - 1
    rrec = (offd // 32) * 2 + 1
    Do i = 1 To srec
      Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
      If rc = 2 Then Leave
      Pull inrec

```

```

If Index(inrec, 'DFHJUP - JOURNAL PRINT') > Ø Then Do
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
  If rc = 2 Then Leave
  Pull inrec
End
End
inrec1 = Space(Substr(inrec, 12, 75),Ø)
inrec1 = Substr(inrec1, rrec)
Strt:
inrec2 = inrec1
ld1 = X2D(Substr(inrec1, 1, 4))
If ld1 = Ø Then Signal next
l = Length(inrec1)
Do While (l < ld1 * 2)
  Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
  If rc = 2 Then Leave
  Pull inrec
  If Index(inrec, 'DFHJUP - JOURNAL PRINT') > Ø Then Do
    Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
    If rc = 2 Then Leave
    Pull inrec
  End
  If (l + 64) > ld1 * 2 Then Do
    inrec1 = Space(Substr(inrec, 12, 75),Ø)
    inrec2 = inrec2 || Substr(inrec1, 1, ld1 * 2 - 1)
    inrec1 = Substr(inrec1, ld1 * 2 - 1 + 1)
    l = ld1 * 2
  End
  Else Do
    inrec1 = Space(Substr(inrec, 12, 75),Ø)
    inrec2 = inrec2 || inrec1
    inrec1 = ""
    l = l + 64
  End
End
If Substr(inrec2, 5, 4) = "0067" Then Do
  count = count + 1
  Queue inrec2
  Address TSO "Execio 1 Diskw indd2"
End
ldpom = ldpom + ld1
If ldpom < ld Then Do
  If inrec1 = "" Then Do
    Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
    If rc = 2 Then Leave
    Pull inrec
    If Index(inrec, 'DFHJUP - JOURNAL PRINT') > Ø Then Do
      Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd1"
      If rc = 2 Then Leave

```

```

        Pull inrec
    End
    inrec1 = Space(Substr(inrec, 12, 75),0)
End
Signal Strt
End
Else Signal next
End /* end if */
End /* do forever */
Address TSO "execio Ø diskr indd1(finis"
Address TSO "Execio Ø Diskw indd2(finis"
Address TSO "free fi(indd1)"
Address TSO "free fi(indd2)"
If count = Ø Then Do
    Say "No records found"
    Address TSO "Delete "indsn
    Address TSO "Delete "outdsn
    Exit 4
End
Address TSO "alloc fi(indd2) da("outdsn") shr"
outdsn1 = tick||userid||'.SMF670UT.PRIV'||tick
If sysdsn(outdsn1) = 'OK' Then
    Address TSO "alloc fi(outdd1) da("outdsn1") shr "
Else
    Address TSO "alloc fi(outdd1) da("outdsn1") new ",
                " dsorg(ps) space(10,1) tracks release",
                " recfm(F B) lrecl(132) blksize(27984)"
Address TSO "delstack"
resourceinfo.Ø = Ø
requestinfo.Ø = Ø
performanceinfo.Ø = Ø
Do Forever
    Address TSO "execio 1 diskr indd2"
    If rc = 2 Then Leave
    Pull inrec
    Parse var inrec,
        1 D2RLEN 5 ,
        5 D2RID 9 ,
        9 D2RDVERS 11 ,
        17 D2R_DB2ENTRY_NAME 33 ,
        33 D2R_PLAN_NAME 49 ,
        49 D2R_PLANEXIT_NAME 65 ,
        65 D2R_AUTHID 81 ,
        81 D2R_AUTHTYPE 83 ,
        83 D2R_ACCOUNTREC 85 ,
        85 D2R_THREADWAIT 87 ,
        87 D2R_PRIORITY 89 ,
        89 D2R_CALLS 97 ,
        97 D2R_SIGNONS 105 ,

```

