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Contributions

SDS and *VM Update* welcome contributions. See "Contributing Articles" at www.sdsusa.com/vmupdate/vutoauthors.htm

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Page headers for PIPES

PIPES has been a boon, not only for the serious CMS programmer, but also for the casual CMS user who is capable of typing simple CMS commands which use PIPES. The URO, MCTOASA, and ASATOMC stages provide easy access to create "punched" or "printed" output. And the SPEC stage can be used to preface each record with a carriage-control character. But unfortunately, none of these stages has the capability to format printed pages to include pageheaders.

Suppose, for example, you have a tape-manager command that displays a list of tapes to be pulled for off-site storage. That list could contain any number of records (from none to hundreds), and the tape librarian needs a printed copy of it. It would be helpful if the printed list had page headers with useful information such as date, time, and page number.

PGHDR is a PIPE stage that will insert a user-defined (or default) page header into appropriate points of an input stream. The user may define a page header containing any number of lines, and may request that a page number be inserted anywhere within that page-header.

The stage's primary input stream contains the records to be "printed," and carriage-control characters must be provided by either:

- 1. Already existing CCCs in column-1 of every input record, or
- 2. Requesting PGHDR to insert a specified CCC into each record.

This user-defined page header may be communicated to PGHDR by either a secondary input stream, or by data passed directly on the PGHDR command. Each line of the page header must begin with a CCC.

A simple default page header is also available. It is similar to that given with CMS's PRINT command, plus a time stamp.

Page size is the total number of printable lines available on each page. This number can be communicated on the PGHDR command, or will default to either that specifed on the SPOOL E LPP nnn command, or to 60. Page saturation is then calculated from the CCCs of the header lines and data lines. PGHDR will process both ANSI and MC CCCs, but in any one invocation of PGHDR, only one type should be used. If you intermix ANSI and MC CCCs, no error will be noted, but the output will appear strange, with unexpected overprinting and/or blank lines.

Example code

So you may now provide the tape librarian with the desired list of tapes to be pulled tomorrow by using the following code:

Note the tilde character, "~", (hex-A0) in the header line. It may appear anywhere in the header, and it will be replaced by the correct page number, left-justified. Using two or more adjacent tildes will result in a right-justified page number.

It is also possible to specify "end-of-report" line(s), which can include record counts—similar to report writers that end reports by adding a line like "nnnn Records Selected." This is specified like another header line, but prefixed with a dot. In the preceding example, we could have added/updated the following two lines:

```
h.4 = '.- \sim Tapes should be pulled' h.0 = 4
```

The dot, ".", indicates an end-of-report line. The hyphen, "-", is an ANSI CCC to write-after-spacing-2. The tilde, "~", will be replaced by the record count. The H.0 value must be increased to cover the new H.4.

As an added bonus, a copy of SPACER.REXX has been included. This stage adds a blank record whenever it detects a change of value in a specified field. For example, suppose our tape manager output includes the VolSer in columns 1-6, and we would like to insert a blank line whenever the first three characters of VolSer change. We could add

```
'| SPACER 1.3' , /* add a rec at ctl-break */
```

immediately following the COMMAND stage.

Advanced capabilities

- Add sequence numbers and/or LRECLs to each line.
- Start output with page numbers and/or sequence numbers other than 1.
- Save the next page number and next sequence number from one PIPE so that a subsequent PIPE can continue output with everincreasing numbers.
- Dynamically add one line to the default page header. This line will include file information about a single CMS file.

This package includes four files

•	PGHDR.REXX	the stage to insert page headers
•	PGHDR.HELPPIPE	help
•	PGHDR.EXEC	a sample program
•	SPACER.REXX	the stage to insert a blank line
		at control-break

Installation instructions

- 1. Besides VM/ESA and PIPES, the only pre-requisite is VMARC, for unpacking the compressed files distributed by *VM Update*.
- 2. Upload one file to VM/CMS PGHDR VMARC. It is in VMARC format, and must be uploaded as binary (not ASCII).

3. Issue the command

PIPE < PGHDR VMARC|FBLOCK 80 00|>PGHDR2 VMARC A F 80 Depending on your terminal emulator and version of VMARC, this step probably is not necessary, but it can't hurt.

4. Issue the command

VMARC UNPACK PGHDR2 VMARC A * * T

to extract all six files: the four run-time files noted above, plus PACKAGE and INFO files.

5. Copy the four run-time files to appropriate mdisks.

Download Caution

The following characters are used in both the .REXX and .HELPPIPE files, and are occasionally mistranslated by 3270 emulators. Please verify the correct translation of these characters.