```

105 D2R_COMMITS 113 ,
113 D2R_ABORTS 121 ,
121 D2R_SINGLE_PHASE 129 ,
129 D2R_THREAD_REUSE 137 ,
137 D2R_THREAD_TERM 145 ,
145 D2R_THREAD_WAIT_OR_OVERFL 153 ,
153 D2R_THREAD_LIMIT 161 ,
161 D2R_THREAD_CURRENT 169 ,
169 D2R_THREAD_HWM 177 ,
177 D2R_PTHREAD_LIMIT 185 ,
185 D2R_PTHREAD_CURRENT 193 ,
193 D2R_PTHREAD_HWM 201 ,
201 D2R_TASK_CURRENT 209 ,
209 D2R_TASK_HWM 217 ,
217 D2R_TASK_TOTAL 225 ,
225 D2R_READYQ_CURRENT 233 ,
233 D2R_READYQ_HWM 241 ,
241 D2R_PARTIAL_SIGNONS 249
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
L2 = requestinfo.Ø + 1
requestinfo.Ø = L2
L3 = performanceinfo.Ø + 1
performanceinfo.Ø = L3
resourceinfo.L1 = X2C(D2R_DB2ENTRY_NAME)
requestinfo.L2 = X2C(D2R_DB2ENTRY_NAME)
performanceinfo.L3 = X2C(D2R_DB2ENTRY_NAME)
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
If D2R_PLAN_NAME = "0000000000000000" Then resourceinfo.L1 = "N/A"
Else resourceinfo.L1 = X2C(D2R_PLAN_NAME)
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
If D2R_PLANEXIT_NAME = "0000000000000000" Then resourceinfo.L1 = "N/A"
Else resourceinfo.L1 = X2C(D2R_PLANEXIT_NAME)
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
If D2R_AUTHID = "0000000000000000" Then resourceinfo.L1 = "N/A"
Else resourceinfo.L1 = X2C(D2R_AUTHID)
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
Select
    When X2D(D2R_AUTHTYPE) = 1 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "USERID"
    End
    When X2D(D2R_AUTHTYPE) = 2 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "OPID"
    End
    When X2D(D2R_AUTHTYPE) = 3 Then Do

```

```

    resourceinfo.L1 = "GROUP"
End
When X2D(D2R_AUTHTYPE) = 4 Then Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "SIGNID"
End
When X2D(D2R_AUTHTYPE) = 5 Then Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "TERM"
End
When X2D(D2R_AUTHTYPE) = 6 Then Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "TXID"
End
Otherwise Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "N/A"
End
End
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
Select
    When X2D(D2R_ACCOUNTREC) = 1 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "NONE"
    End
    When X2D(D2R_ACCOUNTREC) = 2 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "TXID"
    End
    When X2D(D2R_ACCOUNTREC) = 3 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "TASK"
    End
Otherwise Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "UOW"
End
End
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
Select
    When X2D(D2R_THREADWAIT) = 1 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "YES"
    End
    When X2D(D2R_THREADWAIT) = 2 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "NO"
    End
Otherwise Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "POOL"
End
End
L1 = resourceinfo.Ø + 1
resourceinfo.Ø = L1
Select
    When X2D(D2R_PRIORITY) = 1 Then Do
        resourceinfo.L1 = "HIGH"
    End

```

```

When X2D(D2R_PRIORITY) = 2 Then Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "EQUAL"
End
When X2D(D2R_PRIORITY) = 3 Then Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "LOW"
End
Otherwise Do
    resourceinfo.L1 = "N/A"
End
End
L2 = requestinfo.Ø + 1
requestinfo.Ø = L2
requestinfo.L2 = X2D(D2R_CALLS)
L2 = requestinfo.Ø + 1
requestinfo.Ø = L2
requestinfo.L2 = X2D(D2R_SIGNONS)
L2 = requestinfo.Ø + 1
requestinfo.Ø = L2
requestinfo.L2 = X2D(D2R_PARTIAL_SIGNONS)

```

*Editor's note: this article will be concluded next month.*

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## Abend management

Here's a DFHPEP that will capture the 3270 screen buffer for the abending task and write it to Transient Data along with the basic task information, termid, tranid, program, userid, and username with a time stamp.

The program is derived from IBM's DFHPEP sample, but DFHPEP is just a generic shell program, so I removed any comment material remaining from that sample.

The AIDTABLE is based on IBM's DFHAID macro, but it is significantly modified from that.

The Help Desk finds the program useful for clarifying user

actions leading to an abend, and it provides valuable information when you don't have a comprehensive abend management product.

The application attempts to determine whether the CICS region is under stress or at max task, and bypasses retrieving the terminal buffer in these cases.

## CODE