¢¢¢¢4Acent signREXX labelHELP highlightIIII4Fsolid vertical barREXX orPIPE stage delimiter!!!!5Aexclamation pointREXX labelPIPE or¬¬¬¬5Fnot signREXX notPIPE (not used)????6Fquestion markREXX label~~~A1tilde©©©B4copyright symbol\\\\\E0reverse slashREXX not					
!!!! 5A exclamation point REXX label PIPE or ¬¬¬¬ 5F not sign REXX not PIPE (not used) ???? 6F question mark REXX label ~~~ A1 tilde ©©© B4 copyright symbol	¢¢¢¢	4A	cent sign	REXX <u>label</u>	HELP <u>highlight</u>
7777 5F not sign REXX not PIPE (not used) ???? 6F question mark REXX label ~~~~ A1 tilde ©©© B4 copyright symbol	1111	4F	solid vertical bar	REXX <u>or</u>	PIPE stage delimiter
???? 6F question mark REXX <u>label</u> ~~~ A1 tilde ©©© B4 copyright symbol	1111	5A	exclamation point	REXX <u>label</u>	PIPE <u>or</u>
~~~ A1 tilde ©©© B4 copyright symbol		5F	not sign	REXX not	PIPE (not used)
©©© B4 copyright symbol	????	6F	question mark	REXX <u>label</u>	
5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	~~~~	A1	tilde		
\\\\ E0 reverse slash REXX <u>not</u>		B4	copyright symbol		
	\\\\	E0	reverse slash	REXX not	

## **PGHDR REXX**

```
**************************
*** 253-line source for PGHDR REXX X6 (2000-02-21 9:03:10) follows
****************
/***********************
  Insert PageHeader(s) at appropriate points in a data-stream which
   contains otherwise print-ready lines.
  The desired HeaderLine(s) may be defined either -
     + as input to a secondary stage
     + as operands of the PGHDR stage command
     + or a default is created.
  Use "HELP PIPE PGHDR" a detailed description of this program.
1997-07-07 CHM Written
1997-08-05 CHM comments updated
1997-09-05 CHM Correct the use of ".BL" from caller
 1999-11-05 CHM Replace header-stem-in-callers-program (which frequently
               did not work), with headers-via-secondary-input-stream
               Rename from RPT to PGHDR
2000-01-13 CHM LPP now total LinesPerPage (not just Detail lines);
               ReportFooter now set via HdrLines starting w/ ".";
               INFILE=fn.ft.fm may be used to enhance default pg-hdrs.
2000-02-21 CHM Minimize use of special-chars to ease upload/download
copyright = '© Copyright: Chuck Meyer Systems, Inc.; 1997, 2000 '
           '(cmsˈi@att̃global.net)
         = '2000.02.21
version
Trace OFF
Parse Upper Source . how_called myfn myft myfm myalias myenv .
      INITXX ARG(1)
                                /* Process the parms
                                                                 */
Signal ON NOVALUE
                                /* Build a page at a time
Do page = pgstart Until ?fini
 ltp = hlc
                                /* Number of lines on this page
                                                                 */
 Do i=1 Until (ltp \geq 1pp)
                                /* Read enuf records for one page */
   'READTO R'
   ?fini = (rc=0)
   If ?fini Then Leave i
                                /* preface possible CCC
/* separate ccc and da
        = ccc || r
                                                                 */
   Parse Var r
                                                                 */
               ˈċ9 +1 r9
                                   separate ccc and data
                                /* first detail-line on page
                                                                 */
   If (i=1)
             Then
     If (POS(c9,'FO60F14E'x)>0)
                                Then r = ' 'r9 /* Space1-B4-Prt
                                                                */
                                /* length of data without CCC
   len = LENGTH(r9)
                                                                 */
   ltp = ACCC(ltp,r)
                                /* Update LinesThisPage
   If ?debug Then r = INSERT(RIGHT(ltp , 2)' ',r,1) If ?sqnm Then r = INSERT(RIGHT(sqnm,sqlen)' ',r,1) If ?recl Then r = INSERT(RIGHT(len ,recln)' ',r,1)
   l.i = STRIP(r, 'T')
        = j
   1.0
   sgnm = sgnm + 1
   End /* Do i=1 ... */
 sqnm1 = sqnm - 1
 If \langle (SYMBOL("L.0")='VAR')  Then 1.0 = 0
 If \DATATYPE(1.0. 'W')
                          Then 1.0 = 0
```

```
If ?fini & (eor.0>0) Then /* insert a BottomLine */
'CALLPIPE STEM EOR.' , /* from user's definition */
'| CHANGE ;~;'sqnm1';' , /* w/ possible RecCount */
'| STEM L. APPEND' /* append to output stem */
                             /* Write an output page w/ hdrs
, /* Header array
                                                                                */
  If (1.0>0)
                Then
     'CALLPIPE STEM
                       Н.'
                                                                                */
                                                        , /* no NULL recs
                 LOCATE 1'
                CHANGE; "RIGHT(page,5)';'
CHANGE; "RIGHT(page,4)';'
CHANGE; "RIGHT(page,3)';'
CHANGE; "RIGHT(page,2)';'
CHANGE; "||page||';'
APPEND STEM L.'
YLATE 1-* 00 40'
                                                       , /* Data Lines
                XLATE 1-* 00 40'
STRIP TRAILING'
                                                       , /* Possibly save */
                                                        , /* spool space */
                                                        , /* no NULL recs
                 PAD
                         1'
                 *:'
  Drop 1.
  End /* Do page=pgstart ... */
Parse Value (-3) (page+1-(i=1)) (sqnm+0) With rc p s .
pb = SPACE('Pgstart='p 'SQStart='s 'LPp='lpp , /* PassBack value */
             WORD('SQLn='sqlen',2-?sqnm')
             WORD('LN='recln ,2-?recl),
WORD('Ccc='C2X(ccc),2-LENGTH(ccc)),
WORD('Debug' ,2-?debug)
                             ,2-?debug)
If ?pb
             Then Do
  'SELECT OUTPUT' ost
  If (rc=0) Then 'OUTPUT' pb
  End
If (rc\=0) & ?say Then
    'MESSAGE' myfn'.'myft 'PassBackValues : "'pb'"'
Exit 0
INITXX:
  Parse Arg al
  'CALLPIPĚ (END ¢)'
    node
  ?debug
            = 0
                                             /* Should we SAY some numbers?? */
  ?say
                                             /* PageHeader array
  h.
            = ()
                                             /* End-Of-Report array
            = ()
                                                                                   */
  eor.
                                             /* ControlStatement array
  ctl.
            = 0
           ctldef
  cmi
  cmi
  h1
```

```
= '' /* may be overriden by caller's "INFILE=xxx" param
ansiccc = '+ 0-123456789ABC' /* Valid ANSI CCC's
       = STRMNO('OUTPUT') /* highest connected output stream numbr */
ost.
          = STRMNO( 'INPUT') /* highest connected input stream numbr */
ist
                                   /* should we PassBack some numbers?? */
         = (ost>0)
If (ist>0), /* If Stream#1 is present, use it to populate 2 arrays */
  Then 'CALLPIPE (END c) *.INPUT.'ist':',

'A:FIND *|SPEC 2-*|STEM CTL.', /* opt. Parameter values */
'cA:| STEM H.' /* opt. PageHeader line(s) */
'CALLPIPE STEM CTL. APPEND VAR CTLDEF SPLIT BUFFER STEM CTL.
Do i=1 For ctl.0
                                                          ′/* analyze all CTLs */
  Select
     When (SYMBOL(nam)='BAD') Then Nop /* NG VarName, so ignore */
     When (SYMBOL(nam)='VAR') Then Nop
                                                      /* Already set, so ignore */
     When \DATATYPE(val,'W') Then Nop /* Not numeric, so ignore */
Otherwise Interpret nam '=' val /* Gopher it */
     End /* Select */
  End /* Do i=1 */
Parse Upper Var wl wll '=' wlr
   ?i = DATATYPE(w1r, 'W')
   ?x = DATATYPE(w1r, 'X')
                                   \& (LENGTH(w1r)=2)
   ?c = (POS(w1r,ansiccc)>0) & (LENGTH(w1r)=1)
   Select
                                   , w11,1) & ?x Then ccc = X2C(w1r)
, w11,1) & ?c Then ccc = w1r
                        'CCC'
     When ABBREV(
                       'CCC'
     When ABBREV(
                       'INFILE' , w11 1)
     When ABBREV(
                       'DEBUG'
                                                         Then
                                                                 ?debug =
                                                                                    1
                       'INFILE' , w11,1) Then h2 = FDX'
'LENGTH' , w11,2) & ?i Then recln =
'LN' , w11,2) & ?i Then recln =
                                                                           = FDX(w1r)
     When ABBREV(
     When ABBREV(
                                                                                   w1r
                       'LN'
'LPP'
     When ABBREV(
                       'LPP' , w11,2) & ?i
'PAGE' , w11,1) & ?i
'PGSTART' , w11,1) & ?i
'SAY' w11,2)
     When ABBREV(
                                                         Then lpp
                                                                           =
                                                                                    w1r
     When ABBREV(
                                                         Then pgstart =
                                                                                  w1r
     When ABBREV(
                                                         Then pgstart =
                                                                                    w1r
     When ABBREV( 'SAY' , w11,2) Then ?say When ABBREV('NOSAY' , w11,4) Then ?say When ABBREV( 'SQLENGTH', w11,3) & ?i Then sqlen
                                                                                    0
    When ABBREV( 'SQLENGTH', w11,3) & ?1 Inen sqren = w When ABBREV( 'SQLN', w11,3) & ?1 Then sqlen = w When ABBREV( 'SQSTART', w11,3) & ?1 Then sqnm = w When \DATATYPE(sep,'A') & (h.0=0) Then 'CALLPIPE', '|VAR A1SAV|SPLIT X'C2X(sep)'|STEM H.|HOLE|LITERAL|VAR A1' When ?say Then 'MESSAGE' myfn'. myft 'operand "'w1'" is not' understood; it is ignored.'