```
*ASM XOPTS(NOEPILOG)
DFHPEP    AMODE 31
DFHPEP    RMODE ANY
DFHPEP    DFHEIENT CODEREG=11,DATAREG=10,EIBREG=9
          DFHREGS ,           EQUATE REGISTERS
          XR    R1,R1
          ICM    R1,B'0011',EIBCALEN GET COMMAREA LENGTH
          BZ    RETURNX        ...NO COMMAREA; EXIT
          EXEC CICS ADDRESS COMMAREA(R8)
          USING DFHPEP_COMMAREA,R8
*
          EXEC CICS HANDLE ABEND LABEL(RETURN)
          MVC  IEHIBALL,=C'IEHIBALL'
          EXEC CICS INQUIRE SYSTEM CICSSTATUS(CICSOK) SOSSTATUS(SOS)      $
                MAXTASKS(MAXT)
          CLC  CICSOK,DFHVALUE(ACTIVE)   IS CICS COMING UP/DOWN?
          BNE  RETURN                  YES LEAVE
* IF WE ARE AT SHORT ON STORAGE LEAVE
          CLC  SOS,DFHVALUE(NOTSOS)
          BNE  RETURN                  DONT COMPLICATE THE MESS
* IF WE ARE AT MAXT TASKS LEAVE
          EXEC CICS INQUIRE TASK LIST LISTSIZE(NOTASKS)
          CLC  NOTASKS,MAXT          ARE WE AT MAXTASKS
          BNL  RETURN                 TOO BUSY FOR DETAILS
*DISPLAY HEADER
          MVC  OUTLINE,=80C'>
          EXEC CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG5') FROM (OUTLINE) RESP(RESP)
          CLC  RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
          BNE  RETURN
          EXEC CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG5') FROM (ABNDHDR) RESP(RESP)
          CLC  RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
          BNE  RETURN
          MVC  OUTLINE,=80C' '
          EXEC CICS ASKTIME ABSTIME(ABST)
          EXEC CICS FORMATTIME ABSTIME(ABST)                      $
                TIMESEP(':') TIME(ABNDTIME)                         $
                DATESEP('/') DATE(ABNDDATE)
```

```

MVC ABCODE,PEP_COM_CURRENT_ABEND_CODE
UNPK ABTASK,EIBTASKN
OI ABTASK+4,X'F0'
MVC ABTERM,EIBTRMID
MVC ABTRAN,EIBTRNID
MVC ABPROG,PEP_COM_ABPROGRAM
EXEC CICS ASSIGN STARTCODE(STARTCODE) DS3270(TERM3270)      $
        USERNAME(ABNDNAME) USERID(ABNDUSER)                      $
        RESP(RESP)
CLC RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL)           PROBABLY NO USER
BNE WRITEMSG                      WRITE THE LINE AND RETURN
EXEC CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG5') FROM (OUTLINE) RESP(RESP)
CLC RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
BNE RETURN
MVC OUTLINE,=80C'_'
EXEC CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG5') FROM (OUTLINE) RESP(RESP)
CLC RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
BNE RETURN
CLI TERM3270,X'FF'                 ONLY 3270 DEVICES
BNE RETURN
CLC =C'TD',STARTCODE              WE WANT ABENDS
BNE RETURN                         AFTER TERMINAL INPUT
*
* SKIP BUFFER RETRIEVAL FOR SESSION RELATED ERRORS
CLC =C'AZ',PEP_COM_CURRENT_ABEND_CODE
BE RETURN
CLC =C'ZC',PEP_COM_CURRENT_ABEND_CODE
BE RETURN
*
CLI EIBTRNID,C'C'                 SKIP CICS XACT
BE RETURN
EXEC CICS INQUIRE TASK(EIBTASKN) PRIORITY(PRIORITY)
* WE"LL TRY NOT TO BE INTERRUPTED WHILE WE FINISH
EXEC CICS SET TASK(EIBTASKN) PRIORITY(250)
* BUT WE"LL RETURN TO INITIAL PRIORITY AT EOT
*
RSTOR EQU 7
CAPTURE EQU *
*>>>>>>>>>>>>
* CAPTURE ABENDED TASK SCREEN BUFFER
EXEC CICS RECEIVE BUFFER ASIS SET(RSTOR) LENGTH(TSLENGTH)      $
        MAXLENGTH(8192) RESP(RESP)
CLC RESP,DFHRESP(EOC)
BNE RETURN
LR R3,RSTOR
LH R5,TSLENGTH
CH R5,=H'5000'                   LOOKS TOO BIG ?
BNL RETURN
LTR R5,R5                         DID WE GET DATA

```