Otherwise Nop /* Invalid, but no message */
                                                                          =
                                                                                    w1r
                                                                                   w1r
                                                                                    w1r
                                                                           is not',
     End /* Select */
   End /* Do While ... */
If ?debug & (sglen=0) Then sglen=3
If ?debug & (recln=0) Then recln=3
?sqnm = (sqlen>0) /* Should we insert a SequenceNumber?? */?recl = (recln>0) /* Should we insert a RecordLength?? */
If \DATATYPE(sqnm,'W')
Then sqnm = WORD('0' sqstart , 1+DATATYPE(sqstart,'W'))
/* If no HdrLines yet found, we'll build a default set */
If (h.O<1) Then 'CALLPIPE VAR H1'.
'|APPEND VAR H2|APPEND LITERAL O|STRIP TRAILING|LOCATE 1|STEM H.'
'CALLPIPE (END ¢) STEM H.|A:FIND .|SPEC 2-*|STEM EOR.',
```

```
'¢A:|BUFFER|STEM H.'
 Parse Value '0 0' With hlc flc .
 Do i=1 For h.0
                       /* Get Num-of-Lines */
                       /* occupied by
   hlc = ACCC(hlc,h.i)
                        /* HeaderLines
   End
                        /* Get Num-of-Lines
 Do i=1 For eor.0
   flc = ACCC(flc,eor.i) /* occupied by
                        /*
                           EndOfReportLines*/
 Drop al alsav i j ?i ?x ?c rc.
 Return
STRMNO: Procedure /* Determine highest connected IN|OUT stream num */
  Parse Upper Arg io
  Do str=rc By -1 For rc Until ((rc\langle 9) \& (rc\rangle -1))
    STREAMSTATE' io str /* Search hi-2-lo for first CONN'D stream */
 Return str
ACCC: Procedure Expose ?np ?an /* Add a CCC to a line-count */
                       /* cur-line-number , data-line w/ CCC
  Parse Arg n . , lin
                        /* isolate the CarriageControlCharacter */
 cc = LEFT(lin,1)
 np = 0
                         /* NewPage-indicator is OFF
                                        /* is it antsy
  ?an = (POS(cc, '+ 0-123456789ABC')))
                                                              */
   Select
   When (POS(cc,'D3D9C1'x)>0) Then x=50 /* skip to channel 10 */When (POS(cc,'DBD1C2'x)>0) Then x=55 /* skip to channel 11 */
   When (POS(cc, 'E3E9C3'x)>0) Then x = 60 /* skip to channel 12 */
                                 x = n+0 /* Go figure!!
   Otherwise
   End
 np = (x < n) /* Set NewPage flag */
 Return x
FDX: Procedure
                  /* get all kindsa good info about a CMS file */
   /* The following defines all characters which are NOT valid */
   /* as part of a CMS FileName, but typically ARE 3270-keyable. */
                      1C 1D FF'x , /* Dup FldMk */
 charx =
                                4F'x ,
                 '4A 4B 4C 4D
                  5A 5C 5D 5E 5F'x,
                     6B 6C
                             6E 6F'x ,
                           7D 7E 7F'x ,
                                FF'X,
            'A1
                                FF'x,
         'B0
                  BA BB
         'E0
                                FF'x
 Parse Upper Value TRANSLATE(ARG(1),,charx) With fdxn /* Full FnFtFm */
```

```
'CALLPIPE (END ¢)'
        '|COMMAND IDENTIFY|SPEC W3|VAR NODEID' , /* get NODEID' , /* get NODEID
                                                                     , /* Fn Ft Fm
         '|SPEC
                       W1-3'
                                                                                                 */
                     ISO |SPLIT|STEM F.|JOIN * X40'
/QUERY DISK/ 1 W3 NW.1'
         'STATE
'SPEC
         ' COMMAND'
                                                                     , /* Q DISK x
         ' DROP
                       ; /* Fix bozo VolSers*/
PAD 0 W2 1.4 R W1 NW W6-7 NW',
VADDR'
         ' | XLATE
         '|SPEC
         '|VAR
         '|SPEC
                       /QUERY MDISK/ 1 W1 NW /LOC/ NW',
                                                                     , /* Q MDISK xxxx */
         '|CP'
         '|DROP
                     W3 1 ;\; N W4 N W6-7 NW'
OWNER'
            SPEC
          '|VAR
 '|VAR OWNER'
Parse Var vaddr vaddr vvol dt blksz .
Parse Var owner owner rvol radr .
Return ' 'nodeid'\'owner'\'f.1'.'f.2'.'f.3 , /* Full File Name */
f.4||f.5
f.8'@'RIGHT(f.9,8,'0') , /* RecFm || LRecL */
'Recs='f.6'('blksz/1024*f.7'K)' , /* #Recs DiskSpace*/
'Dev='dt'/'radr'/'rvol /* RealDev Info */
/*----*/
```

## PGHDR HELPPIPE

```
************************
**274-line source for PGHDR HELPPIPE X6 (2000-02-14 10:44:15) follows
*****************
.cm © Copyright Chuck Meyer Systems, Inc.; 2000 (cmsi@attglobal.net)
.cm 2000-02-14 CHM Written
¢|PGHDR¢%
---LEngth=nnn---
          ---LPp=nn----
          ---Pgstart=nnn--
          ---SÖLn=nn----
          ---SQStart=nn---
          ---DEBUG-----
.CS 2 OFF
.CS 1 ON
$|Purpose$%
```

The PGHDR stage will read "print-ready" records from its primary input stream (stream 0), and insert a user-provided page-header (of any number of lines) at appropriate points into the stream. The primary output stream then contains all of the records from the primary INPUT stream, plus header-line(s).

To find the header-lines, PGHDR searches for the first-found of: 1. Possible record(s) on the secondary input stream;

- 2. Possible operand(s) of the PGHDR stage;
- 3. A default header.

Header-lines may contain a page-number anywhere in them, and it will be updated on successive output pages.

.CS 1 OFF .CS 3 ON ¢|Operands¢%

Operands have an assembler-like syntax, with an key-word (which may be abbreviated), an equal-sign, and the desired operand value. If duplicate key-words are found, the LAST occurance is used.

# Ccc=xx

indicates a CarraigeControlCharacter to be prefaced to each record read from the primary input stream. Exactly the same effect would occur by preceding the PGHDR stage with a "|SPEC Xxx 1 1-* N" stage. For example, to create double-spaced output from input which does not contain a CCC, specify either "Ccc=FO" or precede the PGHDR stage with a "|SPEC XFO 1 1-* N" stage.

Infile=fn.ft.fm

will modify the DEFAULT page-header by adding a one-line file descriptor. This operand causes a LISTFILE to be done, but NO FILE-IO is performed. Syntax requires that no blanks may be used, so the 2 or 3 words may be separated by any keyboard character(s) which is NOT valid as part of a CMS FileName. Examples: INF=PROFILE.EXEC or INFILE=MYFILE/DATA/J. This operand merely allows for quick-and-dirty file-print programs whose output is self-documenting.

LEngth=nn

indicates the number of columns (starting with column 1) to be reserved to contain the Record-Length of that record. The data currently in column-1 will be shifted right by this amount. The default is "0", indicating that record-lengths will NOT be inserted. The record-length will be right-justifed within this area, so inappropriate values could cause truncation (but no error).

Lpp=nn

indicates the maximum number of printable lines-per-page. The default is either the current LPP value for OOE, or "58". This is the TOTAL number of header AND detail lines printed per page, NOT just the number of detail lines. Page-saturation is then calculated, not by merely counting input and header lines, but by taking into account the CCCs of all header lines and of preceding detail lines. Note that in CP's "SPOOL E LPT nnn" command, "nnn" must be 30 thru 255, or "OFF". This program, however, will accept ANY numeric value for LPP.

Pastart=nn

indicates the page-number which should appear on the first output page. The default is "1". This operand is significant only if a " $\sim$ " (X'A1') occurs somewhere within the header-records.

S0Ln=nn

indicates the number of columns (starting with column 1, or following the LENGTH-field if specified) to be reserved to contain the sequence-number of that record. The data currently in column-1 will be shifted right by this amount. The default is "0", indicating that sequence-numbers will NOT be inserted. The sequence-number will be right-justifed within this area, so inappropriate values could cause truncation (but no error).

SQStart=nnn

indicates the sequence-number to appear on column-1 of the first output record. The default value is "1".

sep header_line_n

After all keyword operands, any data which begins with a special character is assumed to be the start of one or more page-headers, and all subsequent data is considered part of the page-headers. The separator may be any non-alphanumeric which does not otherwise appear in any header-line. Each subsequent occurance of this separator defines the start of another header line, and every occurance must be IMMEDIATELY followed by a CCC.

DEBUG

is a debugging tool which will prefix 3 numbers to each record read from the primary input stream --- the record's LRECL, the record's sequence-number, and the line-number on which this line will be printed on the logical page (taking into account the CCCs of preceding detail-lines and header-lines). This allows for verification of the

page layout, without physically printing the data.

# \$|Streams Used\$%

PRIMARY INPUT STREAM: PGHDR reads records from its primary input stream. Each record must begin with a CCC (or "Ccc=xx" must be specified).

SECONDARY INPUT STREAM: If defined, PGHDR will treat these as page-header lines. Any number of records may be defined, and each record must begin with a CCC. See later info on the contents of header-lines. Data from this stream overrides possible header-lines specified on the PGHDR command.

PRIMARY OUTPUT STREAM: PGHDR constructs pages of output, where each page contains the specified header-lines, followed by the appropriate number of records read from the primary input stream. If an EndOfReport line has been defined, then it is the last record writen to this stream, and any "~" in it is replaced by the record-count (the number of records read from the primary input stream). This output stream is typically passed to a URO stage, or a FILEFAST stage to create a LISTING file.

SECONDARY OUTPUT STREAM: If this optional output stream is connected, a single record will be written to it. It will contain "PGSTART=nnn SQLSTART=nnn", a value which may be used on a PGHDR stage of a sebsequent PIPE, to allow output of that PIPE to continue with the next higher page and sequence numbers.

.CS 3 OFF .CS 5 ON ¢|Usage Notes¢%

- 1. PGHDR delays records to the extent needed to fill a page.
- 2. If the PGHDR stage discovers that its primary output stream is not connected, the PGHDR stage ends.
- 3. Page-header lines (whether defined via a secondary input stream, or as operands on the PGHDR stage) have these characteristics:
  - + Each line must begin with a CCC. The first record usually begins with a "1" (an ANSI "Write-After-Skip-To-1"), but this is not required.
  - + One or more occurances of "~" (hex-A1) may be used to indicate
    where the updated page-number is to be placed -* a SINGLE "~" is replaced by the full, left-justified,
    - variable-length, page-number;

      * MULTIPLE "~" are EXACTLY replaced by the right-justified
       (with blanks, not zeroes) page-number.
       ("Page ~~~" creates a pg-number always 3 characters long;
       ("Page ~" creates a pg-number whose length varies)
  - + If no headers are specified, then a default 3|4-line header is created (ref. "INFILE=xxx" parameter).
  - + End-of-Report line (lines printed only after all detail lines have been printed) may be defined by HdrLines, but with the first character being a "." (period), followed by the desired CCC and line-data. Any "~" will be replaced by the record-count (number of records from primary input stream). This allows (sort of) emulation of some report-writers which append a "NNN records selected" output line.

4. CCC refers to printer CarriageControlCharacters. These are 1-byte values to control data placement on the page. There are two general types: ANSI and CCW-OP-CODE. Altho PGHDR handles both types, mixing types will cause garbled output. (Refer to the ASATOMC and MCTOASA stages to homogenize CCCs.) Since the demise of the 1403 with its awesome carriage-tape, the most common CCC values are those that cause spacing by number of lines (rather than to specific channel-numbers).