```

        BNH    RETURN
        LA     R4,OUTBUFR
MOVEBUFR EQU *
        CLI    Ø(R3),X'1D'           INSERT ATTRIBUTE CONTROL ?
        BE     SKIPSFLD            HAVE TO SKIPIT
        CLI    Ø(R3),X'08'           SFE RESIDUE   ?
        BE     SKIPSFLD            HAVE TO SKIPIT
        MVC    Ø(1,R4),Ø(R3)         MOVE BYTE
        CLI    Ø(R4),X'00'           BINZER FIELD ?
        BNE    NOTBINZER
        MVI    Ø(R4),X'40'           CONVERT BZ TO 40
NOTBINZER EQU *
        LA     R4,1(R4)
        LA     R3,1(R3)
        BCT   R5,MOVEBUFR
        B     FINISHED
SKIPSFLD EQU *
        MVI    Ø(R4),C' '
        LA     R4,1(R4)
        LA     R3,2(R3)
        BCTR  R5,Ø
        BCT   R5,MOVEBUFR
FINISHED EQU *      FOR XECUTED MOVE
        LA     R6,79                GET END OF OUTPUT
        LR     R5,R4
        LA     R4,OUTBUFR          LENGTH OF OUTPUT
        SR     R5,R4
PRINTLOOP EQU *
        MVC   OUTLINE,=CL8Ø' '
        EX    R6,MOVELINE
        EXEC  CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG$') FROM (OUTLINE) RESP(RESP)
        CLC   RESP,DFHRESP(NORMAL)
        BNE   RETURN
*-----*
        LA     R4,8Ø(R4)
        S     R5,=F'8Ø'
        BNP   PRNTOVER
        C     R5,=F'8Ø'
        BH    PRINTLOOP
        LR    R6,R5                LAST LINE REMNANT LENGTH
        BCTR  R6,Ø                 DECR FOR EXECUTED MOVE
        BNM   PRINTLOOP
PRNTOVER EQU *
        MVC   OUTLINE,=8ØC'_'
        MVC   OUTLINE+3Ø(16),=CL16' DFHAID = '
        LA    R1,AIDTABLE
        LA    R2,AIDLLEN
AIDLOOP EQU *
        CLC   EIBAID,Ø(R1)

```

```

        BE    AIDFOUND
        LA    R1,6(R1)
        BCT   R2,AIDLOOP
AIDFOUND EQU  *
        MVC   OUTLINE+40(5),1(R1)
        EXEC  CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG5') FROM (OUTLINE) RESP(RESP)
        B     RETURN
WRITEMSG EQU  *
        EXEC  CICS WRITEQ TD QUEUE('MSG5') FROM (OUTLINE) RESP(RESP)
RETURN  EQU  *
        LA    R1,PEP_COM_RETURN_OK
        ST    R1,PEP_COM_RETURN_CODE
RETURNX DS   0H
        EXEC  CICS SET TASK(EIBTASKN) PRIORITY(PRIORITY)
        EXEC  CICS RETURN
*
MOVELINE MVC   OUTLINE(0),0(R4)
DFHEIRET
ABNDHDR DS   0CL80
        DC    CL40' DATE      TIME      ABND TASK  TERM TRAN '
        DC    CL40'PROGRAM  USERID   USER NAME'
        DS   0D
*/
AIDTABLE EQU  *
        DC    X'00',CL5'NULL '
        DC    C''',CL5'ENTER'
        DC    C'_',CL5'CLEAR'
        DC    X'6A',CL5'CLRP '      CLEAR PARTITION
        DC    C'=',CL5'PEN '
        DC    C'W',CL5'OPID '
        DC    C'X',CL5'MSRE '
        DC    X'88',CL5'STRF '      INBOUND STRUCTURED FIELD
        DC    C'''',CL5'TRIG '
        DC    C'%',CL5'PA1 '
        DC    C'>',CL5'PA2 '
        DC    C',',CL5'PA3 '
        DC    C'1',CL5'PF1 '
        DC    C'2',CL5'PF2 '
        DC    C'3',CL5'PF3 '
        DC    C'4',CL5'PF4 '
        DC    C'5',CL5'PF5 '
        DC    C'6',CL5'PF6 '
        DC    C'7',CL5'PF7 '
        DC    C'8',CL5'PF8 '
        DC    C'9',CL5'PF9 '
        DC    C':',CL5'PF10 '
        DC    C'#',CL5'PF11 '
        DC    C'@',CL5'PF12 '
        DC    C'A',CL5'PF13 '

```