```
ANSI (print AFTER move) CCW (print BEFORE move)
      x'4E'
                                          x'01'
                                                   (x'03' for move-only)
      x'40
               " "
                                          x'09'
                                                   (x'OB' for move-only)
1
                                          x'11'
2
      x'F0'
               "0"
                                                    (x'13' for move-only)
                                                   (x'1B' for move-only)
(x'8B' for move-only)
(x'C3' for move-only)
(x'D3' for move-only)
(x'E3' for move-only)
               " _ "
3
      x'60'
                                          x'19'
               "1"
Ch01 x'F1'
                                          x'89'
               "ē"
Ch08 x'F8'
                                          x'C1'
                                          x'D1'
Ch10 x'C1'
               "A"
                                          x'E1'
Ch12 x'C3'
```

Except for the x'C1' ("A") and x'C3' ("C") characters, all characters are unique between the two sets.

```
.CS 5 OFF
.CS 5 ON
¢|Examples¢%
```

¢|Example 1¢%

```
PIPE < TEST FILE'
' SPEC PAD 40 1-* 2'
' PGHDR LPP=20 ;1Header 1 Page ~;-Header 2;
' > TEST LISTING A'
```

The preceding example will read a file and create a LISTING file with 20 lines per page. Note that the header contains 3 lines delimited with semi-colons and using ANSI CCC's. These 3 lines will occupy lines 1 thru 5 on the printed output; lines 6 thru 20 will contain 15 single-spaced detail lines.

¢|Example 2¢%

This example will produce the same results as Example 1, but two different coding techniques are demonstrated  ${\mathord{\,\text{--}}}$ 

- 1. Header lines are defined via stem H.
- 2. A hex-40 CCC (ANSI write-after-space-1) is inserted via a "CCC=40",

rather then a preceding "SPEC" stage.

```
$|Example 3¢%
```

```
file1 = 'TEST FILE A'
file1x = 'INFILE='TRANSLATE(SPACE(file1),,'.')
'PIPE <' file1 ,
   '| PGHDR LPP=20 CCC=40 LRECL=4 SEQL=3' file1x ,
   '| CHOP 133' ,
   '| URO 000E'
Call DIAG 8,'CLOSE 000E NAME' SUBWORD(file1,1,2)</pre>
```

The preceding example is a simple file-print program (which was called an "80-80 LIST" in a previous life) which includes a 4-character LRECL and a 3-character SEQUENCE-number; and the default 3-line header will include all info about the file.

# \$|Example 4¢%

```
file1 = 'TEST
                  FILE
FILE J'
 file2 = 'TEST
               (ENDCHAR ?)'
     · -< '
              file1
   '|A:PGHDR LPP=20 CCC=40'
                                                    /* CCC X40 */
   '| > TEST
'? STEM H.'
               TEST LISTING A'
                                   , /* Hdr-recs go to   */
, /* PGHDR InputStream#1 */
/* PGHDR OutputStream#1 */
'?A: | VAR
               PBVAR1'
'PIPE '<'
               (ENDCHAR ?)'
                file2
    '|A:PGHDR' pbvar1
                                                    /* CCC X40 */
      >>
>>
                 TEST LISTING A'
                                   , /* PGHDR OutputStream#2 */
      A:VAR
                 PBVAR2'
                                   , /* Hdr-recs go to
    '? STEM
                                     /* PGHDR InputStream#1 */
```

The preceding example will run two separate PIPEs (maybe because some other code must be executed between them, or because the second PIPE might not always be executed), but create a single output with ever-increasing page numbers.

.CS 5 OFF

## **PGHDR EXEC**

```
************************
*** 124-line source for PGHDR EXEC X6 (2000-02-28 13:09:41) follows
*****************
*/
/* Sample program to demonstrate/test PGHDR.REXX
/* It read's 2 files with various PGHDR incantations, and creates
                                                               */
/* a single LISTING file, then browses that file.
                                                               */
                                                               */
/* A LISTING file is also created in the user's RDR gueue.
Address COMMAND
Parse Upper Source . . myfn myft myfm .
                         myfm /* Input file 1*/
*' /* Input file 2*/
filei1 = myfn myft
filei2 = 'PROFILE EXEC
                               /* Input file 2*/
filei1x = TRANSLATE(SPACE(filei1),'.',')
filei2x = TRANSLATE(SPACE(filei2),'.',')
fileo = myfn 'SAMPOUT A' /* Output File */
     = 'LPP=50'
                               /* Lines per Page */
lpp
      = '40'x
h.
      = '1Test Header 1'
h.1
          LEFT(DATE('W'),3)','
TRANSLATE('CcYy/Mm/Dd','-'DATE('S'),'/CcYy/MmDd')
'('TRANSLATE(''Yy/123' ,'/'DATE('J'),'/Yy123' )')'
          'Page ~~~'
h.2
       = 'OTest Header 2 (on line#3)'
       = ' ' /* One blank-line between last header and first detail */
h.3
      = '.-Report Footer *** Processed ~ records'
h.4
       = '. This is line-2 of Report-Footer-Records'
h.5
h.0
      = 5
pghdr1 = 'PGHDR IN='filei1x lpp
pghdr2 = 'PGHDR IN='filei2x lpp
    2 = ranum ::
= '>>' fileo
= '<' filei1
= '<' filei2
out
in1
in2
Say 'This is a sample program to demonstrate PGHDR PIPE stage.'
Say 'A file named' fileo 'will be created and then browsed.'
'ERASE' fileo
/********************
** 1. Example of simple file-print with default header **
'PIPE' in2
   | PGHDR CC=40',
  ' out
/********************
** 2. Same as #1, but default-hdr now contains file-info
\*********************
'PIPE' in2
'| PGHDR C=40 I='filei2x,
  ·|· out
```

```
/********************
    3. Example of multiple PGHDRs with successive page-nums, **
    and headers being supplied via stem "H."
'PIPE (END ¢)' , /* MultiStream PIPE
                      , /* read input
, /* reGHDR
, /* write output
     in1
   '|A:'pghdr1 'CCC=40'
     out
                       , /* Header-records go into
                                                     */
      STEM
                       , /* PGHDR's secondary input
  '|A:'
                          /* SecOutput has PassBack values */
'¢A:| VAR
            PBVARS'
'PIPE' in2
   Ī' myfn
           'I=PROFILE/EXEC' pbvars ,
    l'out
/*********************
** 4. Example of insertion of LineNum and Lrecl
, /* write output
     out
                        , /* Header-records go into
                                                     */
    STEM
                         , /* PGHDR's secondary input
  '|A:'
            PBVARS'
                          /* SecOutput has PassBack values */
'¢A:| VAR
/********************
** 5. Example of insertion of debugging data
'PIPE (END ¢)' , /* MultiStream PIPE
                        , /* read input
     in1
   '|A:'pghdr1 'debug' pbvars , /* PGHDR
                , /* write output
  ' out
                        , /* Header-records go into
     STEM
                        , /* PGHDR's secondary input */
  '|A:'
           PBVARS'
'¢A:| VAR
                         /* SecOutput has PassBack values */
/********************
**
                                                  **
   6. Example of direct printing w/o disturbing 00E
**
                                                   **
      We do that because either -
**
        we don't want to save/restore attributes of OOE, or **
        virtual OOE doesn't support wider print-lines. **
'pghdr1 'CC=40'
ASATOMC'
CHOP 169'
STRIP'
Call DIAG 8, DEFINE 4248 AS' prtr'15'x , /* and a new printer there */ 'SPOOL' prtr 'TO * CLASS Q NAME PGHDR LISTINGG'
   '|'pghdr1 'CC=40'
, /^ make it fit a 4248 */
' | STRIP' , /* save spool-space */
' | URO' prtr /* to printer */
Parse Value DIAG(8,'DETACH' prtr) With . . rdrnum . . .
Say 'Created RDR file' rdrnum/1 'with' recs/1 'records.'
Say 'Press ENTER to continue'
Parse Upper Pull rep
Parse Upper Pull rep .
If \ABBREV('NO', rep, 1) Then 'XEDIT' fileo
```

## SPACER REXX