```

        DC      C'B',CL5'PF14 '
        DC      C'C',CL5'PF15 '
        DC      C'D',CL5'PF16 '
        DC      C'E',CL5'PF17 '
        DC      C'F',CL5'PF18 '
        DC      C'G',CL5'PF19 '
        DC      C'H',CL5'PF20 '
        DC      C'I',CL5'PF21 '
        DC      X'4A',CL5'PF22 '
        DC      C'.',CL5'PF23 '
        DC      C'<',CL5'PF24 '

AIDLEN    EQU    (*-AIDTABLE)/6
NOAID     DC      CL6' NONE'
*
DFHEISTG DSECT
IEHIBALL DS      CL8
PRIORITY  DS      F
RESP       DS      F
RESP2      DS      F
ABST       DS      F
MAXT       DS      F
SOS        DS      F
NOTASKS   DS      F
CICSOK    DS      F
TSLENGTH  DS      F
STORPTR   DS      F
STARTCODE  DS      H
TERM3270  DS      X
DUBLSIGN  DS      C
OUTLINE   DS      0CL80
                DS      X
ABNDDATE  DS      CL8
                DS      X
ABNDTIME  DS      CL8
                DS      X
ABCODE    DS      CL4
                DS      X
ABTASK    DS      CL5
                DS      X
ABTERM    DS      CL4
                DS      X
ABTRAN    DS      CL4
                DS      X
ABPROG    DS      CL8
                DS      X
ABNDUSER  DS      CL8
                DS      X
ABNDNAME  DS      CL20
                DS      CL(80-(*-OUTLINE))

```

```
OUTBUFR DS CL8100
DFHPCOM TYPE=DSECT
END DFHPEP
```

---

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## **End of an era**

Most people working with CICS will be familiar with Bob Yelavich. Back in July he announced that he had decided to fully retire by the end of the year. Bob, whose Web site ([www.yelavich.com](http://www.yelavich.com)) tells us his surname is pronounced 'yel-a-vic', worked for IBM for forty years. While there he produced a CICS newsletter. After he retired, he continued producing the CICS newsletter for another ten years. As of July, he has stopped producing the newsletter, which was sent out to over 4,000 people globally. It will be missed by CICS aficionados. Thanks Bob, for all your work for the CICS community, from all the people who have 'followed the Yelavich road'.

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# CICS news

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NEON Systems has announced that its mainframe Web services solution, Shadow z/Services (part of its Shadow RTE mainframe integration suite) fully supports CICS Transaction Server Version 3.1.

Shadow RTE supports both Web services and real-time mainframe event integration, which can simplify the deployment of Service-Oriented Architectures for organizations that rely on CICS to run their mission-critical business services.

Shadow RTE extends and capitalizes on the new features of CICS TS 3.1, while providing customers with Shadow's ease of development, implementation, and operation, the company claims.

For further information contact:  
URL: [www.neonsys.com/newsroom/press\\_releases/2005/20050627.asp](http://www.neonsys.com/newsroom/press_releases/2005/20050627.asp).

\* \* \*

Acucorp has announced Version 7 of its extend Interoperability Series. With this version, companies can enhance their legacy applications and reduce their maintenance costs by taking advantage of new interoperability and compatibility features, which include expanded support for distributed CICS; facilities for integrating COBOL with Java, C, and C++; and improved compatibility with other COBOL dialects.

Using extend7, developers can exploit the flexibility and cost savings inherent in distributed environments while preserving their CICS

investments, claims the company. The latest release supports distributed CICS including IBM's TXSeries for Multiplatforms running on AIX, HP-UX, Windows, and Solaris, as well as Sun Microsystem's Mainframe Transaction Processing (MTP) and Mainframe Batch Manager (MBM) running on Solaris.

Facilities for interoperating with Java make it possible to call COBOL from Java and Java from COBOL.

For further information contact:  
URL: [www.acucorp.com/company/newsletter/eupdate/2005/eupdate\\_july\\_2005.php](http://www.acucorp.com/company/newsletter/eupdate/2005/eupdate_july_2005.php).

\* \* \*

webMethods has announced a new reseller agreement and strategic partnership with NEON Systems.

For current webMethods users, additional benefits of the integrated offering include the ability to access mainframe databases via JDBC and SQL, making mainframe data transparently available to applications that require it. These capabilities complement webMethods' existing mainframe integration functionality, which provides a non-invasive solution for enabling online CICS and IMS processes to be called as Web services.

For further information contact:  
URL: [www.webmethods.com/meta/default/folder/000005139?pressReleaseDetails%5Fparam0=6652..](http://www.webmethods.com/meta/default/folder/000005139?pressReleaseDetails%5Fparam0=6652..)

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