```
************************
**** 89-line source for SPACER REXX X6 (1996-11-21 18:57:44) follows .
*************************
/* Add a "spacer" record when a specified field changes value
/*
/*
                                                                         */
        SPACER field-spec <fill-character>
/*
/*
  For example --
        'PIPE COMMAND LISTFILE * * A (DATE NOH'
/*
             SORT 10.8 1.19'
SPACER 10.3'
CONSOLE'
/*
/*
/*
/*
/*
     will sort LISTFILE output on FileType (10.8), and then add
     a blank record between lines where there is a change in the first 3 characters of FileType.
/*
/*
                                                                         */
/* The added record will be as long as the right-most column
                                                                         */
/* being compared (13, in the preceding example). 
 /* If the stage had read "SPACER 10.3 -" or "SPACER 10.3 60"
                                                                         */
                                                                         */
    then each inserted record has dashes (X'60') in the field.
/*
\/\ "SPACER W2" (in this case) creates same results as "SPACER 10.8".
/*
                                                                         */
/* 1996/11/15 CMSi/CHM Written by Chuck Meyer
/* 1996/11/21 CMSi/CHM Allow "Wnnn" as operand (word number)
                                                                         */
/*
                                                                         */
copyright = 'Copyright: Chuck Meyer Systems, Inc.; 1996'
version = '1996.11.21
Signal ON ERROR
Parse Upper Source . . fn1 ft1 fm1 fn2 . 1 _source_ Parse Upper Arg c01 \, fil . /* possibly 2 words of input Parse Var c01 c11 '-' c12 \, /* maybe it's FROM-T0
                                                                     */
                c21 '.' c22
                                /* maybe it's FROM.LENGTH
                                                                    */
Parse Var c01
                                /* maybe it's WORD number
                 'W'
                                                                     */
Parse Var c01
?wdnum = DATATYPE(c31,'W')
Select /* determine the column-range to be compared */
 When DATATYPE(c11,'W') & DATATYPE(c12,'W') Then ss = c11
When DATATYPE(c21,'W') & DATATYPE(c22,'W') Then ss = c21
When DATATYPE(c01,'W') Then ss = c01
                                                               (c12 + 1)
                                                               (c22 + c21)
                                                               (c01 + 9)
  When ?wdnum
                                                Then ss = c31
                                                               '0'
                                                     ss = 1
                                                               (10 + 1)
  Otherwise |
  End
Parse Var ss c1 c2.
Select /* determine what the fill-record should look like */
  When (LENGTH(fil)=2) & DATATYPE(fil,'X') Then fx = X2C(fil)
                                                     fx = LEFT(fil,1,' ')
  Otherwise
  End
num added = 0
num_input = 0
```

```
'PEEKTO RECORD'
Do num_input=1
  If ?wdnum
    Then field = WORD( record, c1)
    Else field = SUBSTR(record,c1,c2-c1)
  If (num_input=1) Then Do
    field_sav = field
                  = COPIES(fx,LENGTH(field))
    If ?wdnum
      Then spacer_rec = COPIES(' ',WORDINDEX(record,c1)-1) | x
Else spacer_rec = COPIES(' ',c1-1) | x
    End
  If \(field\_sav = field) Then Do
        field_sav = field
        num\_added = num\_added + 1
        'OUTPUT' spacer_rec /* write out the SPACER record */
  'OUTPUT' record /* write out the record 'READTO' /* consume the previousl
  'READTO' /* consume the previously-PEEKTO-ed record */
'PEEKTO RECORD' /* and then expose the next record */
  End
ERROR:
  rcx = rc*(rc=12)
  /* If called from a REXX prog, pass-back some numbers */
Signal OFF ERROR
  Address COMMAND 'PIPE (SEP ?)'
           'COMMAND PIPE (NOMSG 15)'
  'LITERAL' num_input num_added '| VAR' fn1 '1 | HOLE'
If \(rc=0\) Then Say 'PIPE stage' fn1 'read' num_input 'records,'
                 'inserted' num_added 'records ('num_input+num_added rc')'
  Exit rcx
```

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